## Electronic timers

Product group picture


## Electronic timers

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## Electronic timers

## Overview



Electronic timers
Approvals and marks

| －exis |  | CT－D |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Approv |  | $\stackrel{N}{N}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\text { N}} \\ & \sum_{\dot{N}}^{\stackrel{1}{0}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & \stackrel{N}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{U} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { ヘ̈ } \\ & \stackrel{H}{O} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { ָָ } \\ & \stackrel{1}{⿺} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & \stackrel{N}{1} \\ & \stackrel{y}{0} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{N}{\dot{0}} \\ & \stackrel{y}{u} \\ & \stackrel{H}{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{N}{\dot{O}} \\ & \frac{V}{\dot{O}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { Oí } \\ & \stackrel{1}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \underset{\sim}{c} \\ & \mathbb{N} \\ & \stackrel{H}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ，© | UL 508，CAN／CSA C22．2 No． 14 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | $\bullet$ | － | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | CB scheme | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| （1） | RMRS | $\cdots$ | $\cdot$ | － | $\cdot$ | － | － | － | － | － | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| C | C－Tick | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| －existing <br> －pending |  | CT－E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Approvals |  | $\sum_{\stackrel{N}{0}}^{\stackrel{u}{u}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 岃 } \\ & \stackrel{\text { H }}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\sum_{\substack{1 \\ 0}}^{\stackrel{1}{0}}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 岗 } \\ & \text { 응 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\sum_{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{U}}^{\stackrel{u}{U}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| ${ }^{\text {cB }}$ | CB scheme | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| －existing <br> －pending |  | CT－S |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Approvals |  | $\stackrel{0}{\omega}$ $\underset{j}{N}$ $\sum_{i}^{0}$ $\stackrel{N}{0}$ |  |  | $\stackrel{N}{\stackrel{n}{0}}$ | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ $\underset{N}{N}$ $\sum_{i}^{\infty}$ $\stackrel{1}{0}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\sim}{\omega} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\sim} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\infty} \\ & \sum_{i}^{0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{N}{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{4} \\ & \stackrel{1}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  | $n$ $\frac{0}{\omega}$ $\omega$ $\omega$ 0 $\stackrel{1}{4}$ $\stackrel{5}{0}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{\omega}{N} \\ & \omega \\ & \underset{\sim}{x} \\ & \stackrel{\tilde{1}}{心} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | ¢ |
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| ${ }^{\text {cB }}$ | CB scheme | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | $\bullet$ |
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| \％ | Rail applications ${ }^{11}$ |  | － | － | $\bullet$ |  |  |  | － |  | － |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| C | C－Tick | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | $\bullet$ | － | － | － | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |

[^0]CT-D range<br>Product group picture



## CT-D range

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## CT-D range

## Benefits and advantages

## Characteristics

- Diversity:
- 2 multifunction timers

■ 10 single-function timers

- Control supply voltages:
- Wide range: 12-240 V AC/DC

■ Multi range: 24-48 V DC, 24-240 V AC

- 7 time ranges from 0.05 s to 100 h or 4 time ranges from 0.05 s to 10 min
- Width of only 17.5 mm
- Light-grey housing in RAL 7035
- Devices with:

1 c/o contact ( $250 \mathrm{~V} / 6 \mathrm{~A}$ ) or $2 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ contacts ( $250 \mathrm{~V} / 5 \mathrm{~A}$ ) Control input: voltage-related triggering, polarized, capable of switching parallel loads

- Approvals / Marks (partly pending, details see page 1/4)



## Benefits

Direct reading scales (1)
Direct setting of the time delay without any additional calculation provides accurate time delay adjustment.

LEDs for status indication (2)
All actual operational states are displayed by front-face LEDs, thus simplifying commissioning and troubleshooting.

## Switching currents

The CT-D range timers allow an output load of up to 6 A on devices with $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ contact and up to 5 A on devices with $2 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ contacts.

Connection terminals
Wide terminal spacing allows connection of wires:
$2 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\left(2 \times 16\right.$ AWG) with wire end ferrules or $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ( $2 \times 14$ AWG) without ferrules.

Width $17,5 \mathrm{~mm}$ (4)
With their width of 17.5 mm only, the CT-D range timers are ideally suited for installation in distribution panels.


Operating controls
1 LEDs for status indication
U - green LED:
$\checkmark$ control supply voltage applied
๑๘ timing
R, R1, R2 - yellow LED:
$\checkmark$ output relay energized
2 Time range adjustment
3 Fine adjustment of the time delay
4 Preselection of the timing function


## CT-D range <br> Ordering details

Description
The CT-D range in MDRC design with a width of only 17.5 mm fits into all domestic installation and distribution panels.
The CT-D range represents a link between industry and the installation types. For maximum flexibility in operation, 10 single-function as well as 2 multifunction devices with 7 timing functions are available. The devices offer 4 or 7 time ranges from 0.05 seconds up to 100 hours. Their wide input range allows the use in applications worldwide..

| Ordering details |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Timing function | Rated control supply voltage | Time ranges | Control input | Output | Type | Order code | Price <br> 1 pce | Weight (1 pce) kg (lb) |
| Multifunctional ${ }^{1)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24-240 \text { V AC } \\ & 24-48 \text { V DC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7(0.05 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{-} \\ & 100 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ | $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-MFD. 12 | 1SVR500020R0000 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.060 \\ & (0.132) \end{aligned}$ |
| Multifunctional ${ }^{11}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12-240 \\ & V \text { AC/DC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7(0.05 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{-} \\ & 100 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ | $2 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-MFD. 21 | 1SVR500020R1100 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.065 \\ & (0.143) \end{aligned}$ |
| ON-delay | $\begin{aligned} & 24-240 \text { V AC } \\ & 24-48 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7(0.05 \mathrm{~s}- \\ & 100 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ | - | $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-ERD. 12 | 1SVR500100R0000 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.060 \\ & (0.132) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | - | $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-ERD. 22 | 1SVR500100R0100 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.065 \\ & (0.143) \end{aligned}$ |
| OFF- <br> delay |  |  | $\square$ | $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-AHD. 12 | 1SVR500110R0000 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.060 \\ & (0.132) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | $\square$ | $2 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-AHD. 22 | 1SVR500110R0100 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.065 \\ & (0.143) \end{aligned}$ |
| ImpulseON |  |  | - | $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-VWD. 12 | 1SVR500130R0000 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.060 \\ & (0.132) \end{aligned}$ |
| Flasher starting with ON |  |  | - |  | CT-EBD. 12 | 1SVR500150R0000 |  |  |
| Pulse generator |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 7(0.05 \mathrm{~s}- \\ & 100 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ |  | CT-TGD.122) | 1SVR500160R0000 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.060 \\ & (0.132) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | $\square$ | $2 \mathrm{c} / 0$ | CT-TGD. $22^{21}$ | 1SVR500160R0100 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.065 \\ & (0.143) \end{aligned}$ |
| Star-delta changeover |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4(0.05 \mathrm{~s}- \\ & 10 \mathrm{~min}) \end{aligned}$ | - | $2 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CT-SDD. } 22^{3} \\ & \text { CT-SAD. } 22^{4} \end{aligned}$ | 1SVR500211R0100 <br> 1SVR500210R0100 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.065 \\ & (0.143) \end{aligned}$ |

${ }^{1}$ ) Functions: ON-delay, OFF-delay with auxiliary voltage, Impulse-ON, Impulse-OFF with auxiliary voltage,
Flasher starting with ON, Flasher starting with OFF, Pulse former
${ }^{2)}$ ON and OFF times adjustable independently: $2 \times 7$ time ranges $0.05 \mathrm{~s}-100 \mathrm{~h} \square$ Control input with voltage-related triggering
${ }^{3}$ ) Transition time 50 ms fixed
${ }^{4)}$ Transition time adjustable

Synonyms

| used expression | alternative expression(s) | used expression | alternative expression(s) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 c/o contact | SPDT | voltage-related | wet / non-floating |
| 2 c/o contacts | DPDT | volt-free | dry / floating |

## CT-D range <br> Function diagrams

## 1 Remarks

## Legend

$\square \quad$ Control supply voltage not applied / Output contact open Control supply voltage applied / Output contact closed
A1-Y1/B1 Control input with voltage-related triggering

Terminal designations on the device and in the diagrams
The 1st c/o contact is always designated 15-16/18.
The 2nd c/o contact is designated 25-26/28.
The n/o contacts of the star-delta timers are designated with 17-18 and 17-28.
Control supply voltage is always applied to terminals A1-A2.

Function of the yellow LED
The yellow LED R glows as soon as the output relay energizes and turns off when the output relay de-energizes.

## ON-delay <br> (Delay on make) <br> CT-ERD, CT-MFD

This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. Timing begins when control supply voltage is applied. The green LED flashes during timing. When the selected time delay is complete, the output relay energizes and the flashing green LED turns steady.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.
Control input A1-Y1/B1 of the CT-MFD is disabled when this function is selected.


## $1 \Omega \boxtimes$ Impulse-ON

(Interval)
CT-VWD, CT-MFD
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. The output relay energizes immediately when control supply voltage is applied and de-energizes after the set pulse time is complete. The green LED flashes during timing. When the selected pulse time is complete, the flashing green LED turns steady.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.
Control input $\mathrm{A} 1-\mathrm{Y} 1 / \mathrm{B} 1$ of the CT-MFD is disabled when this function is selected.

## OFF-delay with auxiliary voltage <br> (Delay on break) <br> CT-AHD, CT-MFD

This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. If control input $\mathbf{A 1}-\mathrm{Y} 1 / \mathrm{B} 1$ is closed, the output relay energizes immediately. If control input A1-Y1/B1 is opened, the time delay starts. The green LED flashes during timing. When the selected time delay is complete, the output relay de- energizes and the flashing green LED turns steady.
If control input A1-Y1/B1 recloses before the time delay is complete, the time delay is reset and the output relay does not change state. Timing starts again when control input A1-Y1/B1 re-opens.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.

$\mathrm{t}=$ adjusted time delay

Impulse-OFF with auxiliary voltage
(Trailing edge interval)
CT-MFD
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. If control supply voltage is applied, opening control input A1-Y1/B1 energizes the output relay immediately and starts timing. The green LED flashes during timing. When the selected pulse time is complete, the output relay de-energizes and the flashing green LED turns steady. Closing control input A1-Y1/B1, before the time delay is complete, deenergizes the output relay and resets the time delay.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


# CT-D range <br> Function diagrams 

## $\measuredangle$ Flasher, starting with the ON time (Recycling equal times, ON first) CT-EBD, CT-MFD

Applying control supply voltage starts timing with symmetrical ON \& OFF times. The cycle starts with an ON time first. The ON \& OFF times are displayed by the flashing green LED, which flashes twice as fast during the OFF time.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.
Control input A1-Y1/B1 of the CT-MFD is disabled when this function is selected.


Flasher, starting with the OFF time
(Recycling equal times, OFF first) CT-MFD
Applying control supply voltage starts timing with symmetrical ON \& OFF times. The cycle starts with an OFF time first. The ON \& OFF times are displayed by the flashing green LED, which flashes twice as fast during the OFF time.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.
Control input A1-Y1/B1 of the CT-MFD is disabled when this function is selected.


## $\pi$ Pulse former (Single shot) CT-MFD

This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. Closing control input A1-Y1/B1 energizes the output relay immediately and starts timing. Operating the control contact switch A1-Y1/B1 during the time delay has no effect. The green LED flashes during timing. When the selected ON time is complete, the output relay de-energizes and the flashing green LED turns steady. After the ON time is complete, it can be restarted by closing control input A1-Y1/B1.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


Pulse generator, starting with the ON or OFF time (Recycling unequal times, ON or OFF first) CT-TGD
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. Applying control supply voltage, with open control input A1-Y1/B1, starts timing with an ON time first. Applying control supply voltage, with closed control input A1-Y1/B1, starts timing with an OFF time first. The ON \& OFF times are displayed by the flashing green LED, which flashes twice as fast during the OFF time.
The ON \& OFF times are independently adjustable.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


## CT-D range

## Function diagrams

## $\Delta \quad$ Star-delta change-over

(Star-delta starting)
CT-SDD, CT-SAD
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. Applying control supply voltage to terminals A1-A2, energizes the star contactor connected to terminals 17-18 and begins the set starting time $\mathrm{t}_{1}$. The green LED flashes during timing. When the starting time is complete, the first output contact de-energizes the star contactor.
Now, the transition time $t_{2}$ starts. When the transition time is complete, the second output contact energizes the delta contactor connected to terminals 17-28. The delta contactor remains energized as long as control supply voltage is applied to the unit.


## Control circuit diagram



Power circuit diagram

## CT－D range

## Connection diagrams

CT－MFD． 21

| A1 | 15 | 25 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| 18 | 16 | Y1／B1 |
| 28 | 26 | A2 |

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { A1－A2 } & \text { Supply：} \\ & 12-240 \vee ~ A C / D C\end{array}$

15－16／18 1．c／o contact
25－26／28 2．c／o contact
A1－Y1／B1 Control input

CT－MFD． 12


A1－A2 Supply： 24－48 V DC or 24－240 V AC
15－16／18 1．c／o contact

A1－Y1／B1 Control input
$\triangle$ CT－ERD． 22

| A1 | 15 | 25 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| 18 | 16 |  |
| 28 | 26 | A2 |


| A1－A2 | Supply： |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $24-48 \vee ~ D C ~ o r ~$ |
|  | $24-240 \vee$ AC |
| $15-16 / 18$ | 1．c／o contact |
| $25-26 / 28$ | 2．c／o contact |

$\triangle$ CT－ERD． 12

A1－A2 Supply： 24－48 V DC or
$24-240$ V AC
15－16／18 1．c／o contact


1』囚 CT－VWD． 12


A1－A2 Supply：
24－48 V DC or
24－240 V AC
15－16／18 1．c／o contact
$\Omega \triangle C T-E B D .12$


## 几 CT－TGD． 22



| A1－A2 | Supply： | A1－A2 | Supply： |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $24-48 \vee$ DC or |  | $24-48 \vee$ DC or |
|  | $24-240 \vee$ AC |  | $24-240 \vee$ AC |
| $15-16 / 18$ | 1．c／o contact | $15-16 / 18$ | 1. c／o contact |
| $25-26 / 28$ | 2．c／o contact |  |  |
| A1－Y1／B1 | Control input | A1－Y1／B1 | Control input |



A1－Y1／B1 Control input
$\triangle$ CT－SDD． 22

| A1－A2 | Supply： <br> 24－48 V DC or <br> $24-240$ V AC |
| :---: | :---: |
| 17－18 | 1．n／o contact （star contactor） |
| 17－28 | 2．n／o contact （delta contactor） |


（delta contactor）
$\triangle$ CT－SAD． 22


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## CT-D range <br> Technical data

Data at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{a}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and rated values, unless otherwise indicated


## CT-D range

## Technical data

|  | CT-D with $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ contact | CT-D with 2 c/o contacts | CT-MFD. 21 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Electrical connection |  |  |  |
| Wire size fine-strand with(out) wire end ferrule | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 0.5-1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(2 \times 20-16 \mathrm{AWG}) \\ & 1 \times 0.5-2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(1 \times 20-14 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 0.5-1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(2 \times 20-16 \text { AWG }) \\ & 1 \times 0.5-4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(1 \times 20-12 \text { AWG }) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Stripping length | $7 \mathrm{~mm}(0,28 \mathrm{in})$ |  |  |
| Tightening torque | 0.5-0.8 Nm (4.43-7.08 lb.in) |  |  |
| Environmental data |  |  |  |
| Ambient temperature range ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | $-20 \ldots+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| Damp heat (cyclic) | $6 \times 24$ h cycles, $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 95 \% \mathrm{RH}$ |  |  |
| Vibration (sinusoidal) | $40 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, 20$ cycles, $10 \ldots .150 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |
| Shock (half-sine) $\quad$ EEC/EN 60068-2-27 | $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, 11 \mathrm{~ms}$ |  |  |
| Isolation data |  |  |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\text {imp }}$ between all isolated circuits | 4 kV ; 1.2/50 $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |  |  |
| Pollution category | 3 |  |  |
| Overvoltage category | IIII |  |  |
| Rated insulation voltage $U_{i}$ ( | 300 V |  |  |
| output circuit $1 /$ output circuit 2 | 300 V |  |  |
| Basic insulation (IEC/EN 61140) | 300 V |  |  |
| Protective separation (VDE O106 part 101 and in input circuit/output circuit part 101/A1; IEC/EN 61140) | 250 V |  |  |
| Power-frequency withstand voltage test (test vol- tage, routine test) | $2.5 \mathrm{kV}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |
| Standards |  |  |  |
| Product standard | IEC 61812-1, EN 61812-1 + A11, DIN VDE 0435 part 2021 |  |  |
| Low Voltage Directive | 2006/95/EC |  |  |
| EMC Directive | 2004/108/EC |  |  |
| RoHS Directive | 2002/95/EC |  |  |
| Electromagnetic compatibility |  |  |  |
| Interference immunity to | IEC/EN 61000-6-1, IEC/EN 61000-6-2 |  |  |
| electrostatic discharge | Level $3(6 \mathrm{kV} / 8 \mathrm{kV}$ ) |  |  |
| radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field . . . . . . . . . . . . IEC/EN 61000-4-3 | Level $3(10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m})$ |  |  |
| electrical fast transient / burst | Level $3(2 \mathrm{kV} / 5 \mathrm{kHz})$ |  |  |
| surge | Level 4 ( 2 kV L-L) |  |  |
| conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields $\quad$ IEC/EN 61000-4-6 | Level 3 (10 V) |  |  |
| Interference emission | IEC/EN 61000-6-3, IEC/EN 61000-6-4 |  |  |
| high-frequency radiated | Class B |  |  |
| high-frequency conducted IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022 | Class B |  |  |

„Approvals and marks" see page 1/4.

## CT-D range

## Technical data, Technical diagrams

Load limit curves

AC load (resistive)


CT-D.1x


CT-D.2x

Derating factor $F$
for inductive AC load



CT-D.1x


CT-D.2x

Contact lifetime


## CT-D range

## Wiring notes, Dimensional drawings

Wiring notes for devices with control input
A parallel load to the control input is possible


Dimensional drawings
dimensions in mm


CT-D devices with $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ contact or $2 \mathrm{n} / \mathrm{o}$ contacts


CT-D devices with $2 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ contacts

## CT-E range <br> Product group picture



## CT-E range

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CT-E Range
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## CT-E range <br> Benefits and advantages

- Diversity:
- 2 multifunction timers
- 56 single-function timers
- 4 switching relays
- Control supply voltages:
- Dual range: 24 V AC/DC
- Single range: 110-130 V AC, 220-240 V AC
- Wide range: 24-240 V AC/DC (CT-MFE)
- Time ranges
- 5 single ranges: $0.05-1 \mathrm{~s}, 0.1-10 \mathrm{~s}, 0.3-30 \mathrm{~s}, 3-300 \mathrm{~s}, 0.3-30 \mathrm{~min}$
- 8 time ranges: $0.05 \mathrm{~s}-100 \mathrm{~h}$ (CT-MFE)
- Devices with $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ (SPDT) contact ( $250 \mathrm{~V} / 4 \mathrm{~A}$ ) or solid-state output for high switching frequencies (thyristor 0.8 A )
- Switching relay CT-IRE for added switching contacts with either side-by-side or diagonally positioned connection terminals
- Approvals / Marks (details see page 1/4)


Benefits
Direct reading scales
Direct setting of the time delay without any additional calculation provides accurate time delay adjustment.

LEDs for status indication (2)
All actual operational states are displayed by front-face LEDs, thus simplifying commissioning and troubleshooting.

Connection screws in M3 (Pozidrive 1)
Easy and fast tightening and release of the connection screws with pozidrive, pan- or crosshead screwdriver.

Solid-state output (4)
Devices with solid-state output are the perfect solution for high operation cycles.

Synonyms

| used expression | alternative expression(s) | used expression | alternative expression(s) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 c/o contact | SPDT | voltage-related | wet / non-floating |
| 2 c/o contacts | DPDT | volt-free | dry / floating |



## Operating controls

1 LEDs for status indication
U - green LED: $\downarrow$ control supply voltage applied
R2: red LED: $\sqrt{ }$ output relay energized
2 Time range adjustment (only multifunctional devices)
3 Fine adjustment of the time delay
4 Preselection of the timing function (only multifunctional devices)


## CT-E range Ordering details

Description
The CT-E range with its excellent price/performance ratio offers an ideal solution for serial applications. 56 single-function devices with 5 different time ranges as well as 2 multifunction timers with 6 functions and 8 time ranges offer the highest possible flexibility for almost every application. For high operating cycles, contact-free CT-E timers with solid-state output are available.

| Timing function | Rated control supply voltage | Time ranges | Control Input | Output | Type | Order code | Price <br> 1 pce | Weight (1 pce) <br> kg (Ib) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Multifunctional ${ }^{1)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24-240 \\ & \text { V AC/DC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8(0.05 \mathrm{~s}- \\ & 100 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ | $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-MFE | 1SVR550029R8100 |  | 0.08 (0.18) |
| ON-delay | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \text { V AC/DC, } \\ & 220-240 \vee ~ A C \end{aligned}$ | 0.1-10 s | - | $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-ERE | 1SVR550107R1100 |  | 0.08 (0.18) |
|  |  | 0.3-30 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550107R4100 |  |  |
|  |  | 3-300 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550107R2100 |  |  |
|  |  | 0.3-30 min |  |  |  | 1SVR550107R5100 |  |  |
|  | 110-130 V AC | 0.1-10 s | - |  |  | 1SVR550100R1100 |  |  |
|  |  | 0.3-30 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550100R4100 |  |  |
|  |  | 3-300 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550100R2100 |  |  |
|  |  | 0.3-30 min |  |  |  | 1SVR550100R5100 |  |  |
| OFF-delay | 24 V AC/DC | 0.1-10 s | $\square$ | $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-AHE | 1SVR550118R1100 |  | 0.08 (0.18) |
|  |  | $0.3-30 \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |  | 1SVR550118R4100 |  |  |
|  |  | 3-300 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550118R2100 |  |  |
|  | 110-130 V AC | 0.1-10 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550110R1100 |  |  |
|  |  | 0.3-30 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550110R4100 |  |  |
|  |  | 3-300 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550110R2100 |  |  |
|  | 220-240 V AC | 0.1-10 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550111R1100 |  |  |
|  |  | 0.3-30 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550111R4100 |  |  |
|  |  | 3-300 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550111R2100 |  |  |
| OFFdelay ${ }^{2)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \text { V AC/DC, } \\ & 220-240 \text { V AC } \end{aligned}$ | 0.1-10 s | - | $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-ARE | 1SVR550127R1100 |  | 0.08 (0.18) |
|  |  | $0.3-30 \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |  | 1SVR550127R4100 |  |  |
|  | 110-130 V AC | 0.1-10 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550120R1100 |  |  |
|  |  | 0.3-30 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550120R4100 |  |  |
| ImpulseON | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \text { V AC/DC, } \\ & 220-240 \text { V AC } \end{aligned}$ | $0.1-10 \mathrm{~s}$ | - | $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-VWE | 1SVR550137R1100 |  | 0.08 (0.18) |
|  |  | 0.3-30 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550137R4100 |  |  |
|  |  | $3-300 \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |  | 1SVR550137R2100 |  |  |
|  | 110-130 V AC | 0.1-10 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550130R1100 |  |  |
|  |  | 0.3-30 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550130R4100 |  |  |
|  |  | $3-300 \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |  | 1SVR550130R2100 |  |  |
| Impulse$\mathrm{OFF}^{2)}$ | 24 V AC/DC | 0.05-1 s | - | $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-AWE | 1SVR550158R3100 |  | 0.08 (0.18) |
|  | $110-130 \mathrm{~V}$ AC |  |  |  |  | 1SVR550150R3100 |  |  |
|  | 220-240 V AC |  |  |  |  | 1SVR550151R3100 |  |  |

[^1]

CT-AHE


ON-delay
OFF-delay
Impulse-ON
Impulse-OFF
Flasher starting with ON
Flasher staring with OFF
Pulse former

## CT-E range <br> Ordering details



CT-AWE


CT-IRE

| Timing function | Rated control supply voltage | Time ranges | Control Input | Output | Type | Order code | Price <br> 1 pce | Weight <br> (1 pce) <br> kg (lb) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ImpulseOFF | 24 V AC/DC | 0.1-10 s | $\square$ | $1 \mathrm{c} / 0$ | CT-AWE | 1SVR550148R1100 |  | 0.08 (0.18) |
|  |  | 0.3-30 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550148R4100 |  |  |
|  |  | $3-300 \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |  | 1SVR550148R2100 |  |  |
|  | 110-130 V AC | 0.1-10 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550140R1100 |  |  |
|  |  | 0.3-30 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550140R4100 |  |  |
|  |  | $3-300 \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |  | 1SVR550140R2100 |  |  |
|  | 220-240 V AC | 0.1-10 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550141R1100 |  |  |
|  |  | 0.3-30 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550141R4100 |  |  |
|  |  | $3-300 \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |  | 1SVR550141R2100 |  |  |
| Flasher staring with OFF | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \text { V AC/DC, } \\ & 220-240 \text { V AC } \end{aligned}$ | 0.1-10 s | - | $1 \mathrm{c} / 0$ | C) ${ }_{6}$ (EBE | 1SVR550167R1100 |  | 0.08 (0.18) |
|  | 110-130 V AC |  |  |  |  | 1SVR550160R1100 |  |  |
| Star-delta changeover twice ONdelayed | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \text { V AC/DC, } \\ & 220-240 \text { V AC } \end{aligned}$ | 0.1-10 s | - | $1 \mathrm{c} / 0$ | CT-YDE | 1SVR550207R1100 |  | 0.08 (0.18) |
|  |  | 0.3-30 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550207R4100 |  |  |
|  |  | $3-300 \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |  | 1SVR550207R2100 |  |  |
|  | 110-130 V AC | 0.1-10 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550200R1100 |  |  |
|  |  | 0.3-30 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550200R4100 |  |  |
|  |  | 3-300 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550200R2100 |  |  |
| Star-delta changeover with impuls | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \text { V AC/DC, } \\ & 220-240 \text { V AC } \end{aligned}$ | 0.3-30 s | - | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{n} / \mathrm{o}+ \\ & 1 \mathrm{n} / \mathrm{c} \end{aligned}$ | CT-SDE | 1SVR550217R4100 |  | 0.08 (0.18) |
|  | 110-130 V AC |  |  |  |  | 1SVR550210R4100 |  |  |
|  | $380-415$ V AC |  |  |  |  | 1SVR550212R4100 |  |  |
| Multifunctional ${ }^{8)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24-240 \\ & \text { V AC/DC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1-10 \mathrm{~s} . \\ & 3-300 \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | - |  | CT-MKE | 1SVR550019R0000 |  | 0.08 (0.18) |
| ON-delay | $\begin{aligned} & 24-240 \\ & \text { V AC/DC } \end{aligned}$ | 0.1-10 s | - | solidestate | CT-EKE | 1SVR550509R1000 |  | 0.08 (0.18) |
|  |  | 0.3-30 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550509R4000 |  |  |
|  |  | 3-300 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550509R2000 |  |  |
| OFF-delay | 24-240 V AC | 0.1-10 s | - |  | CT-AKE | 1SVR550519R1000 |  | 0.08 (0.18) |
|  |  | 0.3-30 s |  |  |  | 1SVR550519R4000 |  |  |
|  |  | $3-300$ s |  |  |  | 1SVR550519R2000 |  |  |
| Switching relay | 24 V AC/DC |  | - | $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-IRE ${ }^{3)}$ | 1SVR550228R9100 |  | 0.08 (0.18) |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 220-240 \\ & V \text { AC/DC } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 1SVR550221R9100 |  |  |
|  | 24 V AC/DC |  | - | $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-IRE 4) | 1SVR550238R9100 |  | 0.08 (0.18) |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 220-240 \\ & \text { V AC/DC } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 1SVR550231R9100 |  |  |

${ }^{1)}$ without auxiliary voltage
Control input with voltage-related triggering
${ }^{2)}$ with fixed transition time no triggering
${ }^{3)}$ A1/A2 diagonal
4) A1/A2 on top
${ }^{5)}$ solid-state output, functions and time range selection via external jumpers
${ }^{6)}$ symetric ON \& OFF times
7) common contact
${ }^{8)}$ Functions: ON-delay (AC/DC), Impuls-ON (AC only), Flasher starting with OFF (AC only)

## Notice

CT-...KE are solid-state timers with thyristor output for 2-wire applications. They are connected directly in series with the control coil of contactors or relays. Voltage should not be applied without a load connected, because there is no current limiting in the unit.

# CT-E range <br> Function diagrams 

## Remarks

| Legend |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\square$ | Control supply voltage not applied / Output contact open |
| A1-Y1/B1 | Control supply voltage applied / Output contact closed |
| Conput with voltage-related triggering |  |

Terminal designations on the device and in the diagrams
The c/o contact is always designated 15-16/18.
The n/o contacts are designated with 15-16 and 15-18.
Control supply voltage is always applied to terminals A1-A2/B1.

Function of the red LED
The red LED R glows as soon as the output relay energizes and turns off when the output relay de-energizes.
$\boxtimes \quad$ ON-delay (Delay on make)
CT-ERE, CT-MFE
Applying control supply voltage starts timing. When the selected time delay is complete, the output relay energizes. If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset. Interrupting control supply voltage before the time delay is complete, resets the time delay. The output relay does not energize.


OFF-delay, with auxiliary voltage (Delay on break) CT-AHE, CT-MFE
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. Timing is controlled by control input $\mathrm{A} 1-\mathrm{Y} 1$. If the control input is closed, the output relay energizes. If control input $\mathrm{A} 1-\mathrm{Y} 1$ is opened, the selected time delay starts. When the time delay is complete, the output relay de-energizes. If control input $\mathrm{A} 1-\mathrm{Y} 1$ is closed before the time delay is complete, the time delay is reset. Timing starts again when the control input re-opens.

$t=$ adjusted time delay
Minimum control pulse length: 20 ms

## CT-E range <br> Function diagrams

OFF-delay, without auxiliary voltage
(true delay on break) CT-ARE
The OFF-delay function without auxiliary voltage does not require continuous control supply voltage for timing.
Applying control supply voltage, energizes the output relay. If control supply voltage is interrupted, the OFF-delay starts. When timing is complete, the output relay de-energizes. If control supply voltage is reapplied before the time delay is complete, the time delay is reset and the output relay remains energized.
Control supply voltage must be applied for the minimum energizing time (200 ms), for proper operation.

$t=$ adjusted time delay

## $1 \curvearrowleft \boxtimes$ Impulse-ON (Interval) <br> CT-VWE, CT-MFE

The output relay energizes immediately when control supply voltage is applied and de-energizes after the selected time delay is complete. If control supply voltage is interrupted before the time delay is complete, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.
Control input $\mathrm{A} 1-\mathrm{Y} 1$ has to be jumpered, when this timing function is selected.

CT-VWE:


CT-MFE:


1』【 Impulse-OFF, with auxiliary voltage (Trailing edge interval) CT-AWE
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. Timing is controlled by control input $\mathrm{A} 1-\mathrm{Y} 1$. If the control input is opened, the output relay energizes and timing begins. When the selected time delay is complete, the output relay de-energizes. Interrupting control supply voltage or closing control input A1-Y1, before the time delay is complete, de-energizes the output relay and resets the time delay.


## CT-E range

## Function diagrams

$\Omega$ Flasher starting with OFF

CT-MFE:

## $\square \quad$ Switching relay <br> CT-IRE

The switching relay may be used to increase the number of available contacts or to reinforce contacts, or as a coupling/decoupling interface. Applying control supply voltage, energizes the output relay. The output relay de-energizes if control supply voltage is interrupted.


$\Omega$ Flasher starting with ON
(Recycling equal times, ON first) CT-MFE
Applying control supply voltage starts timing with symmetrical ON \& OFF times. The cycle starts with an ON time first. If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset. Control input $\mathrm{A} 1-\mathrm{Y} 1$ has to be open, when this timing function is selected.
(Recycling equal times, OFF first) CT-EBE, CT-MFE
Applying control supply voltage starts timing with symmetrical ON \& OFF times. The cycle starts with an OFF time first. If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset. Control input $\mathrm{A} 1-\mathrm{Y} 1$ has to be jumpered, when this timing function is selected.

## CT-EBE:



$$
\mathrm{t}=\text { adjusted flashing time }
$$



## CT-E range

## Function diagrams

$\Delta \Delta \quad$ Star-delta change-over
CT-YDE
Applying control supply voltage energizes the star contactor (K1) and the line contactor (K2) and begins the set starting time. When the starting time is complete, contact 15-16 de-energizes the star contactor (K1) Now, the fix transition time starts. When the transition time is complete, contact 15-16 energizes the delta contactor (K3).

$\Delta 1 \Omega \quad$ Star-delta change-over CT-SDE
Applying control supply voltage energizes the star contactor (K1) and the line contactor (K2) and begins the set starting time. When the starting time is complete, contact 15-16 de-energizes the star contactor (K1). Now, the fix transition time starts. When the transition time is complete, contact 15-18 energizes the delta contactor (K3).



Control circuit diagram


Power circuit diagram


# CT－E range <br> Function diagrams 

## Multifunction timer CT－MKE

Functions and time ranges are programmed by simply plugging in external wire jumpers．

## $\searrow \quad$ ON－delay（Delay on Make）

Without external connection．Timing begins when control supply voltage is applied to terminal A1 and the load connected in series with A2．When the selected time delay is complete，the load energizes．If control supply voltage is interrupted，the load de－energizes and the time delay is reset．Interrupting supply voltage before the time delay is complete，resets the time delay．The load does not energize．

## 1』 $\boxtimes$ Impulse－ON（Interval）

External connection X1－X4 required．The load energizes and timing starts when control supply voltage is applied to terminal A1 and the load connected in series with A2．When the selected time delay is complete，the load de－energizes．Inter－ rupting control supply voltage before the time delay is complete，de－energizes the load and resets the time delay

## $\curvearrowleft \boxtimes$ Flasher，starting with ON

External connection $\mathrm{X} 1-\mathrm{X} 4$ and $\mathrm{X} 2-\mathrm{X} 4$ required．When control supply voltage is applied to terminal A1 and the load connected in series with A2，the load energizes and de－energizes with the selected ON \＆OFF times．The ON \＆OFF times are equal．The cycle starts with an ON time first（load energized）．If control supply vol－ tage is interrupted，the load de－energizes and the time delay is reset．

几】 Flasher，starting with OFF
External connection X2－X4 required．When control supply voltage is applied to terminal A1 and the load connected in series with A2，the load energizes and de－ energizes with the selected ON \＆OFF times．The ON \＆OFF times are equal．The cycle starts with an OFF time first（load de－energized）．If control supply voltage is interrupted，the load de－energizes and the time delay is reset


Programming the time ranges
$\mathrm{X}_{3}-\mathrm{X}_{4}$ jumpered： $0,1-10 \mathrm{~s} \quad \mathrm{X}_{3}-\mathrm{X}_{4}$ open：3－300 s

## $\boxtimes \quad$ ON－delay（Delay on make） <br> CT－EKE

Timing begins when control supply voltage is applied to terminal A1 and the load connected in series with AL．When the selected time delay is complete，the load energizes．The green LED glows as long as the load is energized．
If control supply voltage is interrupted，the load de－energizes and the time delay is reset．Interrupting control supply voltage before the time delay is complete，resets the time delay．The load does not energize．

$t=$ adjusted time delay

## OFF－delay，with auxiliary voltage（Delay on break）

 CT－AKEThe OFF－delay function with auxiliary voltage requires continuous control supply voltage at terminal A1，and the load connected in series with AL， for timing．
Timing is controlled by control input Y2－A2．When the control input is closed，the load energizes．If the control input is opened，the selected time delay starts（minimum control pulse length is 20 ms ）．The green LED glows as long as the load is energized．When the selected time delay is complete，the load de－energizes．If control input Y2－A2 is clo－ sed before the time delay is complete，the time delay is reset and the load remains energized．Timing starts again when the control input is re－opened．Interrupting control supply voltage resets the time delay and de－energizes the load．

$\mathrm{t}=$ adjusted time delay

## Notice：

CT－．．．KE are solid－state timers with thyristor output for 2－wire applications．They are connected directly in series with the control coil of contactors or relays．Voltage should not be applied without a load connected，because there is no current limiting in the unit．

## CT-E range <br> Connection diagrams




| ¢ONNN | $\square C T-A H E{ }^{1)}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }^{+} \mathrm{A} 1$ | 15 | Y1 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | 16 | 18 | A2 |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{2}-$ |
| or | A1(+)-A2 | Supply: <br> 24 V AC/DC or <br> $110-240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC or <br> 220-240 V AC |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | A1-Y1 | Control input c/o contact |  |
|  | 15-16/ |  |  |




| A1 | 15 | B1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| 16 | 18 | A2 |
| A1-A2 | Supply: <br> 220-240 V AC or <br> 110-130 V AC |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| A1-B1 | Supply: |  |
|  | 24 V AC/DC |  |
| 15-16/1 | c/o | ntac |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { U } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & N \\ & N \\ & \text { N } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 1几 CT-AWE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\oplus_{\text {A1 }}$ | 15 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | 16 | 18 | $\mathrm{A}^{2} \Theta$ |
|  | Device without aux. voltage |  |  |
|  | A1(+)-A2 |  | AC/DC or 40 V AC or 40 V AC |


$\Delta 1 \Omega \mathrm{CT}-\mathrm{SDE}$


Devices:
1SVR 550210 R4100, 1SVR 550212 R4100
A1-A2 Supply:
110-130 V AC or
$380-415$ V AC
15-16 n/c contact
15-18 n/o contact
with common contact
$\square$ CT-IRE



Supply terminals diagonally positioned
A1-A2 Supply:
24 V AC/DC or 220-240 V AC/DC

11-12/14 c/o contact

## CT-E range

## Connection diagrams, Technical diagrams



Supply terminals on one side of the device
A1-A2

## Supply:

24 V AC/DC or 220-240 V AC/DC
11-12/14 c/o contact

CT-MKE


CT-AKE


2CDC 252167 F0005

1) Wiring notes $1 / 31$

## Technical diagrams

Load limit curves
AC load (resistive)


Derating factor F for inductive AC load


DC load (resistive)


GOZO』 \&6L ZGZ OOOZ

220 V 50 Hz AC1
360 cycles/h
Contact lifetime


## CT-E range <br> Technical data

## Technical data

Data at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{a}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and rated values, unless otherwise indicated

|  |  | CT-E (relays) | CT-E (solid-state) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input circuit - Supply circuit |  |  |  |
| Rated control supply voltage $U_{s}$ | A1-A2, A1-AL | 24-240 V AC/DC |  |
|  | A1-A2, A1-AL | $24-240$ V AC |  |
|  | A1-A2 | 110-130 V AC | - |
|  | A1-A2 | $220-240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | - |
|  | A1-A2 | $380-415 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | - |
|  | A1-B1 | 24 V AC/DC | - |
|  |  | -15...+10\% |  |
| Rated frequency | AC/DC versions | DC or $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |
|  | AC versions | 50/60 Hz |  |
| Typical current / power consumption | $24-240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC/DC, $24-240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC | approx. 1.0-2.0 VA/W |  |
|  | $110-130 \mathrm{VAC}, 220-240 \mathrm{VAC}$ | approx. 2.0 VA | - |
|  | $380-415 \mathrm{VAC}$ | approx. 3.0 VA | - |
|  | $24 \mathrm{VAC/DC}$ | approx. $1.0 \mathrm{VA} / \mathrm{W}$ | $\cdots$ |
| Minimum energizing time | CT-ARE, CT-AWE w/o aux. voltage | 200 ms | - $-\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ |
| Current consumption while timing |  | - | $\begin{aligned} & \leq 2 \mathrm{~mA}(24-60 \vee \mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}) \\ & \leq 8 \mathrm{~mA}(60-240 \vee \mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}) \\ & \text { (CT-AKE only AC) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Input circuit - Control circuit |  |  |  |
| Kind of triggering |  | voltage-related triggering | - |
| Control input, Control function |  | start timing external | $\cdots$ |
| Parallel load / polarized |  | no/yes ${ }^{1 / 1}$ | $\cdots$ |
| Minimum control pulse length |  | 20 ms | - |
| Control voltage potential |  | see rated control supply voltage | - |
| Timing circuit |  |  |  |
| Time ranges | 1 of 5 time ranges per single-function device8 time ranges $0.05 \mathrm{~s}-100 \mathrm{~h}$ (CT-MFE) | 0.05-1 $\mathrm{s} / 0.1-10 \mathrm{~s} / 0.3-30 \mathrm{~s} / 3-300 \mathrm{~s} / 0.3-30 \mathrm{~min}$ |  |
|  |  | 1.) $0.05-1 \mathrm{~s}$ <br> 2.) $0.5-10 \mathrm{~s}$ <br> 3.) $5-100 \mathrm{~s}$ <br> 4.) $50-1000 \mathrm{~s}$ <br> 5.) $0.5-10 \mathrm{~min}$ <br> 6.) $5-100 \mathrm{~min}$ <br> 7.) $0.5-10 \mathrm{~h}$ <br> 8.) $5-100 \mathrm{~h}$ | - |
|  | 2 time ranges 0.1-300 s (CT-MKE) | - | 1.) $0.1-10 \mathrm{~s}$ <br> 2.) $3-300 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Recovery time |  | $\begin{aligned} & <50 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & \text { CT-ARE: }<200 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & \text { CT-AWE, CT-SDE: }<400 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & \text { CT-YDE: }<500 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ | CT-EKE: $<50 \mathrm{~ms}$ CT-MKE: $<100 \mathrm{~ms}$ CT-AKE: <300 ms |
| Accuracy within the rated control supply voltage tolerance |  | $\Delta t<0.5 \% / \mathrm{V}$ |  |
| Accuracy within the temperature range ......... |  | $\Delta t<0.1 \% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
|  |  | CT-MFE: $\Delta t<0.06 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - |
| Repeat accuracy (constant parameters) |  | $\Delta t<1 \%$ |  |
| Star-delta transition time | CT-YDE / CT-SDE | $50 \mathrm{~ms} / 30 \mathrm{~ms}$ | - |
| Output circuit |  |  |  |
| Kind of output | 15-16/18 | Relay, $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ contact $1 \mathrm{n} / \mathrm{c}, 1 \mathrm{n} / \mathrm{o}$ contract with common contact | - |
|  | CT-SDE: 15-16, 15-18 |  |  |
|  | A1-A2. A1-AL |  | Thyristor |
| Contact material |  | AgCdO | - - |
| Rated operational voltage $U_{e}$ |  | 250 V |  |
| Maximum switching voltage |  | 250 VAC, 250 V DC |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rated operational current İ } \\ & \text { (IEC/EN 60947-5-1) } \end{aligned}$ | AC12 (resistive) at 230 V | 4 A | - |
|  | AC15 (inductive) at 230 V | 3 A | - |
|  | DC12 (resistive) at 24 V | 4 A2 A | - |
|  | DC13 (inductive) at 24 V |  | - |

[^2]
## CT-E range

 Technical data|  |  | CT-E (relays) | CT-E (solid-state) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AC rating (UL 508) | Utilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code) | B 300 | - |
|  | max. rated operational voltage | 300 V AC | - |
|  | Maximum continuous thermal current at B300 | 5 A | - |
|  | max. making/breaking apparent power at B300 | $3600 \mathrm{VA} / 360 \mathrm{VA}$ | - |
| Mechanical lifetime |  | $30 \times 10^{6}$ switching cycles | - |
| Electrical lifetime | at AC12, $230 \mathrm{~V}, 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | $0.1 \times 10^{6}$ switching cycles | $\cdots$ |
| Max. fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection (IEC/EN 60947-5-1) | n/c contact | 10 A fast-acting, CT-ARE: 5 A | $\cdots$ |
|  | n/o contact | 10 A fast-acting, CT-ARE: 5 A | - |
| Minimum load current |  | - | CT-MKE: 20 mA CT-EKE, CT-AKE: 10 mA |
| Maximum load current |  | - | CT-MKE: 0.8 A at Ta $=20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ CT-EKE, CT-AKE: 0.7 A |
| Load current reduction / Derating |  | - | $10 \mathrm{~mA} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum surge current |  | - | CT-MKE: $\leq 20$ A for $\mathrm{t} \leq 20 \mathrm{~ms}$ CT-EKE, CT-AKE: $\leq 15 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| Voltage drop in connected state |  | - | $\leq 3 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Cable length between solid-state timer and an...............................................at 24 V AC |  | - | $220 \mathrm{~m} / 22 \mathrm{nF}$ |
| connected load at 50 Hz and a cable capacity of | at 42 VAC | - | $100 \mathrm{~m} / 10 \mathrm{nF}$ |
|  | at 60 VAC | - | $65 \mathrm{~m} / 6.5 \mathrm{nF}$ |
| $100 \mathrm{pF} / \mathrm{m}$ : | at 110 VAC | - | $50 \mathrm{~m} / 5 \mathrm{nF}$ |
|  | at 240 V AC | - | $22 \mathrm{~m} / 2.2 \mathrm{nF}$ |
| General data |  |  |  |
| Duty time |  | 100\% |  |
| Dimensions ( $\mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H} \times \mathrm{D}$ ) |  | $22.5 \times 78 \times 78.5 \mathrm{~mm}(0.886 \times 3.07 \times 3.09 \mathrm{in})$ |  |
| Weight |  | approx. 80 g (0.176 lib) |  |
| Mounting |  | DIIN rail (IEC/EN 60715) |  |
| Mounting position |  | any |  |
| Minimum distance to other units $\quad$. $\quad$ horizontal / vertical |  | no/no |  |
|  |  | IP50/IP20 |  |
| Electrical connection |  |  |  |
| Wire size | fine-strand with wire end ferrule | $2 \times 0.75-1.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2$ ( $2 \times 18-16$ AWG) |  |
|  | fine-strand without wire end ferrule | $2 \times 1-1.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2(2 \times 18-16$ AWG) |  |
|  |  | $2 \times 0.75-1.5 \mathrm{~mm} 2(2 \times 18-16 \mathrm{AWG})$ |  |
|  |  | 10 mm (0.39 in) |  |
| Stripping length Tightening torque |  | 0.6-0.8 Nm (5.31-7.08 lb.in) |  |
| Environmental data |  |  |  |
| Ambient temperature ranges |  | $-20 \ldots+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Damp heat |  | 24 n cycle, $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 93 \%$ rel., 96 h |  |
| Operational reliability |  |  |  |
| Mechanical resistance |  | 10 g |  |
| Isolation data |  |  |  |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage $U_{\text {imp }}$ between all IEC/EN 60664isolated circuits |  | 4 kV ; 1.2/50 $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |  |
| Polliution category |  | IIII/C |  |
| Overvoltage category |  | IIIIIC |  |
| Rated insulation voltage $U$, between supply circuit, input circuit / output circuit control circuit and output circuit |  | 300 V (supply up to 240 V ) 500 V (supply up to 440 V ) |  |
|  |  | $2.5 \mathrm{kV}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~s}$ |  |
| Standards |  |  |  |
| Product standard |  | IEC 61812-1, EN 61812-1 + A11, DIN VDE 0435 Teil 2021 |  |
| Low Voltage DirectiveEMC Directive |  | 2006/95/EC |  |
|  |  | 2004/108/EC |  |
| Electromagnetic compatibility |  |  |  |
| Interference immunity to |  | IEC/EN 61000-6-2 |  |
|  |  | Level $3(6 \mathrm{kV} / 8 \mathrm{kV})$ |  |
| radiated, radio-frequency electromagIEC/EN 61000-4-3 netic field |  | Level 3 ( $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$ ) |  |
| electrical fast transient / burst |  | Level 3 ( $2 \mathrm{kV} / 5 \mathrm{kHz}$ ) |  |
| surgeconducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields |  | Level 4 ( $2 \mathrm{kV} \mathrm{L}-\mathrm{L}$ ) |  |
|  |  | Level 3 (10 V) |  |
| Interference emission |  | IECC/EN 61000-6-4 |  |

## CT-E range

## Wiring notes, Dimensional drawings

for single-function devices with control contact (CT-AHE, CT-AWE with auxiliary voltage)


O
0
0
0
0
N
N
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N




2CDC 252201 F0b05

Dimensional drawing
Dimensions in mm


응
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0
O

## CT-E range

## Notes

## CT-S range <br> Product group picture



## CT-S range

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## CT-S range <br> Benefits and advantages

- Diversity:
- 8 multifunction timers
- 13 single-function timers
- 8 switching relays
- Control supply voltages:
- Multi range: 24-48 V DC, 24-240 V AC
- Wide range: 24-240 V AC/DC
- Single range: 380-440 V AC
- Innovative connection technology
- Double-chamber cage connection terminals
- Easy Connect Technology
- Devices with
- 1 or 2 c/o (SPDT) contacts
- 2nd c/o contact can be selected as instantaneous contact ${ }^{1)}$
- Remote potentiometer connection ${ }^{11}$
- Control input with volt-free or voltage-related triggering e.g. to start timing, pause timing
- Extended operating temperature range down to $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}{ }^{11}$
- Sealable transparent cover for protection against unauthorized changes of time values
- Integrated marker label
- Approvals / Marks (partly pending, details see page 1/4)

${ }^{1)}$ selected devices


## Operating controls



1 2nd contact as an instantaneous contact
2 Preselection of the time range
3 Indication of operational states
U/T: $\downarrow$ control supply voltage applied / $\square \square$ timing $R: \downharpoonleft$ Output relay energized
4 Fine adjustment of time delay
5 Preselection of timing function
6 Marker label

## CT-S range

## Benefits and advantages

## Easy Connect Technology

(1)

Tool-free wiring and excellent vibration resistance. Push-in terminals provide connection of wires up to $2 \times 0,5-1,5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(2 \times 20-16$ AWG), rigid or fine-strand with or without wire end ferrules. The extended type designators for products with push-in terminals are indicated by a $\mathbf{P}$ following the extended type designator e.g. CT-xxS.xxP.

Double-chamber cage connection terminals (2)

Double-chamber cage connection terminals provide connection of wires up to $2 \times 0,5-2,5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(2 \times 20-14 \mathrm{AWG})$ rigid or fine-strand, with or without wire end ferrules. Potential distribution does not require additional terminals. The extended type designators for products with double-chamber cage connection terminals are indicated by a $\mathbf{S}$ following the extended type designator e.g. CT-xxS.xxS.

## Time range preselection and fine adjustment (3)

Direct assignment of the preselected time range to the fine adjustment potentiometer scale by multicolor scales.

Higher utility class (4)
The Easy Connect Technology provides excellent vibration resistance with gas tight push-in terminals - the right solution for harsh environment. Selected products of the electronic timers and measuring and monitoring relays comply to the latest rail standards NF F 16-101/102, EN 45545, EN 50155 and more standards which are relevant for railway applications. Find more inforamtion in the rail brochure 2CDC110084B0201.

LEDs for status indication (5)
All actual operational states are displayed by front-face LEDs, thus simplifying commissioning and troubleshooting.

Integrated marker label (6)
Integrated marker labels allow the product to be marked quickly and simply. No additional marker labels are required.

Sealable transparent cover (7)
Protection against unauthorized changes of time and threshold values. Available as an accessory.

Snap-On housing (8)
Tool-free DIN rail installation and deinstallation of the electronic timer.




## CT-S range

Ordering details - multifunctional


CT-MVS.21P


CT-MBS.22P
voltage
Impulse-ON
Impulse-OFF
Symmetrical ON-delay and
OFF-delay
Flasher starting with ON

## Description

The highly sophisticated CT-S range in ABB's new S-range housing offers two different types of connection terminals and is ideally suited for universal use. Two different connection technologies are available:

- Double-chamber cage connection terminals
- Easy Connect Technology

Accessories:
The CT-S range offers the possibility of using accessories such as a remote potentiometer to adjust the time delay or a sealable, transparent cover to protect against unauthorized changes. of time and threshold values.

| Timing function | Rated control supply voltage | Time ranges | Control input | Output | Type | Order code | Price <br> 1 pce | Weight (1 pce) <br> kg (lb) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Multifunctional ${ }^{5)}$ | 24-240 | $\begin{aligned} & 10(0.05- \\ & 300 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ | $2 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CT-MVS. } 21 \text { S } \\ & \text { (1) } \end{aligned}$ | 1SVR730020R0200 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.148 \\ & (0.326) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | V AC/DC |  |  |  | CT-MVS.21P 1) 2) 3) | 1SVR740020R0200 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.136 \\ & (0.30) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 24-48 \vee D C, \\ & 24-240 \text { V AC } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | CT-MVS.22S | 1SVR730020R3300 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.142 \\ & (0.313) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | CT-MVS.22P | 1SVR740020R3300 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.131 \\ & (0.289) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 380-440 V AC |  |  |  | CT-MVS.23S | 1SVR730021R2300 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.144 \\ & (0.317) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | CT-MVS.23P | 1SVR740021R2300 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.133 \\ & (0.293) \end{aligned}$ |
| Multifunctional ${ }^{6)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24-48 \vee D C, \\ & 24-240 \vee ~ A C \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10(0.05 \mathrm{~s} \\ & -300 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ | $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-MVS.12S | 1SVR730020R3100 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.107 \\ & (0.236) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | CT-MVS.12P | 1SVR740020R3100 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.102 \\ & (0.225) \end{aligned}$ |
| Multifunctional ${ }^{75}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24-48 \vee D C, \\ & 24-240 \vee A C \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 10 \\ & (0.05 \mathrm{~s}- \\ & 300 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ | $2 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT- MXS.22S4) | 1SVR730030R3300 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.142 \\ & (0.313) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | CT-MXS.22P4) | 1SVR740030R3300 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.131 \\ & (0.289) \end{aligned}$ |
| Multifunctional ${ }^{8)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24-240 \\ & \text { V AC/DC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & (0.05 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{-} \\ & 300 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ | - | $2 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-MFS.21S 1) 2) 3) | 1SVR730010R0200 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.145 \\ & (0.32) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | CT-MFS.21P 1) 2) 3) | 1SVR740010R0200 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.133 \\ & (0.293) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 24-48 \vee D C, \\ & 24-240 \vee \mathrm{AC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & (0.05 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{-} \\ & 300 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ | $\square / \square$ | $2 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | $\underset{\text { 2) } 3 \text { 3 }}{\text { CT-MBS. } 22 \mathrm{~S}}$ | 1SVR730010R3200 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.14 \\ & (0.309) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2) 3) } \\ & \text { CT-MBS. } 22 \mathrm{P} \end{aligned}$ | 1SVR740010R3200 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.129 \\ & (0.284) \end{aligned}$ |
| Multifunctional ${ }^{9}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24-48 \vee \mathrm{DC}, \\ & 24-240 \vee \mathrm{AC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10(0.05 \mathrm{~s} \\ & -300 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ | - | $2 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ | CT-WBS.22S | 1SVR730040R3300 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.123 \\ & (0.271) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | CT-WBS.22P | 1SVR740040R3300 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.115 \\ & (0.254) \end{aligned}$ |
| 1) Extended temperature range $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  | $\square$ Control input with voltage-related triggering <br> $\square$ Control input with volt-free triggering <br> $\square / \square$ two control input with volt-free triggering - no triggering |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {2) }}$ R Remote potentiometer connection |  |  |  |  | S: screw connection |  |  |  |

4) 2 remote potentiometer connections
${ }^{5)}$ Functions: ON-delay, OFF-delay with auxiliary voltage, Impulse-ON, Impulse-OFF with auxiliary voltage, Symmetrical ON- and OFF- delay, Flasher starting with ON or OFF, Star-delta change-over with impulse, Pulse former, Accumulative ON-delay, ON/OFF-function ${ }^{6)}$ Functions: ON-delay, OFF-delay with auxiliary voltage, Impulse-ON, Impulse-OFF with auxiliary voltage, Symmetrical ON- and OFFdelay, Flasher starting with ON or OFF, Pulse former, Accumulative ON-delay, ON/OFF-function
${ }^{\text {¹ }}$ ) Functions: Select function via DIP switches behind the marker label on the front of the unit, asymmetrical ON- and OFF-delay, Impulse-ON/OFF, Pulse generator starting with ON or OFF, Single pulse generator, ON/OFF-function
${ }^{\text {3) }}$ Functions: ON-delay, OFF-delay with auxiliary voltage, Impulse-ON, Impulse-OFF with auxiliary voltage, Symmetrical ON- and OFFdelay, Flasher starting with ON, Flasher starting with OFF, Star-delta change-over with impulse, Pulse former, ON/OFF-function ${ }^{9}$ ) Functions: Flasher starting with ON, Flasher starting with OFF, Impulse-ON, ON-delay, fixed impulse with adjustable time delay, Adjustable impulse with fixed time delay, ON/OFF-function

## CT-S range

## Ordering details - singlefunctional



## CT-S range

## Ordering details - Accessories



MT-x50B


30 mm adapters


Marker label $29.6 \times 44.5 \mathrm{~mm}$


Marker label with scale 0-30 $48.5 \times 44.5 \mathrm{~mm}$

2CDC 252042 F0009

2CDC 252043 FO20
Note: Technical specifications see data sheet

30 mm adapter for attaching the potentiometer 22 mm in 30 mm mounting hole

| Material | Type | Order code | Price <br> 1 piece | Pack.unit pieces | Weight 1 piece g / oz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plastic, black | KA1-8029 | 1SFA616920R8029 |  | 1 |  |
| Metal, chrome | KA1-8030 | 1SFA616920R8030 |  | 1 |  |

Remote potentiometer
$50 \mathrm{k} \Omega \pm 20 \%-0,2 \Omega$, degree of protection IP66

| Material | Diameter <br> in mm | Type | Order code | Price <br> 1 piece | Pack.unit pieces | Weight 1 piece $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{oz}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plastic, black | 22.5 | MT-150B | 1SFA611410R1506 |  | 1 | 0.040 |
| Plastic, chrome | 22.5 | MT-250B | 1SFA611410R2506 |  | 1 | 0.040 |
| Metal, chrome | 22.5 | MT-350B | 1SFA611410R3506 |  | 1 | 0.048 |
|  | $15-8$ | me relay |  | Potentiomete $\square$ <br> Note: The con are not | tions of the p ked. | 0 0 0 0 $o$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <br> tentiometer |

Marker label

| Caption | Type | Order code | Price <br> 1 piece | Pack.unit pieces | Weight 1 piece g/oz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Symbol (see illustration) | SK 615 562-87 | GJD6155620R0087 |  | 1 | 0.002 |
| Scale 0-10 | SK 615 562-88 | GJD6155620R0088 |  | 1 | 0.002 |
| Scale 0-30 | MA16-1060 | 1SFA611940R1060 |  | 1 | 0.002 |

## CT-S range

## Ordering details - Accessories



ADP. 01


COV. 01


MAR. 01


COV. 11


MAR. 02


Accessories for CT-S in new housing (1SVR7...)
$\left.\begin{array}{l:c:c:c:c}\hline \text { Description } & \text { Type } & \text { Order code } & \text { Price } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Pack.- } \\ \text { unit }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Weight } \\ \text { 1 piece }\end{array}\right]$

Accessories for CT-S in old housing (1SVR4...)

| Description | Type | Order code | Price <br> 1 piece | Pack.unit pieces | Weight 1 piece kg / lb |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adapter for screw mounting | ADP. 01 | 1SVR430029R0100 |  | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.018 \\ & (0.040) \end{aligned}$ |
| Sealable transparent cover | COV. 01 | 1SVR430005R0100 |  | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.004 \\ & (0.009) \end{aligned}$ |
| Marker label for devices w/o DIP switches | MAR. 01 | 1SVR366017R0100 |  | 10 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.001 \\ & (0.002) \end{aligned}$ |
| Marker label for devices with DIP switches | MAR. 02 | 1SVR430043R0000 |  | 10 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.001 \\ & (0.002) \end{aligned}$ |

## CT-S range <br> Function diagrams

## Remarks

Legend
$\square$
Control supply voltage not applied / Output contact open Control supply voltage applied / Output contact closed

A1-Y1/B1 Control input with voltage-related triggering
Y1-Z2 Control input with volt-free triggering
X1-Z2 Control input with volt-free triggering

Remote potentiometer connection:
When an external potentiometer is connected to the remote potentiometer connection (terminals Z1-Z2, Z3-Z2 respectively), the internal, front-face potentiometer is disabled and the time adjustment is made via the external potentiometer.

2nd c/o contact selectable as instantaneous contact:
When switch position Inst. "l" is selected, the functionality of the 2nd c/o contact changes to an instantaneous contact. It acts like the c/o contacts of a switching relay, i.e. applying or interrupting the control supply voltage energizes or de-energizes the c/o contact. The designation of the 2nd c/o contact changes from 25-26/28 to 21-22/24, when selected as instantaneous contact.

Terminal designations on the device and in the diagrams:
The 1st c/o contact is always designated 15-16/18.
The 2nd c/o contact is designated $\mathbf{2 5 - 2 6 / 2 8}$, if it responds to the time delay.
If the 2 nd c/o contact is selected as an instantaneous contact, the designation 25-26/28 is replaced by 21-22/24 .
Control supply voltage is always applied to terminals A1-A2.

Function of the yellow LEDs:
On devices without the function '2nd c/o contact selectable as instantaneous contact', the yellow LED R glows as soon as the output relay energizes and turns off when the output relay de-energizes.

Devices with the function '2nd c/o contact selectable as instantaneous contact' have two yellow LEDs, designated R1 and R2. LED R1 shows the status of the 1st c/o contact (15-16/18) and LED R2 shows the status of the 2 nd c/o contact (25-26/28, 21-22/24 resp.). LED R1 or R2 glow as soon as the corresponding output relay energizes and turns off when the corresponding output relay de-energizes.

## $\boxtimes \quad$ ON-delay <br> (Delay on make) <br> CT-MFS, CT-MBS

This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. If control input $\mathrm{Y} 1-\mathrm{Z} 2$ is open, timing begins when control supply voltage is applied. Or, if control supply voltage is already applied, opening control input Y1-Z2 also starts timing. The green LED flashes during timing. When the selected time delay is complete, the output relay energizes and the flashing green LED turns steady.
If control input Y1-Z2 closes before the time delay is complete, the time delay is reset and the output relay remains de-energized.
Pause timing / Accumulative ON-delay (CT-MFS):
Timing can be paused by closing control input $\mathbf{X 1} \mathbf{- Z 2}$. The elapsed time $\mathrm{t}_{1}$ is stored and continues from this time value when $\mathbf{X 1} \mathbf{- Z 2}$ is re-opened. This can be repeated as often as required.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


## CT-S range <br> Function diagrams

## $\triangle+\quad$ Accumulative ON-delay <br> (Accumulative delay on make) <br> CT-MVS

This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. Timing begins when control supply voltage is applied. The green LED flashes during timing. When the selected time delay is complete, the output relay energizes and the flashing green LED turns steady.
Timing can be paused by closing control input A1-Y1/B1. The elapsed time $t_{1}$ is stored and continues from this time value when $\mathrm{A} 1-\mathrm{Y} 1 / \mathrm{B} 1$ is re-opened.
This can be repeated as often as required.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


OFF-delay with auxiliary voltage
(Delay on break)
CT-MVS, CT-APS
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. If control input A1-Y1/B1 is closed, the output relay energizes immediately. If control input A1-Y1/B1 is opened, the time delay starts. The green LED flashes during timing. When the selected time delay is complete, the output relay de-energizes and the flashing green LED turns steady.
If control input $\mathbf{A 1}-\mathrm{Y} 1 / \mathrm{B} 1$ recloses before the time delay is complete, the time delay is reset and the output relay does not change state. Timing starts again when control input A1-Y1/B1 re-opens.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


OFF-delay with auxiliary voltage
(Delay on break)
CT-MFS, CT-MBS, CT-AHS
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. If control input Y1-Z2 is closed, the output relay energizes immediately. If control input Y1-Z2 is opened, the time delay starts. The green LED flashes during timing. When the selected time delay is complete, the output relay de- energizes and the flashing green LED turns steady.
If control input Y1-Z2 closes before the time delay is complete, the time delay is reset and the output relay does not change state. Timing starts again when control input Y1-Z2 re-opens.
Pause timing / Accumulative OFF-delay (CT-MFS):
Timing can be paused by closing control input X1-Z2. The elapsed time $\mathrm{t}_{1}$ is stored and continues from this time value when $\mathbf{X 1} \mathbf{- Z 2}$ is re-opened.
This can be repeated as often as required.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


## OFF-delay without auxiliary voltage <br> (True delay on break)

CT-ARS
The OFF-delay function without auxiliary voltage does not require continuous control supply voltage for timing. After a storage time of several months without any voltage, a formatting time of about 5 minutes is necessary.
Applying control supply voltage energizes the output relay immediately. Applied control supply voltage is displayed by the glowing green LED. If control supply voltage is interrupted, the OFF-delay starts and the LED turns off. When timing is complete, the output relay de-energizes.
For correct operation of the unit, it is necessary to complete the minimum energizing time. As soon as timing starts, the LED turns off.


## CT-S range <br> Function diagrams

The DC contactor coil connected to the output is energized when control supply voltage is applied.
If control supply voltage is disconnected, the DC contactor coil remains energized for a short time delay. This time delay depends on the coil drop-out voltage and on the wattage of the contactor coil.

$\mathrm{t}_{1}=$ OFF-delay (without jumper between terminals 3 and $4{ }^{11}$ )
$\mathrm{t}_{2}=$ OFF-delay (with jumper between terminals 3 and 41 )

1) only for version $200-240$ V AC


Time delay guideline values 200-240 V AC version without jumper 3/4


Time delay guideline values 200-240 V AC version with jumper 3/4


Time delay guideline values
110-127 V AC version

Symmetrical ON-delay and OFF-delay (Symmetrical delay on make and delay on break) CT-MFS, CT-MBS
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing.
Closing control input $\mathrm{Y} 1-\mathrm{Z} 2$ starts the ON -delay $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{t}}$. When timing is complete, the output relay energizes. Opening control input Y1-Z2 starts the OFF-delay $\mathrm{t}_{2}$. Both timing functions are displayed by the flashing green LED. When the OFF-delay $\mathrm{t}_{2}$ is complete, the output relay de-energizes. If control input Y1-Z2 opens before the ON -delay t , is complete, the time delay is reset and the output relay remains de-energized. If
control input Y1-Z2 closes before the OFF-delay $\mathrm{t}_{2}$ is complete, the time delay is reset and the output relay remains energized.
Pause timing / Accumulative, symmetrical ON-delay and OFF-delay (CTMFS): Timing can be paused by closing control input X1-Z2. The elapsed time $t_{1 a}$ or $t_{2 a}$ is stored and continues from this time value when $\mathrm{X} 1-\mathrm{Z2}$ is re-opened. This can be repeated as often as required.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.

Symmetrical ON-delay and OFF-delay
(Symmetrical delay on make and delay on break)
CT-MVS (Symmetrical delay on make and delay on break)
CT-MVS CT-MVS
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. Closing control input A1-Y1/B1 starts the ON-delay $\mathrm{t}_{1}$. When timing is complete, the output relay energizes. Opening control input A1-Y1/ B 1 starts the OFF-delay $\mathrm{t}_{2}$. Both timing functions are displayed by the flashing green LED. When the OFF-delay $\mathrm{t}_{2}$ is complete, the output relay de-energizes.
If control input A1-Y1/B1 opens before the ON-delay $\mathrm{t}_{1}$ is complete, the time delay is reset and the output relay remains de-energized. If control input A1-Y1/B1 closes before the OFF-delay $\mathrm{t}_{2}$ is complete, the time delay is reset and the output relay remains energized.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


## CT-S range <br> Function diagrams

Asymmetrical ON-delay and OFF-delay
(Asymmetrical delay on make and delay on break) CT-MXS
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. Closing control input A1-Y1/B1 starts the ON-delay $\mathrm{t}_{1}$. When timing is complete, the output relay energizes. Opening control input A1-Y1/B1 starts the OFF-delay $t_{2}$. When the OFF-delay is complete, the output relay de-energizes. Both timing functions are displayed by the flashing green LED. The ON-delay and OFF-delay are independently adjustable.
If control input A1-Y1/B1 opens before the ON-delay is complete $\left(<t_{1}\right)$, the time delay is reset and the output relay remains de-energized.
If control input A1-Y1/B1 closes before the OFF-delay is complete $\left(<t_{2}\right)$, the time delay is reset and the output relay remains energized.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.

$1 \curvearrowleft \boxtimes$ Impulse-ON
(Interval)
CT-MFS, CT-MBS
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. The output relay energizes immediately when control supply voltage is applied and de-energizes after the set pulse time is complete. If control input $\mathrm{Y} 1-\mathrm{Z} 2$ is open, timing begins when control supply voltage is applied. Or, if control supply voltage is already applied, opening control input Y1-Z2 starts timing. The green LED flashes during timing. When the selected pulse time is complete, the output relay de-energizes and the flashing green LED turns steady.
Closing control input Y1-Z2, before the pulse time is complete, deenergizes the output relay and resets the pulse time.
Pause timing / Accumulative impulse-ON (CT-MFS):
Timing can be paused by closing control input $\mathbf{X 1} \mathbf{- Z 2}$. The elapsed time $\mathrm{t}_{1}$ is stored and continues from this time value when $\mathbf{X 1} \mathbf{- Z 2}$ is re-opened. This can be repeated as often as required.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


## 1几囚

Impulse-ON
(Interval)
CT-MVS, CT-WBS
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. The output relay energizes immediately when control supply voltage is applied and de-energizes after the set pulse time is complete. The green LED flashes during timing. When the selected pulse time is complete, the flashing green LED turns steady.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


1mpulse-OFF with auxiliary voltage
(Trailing edge interval)
CT-MFS, CT-MBS
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. If control supply voltage is applied, opening control input Y1-Z2 energizes the output relay immediately and starts timing. The green LED flashes during timing. When the selected pulse time is complete, the output relay de-energizes and the flashing green LED turns steady. Closing control input Y1-Z2, before the pulse time is complete, deenergizes the output relay and resets the pulse time.
Pause timing / Accumulative impulse-OFF (CT-MFS):
Timing can be paused by closing control input X1-Z2. The elapsed time $\mathrm{t}_{1}$ is stored and continues from this time value when $\mathbf{X 1 - Z 2}$ is re-opened. This can be repeated as often as required.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


## CT-S range <br> Function diagrams

Impulse-OFF with auxiliary voltage (Trailing edge interval) CT-MVS
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. If control supply voltage is applied, opening control input A1-Y1/B1 energizes the output relay immediately and starts timing. The green LED flashes during timing. When the selected pulse time is complete, the output relay de-energizes and the flashing green LED turns steady.
Closing control input A1-Y1/B1, before the pulse time is complete, deenergizes the output relay and resets the pulse time.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


1ノ
Impulse-ON and impulse-OFF
(Interval and trailing edge interval) CT-MXS
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. If control supply voltage is applied, closing control input A1-Y1/B1 energizes the output relay immediately and starts the pulse time $\mathrm{t}_{1}$. The green LED flashes during timing. When $t_{1}$ is complete, the output relay de-energizes and the flashing green LED turns steady.
Re-opening control input A1-Y1/B1 energizes the output relay immediately and starts the pulse time $t_{2}$. The green LED flashes during timing. When $\mathrm{t}_{2}$ is complete, the output relay de-energizes and the flashing green LED turns steady. $t_{1}$ and $t_{2}$ are independently adjustable.
If control input $\mathbf{A 1}$-Y1/B1 changes state before the pulse time is complete, the output relay de-energizes and the pulse time is reset. If control input A1-Y1/B1 changes state again, the interrupted pulse time restarts.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.

$\curvearrowleft \square$
Flasher, starting with the OFF time
(Recycling equal times, OFF first) CT-WBS
Applying control supply voltage starts timing with symmetrical ON \& OFF times. The cycle starts with an OFF time first. The ON \& OFF times are displayed by the flashing green LED, which flashes twice as fast during the OFF time.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


Flasher with reset, starting with the OFF time (Recycling equal times with reset, OFF first) CT-MFS, CT-MBS
Applying control supply voltage starts timing with symmetrical ON \& OFF times. The cycle starts with an OFF time first. The ON \& OFF times are displayed by the flashing green LED, which flashes twice as fast during the OFF time.
The time delay can be reset by closing control input Y1-Z2. Opening control input Y1-Z2 starts the timer pulsing again with symmetrical ON \& OFF times.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


## CT-S range

## Function diagrams

Applying control supply voltage starts timing with symmetrical ON \& OFF times. The cycle starts with an ON time first.
Closing control input A1-Y1/B1, with control supply voltage applied, starts the cycle with an OFF time first. The ON \& OFF times are displayed by the flashing green LED, which flashes twice as fast during the OFF time.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


## $1 \pi$

Pulse former
(Single shot)
CT-MVS
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. Closing control input A1-Y1/B1 energizes the output relay immediately and starts timing. Operating the control contact switch A1-Y1/B1 during the time delay has no effect. The green LED flashes during timing. When the selected ON time is complete, the output relay de-energizes and the flashing green LED turns steady. After the ON time is complete, it can be restarted by closing control input A1-Y1/B1.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


## 冗

Pulse generator, starting with the ON or OFF time (Recycling unequal times, ON or OFF first) CT-MXS

This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. Applying control supply voltage, with open control input A1-Y1/B1, starts timing with an ON time $t_{2}$ first. Applying control supply voltage, with closed control input A1-Y1/B1, starts timing with an OFF time $t_{1}$ first. The ON \& OFF times are displayed by the flashing green LED, which flashes twice as fast during the OFF time.
The ON \& OFF times are independently adjustable.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


## CT-S range <br> Function diagrams

- Single-pulse generator, starting with the OFF time (Delay on make with interval output) CT-MXS

This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. Applying control supply voltage, or, if control supply voltage is already applied, opening control input A1-Y1/B1 energizes the output relay after the OFF time $t_{1}$ is complete. When the following ON time $t_{2}$ is complete, the output relay de-energizes. The ON \& OFF times are displayed by the flashing green LED, which flashes twice as fast during the OFF time. The ON \& OFF times are independently adjustable.
Closing control input A1-Y1/B1, with control supply voltage applied, deenergizes the output relay and resets the time delay.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes and the time delay is reset.


1』 Adjustable impulse with fixed time delay (Delayed Interval) CT-WBS

This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. Applying control supply voltage starts the fixed time delay $t_{2}$ of 500 ms . When $\mathrm{t}_{2}$ is complete, the output relay energizes and the selected pulse time $t_{1}$ starts. The green LED flashes during timing. When $t_{1}$ is complete, the output relay de-energizes and the flashing green LED turns steady.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the pulse time is reset. The output relay does not change state.

$\triangle 1 \Omega \quad$ Fixed impulse with adjustable time delay (Delayed pulse output) CT-WBS
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing.
The time delay $t_{1}$ starts when control supply voltage is applied. The green LED flashes during timing. When $t_{1}$ is complete, the output relay energizes for the fixed impulse time $t_{2}$ of 500 ms and the flashing green LED turns steady.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the time delay is reset. The output relay does not change state.


## $\square$

## ON/OFF-Function <br> CT-MFS, CT-MBS, CT-MVS, CT-MXS, CT-WBS

This function is used for test purposes during commissioning and troubleshooting.
If the selected max. value of the time range is smaller than 300 h (frontface potentiometer "Time sector" $=300 \mathrm{~h}$ ), applying control supply voltage energizes the output relay immediately and the green LED glows. Interrupting control supply voltage, de-energizes the output relay.
If the selected max. value of the time range is 300 h (front-face potentiometer "Time sector" = 300 h ) and control supply voltage is applied, the green LED glows, but the output relay does not energize
Time settings and operating of the control inputs have no effect on the operation.


Switching relays
CT-IRS
The switching relay may be used to increase the number of available contacts or to reinforce contacts, or as a coupling/decoupling interface. Approx. 10 ms after applying control supply voltage to terminals A1-A2, the output relay energizes.
If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relay de-energizes


## CT-S range

## Function diagrams

$\Delta 1 \Omega$
Star-delta change-over with impulse function
(Star-delta starting, interval/delay on make)
CT-MFS, CT-MBS, CT-MVS. $2 x$
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. Applying control supply voltage to terminals A1-A2, energizes the star contactor connected to terminals 15-18 and begins the set starting time $\mathrm{t}_{1}$. The green LED flashes during timing. When the starting time is complete, the first c/o contact de-energizes the star contactor.
Now, the fixed transition time $t_{2}$ of 50 ms starts. When the transition time is complete, the second c/o contact energizes the delta contactor connected to terminals 25-28. The delta contactor remains energized as long as control supply voltage is applied to the unit.

$\triangle$ Star-delta change-over
(Star-delta starting) CT-SDS
This function requires continuous control supply voltage for timing. Applying control supply voltage to terminals A1-A2, energizes the star contactor connected to terminals 17-18 and begins the set starting time $\mathrm{t}_{1}$. The green LED flashes during timing. When the starting time is complete, the first output contact de-energizes the star contactor.
Now, the fixed transition time $\mathrm{t}_{2}$ of 50 ms starts. When the transition time is complete, the second output contact energizes the delta contactor connected to terminals 17-28. The delta contactor remains energized as long as control supply voltage is applied to the unit.



Power circuit diagram


## CT-S range

Connection diagrams

1

| CT-MVS. 21 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | 15 | 2521 \% |
| Y1/B1 | Z2 | Z1 |
|  |  |  |
| 2824 | 2622 |  |
| 18 | 16 | A2 |
| A1-A2 | Supply:$24-240 \vee \mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ |  |
| 15-16/18 | 1. c/o contact |  |
| 25-26/28 | 2. c/o contact |  |
| 21-22/24 | 2. c/o contact as instantaneous contact |  |
| A1-Y1/B1 | Control input |  |
| Z1-Z2 | Remote potentiometer connection |  |

CT-MVS. 22

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { A1-A2 } & \text { Supply: } \\ & 24-48 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC or } \\ & 24-240 \mathrm{VAC} \\ 15-16 / 18 & \text { 1. c/o contact }\end{array}$
25-26/28 2. c/o contact

A1-Y1/B1 Control input

CT-MVS. 23


A1-A2 Supply:
$380-440$ V AC

15-16/18 1. c/o contact
25-26/28 $\quad$ 2. c/o contact

A1-Y1/B1 Control input


A1-A2 Supply
24-48 V DC o
24-240 V AC
15-16/18 1. c/o contact

A1-Y1/B1 Control input

CT-MXS. 22


| A1-A2 | Supply: <br> $24-48 \mathrm{~V}$ DC or <br> $24-240 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 15-16/18 |
| 1. c/o contact |  |
| $25-26 / 28$ | 2. c/o contact |
| A1-Y1/B1 | Control input |
| Z1-Z2 | Remote potentiometer <br> connection |
| Z3-Z2 | Remote potentiometer <br> connection |
|  |  |

CT-MFS. 21

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { A1-A2 } & \text { Supply: } \\ & 24-240 \vee \mathrm{AC} / D C\end{array}$
15-16/18 1. c/o contact
25-26/28 2. c/o contact
21-22/24 2. c/o contact as instantaneous contact
Control input
Control input
Remote potentiometer connection

CT-MBS. 22

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { A1-A2 } & \text { Supply: } \\ & 24-48 \mathrm{VC} \text { or } \\ & 24-240 \mathrm{~V} \text { AC }\end{array}$
15-16/18 1. c/o contact
25-26/28 2. c/o contact
21-22/24 2. c/o contact as instantaneous contact Control input Remote potentiometer connection

CT-WBS. 22


2CDC 252008 F0b06

A1-A2 Supply:
24-48 V DC or
24-240 V AC
15-16/18 1. c/o contact
25-26/28 2. c/o contact
$\triangle$ CT-ERS. 21

| A1 | 15 | 25 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| 28 | 26 |  |
| 18 | 16 | A2 |

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { A1-A2 } & \text { Supply: } \\ & 24-240 \text { V AC/DC } \\ & \\ \text { 15-16/18 } & \text { 1. c/o contact } \\ \text { 25-26/28 } & \text { 2. c/o contact }\end{array}$
$\boxtimes$ CT-ERS. 22

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { A1-A2 } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Supply: } \\ \\ \\ 24-48 \text { V DC or } \\ 24-240 \text { V AC }\end{array} \\ 15-16 / 18 & \text { 1. c/o contact } \\ 25-26 / 28 & \text { 2. c/o contact }\end{array}$
$\boxtimes$ CT-ERS. 12



A1-A2 Supply:
24-48 V DC or
24-240 V AC
15-16/18 1. c/o contact

## CT－S range <br> Connection diagrams



| A1－A2 | Supply： <br> $24-240 ~ V ~ A C / D C ~$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| 15－16／18 | 1．c／o contact |
| $25-26 / 28$ | 2．c／o contact |
|  |  |
| A1－Y1／B1 | Control input |



| A1－A2 | Supply： |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $24-48$ V DC or |
|  | $24-240 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ |
| $15-16 / 18$ | 1．c／o contact |
| $25-26 / 28$ | 2．c／o contact |
|  |  |
| A1－Y1／B1 | Control input |

CT－APS． 12


| A1－A2 | Supply： |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 24－48 V DC or |
|  | 24－240 V AC |
| 15－16／18 | 1．c／o contact |
| A1－Y1／B1 | Control input |

CT－AHS． 22



| A1－A2 | Supply： |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 24－48 V DC or |
|  | 24－240 V AC |
| 15－16／18 | 1．c／o contact |
| 25－26／28 | 2．c／o contact |
| Y1－Z2 | Control input |



CT－VBS． 17


CT－VBS． 18

$\triangle$ CT－SDS． 22

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { A1－A2 } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Supply：} \\ 24-48 ~ V ~ D C ~ o r ~\end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{l}24-240 \vee \text { AC }\end{array} \\ 17-18 & \text { 1．n／o contact } \\ 17-28 & 2 . \text { n／o contact }\end{array}$
$\triangle$ CT－SDS． 23


9090」910 乙૬己 Оロכ乙

## CT－S range <br> Connection diagrams

1


| A1－A2 | Supply： <br>  <br>  <br> 24 AC／DC |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| $11-12 / 14$ | 1．c／o contact |

$\square$ CT－IRS． 26

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { A1－A2 } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Supply：} \\ 24 \text { AC／DC }\end{array} \\ & \\ \text { 11－12／14 } & \text { 1．c／o contact } \\ 21-22 / 24 & \text { 2．c／o contact }\end{array}$

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { A1－A2 } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Supply：} \\ \\ 24 \text { AC／DC }\end{array} \\ & \\ 11-12 / 14 & \text { 1．c／o contact }\end{array}$

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { A1－A2 } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Supply：} \\ \\ 110-240 ~ V ~ A C ~\end{array} \\ & \\ \text { 11－12／14 } & \text { 1．c／o contact }\end{array}$

| A1－A2 | Supply： <br> 24 V AC／DC |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| 11－12／14 | 1．c／o contact |
| $21-22 / 24$ | 2．c／o contact |
| 31－32／34 | 3．c／o contact |


$\begin{array}{ll}\text { A1－A2 } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Supply：} \\ \text { 24 V AC／DC }\end{array} \\ & \\ \text { 11－12／14 } & \text { 1．c／o contact } \\ 21-22 / 24 & \text { 2．c／o contact } \\ 31-32 / 34 & \text { 3．c／o contact }\end{array}$
$\square$ CT－IRS． 35
O
O
L
N
O
N
N
O
N


| A1－A2 | Supply： <br> $220-240 ~ V ~ A C ~$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| $11-12 / 14$ | 1．c／o contact |
| $21-22 / 24$ | 2．c／o contact |
| $31-32 / 34$ | 3．c／o contact |

31－32／34 3．c／o contact

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 几0 } \\ & \text { O } \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ CT－IRS． 24 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A1 |  |  |
|  | 14 | 11 | 12 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  | 24 | 22 |  |
|  |  | 21 | A2 |
|  | A1－A2 | Supply：$110-240 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ |  |
|  | 11－12／14 |  | contact |
|  | 21－22／24 |  | contact |

$\square$ CT－IRS． 24



21－22／24 2．c／o contact

## CT-S range

## Technical data

Data at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{a}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and rated values, unless otherwise indicated


[^3]
## CT-S range <br> Technical data

| Control supply voltage / timing U/T: green LED |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Control supply voltage |  | $\Gamma$ : control supply voltage applied |  |
| Relay state | R, R1, R2: yellow LED | $\sqrt{\text { l }}$ : output relay energized |  |
| Output circuit |  |  |  |
| Kind of output | 15-16/18 | relay, $1 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ contact |  |
|  | 15-16/18; 25-26/28 | relay, 2 c/o contacts |  |
|  | 15-16/18; 25(21)-26(22)/28(24) | relay, $2 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{o}$ contacts, 2 nd c/o contact selectable as inst. contact |  |
|  | 17-18; 17-28 | relay, $2 \mathrm{n} / \mathrm{o}$ contacts (CT-SDS) |  |
| Contact material |  | Cd-free, on request |  |
| Rated operational voltage $U_{e}$. |  | 250 V |  |
| Minimum switching voltage / minimum switching current |  | $12 \mathrm{~V} / 10 \mathrm{~mA}$ (CT-IRS. $2 \times \mathrm{G}: 10 \mathrm{mV} / 10 \mu \mathrm{~A})$ |  |
| Maximum switching voltage / maximum switching current |  | see load limit curves (CT-IRS. $2 \times \mathrm{G}$ : $10 \mathrm{~V} / 200 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) |  |
| Rated operational current I I (IEC/EN 60947-5-1 ) | AC12 (resistive) at 230 V | 4 A |  |
|  | AC15 (inductive) at 230 V | 3 A |  |
|  | DC12 (resistive) at 24 V | 4 A |  |
|  | DC13 (inductive) at 24 V | 2 A (CT-ARS; 1.5 A) |  |
| AC rating (UL 508) | UUtilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code) | B 300 |  |
|  | max. rated operational voltage | 300 V AC |  |
|  | Maximum continuous thermal current at B300 | 5 A |  |
|  | max. making/breaking apparent power at B300 | 3600 VA / 360 VA |  |
| Mechanical lifetime |  | $30 \times 10^{6}$ switching cycles |  |
| Electrical lifetime at AC12, $230 \mathrm{~V}, 4 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | $0.1 \times 10^{6}$ switching cycles |  |
| Max. fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection $\quad$ n/c contact(IEC/EN 60947-5-1) |  | 6 A fast-acting |  |
|  |  | 10 A fast-acting |  |
| General data ${ }^{\text {2) }}$ |  |  |  |
| MTBF |  | on request |  |
| Duty time |  | 100\% |  |
| Dimensions ( $\mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H} \times \mathrm{D}$ ) | product dimensions | $22.5 \times 85.6 \times 103.7 \mathrm{~mm}(0.89 \times 3.37 \times 4.08 \mathrm{in})$ |  |
|  |  | $97 \times 109 \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}(3.82 \times 4.29 \times 1.18 \mathrm{in})$ |  |
| Weight |  | depending on device, see ordering details |  |
| Mounting |  | DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715), snap-on mounting without any tool |  |
| Mounting position |  | any |  |
| Minimum distance to other units |  | not necessary / not necessary |  |
| Material of housing |  | ÜL 94 V-0 |  |
| Degree of protection |  | IP50 / IP20 |  |
| Electrical connection ${ }^{2)}$ |  |  |  |
| Wire size |  | Screw connection technology | Easy Connect Technology (Push-in) |
|  | fine-strand with(out) wire end ferrule | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \times 0.5-2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(1 \times 20-14 \mathrm{AWG}) \\ & 2 \times 0.5-1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(2 \times 20-16 \text { AWG } \end{aligned}$ | $2 \times 0.5-1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(2 \times 20-16$ AWG $)$ |
|  | rigid | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \times 0.5-4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(1 \times 20-12 \mathrm{AWG}) \\ & 2 \times 0.5-2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(2 \times 20-14 \mathrm{AWG}) \end{aligned}$ | $2 \times 0.5-1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(2 \times 20-16 \mathrm{AWG})$ |
| Stripping length |  | 8 mm (0.32 in) |  |
| Tightening torque |  | 0.6-0.8 Nm (5.31-7.08 lb.in) | - |

[^4]
## CT-S range

## Technical data

| Environmental data |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ambient temperature ranges | operation / storage | $\begin{aligned} & -25 \ldots+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \\ & -40 \ldots+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{CT}-\mathrm{MVS.21,} \end{aligned}$ <br> CT-MFS.21, CT-ERS.21, CT-APS.21) |
| Damp heat (cyclic) (IEC/EN 60068-2-30) |  | $6 \times 24 \mathrm{~h} \mathrm{cycle}, 55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 95 \% \mathrm{RH}$ |
| Vibration, sinusoidal (IEC/EN 60068-2-6) | functioning | $40 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, 10-58 / 60-150 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
|  | resistance | $60 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, 10-58 / 60-150 \mathrm{~Hz}, 20$ cycles |
| Vibration, seismic (IEC/EN 60068-3-3) | functioning | $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Shock, half-sine (IEC/EN 60068-2-27) | functioning | $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, 11 \mathrm{~ms}, 3$ shocks/direction |
|  | resistance | $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, 11 \mathrm{~ms}, 3$ shocks/direction |
| Isolation data |  |  |
| Rated insulation voltage $U_{i}$ | input circuit / output circuit | 500 V |
|  | output circuit 1/output circuit 2 | 300 V |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage $U_{\text {imp }}$ between all isolated circuits | VDE 0110, IEC/EN 60664 | 4 kV ; 1.2/50 Hs |
| Power-frequency withstand voltage test between all isolated circuits (test voltage) | routine test | $2.0 \mathrm{kV}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~s}$ |
|  | type test | $2.5 \mathrm{kV}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~min}$ |
| Basic insulation (IEC/EN 61140) | input circuit / output circuit | 500 V |
| Protective separation (IEC/EN 61140; EN 50178) | input circuit / output circuit | 250 V |
| Poilution degree (IEC/EN 60664-1) |  | 3 |
| Overvoltage category (IEC/EN 60664-1) |  | iiii |
| Standards |  |  |
| Product standard |  | IEC 61812-1, EN 61812-1 + A11, DIN VDE 0435 part 2021 |
| Low Voltage Directive |  | 2006/95/EC |
| EMC Directive |  | 2004/108/EC |
| RoHS Directive |  | 2002/95/EC |
| Electromagnetic compatibility |  |  |
| Interference immunity to |  | IEC/EN 61000-6-1, IEC/EN 61000-6-2 |
| electrostatic discharge | IEC/EN 61000-4-2 | Level $3,6 \mathrm{kV} / 8 \mathrm{kV}$ |
| radiated, radio-frequency electromagnetic field | IEC/EN 61000-4-3 | Level 3, $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}(1 \mathrm{GHz}) 3 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}(2 \mathrm{GHz}) 1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}(2.7 \mathrm{GHz})$ |
| electrical fast transient / burst | IEC/EN 61000-4-4 | Level $3,2 \mathrm{kV} / 5 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| surge | IEC/EN 61000-4-5 | Level 4, 2 kV A1-A2 |
| conducted disturbances, induced by radiofrequency fields | IEC/EN 61000-4-6 | Level 3, 10 V |
| harmonics and interharmonics | IEC/EN 61000-4-13 | Class 3 |
| Interference emission |  | İEC/EN 61000-6-3, IEC/EN 61000-6-4 |
| high-frequency radiated | IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022 | Class B |
| high-frequency conducted | IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022 | Class B |

„Approvals and marks" see page 1/4.

## CT-S range <br> Technical diagrams

Technical diagrams
Load limit curves
AC load (resistive)


Derating factor $F$
for inductive AC load


DC load (resistive)


Contact lifetime


## CT-S range

## Wiring notes, Dimensional drawings

## Wiring notes

## Control inputs <br> (volt-free triggering)



Triggering of the control inputs (volt-free) with a proximity switch (3 wire)


Control inputs
(voltage-related triggering)


The control input Y1/B1 is triggered with electric potential against A2. It is possible to use the control supply voltage from terminal A1 or any other voltage within the rated control supply voltage range.

Remote potentiometer


Dimensional drawing


1SVR 430 xxx xxx

Dimensions in mm and inches



[^0]:    ${ }^{1)}$ Applicable in rail application following the latest standards for rail applications．Further information are available in our rail segment brochure 2CDC110084B0201．

[^1]:    ${ }^{1)}$ Functions: ON-delay, OFF-delay with auxiliary voltage, Impulse-ON, Impulse-OFF with auxiliary voltage,
    Flasher starting with ON, Flasher starting with OFF, Pulse former
    ${ }^{2)}$ without auxiliary voltage, True Off-delay timer
    Control input with voltage-related triggering no triggering

[^2]:    ${ }^{11}$ CT-MFE: yes / no

[^3]:    ") prior to first commisioning and after a six-month stop in operation

[^4]:    ${ }^{2}$ 2) Data for all references 1SVR $730 \mathrm{xxx} x \mathrm{xx}$ and 1SVR $740 \mathrm{xxx} x \mathrm{xx}$. For devices with 1SVR $430 \mathrm{xxx} x \mathrm{xx}$ please refer to the data sheet.

