

BALDOR • RELIANCE

Product Information Packet

ECP4407T-5

200HP,1785RPM,3PH,60HZ,447T,18136M,TEFC

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Part Detail											
Revision:	E		Status:	PRD/A	Change #:			Proprietary:		No	
Туре:	AC		Prod. Type:	A44120M	Elec. Spec:		A44WG1501	CD Diagran	า:		
Enclosure:	TEFC		Mfg Plant:		Mech. Spec	:		Layout:			
Frame:	447T		Mounting:	F1	Poles:		04	Created Da	te:	10-19-2	010
Base:			Rotation:	R	Insulation:		F	Eff. Date:		06-11-2	012
Leads:	3#2/0		Literature:		Elec. Diagra	am:		Replaced B	y:		
Nameplate 00	0613007EW	/									
CAT.NO.		ECP4407T-5	SPEC NO.		P44G5901						
HP		200	AMPS		178	VOLTS		575	DESIGN		В
FRAME		447T	RPM		1785	HZ		60	AMB		40 SF 1.15
DRIVE END BEA	RING	90BC03J30X	РН	;	3	DUTY		CONT	INSUL.CLA	SS	F
OPP D.E. BEARI	NG	90BC03J30X	TYPE		P	ENCL		TEFC	CODE		G
D.E.BRG.DATA		6318	POWER FACTOR		87.3	NEMA NO	M EFFICIENCY	96.2			
O.D.E.BRG.DAT	A	6318	MAX CORR KVAR		32	GUARAN	TEED EFFICIENCY	95.4			
3/4 LOAD EFF.		96.5	NEMA NOM/CSA QU	OTED EFF							
SER.NO.			MOTOR WEIGHT								



Parts List		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
SA206507	SA P44G5901	1.000 EA
RA193774	RA P44G5901	1.000 EA
000613007EW	N/P BALDOR	1.000 EA
000692000FF	N/P (RELEASE QTY 1,000)	1.000 EA
000692000VD	N/P (REL QTY 4000)	1.000 EA
032625024PA	5/8-11 X .75" LONG FULL DOG PT SCKT SET	2.000 EA
004824015A	GREASE POLYREX EM	1.156 LB
032018008CK	HHCS 3/8-16X1L PLATED	4.000 EA
032018020FK	HHCS 3/4-10X2-1/2 PLTD.	4.000 EA
032018036DK	HHCS 1/2-13X4-1/2 PLTD.	3.000 EA
032620016LA	SOCKET SET SCREW-449	3.000 EA
034017014AB	LCKW 3/8 STD. PLATED	4.000 EA
034180014DA	KEY 1/4X1/4X1-3/4 L	1.000 EA
034530072AB	P/NIP 1/8X9"L GALV.	1.000 EA
034530072BB	PIPE NIPPLE, DE - 440-BS	1.000 EA
034630002AB	CPLG 1/4" PLATED	1.000 EA
034690002AB	PPLG 1/4" PLTD.	1.000 EA
034690005AB	PPLG 3/4 PLATED	2.000 EA
078548001R	FAN KB 234/150 (84) 400	1.000 EA
083199082RA	G28 FAN COVER W/BAFFLE ASSY 83199-82A	1.000 EA
089490099A	G28 BRKT 089490098WCA	1.000 EA
412118006A	DRAIN	1.000 EA
412118006A	DRAIN	1.000 EA
415045002E	SLGR	1.000 EA



Parts List (continued)		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
415096002A	CPLG 1/8 HEX TYPE	1.000 EA
415096002A	CPLG 1/8 HEX TYPE	1.000 EA
418151014G	RETAIN RING	1.000 EA
702623013R	THERMAL BARRIER, G28	1.000 EA
410700004A	WSHR	1.000 EA
415045002A	SLGR	1.000 EA
415072001B	CLAMP	1.000 EA
032018004BK	HHCS 5/16-18X1/2 PLATED	3.000 EA
032018020FK	HHCS 3/4-10X2-1/2 PLTD.	4.000 EA
032018030DK	HHCS 1/2-13X3-3/4 PLTD.	3.000 EA
034017013AB	LCKW 5/16 STD. PLATED	3.000 EA
034530072AB	P/NIP 1/8X9"L GALV.	1.000 EA
034530072BB	PIPE NIPPLE, DE - 440-BS	1.000 EA
034630002AB	CPLG 1/4" PLATED	1.000 EA
034690002AB	PPLG 1/4" PLTD.	1.000 EA
089490099A	G28 BRKT 089490098WCA	1.000 EA
032018008BK	HHCS 5/16-18X1L PLATED	4.000 EA
032018008DK	HHCS 1/2-13X1 PLATED	4.000 EA
032130014DB	HSHCS1/2-13X1-3/4 PLATE	4.000 EA
033512004LB	HHTTS 1/4-20X1/2 PLTD.	1.000 EA
034000016AB	WSHR .531ID 1.062OD .095	4.000 EA
035000001A	ALFTG 1/8" 1610-BL	1.000 EA
035000001A	ALFTG 1/8" 1610-BL	1.000 EA
067053014A	GASK 440	1.000 EA



Parts List (continued)		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
076870000B	+CBCST BLKT - 440	1.000 EA
076871000A	+CBOX CVR BLKT - 449	1.000 EA
406056007A	TERBD 440	1.000 EA
406099000A	PLUG - FAN COVER 320-440	1.000 EA
415000003D	T/LUG 897-777 KPA25/G16	1.000 EA
415030115A	G28 C/BOX 415030114WCA	1.000 EA
418150003A	GREASE FITTING CAP	1.000 EA
033775004EA	DRSCR #6-1/4 304 S.S.	2.000 EA
418150003A	GREASE FITTING CAP	1.000 EA
034180054KA	KEY 7/8X7/8X6-3/4 L	1.000 EA
004824003AJD	WILKO 778.50 BLUE GREEN - 55 GAL DRUMS	0.375 GA
004824003CBP	WILKO 060.06B - ACTIVATR - 5 GA.	0.094 GA
L482401016	SPRAY AC-29-7S	0.019 GA
421948051	LABEL, MYLAR	1.000 EA
PK5006A01	WOOD BASE 447 60 X 41-1/2 BLT 20 X 18	1.000 EA
415039027A	GASKET, G28 LEAD THROAT	2.000 EA
613-6PU	N/P (RELEASE QTY 10,000)	1.000 EA



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BALDOR	REMARKS: TYPIC	AMPERES SHOWN FOR AMPERES WILL VARY	FULL LOAD	BREAKDOWN	ADTT AD	LOCKED ROTOR			5/4	4/4	3/4	2/4	1/4	NO LOAD	LOAD		833236	E/S	178	AMPS		REL. S.O.
	TYPICAL DATA	OR 575. VOLT RY INVERSELY WI							250	200	150	100	50.0	0	HP		418143052CE	ROTOR	CONT	סעדע	44 7T	FRAME
DR. BY J.J.HARRISON CK. BY W. L. SMITH APP. BY W. L. SMITH DATE 08/26/10		TH TH	1785	1729	540	0	RPM	SP	222	179	138	100	69.7	48.3	AMPERES	Id	Ħ	~	40/F	AMB °C/ INSUL.	200	HP
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A-C MOTOR PERFORMANCE DATA		VOLTAGE CONNE	100	285	125	143	TORQUE FULL LOAD		1781	1785	1789	1793	1796	1800	RPM J			TEST DATE	ω	NEMA DESIGN	3/60	PHASE/ HERTZ
н		CONNECTION. IF OTHER VOLTAGE CONNECTIONS ARE AVAILABLE, E RATED VOLTAGE	588	1675	734	839	TORQUE LBFT.		88.0	87.3	84.6	77.4	56.7	3.47	% POWER FACTOR			OHM	۵	CODE LETTER	1785	RPM
A44WG1501-R001 SSUE DATE 12/18/10		, ILABLE, THE	179	623	1082	1137	AMPERES		95.6	96.2	96.5	96.5	95.0	0	% EFFICIENCY		.0326	STATOR RES.@25 °C S (BETWEEN LINES)	TEFC	ENCL.	575	VOLTS



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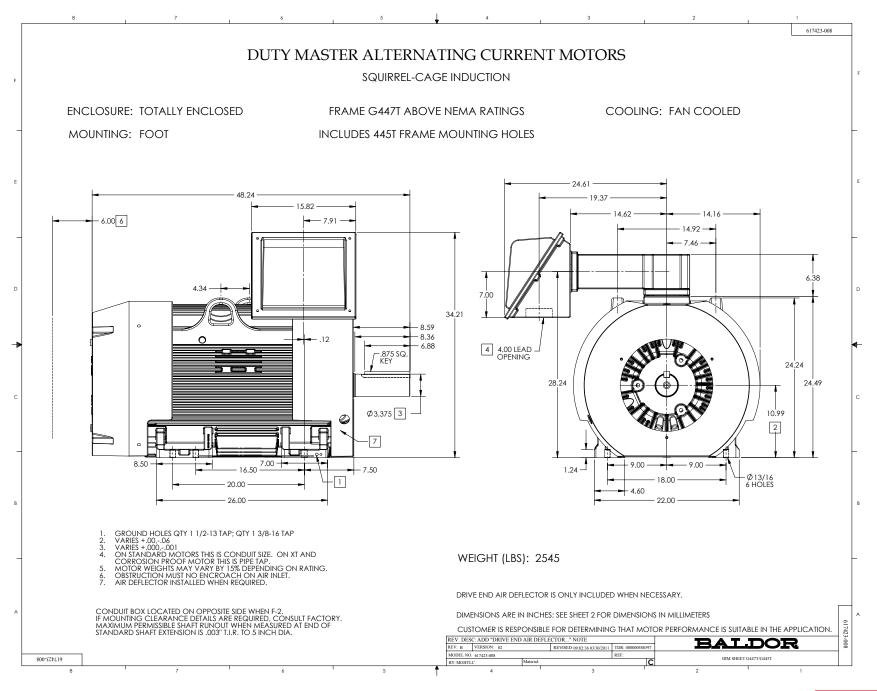


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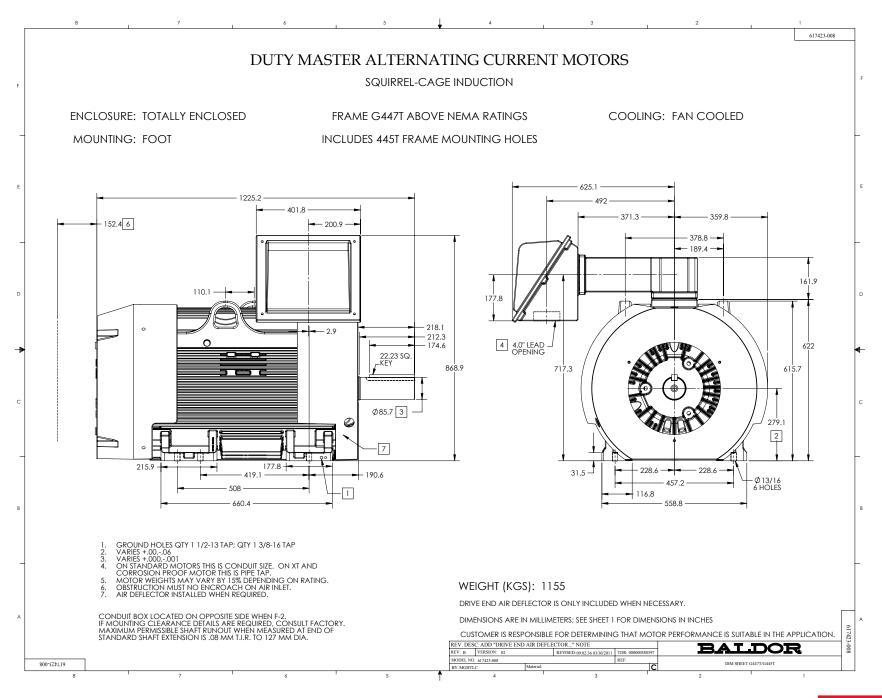
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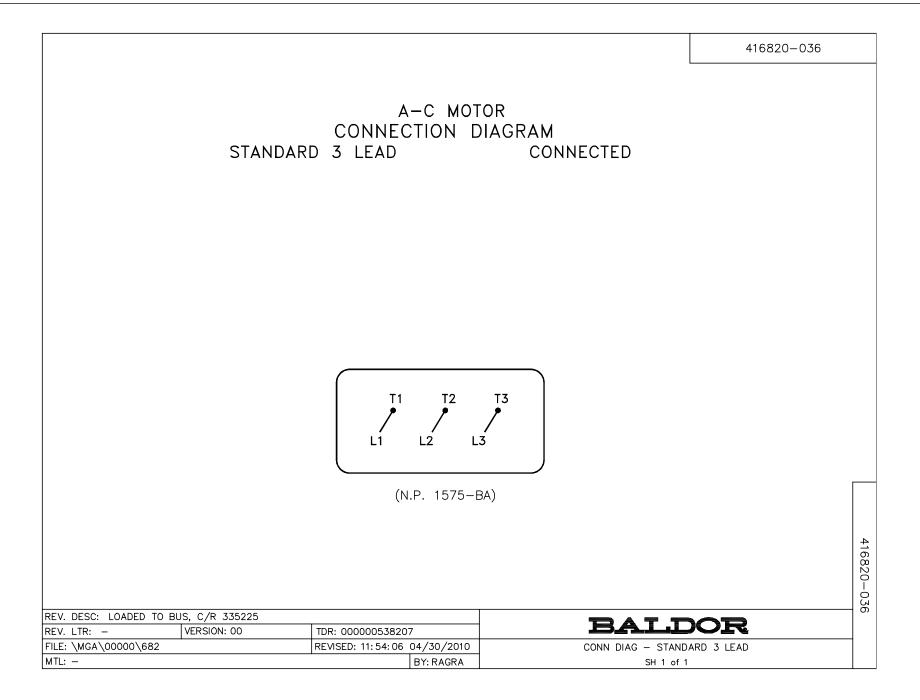




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TENV, ODP, WPI Enclosures AC Induction Motors Integral Horsepower , TEAO, Explosion Proof **TEFC Enclosure**

BALDOR·RELIANCE

Installation & Operating Manual

MN408

3/09





MN408

Overview		
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Greater than 18 months		
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General	Section
Information	-

injury or damage, the control circuit should be designed so that automatic starting of the motor is not possible when the thermostat resets.	
Thermostat contacts automatically reset when the motor has slightly cooled down. To prevent	WARNING:
UL Listed motors must only be serviced by UL Approved Authorized Baldor Service Centers if these motors are to be returned to a hazardous and/or explosive atmosphere.	WARNING:
must be fully captive by the load device. Improper coupling can cause harm to personnel or equipment if the load decouples from the shaft during operation.	
Be sure the load is properly coupled to the motor shaft before applying power. The shaft key	WARNING:
Avoid the use of automatic reset devices if the automatic restarting of equipment can be	WARNING:
Do not by-pass or disable protective devices or safety guards. Safety features are designed to prevent damage to personnel or equipment. These devices can only provide protection if they remain operative.	WARNING:
This equipment may be connected to other machinery that has rotating parts or parts that are driven by this equipment. Improper use can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt to install operate or maintain this equipment.	WARNING:
Surface temperatures of motor enclosures may reach temperatures which can cause discomfort or injury to personnel accidentally coming into contact with hot surfaces. When installing, protection should be provided by the user to protect against accidental contact with hot surfaces. Failure to observe this precaution could result in bodily injury.	WARNING:
Avoid extended exposure to machinery with high noise levels. Be sure to wear ear protective devices to reduce harmful effects to your hearing.	WARNING:
Be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. Do not apply AC power before you ensure that all grounding instructions have been followed. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. National Electrical Code and Local codes must be carefully followed.	WARNING:
Disconnect all electrical power from the motor windings and accessory devices before disassembly of the motor. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.	WARNING:
Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.	WARNING:
quali Be si Be si Code or fa: or fa:	-
www.baldor.com/support/warranty_standard.asp tice: This equipment contains high voltage! Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal iniury. Only	Safety Notice:
Limited Warranty	
 guidelines that apply to most or the motor products shipped by Baldor. If you have a question about a procedure or are uncertain about any detail, Do Not Proceed. Please contact your Baldor distributor for more information or clarification. Before you install, operate or perform maintenance, become familiar with the following: NEMA Publication MG-2, Safety Standard for Construction and guide for Selection, Installation and Use of Electric Motors and Generators. IEC 34-1 Electrical and IEC72-1 Mechanical specifications ANSI C51.5, the National Electrical Code (NEC) and local codes and practices. 	
This instruction manual is not intended to include a comprehensive listing of all details for all procedures required for installation, operation and maintenance. This manual describes general	Important:
This manual contains general procedures that apply to Baldor Motor products. Be sure to read and understand the Safety Notice statements in this manual. For your protection, do not install, operate or attempt to perform maintenance procedures until you understand the Warning and Caution statements. A Warning statement indicates a possible unsafe condition that can cause harm to personnel. A Caution statement indicates a condition that can cause damage to equipment.	Overview

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	maintaining operations. Improper methods may cause muscle strain or other harm.
WARNING:	Pacemaker danger – Magnetic and electromagnetic fields in the vicinity of current carrying carrying conductors and permanent magnet motors can result result in a serious health hazard to persons with cardiac pacemakers, metal implants, and hearing aids. To avoid risk, stay way from
WARNING:	Before performing any motor maintenance procedure, be sure that the equipment connected to the motor shaft cannot cause shaft rotation. If the load can cause shaft rotation, disconnect the load from the motor shaft before maintenance is performed. Unexpected mechanical rotation of the motor parts can cause injury or motor damage.
WARNING:	Do not use non UL/CSA listed explosion proof motors in the presence of flammable or combustible vapors or dust. These motors are not designed for atmospheric conditions that require explosion proof operation.
WARNING:	Motors that are to be used in flammable and/or explosive atmospheres must display the UL label on the nameplate along with CSA listed logo. Specific service conditions for these motors are defined in NFPA 70 (NEC) Article 500.
WARNING:	Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions, should be permanently guarded to prevent accidental contact by personnel. Accidental contact with body parts or clothing can cause serious or fatal injury.
Caution:	To prevent premature equipment failure or damage, only qualified maintenance personnel should perform maintenance.
Caution:	Do not over tension belts. Excess tension may damage the motor or driven equipment.
Caution:	Do not over-lubricate motor as this may cause premature bearing failure.
Caution:	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor.
Caution:	If eye bolts are used for lifting a motor, be sure they are securely tightened. The lifting direction should not exceed a 20° angle from the shank of the eye bolt or lifting lug. Excessive lifting angles can cause damage.
Caution:	To prevent equipment damage, be sure that the electrical service is not capable of delivering more than the maximum motor rated amps listed on the rating plate.
Caution:	If a HI POT test (High Potential Insulation test) must be performed, follow the precautions and procedure in NEMA MG1 and MG2 standards to avoid equipment damage.
Receiving	If you have any questions or are uncertain about any statement or procedure, or if you require additional information please contact your Baldor distributor or an Authorized Baldor Service Center. Each Baldor Electric Motor is thoroughly tested at the factory and carefully packaged for shipment. When you receive your motor, there are several things you should do immediately.
	commercial carrier that delivered your motor. 2. Verify that the part number of the motor you received is the same as the part number listed on your purchase order.
<u>Handling</u> Caution:	The motor should be lifted using the lifting lugs or eye bolts provided. Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor.
	3 When lifting a WDII Meather Proof Type 9) motor do not lift the motor by inserting lifting lyne into



		Preparatio		Storage
 b. Place new desiccant inside the vapor bag and re-seal by taping it closed. c. If a zipper-closing type bag is used instead of the heat-sealed type bag, zip the bag closed instead of taping it. Be sure to place new desiccant inside bag after each monthly inspection. d. Place the shell over the motor and secure with lag bolts. 4. Where motors are mounted to machinery, the mounting must be such that the drains and breathers are fully operable and are at the lowest point of the motor. Vertical motors must be stored in the vertical position. Storage environment must be maintained as stated in step 2. 	 b. Storage temperatures of 10°C (50°F) to 49°C (120°F) must be maintained. c. Relative humidity must not exceed 60%. d. Motor space heaters (when present) are to be connected and energized whenever there is a possibility that the storage ambient conditions will reach the dew point. Space heaters are optional. Note: Remove motor from containers when heaters are energized, reprotect if necessary. 3. Measure and record the resistance of the winding insulation (dielectric withstand) every 30 days of storage. a. If motor insulation resistance decreases below the minimum resistance, contact your Baldor 	<u>ס</u> היה ס	A wooden crate "shell" should be constructed to secure the motor during storage. This is similar to an export box but the sides & top must be secured to the wooden base with lag bolts (not nailed as export boxes are) to allow opening and reclosing many times without damage to the "shell". Minimum resistance of motor winding insulation is 5 Meg ohms or the calculated minimum, which ever is greater. Minimum resistance is calculated as follows: Rm = kV + 1 where: (Rm is minimum resistance to ground in Meg-Ohms and kV is rated nameplate voltage defined as Kilo-Volts.) Example: For a 480VAC rated motor Rm =1.48 meg-ohms (use 5 M£2).	4. If the motor must be mounted to a plate with the driven equipment such as pump, compressor etc., it may not be possible to lift the motor alone. For this case, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the mounting base. The entire assembly can be lifted as an assembly for installation. Do not lift the assembly using the motor lugs or eye bolts provided. Lugs or eye bolts are designed to lift motor only. If the load is unbalanced (as with couplings or additional attachments) additional slings or other means must be used to prevent tipping. In any event, the load must be secure before lifting. If the load is unbalanced (as with couplings or additional attachments) additional slings or other means must be used to prevent tipping. In any event, the load must be secure before lifting. Storage requirements for motors and generators that will not be placed in service for at least six months from date of shipment. Improper motor storage will result in seriously reduced reliability and failure. An electric motor that does not experience regular usage while being exposed to normally humid atmospheric conditions is likely to develop rust in the bearings or rust particles from surrounding surfaces may contaminate the bearings. The electrical insulation may absorb an excessive amount of moisture leading to the motor winding

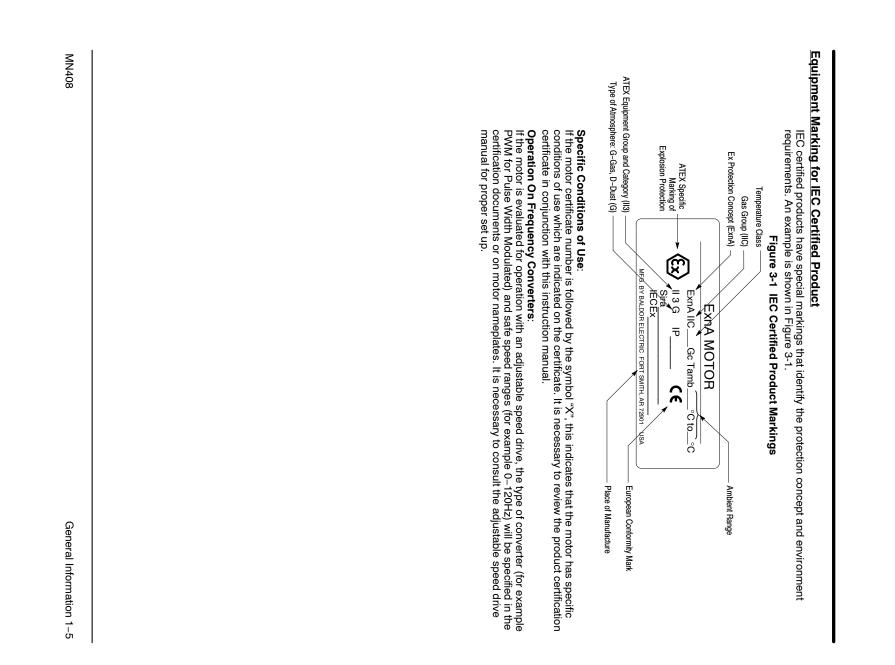
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 Hemove all packing material. Measure and record the electrical resistance of the winding insulation resistance meter at the time of removal from storage. The insulation resistance must not be less than 50% from the initial reading recorded when the motor was placed into storage. A decrease in resistance indicates moisture in the windings and necessitates electrical or mechanical drying before the motor can be placed into service. If resistance is low, contact your Baldor District office. Regrease the bearings as instructed in Section 3 of this manual. Reinstall the original shipping brace if motor is to be moved. This will hold the shaft firmly against the bearing and prevent damage during movement.
) of
 be stored so that the drain is at the lowest point. All breathers and automatic "T" drains must be operable to allow breathing and draining at points other than through the bearings around the shaft. Vertical motors should be stored in a safe stable vertical position. 7. Coat all external machined surfaces with a rust preventing material. An acceptable product for this purpose is Exxon Rust Ban # 392. 8. Carbon brushes should be lifted and held in place in the holders, above the commutator, by the brush holder fingers. The commutator should be wrapped with a suitable material such as cardboard paper as a mechanical protection against damage. Non-Regreaseable motors with "Do Not Lubricate" on the nameplate should have the motor shaft rotated 15 times to redistribute the grease within the bearing every 3 months or more often.
 periodic service as follows: a. Motors marked "Do Not Lubricate" on the nameplate do not need to be greased before or during storage. b. Ball and roller bearing (anti-friction) motor shafts are to be rotated manually every 3 months and greased every 6 months in accordance with the Maintenance section of this manual. c. Sleeve bearing (oil lube) motors are drained of oil prior to shipment. The oil reservoirs must be refilled to the indicated level with the specified lubricant, (see Maintenance). The shaft should be rotated monthly by hand at least 10 to 15 revolutions to distribute oil to bearing surfaces. d. "Provisions for oil mist lubrication" – These motors are packed with grease. Storage procedures are the same as paragraph 5b. e. "Oil Mist Lubricated" – These bearings are protected for temporary storage by a corrosion inhibitor. If stored for greater than 3 months or outdoor storage is anticipated, connected to the oil mist system while in storage. If this is not possible, add the amount of grease indicated under "Standard Condition" in Section 3, then rotate the shaft 15 times by hand. 6. All breather drains are to be fully operable while in storage (drain plugs removed). The motors must

1-4 General Information





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For Baldor Sales and Support, Please Contact: Walker EMD • http://www.walkeremd.com • Toll-Free: (800) 876-4444 • Phone: (203) 426-7700 • Fax: (203) 426-7800

1-6 General Information

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Section 2 Installatio	Section 2 Installation & Operation
Overview	Installation should conform to the National Electrical Code as well as local codes and practices. When other devices are coupled to the motor shaft, be sure to install protective devices to prevent future accidents. Some protective devices include coupling balt grant chain grant shaft covers at These
	protect against accidental contact with moving parts. Machinery that is accessible to personnel should provide further protection in the form of guard rails, screening, warning signs etc.
Location	It is important that motors be installed in locations that are compatible with motor enclosure and ambient conditions. Improper selection of the motor enclosure and ambient conditions can lead to reduced operating life of the motor.
	 Proper ventilation for the motor must be provided. Obstructed airflow can lead to reduction of motor life. Open Drip-Proof/WPI motors are intended for use indoors where atmosphere is relatively clean, dry, well ventilated and non-corrosive.
	Totally Enclosed and WPII motors may be installed where dirt, moisture or dust are present and in outdoor locations.
	Severe Duty, IEEE 841 and Washdown Duty enclosed motors are designed for installations with high corrosion or excessive moisture conditions. These motors should not be placed into an environment
	where there is the presence of flammable or combustible vapors, dust or any combustible material, unless specifically designed for this type of service

Hazardous Locations are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of combustible gases, vapors, dust, fibers, or flyings. Facilities requiring special equipment for hazardous locations are typically classified in accordance with local requirements. In the US market, guidance is provided by the National Electric Code.

Location

Mounting

The motor should be installed in a location compatible with the motor enclosure and specific ambient. To allow adequate air flow, the following clearances must be maintained between the motor and any obstruction:

TEFC / TENV (IC0141) Enclosures	es
Fan Cover Air Intake	180 - 210T Frame 1" (25mm)
Fan Cover Air Intake	250 - 449T Frame 4" (100mm)
	IEC 112 – 132 1" (25mm)
	IEC 160 – 280 4" (100mm)
Exhaust	Envelope equal to the P Dimension on the motor dimension sheet
OPEN/Protected Enclosures	
Bracket Intake	Same as TEFC
Frame Exhaust	Exhaust out the sides envelope
	A minimum of the P dimension plus 2" (50mm)
	Exhaust out the end same as intake.

Table 2–1
Enclosure
Clearance

The motor must be securely installed to a rigid foundation or mounting surface to minimize vibration and maintain alignment between the motor and shaft load. Failure to provide a proper mounting surface may cause vibration, misalignment and bearing damage.

Foundation caps and sole plates are designed to act as spacers for the equipment they support. If these devices are used, be sure that they are evenly supported by the foundation or mounting surface. When installation is complete and accurate alignment of the motor and load is accomplished, the base should be grouted to the foundation to maintain this alignment.

The standard motor base is designed for horizontal or vertical mounting. Adjustable or sliding rails are designed for horizontal mounting only. Consult your Baldor distributor or authorized Baldor Service Center for further information

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		hadt
	Shaft	
For long frame designations 184, 215, 256, 286, 326, 365, 405, 445 (NEMA) (IEC) 112M, 132M, 160L, 200L, 225M, 250M, 280M	O	Always use these holes, closer to the shaft 112S, 132S, 160M, 180M, 200M, 225S, 250S, 280S, (IEC)
t lift the motor and its driven load t quate for lifting only the motor. Dis equipment) from the motor shaft t case of assemblies on a common bas but the assembly and base but, rathe o lift the assembly and base but, rathe of lifting means provided on the base.		e. The motor lifting hardware umps, compressors, or other on the motor should not be ed by a sling around the base or intended in the design of the
lifting means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent hazardous overloads due to deceleration, acceleration or shock forces	I by the motor litting hardware Disconnect the load (gears, pu th before lifting the motor. Case, any lifting means provided of ther, the assembly should be lifte ther, the assembly should be lifte se. Assure lifting in the direction i se. Assure lifting in the dardous	s overloads due to deceleration,
lifting means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent hazardous overloads due to deceleration, acceleration or shock forces. Accurate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important. The pulley, sprocket, or gear used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the shaft shoulder as possible. It is recommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before installing on the motor shaft. Forcibly driving a unit on the motor shaft will damage the bearings.	d by the motor litting hardware Disconnect the load (gears, put ft before lifting the motor. case, any lifting means provided in ther, the assembly should be lifte se. Assure lifting in the direction i ld be taken to prevent hazardous ld be taken to prevent hazardous driven equipment is extremely im ad on the shaft as close to the sha st, or gear before installing on the earings.	s overloads due to deceleration, nportant. The pulley, sprocket, raft shoulder as possible. It is e motor shaft. Forcibly driving a
ig means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent hazardous overloads due to deceleration, eleration or shock forces. urate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important. The pulley, sprocket, ear used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the shaft shoulder as possible. It is ommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before installing on the motor shaft. Forcibly driving a on the motor shaft will damage the bearings. Direct Coupling For direct drive, use flexible couplings if possible. Consult the drive or equipment manufacturer for more information. Mechanical vibration and roughness during operation may indicate poor alignment. Use dial indicators to check alignment. The space between coupling hubs should be maintained as recommended by the coupling manufacturer.	a by the motor litting hardware pisconnect the load (gears, put the before lifting the motor. aase, any lifting means provided of ther, the assembly should be lifte se. Assure lifting in the direction i ld be taken to prevent hazardous don the shaft as close to the sha ad on the shaft as close to the sha earings. if possible. Consult the drive or on and roughness during operatio th. The space between coupling h facturer.	s overloads due to deceleration, mportant. The pulley, sprocket, raft shoulder as possible. It is motor shaft. Forcibly driving a r equipment manufacturer for on may indicate poor alignment. hubs should be maintained as
 Iiffing means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent hazardous overloads due to deceleration, acceleration or shock forces. Accurate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important. The pulley, sprocket, or gear used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the shaft shoulder as possible. It is recommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before installing on the motor shaft. Forcibly driving a unit on the motor shaft will damage the bearings. 1. Direct Coupling For direct drive, use flexible couplings if possible. Consult the drive or equipment manufacturer for more information. Mechanical vibration and roughness during operation may indicate poor alignment. Use dial indicators to check alignment. The space between coupling hubs should be maintained as recommended by the coupling manufacturer. 2. End-Play Adjustment The axial position of the motor frame with respect to its load is also extremely important. The standard motor bearings are not designed for excessive external axial thrust loads. Improper adjustment will cause failure. 3. Pulley Ratio The best practice is to not exceed an 8:1 pulley ratio. Do not over tension belts. Excess tension may damage the motor or driven equipment.	a by the motor litting hardware Disconnect the load (gears, put the before lifting means provided of ther, the assembly should be lifte se. Assure lifting in the direction i lid be taken to prevent hazardous driven equipment is extremely in ad on the shaft as close to the sha tripes sible. Consult the drive or on and roughness during operation it. The space between coupling h facturer. with respect to its load is also ex excessive external axial thrust load 8:1 pulley ratio. 8:1 pulley ratio.	s overloads due to deceleration, nportant. The pulley, sprocket, raft shoulder as possible. It is motor shaft. Forcibly driving a r equipment manufacturer for on may indicate poor alignment. hubs should be maintained as should be maintained as tremely important. The standard rads. Improper adjustment will
		e motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardw for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, assemblies on a common base, any lifting the motor. assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should be assembly should base base. Assure lifting in the direction of the base.

2-2 Installation & Operation

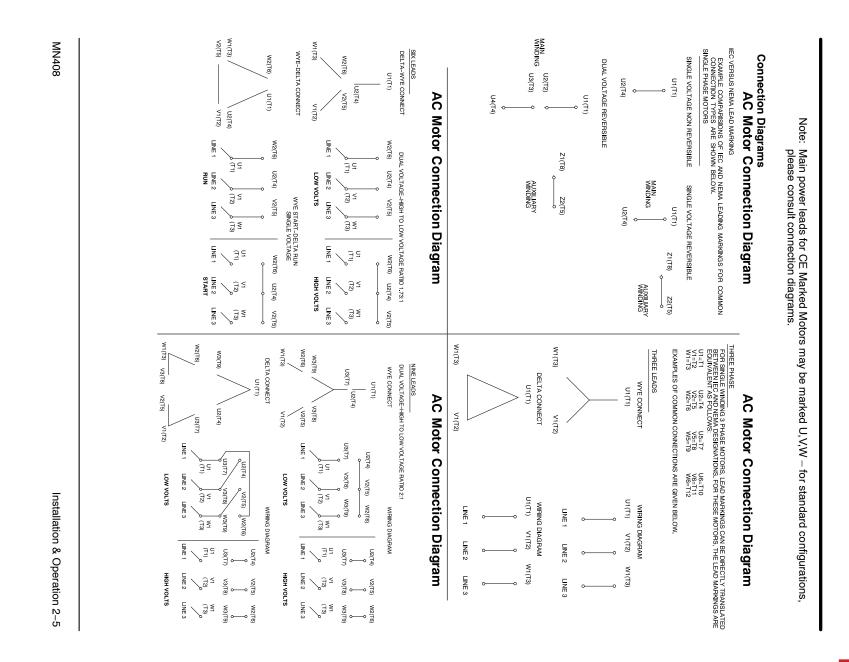
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Doweling & Bolting After proper alignment is verified, dowel pins should be inserted through the motor feet into the foundation. This will maintain the correct motor position should motor removal be required. **Power Connection** Motor and control wiring, overload protection, disconnects, accessories and grounding should conform to the National Electrical Code and local codes and practices. WARNING: Grounding Guarding There are applications where grounding the exterior parts of a motor or generator may result in greater hazard by increasing the possibility of a person in the area simultaneously contacting ground and some other nearby live electrical parts of other ungrounded electrical equipment. In portable equipment it is difficult to be sure that a positive ground connection is maintained as the equipment is moved, and providing a grounding conductor may lead to a false sense of security. <u>-</u> α α <u>-</u> member. Some motors are supplied with the bonding conductor on the concealed side of the cushion ring to protect the bond from damage. Motors with bonded cushion rings should usually be grounded at the time of installation in accordance with the above recommendations for making ground connections. When In the USA consult the National Electrical Code, Article 430 for information on grounding of motors and Ņ <u>.</u> - -Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions. This is particularly important where the parts have surface irregularities such as keys, key Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions, should be permanently guarded to prevent accidental contact by personnel. Accidental contact with body parts or clothing can cause serious or fatal injury. For motors installed in compliance with IEC requirements, the following minimum cross sectional area of the protective conductors should be used: Select a motor starter and over current protection suitable for this motor and its application. Consult motor starter application data as well as the National Electric Code and/or other applicable local codes. motors with bonded cushion rings are used in multimotor installations employing group fusing or group protection, the bonding of the cushion ring should be checked to determine that it is adequate for the Motors with resilient cushion rings usually must be provided with a bonding conductor across the resilient consult the appropriate national or local code applicable. point, the motor or generator terminal housing, and the motor or generator frame. In non-USA locations generators, and Article 250 for general information on grounding. In making the ground connection, heat shrink tubing. ways or set screws. at least 4 mm² Equipotential ponding connection shall made using rating of the branch circuit over current protective device being used. installer should make certain that there is a solid and permanent metallic connection between the ground be fully insulated. Flying leads must be insulated with two full wraps of electrical grade insulating tape or For ExnA hazardous location motors, it is a specific condition of use that all terminations in a conduit box (Baldor•Reliance motors are designed for doweling.) Mounting bolts must be carefully tightened to prevent changes in alignment. Use a flat washer and lock washer under each nut or bolt head to hold the motor feet secure. Flanged nuts or bolts may be used as an alternative to washers. Providing covers for the rotating parts. Covers should be sufficiently rigid to maintain adequate guarding during normal service. equipment. Install proper fitting dowels Covering the machine and associated rotating parts with structural or decorative parts of the driven Ream all holes Drill corresponding holes in the foundation. Drill dowel holes in diagonally opposite motor feet in the locations provided Cross-sectional area of phase conductors. S conductors > 91 ≤35 Some satisfactory methods of guarding are: Minimum cross-sectional area of the corresponding protective a conductor with a cross-sectional area 0,5 Ħ conductor, 6 C <u>ç</u> ome , the

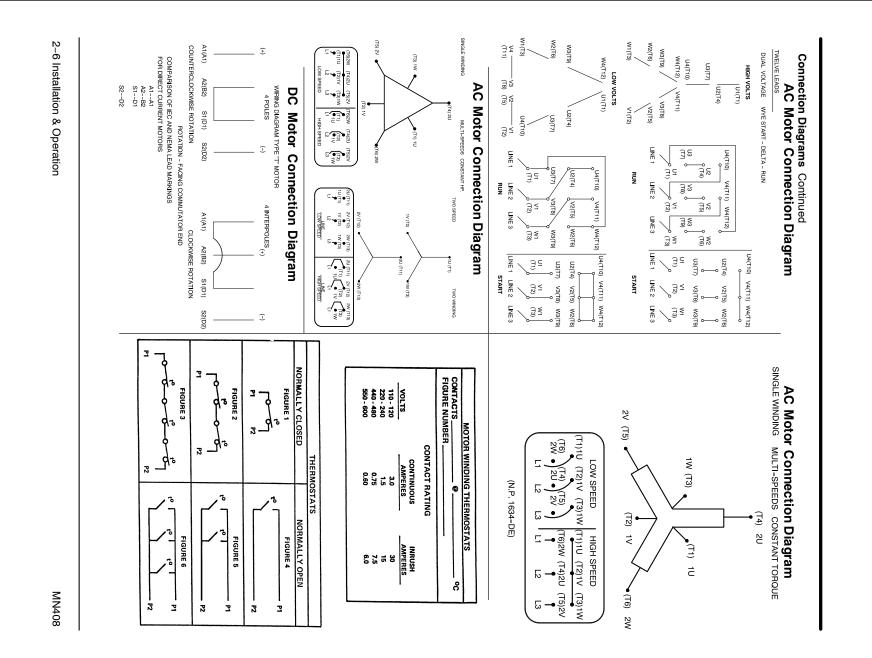
Potation P t+ S P P A let + P	RED RED	MINDING			ω σ	AC Power M C 1. 2.	si Lo Colladit Box
All three phase motors a and interchange any twe the connection diagram lead numbers to be inte Adjustable Frequency P produce wave forms with phase-to-phase, and g Suitable precautions shi these voltage spikes. Co proper grounding.	RING RTD	MINDING RTDS		HEATERS 	A combined variatio provided the freque erformance within thes	lotors with flying lead c onnect the motor lead- over on the conduit bo AC power is within : OR OR	rotated 360° in 90° increments. Au such as space heaters, RTD's etc.
All three phase motors are reversible. To reverse the direction of rotation, dis and interchange any two of the three line leads for three phase motors. For s the connection diagram to determine if the motor is reversible and follow the lead numbers to be interchanged. Not all single phase motors are reversible. Adjustable Frequency Power Inverters used to supply adjustable frequency p produce wave forms with lower order harmonics with voltage spikes superim phase-to-phase, and ground insulation of stator windings are subject to the Suitable precautions should be taken in the design of these drive systems to these voltage spikes. Consult the drive instructions for maximum acceptable proper grounding.	* One bearing RT are label * One bearing RT are label * Note RTD may	Winding RTDs are Each set of leads	Three thermistors are installec Leads are labeled TD1 & TD2	One heater is inst Leads for each he (Like numbers sho	 A combined variation in voltage and frequency of ±10% (sum of absolute values provided the frequency variation does not exceed ±5% of rated frequency. Performance within these voltage and frequency variations are shown in Figure 2-4 Figure 2-3 Accessory Connections 	Motors with flying lead construction must be properly terminated and insulated Connect the motor leads as shown on the connection diagram located on the r cover on the conduit box. Be sure the following guidelines are met: 1. AC power is within ±10% of rated voltage with rated frequency. (See moto OR 2. AC power is within ±5% of rated frequency with rated voltage. OR	rot ted 360° in 90° increments. Auxiliary conduit boxes are provided on some motors for accessori set such as space heaters, RTD's etc.
se the direction of rotat for three phase motor phase motors are rev supply adjustable freq s with voltage spikes s or windings are subjec sign of these drive syst ions for maximum acco	earing RTD is installed in Drive are labeled RTDDE. earing RTD is installed in Oppo are labeled RTDODE. are labeled RTDODE. ITD may have 2-Red/1-White	Winding RTDs are installed in windings (2) per phase. Each set of leads is labeled 1TD1, 1TD2, 1TD3, 2TD1, 2TD2, 2TD3 etc	Three thermistors are installed in windings and tied in series Leads are labeled TD1 & TD2.	One heater is installed in each end of motor Leads for each heater are labeled H1 & H2. (Like numbers should be tied together).	ncy of ±10% (sum of <i>ε</i> exceed ±5% of rated fr expressions are shown ry Connections	operly terminated and lection diagram locate guidelines are met: with rated frequency. (S with rated voltage.	it boxes are provided of
All three phase motors are reversible. To reverse the direction of rotation, disconnect and lock out power and interchange any two of the three line leads for three phase motors. For single phase motors, check the connection diagram to determine if the motor is reversible and follow the connection instructions for lead numbers to be interchanged. Not all single phase motors are reversible. Adjustable Frequency Power Inverters used to supply adjustable frequency power to induction motors produce wave forms with lower order harmonics with voltage spikes superimposed. Turn-to-turn, phase-to-phase, and ground insulation of stator windings are subject to the resulting dielectric stresses Suitable precautions should be taken in the design of these drive systems to minimize the magnitude of these voltage spikes. Consult the drive instructions for maximum acceptable motor lead lengths, and proper grounding.	 * One bearing RTD is installed in Drive endplate (PUEP), leads are labeled RTDDE. * One bearing RTD is installed in Opposite Drive endplate (FREP), leads are labeled RTDODE. * Note RTD may have 2-Red/1-White leads; or 2-White/1-Red Lead. 	(2) per phase. ID3, 2TD1, 2TD2, 2TD3 etc.	ıgs and tied in series.	hotor. H2.	A combined variation in voltage and frequency of ±10% (sum of absolute values) of rated values provided the frequency variation does not exceed ±5% of rated frequency. formance within these voltage and frequency variations are shown in Figure 2-4.	Motors with flying lead construction must be properly terminated and insulated. Connect the motor leads as shown on the connection diagram located on the name plate or inside the cover on the conduit box. Be sure the following guidelines are met: 1. AC power is within ±10% of rated voltage with rated frequency. (See motor name plate for ratings). OR 2. AC power is within ±5% of rated frequency with rated voltage. OR	rotated 360° in 90° increments. Auxiliary conduit boxes are provided on some motors for accessories such as space heaters, RTD's etc.
X out power tors, check ructions for on motors -turn, ric stresses. agnitude of ths, and	s EP), leads id Lead.				d values,	inside the or ratings).	essories

2-4 Installation & Operation

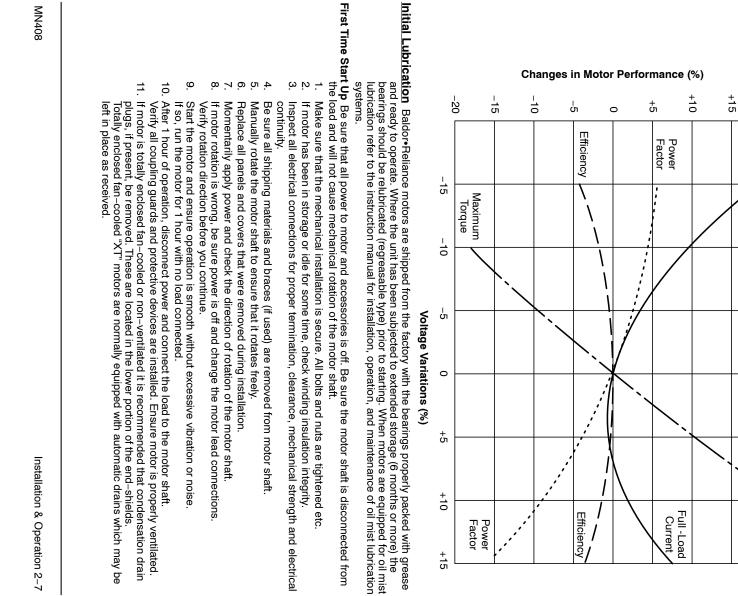


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Figure 2-4 Typical Motor Performance VS Voltage Variations

Maximum

Torque

Full -Load Current

		Protection Concepts	
motors are known as explosion proof or flameproof. (Insert flameproof motor cut away drawing) Motors that are explosion proof or flameproof use specially machined flameproof joints between the end bell or bracket and the frame, as well as along the rotating shaft and at connection box covers and entries. The fit of these flameproof joints are designed to contain the combustion or quench the flame of an explosive gas atmosphere prior to it exiting the motor. These flameproof joints have lengths and widths selected and tested based on the gas group present in the atmosphere. Baldor•Reliance motors are typically designed to meet Class I (Division 1) Group C and D (explosion proof) or Ex d IIB (flameproof). An application note regarding equipment applied in accordance with the US National Electric Code (NFPA 70-2008) – according to Article 500.8(C) Marking, sub clause (2) in the fine print note, it is noted that Equipment not marked to indicate a division is suitable for both Division 1 and Division 2 locations. These motors are not gas tight. To the contrary, this protection concept assumes that due to the normal heating and cooling cycle of motors are designed to contain the combustion and extinguish any flame transmission, for this protection concept, only external surface temperatures are of concern. Thermal limiting devices such as thermostats, thermistors or RTDs may be provided on these motors to limit the external surface temperature during overload conditions.	Class I Division 1 / Zone 1 [Equipment Group I (mining) or II (surface), Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Gb, Mb]	oncepts	Areas are classified with respect to risk and exposure to the hazard. In the US market, areas are typically classified as follows Class, Division, Group and Temperature Class. In some newer installations in the US and in most international markets, areas are classified in Zones.

2-8 Installation & Operation



Coupled Start Up

This procedure assumes a coupled start up. Also, that the first time start up procedure was successful.

Check the coupling and ensure that all guards and protective devices are installed

The first coupled start up should be with no load. Apply power and verify that the load is not transmitting excessive vibration back to the motor though the coupling or the foundation. Vibration

should be at an acceptable level.

ωN

Check that the coupling is properly aligned and not binding.

Jogging and Repeated Starts Repeated starts and/or jogs of induction motors generally reduce the life of the motor winding insulation. A much greater amount of heat is produced by each acceleration or jog than by th same motor under full load. If it is necessary to repeatedly start or jog the motor, it is advisable to che the application with your local Baldor distributor or Baldor Service Center.

check

the

Heating - Duty rating and maximum ambient temperature are stated on the motor name plate. Do not exceed these values. If there is any question regarding safe operation, contact your local Baldor

4. Run for approximately 1 nour with the unvertequipment of an approximately 1 nour with the unvertequipment of the name plate. The equipment can now be loaded and operated within specified limits. Do not exceed the name plate ratings for amperes for steady continuous loads.

Hazardous Locations

distributor or Baldor Service Center.

Selection

Hazardous locations are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of combustible gases, vapors, dust, fibers or flyings. Facilities requiring special equipment for hazardous locations are typically classified in accordance with local requirements. In the US market, guidance is provided by the National Electric Code. In international hazardous location areas, guidance for gas / vapor / mist classification is given in

area classification and select proper equipment

temperature or temperature class is required.

lt is

the customer or users

equipment is suitable for installation in that environment,

This classification process lets the installer know what

and identifies what the maximum safe

responsibility to determine

the

international hazardous location areas, guid IEC60079–14, or for dust in IEC61241–14.

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Class I Division 2 / Zone 2 Ex nA, [Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Gc] This protection concept relies on having no sources of ignition present such as arcing parts or hot surfaces. For this protection concept, internal temperatures as well as external temperatures and therefore become the limiting factor in determination of temperature code designation. In these applications, it is very important to use a motor that has been evaluated thermally for use with an inverter or converter, if variable speed operation is desired. Thermostats used for Class I Division 2 and Ex nA motors are used to protect the motor only. For motors using flying lead construction, it is important to use avoid the risk of spark or ignition.
Class II Division 1 / Zone 21 [Equipment Group III, Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Db] This area classification is one where the risk of ignitable concentrations of dust is present at all or some of the time. The protection concepts used for Class II Division 1 is similar to flamepath, except with additional dust exclusion paths designed for Class II Division 1 is similar to flamepath, except with addition of certification, it is the installer's responsibility to make sure that these devices are properly connected to a suitable switching devices properly connected to a suitable switching device. Note: In the North American area classification sy In the North American area classification system, Class III exists for fibers and flyings. In the IEC designation, both dusts and flyings are absorbed into Group III.

Class II Division 2 / Zone 22 [Equipment Group III, Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Dc] This area classification is one where the risk of exposure to ignitable concentrations of dust are not likely to occur under normal operating conditions and relies heavily on the housekeeping practices within the installation.

Sine Wave Power Operation for Division 1 or 2 and Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 Hazardous Location. These motors are designed to operate at or below the maximum surface temperature (or T–Code) stated on the nameplate. Failure to operate the motor properly can cause this maximum surface temperature to be exceeded. If applied in a Division 1 or 2 / Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 environment, this excessive temperature may cause the marked surface temperature to be exceeded.

- Motor load exceeding service factor nameplate value
- Ambient temperatures above nameplate value
- <u>-</u> α ε 4 α σ -Voltages above or below nameplate value
 - Unbalanced voltages
 - _oss of proper ventilation

 - Altitude above 3300 feet / 1000 meters Severe duty cycles of repeated starts
- Motor stall
- ø Motor reversing
- 5 Single phase operation of polyphase equipment
- ±. Variable frequency operation

specific hazardous areas may be used in those hazardous areas on inverter power. designed to operate at or below the maximum surface temperature (or T-Code) sta Variable Frequency Power Operation for Division 1 or 2 and Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 Hazardous Location (motors with maximum surface temperature listed on the nameplate). Only motors with nameplates marked for use on inverter (variable frequency) power, and labeled for -ailure to operate the motor properly can cause this maximum surface temperature to be exceeded T-Code) stated on the nameplate. The motor is

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If thermostats are provided as a condition of certification, it is the installer's responsibility to make sure that these devices are properly connected to a suitable switching device. The ATEX directive requires that motor shutdown on thermal trip be accomplished without an intermediate software command.

Flameproof motors, internationally referred to as Ex d use a protection concept similar to that used in Class I Division 1 motors, with minor differences in the flameproof joints and cable entry designs. Flameproof and explosion proof motors are both type tested. Representative motors are connected to a

Flameproof and explosion proof motors are both type tested. Representative motors are connected to reference gas and ignited in laboratory conditions to verify that the flame is not transmitted outside the

to determine the maximum internal pressure encountered

Explosion proof and Flame proof motors shipped without a conduit box require use of a certified box of suitable dimensions and that is appropriate for the classification.

motor

enclosure and



2-10 Installation & Operation

MN408

 Anttudes above 3300 relet / 1000 meters Single phase operation of polyphase equipment Unstable current wave forms Unstable current sensing control components installed inside the motor to limit Thermal limiting devices should be selected that preclude unnight propertures for exceeding the giption temperatures for the designated hazardous material. In Division 2 or 20ne 2 applications. For both lime current Reduction Equipotential Bonding and Shaft Current Reduction Equipotential Bonding and Shaft Current Reduction Equipotential bonding staps must be motor frame provide the product study is applications. Larget new receives and covers to avoid the fisk of stary currents during start up. Fastening methods and bonding staps must not be modified. Bearing currents can exist in some motors for both line-fed and inter-fed applications. Larget ine-fed motors and provide the motor and the coupled equipment. Bearing or Explosion Proof or even a shaft brush. Do not defeat such fastures. When the motor and trogether the stational parts of the motor and the coupled equipment. Bearing of Proof Societ Costin and the coupled equipment. Bearing of Proof a common conductive baseplate. In may also be necessary to electrically bond together the stational markets using IEC Motors Case 2 Provide action motors. Bearing of Proof and the proper qualifications to repar hazardous location motors accerding the statist Association which allow authorized service should be allowed in the rebuil motors as control of mark the rebuil motors as control of the application. Find and Zone 1 Bearing of Proof Motors – Class ID Nusion 1 and 2. Zone 21 and 22. Consult Bado	 Antudes above 3:500 reef. / 1000 meters Single phase operation of polyphase equipment Unstable current wave forms Thermal Limiting devices are temperature sensing control components installed insid the internal temperature to specific guinton temperatures. Equipotential Bonding and Shaft Current Reduction Argoin controls of stray currents during start up. Fastening methods and bonding straps bearing currents can exist in some motors for both line-fed and inverter-fed applications, including and Shaft Current Reduction Repair of Inzardous certified motors requires additional information, skill, and care. Repair of Lazardous certified motors requires additional information, skill, and care. Repair of Explosion Proof or Flame Proof Motors Class ID livision 1 and Zone 1 and 2
reed / frequency range	 Unbalanced voltages Loss of proper ventilation Operation outside of the nameplate speed / frequency range
may cause ignition of hazardous materials. Operating the motor at any of the following conditions can cause the marked surface temperature to be exceeded. 1. Motor load exceeding service factor nameplate value 2. Ambient temperature above nameplate value 3. Voltage (at each operating frequency) above or below rated nameplate value	may cause ignition of hazardous materials. Operating the motor at any of the fol cause the marked surface temperature to be exceeded. 1. Motor load exceeding service factor nameplate value 2. Ambient temperature above nameplate value 3. Voltage (at each operating frequency) above or below rated nameplate value

MN408



Up to 210 incl. (132)	**	2700 Hrs.	5500 Hrs.	5500 Hrs. 12000 Hrs. 18000 Hrs. 22000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.	22000 Hrs.
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)		**	3600 Hrs.	9500 Hrs.	15000 Hrs. 18000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.
Over 280 to 360 incl. (225)		**	* 2200 Hrs.	* 2200 Hrs. 7400 Hrs. 12000 Hrs. 15000 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.
Over 360 to 449 incl. (315)		**	*2200 Hrs.	*2200 Hrs. 3500 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	10500 Hrs.

NEMA / (IEC) Frame

Size

10000

0000

3600

1800

1200

006

Rated Speed - RPM

*

Relubrication intervals are for ball bearings. For vertically mounted motors and roller bearings, divide the relubrication interval by 2.

For motors operating at speeds greater than 3600 RPM, contact Baldor for relubrication recommendations Table 3-3 Service Conditions

Severity of Service Hours per day	Hours per day	Ambient Temperature	Atmospheric
	of Operation	Maximum	Contamination
Standard	8	40° C	Clean, Little Corrosion
Severe	16 Plus	50° C	Moderate dirt, Corrosion
Extreme	16 Plus	>50° C* or	Severe dirt, Abrasive dust, Corrosion, Heavy
		Class H Insulation	Shock or Vibration
Low Temperature		<−29° C **	

× not mix with other grease types. Thoroughly clean bearing & cavity before adding grease. Special high temperature grease is recommended (Dow Corning DC44). Note that Dow Corning DC44 grease does

Special low temperature grease is recommended (Aeroshell 7).

*

Product Information Packet: ECP4407T-5 - 200HP,1785RPM,3PH,60HZ,447T,18136M,TEFC

D . < ÷

lable 3-4
Kelubrication
Interval
Multiplier

Severe	Standard	Severity of Service	
0.5	1.0	Multiplier	

Some motor designs use different bearings on each motor end. This is normally indicated on the motor nameplate. In this case, the larger bearing is installed on the motor Drive endplate. For best relubrication results, only use the appropriate amount of grease for each bearing size (not the same for both).

Low Temperature

Extreme

0 1.0

MN408

BALDOR · RELIANCE

Relubrication Intervals

Refer to additional information contained in Tables 3-3, 3-4 and 3-5

Table 3-2 Relubrication Intervals *

n Intervals Recommended relubrication intervals are shown in Table 3-2. It is important to realize that the recommended intervals of Table 3-2 are based on average use.

1	(These are t	Bearing Description (These are the "Large" bearings (Shaft End) in each frame size)	ption aft End) in eac	h frame size)
NEMA (IEC)		Weight of Grease to	Volume	Volume of grease
NEMA (IEC)	Bearing	add *	to be	to be added
		oz (Grams)	in ³	teaspoon
56 to 140 (90)	6203	0.08 (2.4)	0.15	0.5
140 (90)	6205	0.15 (3.9)	0.2	0.8
180 (100-112)	6206	0.19 (5.0)	0.3	1.0
210 (132)	6307	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0
250 (160)	6309	0.47 (12.5)	0.7	2.5
280 (180)	6311	0.61 (17)	1.2	3.9
320 (200)	6312	0.76 (20.1)	1.2	4.0
360 (225)	6313	0.81 (23)	1.5	5.2
400 (250)	6316	1.25 (33)	2.0	6.6
440 (280)	6319	2.12 (60)	4.1	13.4
5000 to 5800 (315-450)	6328	4.70 (130)	9.2	30.0
5000 to 5800 (315-450)	NU328	4.70 (130)	9.2	30.0
360 to 449 (225-280)	NU319	2.12 (60)	4.1	13.4
AC Induction Servo				
76 Frame 180 (112)	6207	0.22 (6.1)	0.44	1.4
77 Frame 210 (132)	6210	0.32 (9.0)	0.64	2.1
80 Frame 250(160)	6213	0.49 (14.0)	0.99	3.3
* Weight in grams = .005 DB of grease to be added	ase to be added			
	-			

Table 3ά ω Siz 0 <u></u>

Note: Not all bearing sizes are listed. For intermediate bearing sizes, use the grease volume for the next larger size bearing.

MN408



Note: Smaller bearings in size category may require reduced amounts of grease.
Small
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rings ir
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catego
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requii
e redu
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mount
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ease.

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Table 3-3 classifies severity of service as "Severe". Table 3-5 shows that 1.2 in³ or 3.9 teaspoon of grease is to be added

<u>.</u> -

Table 3-2 list 9500 hours for standard conditions.

Sample Relubrication Determination

Assume - NEMA 286T (IEC 180), 1750 RPM motor driving an exhaust fan in an ambient temperature of 43° C and the atmosphere is moderately corrosive.

ω

Assemble the motor.

N <u>.</u>__

Disassemble the motor.

Note: Only a Baldor authorized and UL or CSA certified service center can disassemble a UL/CSA listed explosion proof motor to maintain it's UL/CSA listing.

Add recommended amount of grease to bearing and bearing cavity. (Bearing should be about 1/3 full of grease and outboard bearing cavity should be about 1/2 full of grease.)



Relubrication Procedure Be sure that the grease you are adding to the motor is compatible with the grease already in the motor. Consult your Baldor distributor or an authorized service center if a grease other than the

To avoid damage to motor bearings, grease must be kept free of dirt. For an extremely dirty environment, contact your Baldor distributor or an authorized Baldor Service Center for

Do not over-lubricate motor as this may cause premature bearing failure

recommended type is to be used.

Caution:

Over-lubricating can cause excessive bearing temperatures, premature lubrication breakdown and bearing failure.

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Remove grease outlet plug.

With the motor stopped, clean all grease fittings with a clean cloth

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With Grease Outlet Plug

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Add the recommended amount of grease

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Re-install grease outlet plug.

Operate the motor for 15 minutes with grease plug removed. This allows excess grease to purge.

Without Grease Provisions

Caution:

Caution:

additional information.



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Troubleshooting
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	Table 3-6 Troubleshooting Char	ooting Chart
Symptom	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Motor will not start	Usually caused by line trouble, such as, single phasing at the starter.	Check source of power. Check overloads, fuses, controls, etc.
Excessive humming	High Voltage.	Check input line connections.
	Eccentric air gap.	Have motor serviced at local Baldor service center.
Motor Over Heating	Overload. Compare actual amps (measured) with nameplate rating.	Locate and remove source of excessive friction in motor or load.
	Single Phasing.	Check current at all phases (should be approximately
		equal) to isolate and correct the problem.
	Improper ventilation.	Check external cooling fan to be sure air is moving
		properly across cooling fins. Excessive dirt build-up on motor. Clean motor.
	Unbalanced voltage.	Check voltage at all phases (should be approximately equal) to isolate and correct the problem.
	Rotor rubbing on stator.	Check air gap clearance and bearings. Tighten "Thru Bolts".
1 - 1	Over voltage or under voltage.	Check input voltage at each phase to motor.
	Open stator winding.	Check stator resistance at all three phases for balance.
	Grounded winding.	Perform dielectric test and repair as required.
	Improper connections.	Inspect all electrical connections for proper termination, clearance, mechanical strength and electrical continuity. Refer to motor lead connection diagram.
Bearing Over Heating	Misalignment.	Check and align motor and driven equipment.
	Excessive belt tension.	Reduce belt tension to proper point for load.
	Excessive end thrust.	Reduce the end thrust from driven machine.
	Excessive grease in bearing.	Remove grease until cavity is approximately $3/_4$ filled.
1	Insufficient grease in bearing.	Add grease until cavity is approximately 3/4 filled.
	Dirt in bearing.	Clean bearing cavity and bearing. Repack with correct grease until cavity is approximately $^{3/_{4}}$ filled.
Vibration	Misalignment.	Check and align motor and driven equipment.
	Rubbing between rotating parts and stationary parts.	Isolate and eliminate cause of rubbing.
	Rotor out of balance.	Have rotor balance checked are repaired at your Baldor Service Center.
	Resonance.	Tune system or contact your Baldor Service Center for assistance.
Noise	Foreign material in air gap or ventilation openings.	Remove rotor and foreign material. Reinstall rotor. Check insulation integrity. Clean ventilation openings.
Growling or whining	Bad bearing.	Replace bearing. Clean all grease from cavity and new bearing. Repack with correct grease until cavity is approximately ³ / ₄ filled.



Page 36 of 43

Greases that r include the foll - Texaco Poly - Mobilith SHC - Darmex 707 See the mote Contact Bald	Note: *	High Temperature**	Oil or Grease	Bearing Type	Note: •	Rated Load to 1.15 S.F.	≤ Rated Load		Motor Load Cl	Suggested bearing and winding RTD setting guidelines for Non-Hazardous Locations ONLY Most large frame AC Baldor motors with a 1.15 service factor are designed to open (80°C) temperature rise at rated load and are built with a Class H winding insulation this low temperature rise, RTD (Resistance Temperature Detectors) settings for Cla used as a starting point. Some motors with 1.0 service factor have Class F temper The following tables show the suggested alarm and trip settings for RTDs. Proper RTD alarm and trip settings should be selected based on these tables unless other specific applications. If the driven load is found to operate well below the initial temperature settings und the alarm and trip settings may be reduced so that an abnormal machine load will be specified by NEMA. Bearing RTDs should be installation of the winding RTDs imbedded specified by NEMA. Bearing RTDs should be installed so they are in contact with th or roller bearings or in direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell. Winding RTDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient)
Greases that may be s include the following: - Texaco Polystar - Mobilith SHC-100 - Darmex 707 See the motor name Contact Baldor appl	n –	11C	Alarm		Winding RTD When Class H Bearing	140	130	Alarm	Class B Temp Rise ≤ 80°C (Typical Design)	ring and winding R Most large frame AC (80°C) temperature i this low temperature used as a starting po The following tables RTD alarm and trip se specific applications. specific applications is fif the alarm and trip se The temperature limi specified by NEMA. or roller bearings or i winding
- Rykon Prem - Pennzoil Pe - Darmex 711 plate for replacerring ication engineering	perature limits a	90 110	ⁿ Im	Anti-Friction	s are factory pro 1 temperatures : RTDs - Tempe	150	140	Trip	Rise ≤ 80°C)esign)	TD setting gu Baldor moto rise at rated lo rise, RTD (Re show the sug show the sug show the sug show the sug attings should out to opera titings may be tits are based of Bearing RTD, in direct conta in direct conta
 Greases that may be substituted that are compatible with Polyrex EM (but considered as "standard" lubricants) include the following: Texaco Polystar Penzol Penzol Pennzil Pennzlube EM-2 Chevron SRI #2 Chevron Black Pearl Darmex 707 Darmex 711 Petro-Canada Peerless LLG See the motor nameplate for replacement grease or oil recommendation. Contact Baldor application engineering for special lubricants or further clarifications. 	Bearing temperature limits are for standard design motors operating at Class B temperature rise High temperature lubricants include some special synthetic oils and greases	115	Trip		 Winding RTDs are factory production installed, not from Mod-Express. When Class H temperatures are used, consider bearing temperatures and relubrication requirements. Bearing RTDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient) 	160	155	Alarm	Class F Temp Rise ≤ 105°C	ring and winding RTD setting guidelines for Non-Hazardous Locations ONLY Most large frame AC Baldor motors with a 1.15 service factor are designed to operate below a Class B (80°C) temperature rise at rated load and are built with a Class H winding insulation system. Based on this low temperature rise, RTD (Resistance Temperature Detectors) settings for Class B rise should be used as a starting point. Some motors with 1.0 service factor have Class F temperature rise. The following tables show the suggested alarm and trip settings for RTDs. Proper bearing and winding RTD alarm and trip settings should be selected based on these tables unless otherwise specified for specific applications. If the driven load is found to operate well below the initial temperature settings under normal conditions, the alarm and trip settings may be reduced so that an abnormal machine load will be identified. The temperature limits are based on the installation of the winding RTDs imbedded in the winding as specified by NEMA. Bearing RTDs should be installed so they are in contact with the outer race on ball or roller bearings or in direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell. Winding RTDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient)
lyrex EM (but considered as "st - Chevron SRI #2 - Chevron Black Pearl - Petro-Canada Peerless LLG I recommendation. I recommendation.	motors operating	105	Alarm		rom Mod-Expres: tring temperatures)°C Maximum An	165	165	Trip	Rise ≤ 105°C	lazardous Loca e factor are desi a Class H wind re Detectors) se e factor have Cla factor have Cla factor have tables on these tables on these tables on these tables for HT and temperature abnormal machi abnormal machi abnormal machi abnormal machi abnormal machi abnormal machi abnormal machi abnormal machi abnormal machi aring shell.
sidered as "standa 2 Pearl Peerless LLG),	at Class B temper		J	Sleeve	s. s and relubrication nbient)	180	175	Alarm	Class H Terr	tions ONLY gned to operate ing insulation sy tittings for Class ass F temperatur Ds. Proper bea unless otherwise unless otherwise under n unless otherwise under n unless otherwise under n under the under n under n un under n under n under n under n un under n under
ard" lubricants)	rature rise.	99 110	Trip		requirements.	185	185	Trip	Class H Temp Rise ≤ 125°C	below a Class B stem. Based on B rise should be re rise. ring and winding e specified for e specified for ormal conditions, antified. the winding as uter race on ball

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Safety Notice Be sure to read and understand all of the Safety Notice statements in MN408. A copy is available http://www.baldor.com/support/literature_load.asp?ManNumber=MN408 a

ACCEPTANCE

Thoroughly inspect this equipment before accepting shipment from the transportation company. If any damage shortage is discovered do not accept until noted on the SAFETY freight bill. Report all damage to the freight carrier. 9

Eye bolts, lifting lugs or lifting openings, if provided, are intended only for lifting the motor and motor mounted standard accessories not exceeding, in total 30% of the motor weight. These lifting provisions should never be used when lifting or handling the motor and driven equipment. Eye bolt lifting capacity rating is based on a lifting alignment coincident with eye bolt center line. Eye bolt capacity reduces as deviation from this alignment is increased. Be sure eye bolts are tight and prevented from turning before lifting.

INSTALLATION OUTSIDE THE USA: Refer to MN408 and MN1383 for Compliance with European Directives. Copies are available at:

MOTOR ENCLOSURE http://www.baldor.com/support/literature_load.asp

ODP, combustible materials. Open motors can emit flame and/or molten metal in the event of insulation failure. dry locations with adequate supply of cooling air. These motors should not be used in the presence of flammable or Open drip proof motors are intended for use in clean

indoor and outdoor locations. moisture, dirf and/or corrosive materials are present in TEFC, totally enclosed motors are intended for use where

Explosion protected motors, as indicated by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory Certification mark and marking with Class, Division and Temperature Code are intended for installation in hazardous locations as described in Article 500 of the NEC. Refer to MN408 for more details.

MOUNTING

Foot mounted machines should be mounted to a rigid foundation to prevent excessive vibration. Shims may be used if location is uneven. Flange mounted machines should be properly seated and aligned. Note: If improper rotation direction is detrimental to aligned, check rotation direction prior to coupling the load to

the motor shaft.

premature bearing failure or shaft breakage. **Direct coupled** machines should be carefully aligned and the shaft should rotate freely without binding. For V-belt drive, mount the sheave pulley close to the motor housing. Allow clearance for end to end movement of the motor shaft. Do not overtighten belts as this may cause

GENERAL The user must select a motor starter and overcurrent protection suitable for this motor and its application. Consult motor starter application data as well as the National Electric Code and/or applicable local codes. Special motors for use by United States Government including special specifications, master plans, etc. refer to the applicable master plans and specifications involved lectric

and prevent the shaft block must be installed to prevent axial movement reshipped alone or installed to another piece of equipment remove blocking before operating the motor. If motor is to be On motors received from the factory with the shaft blocked, brinelling of the bearings during shipment

MN416

ESTING

Depending on storage conditions it may be necessary to regrease or change rusted bearings. Contact Baldor District Office if resistance is less than 5 meg ohms. If the motor has been in storage for an extensive period or has been subjected to adverse moisture conditions, check the motor insulation resistance with a meg ohm meter.

WARNING: Do not touch electrical connections before

WARNING: Be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. Electrical shock can you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.

cause serious or fatal injury.

INSTALLATION

This motor must be installed Electric Code, NEMA MG-2, WIRING in accordance with National IEC standards and local codes

Connect the motor as shown in the connection diagrams. If this motor is installed as part of a motor control drive system, connect and protect the motor according to the control manufacturers diagrams. Refer to MN408 for additional details on lead marking. The wiring, fusing and grounding must comply with the National Electrical Code or IEC and local codes. When the motor is connected to the load for proper direction of rotation and started, it should start quickly and run smoothly. If not, stop the motor immediately and operation and compare the measured current with the motor, motor connections are not correct or the load is heavy. Check the motor current after a few minutes of determine the cause. Possible causes are: low voltage at the nameplate rating. is too

the ground point, the motor or generator terminal housing, and the motor or generator frame. In non-USA locations consult the appropriate national or local code applicable. **GROUNDING** Ground the motor according to NEC and local codes. In the USA consult the National Electrical Code, Article 430 for information on grounding of motors and generators, and Article 250 for general information on grounding. In making the ground connection, the installer should make certain that ADJUSTMENT there is a solid and permanent metallic connection between

have no adjustable parts. The neutral is adjustable on some DC motors. AC motors

Noise

For specific sound power or pressure level information, contact your local Baldor representative.

VIBRATION

This motor is balanced to NEMA MG1, Part 7 standard

BRUSHES (DC Motors) Periodically, the brushes should be inspected and all brush dust blown out of the motor. If a brush is worn $1/_2$, (length specified in renewal parts data), replace the brushes. Reassemble and seat the new brushes using a brush seating stone. Be sure the rocker arm is set on the neutra



INSPECTION

Before connecting the motor to an electrical supply, inspect for any damage resulting from shipment. Turn the shaft by hand to ensure free rotation. Motor leads must be isolated before the shaft will turn freely on permanent magnet motors. DRAIN PLUGS

motor has special stainless steel drains). All dra located in the lowest portion of the ends shields. non-ventilated motors, the plugs in the lowest portion of the ends shields should be removed for operation (unless the each endplate for various motor mounting configurations. Condensation drain plugs are provided at four points on For Washdown and totally enclosed, fan cooled or All drains are

MOUNTING

Mount the motor on a foundation sufficiently rigid to prevent excessive vibration. Grease lubricated ball bearing motors may be mounted with the feet at any angle. After careful alignment, bolt motor securely in place. Use shim to fill any unevenness in the foundation. Motor feet should sit solidly on the foundation before mounting bolts are tightened.

7 **7** (Ingress Protection)

IP designations include two numerals, the first characteristic numeral is for ingress solid bodies and from dust. The second for ingress protection from liquid – water. Motors marked less than IP23 require additional protection from water.

GUARDING

After motor installation is complete, a guard of suitable dimensions must be constructed and installed around the motor/gearmotor. This guard must prevent personnel from coming in contact with any moving parts of the motor or drive the motor. assembly but must allow sufficient cooling air to pass over

If a motor mounted brake is installed, provide proper safeguards for personnel in case of brake failure. plates or lids, must be installed before operating the motor. Brush inspection plates and electrical connection cover

STARTING

loose rotating parts to prevent them from flying off. Check direction of rotation before coupling motor to load. The motor should start quickly and run smoothly and with little noise. If the motor should fail to start the load may be been miswired. In any case immediately shut motor off and too great for the motor, the voltage is low or the motor has Before starting motor remove all unused shaft keys and investigate the cause.

ROTATION To reverse the direction of rotation, disconnect and lockout power and interchange any two of the three AC power leads for three phase motors. For two-phase four wire, disconnect and lockout power and interchange the AC line leads on any one phase. For two phase three wire, disconnect and lockout norwer and interchange phase one and phase two AC line

Maintenance Procedures

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- WARNING: WARNING: Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Surface temperatures of motor enclosures
- accidentally coming into contact with hot surfaces. Protection should be provided by the user to protect against accidental contact with hot surfaces. Failure to observe this discomfort or injury to personnel may reach temperatures which can cause precaution could result in bodily injury.

Lubrication Information

lubricated at the factory. Motors that do not have regrease capability are factory lubricated for the normal life of the bearings. Washdown motors can not be lubricated. This is a ball or roller bearing motor. The bearings have beer

Lubricant

Polyrex EM unless stated on nameplate. Do not mix lubricants due to possible incompatibility. Look for signs of lubricant incompatibility, such as extreme soupiness visible from the grease relief area. If other greases are preferred, check with local Baldor representative for recommendations. Baldor motors are pregreased, normally with Mobil

capability) Relubrication Intervals (For motors with regrease

intervals. be relubricated. Lubrication is also recommended New motors that have been stored for a year or more should at these

LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS

!> :motor to prevent grease contamination. contamination. Properly clean the grease inlet area of the Cleanliness is important in lubrication. Any grease used to lubricate anti friction bearings should be fresh and free from

Select service condition from Table Select lubrication frequency from Table N

LUBRICATION PROCEDURE

is warm. Bearings should be lubricated while stationary and the motor

- 1. Locate the grease inlet, clean the area, and replace the
- ωin pipe plug with a grease fitting. Locate and remove the grease drain plug, if provided. Add the recommended volume of recommended lubricant
- until clean grease appears at the grease drain, at the grease relief, or along the shaft opening. Replace the grease inlet plug and run the motor for two
- 4 Jours
- ъ Replace the grease drain plug

SPECIAL APPLICATIONS For special temperature applications, consult your Baldor District Office.

N

Installation

& Maintenance

		Maximum					:	
Standard		40° C		c	Clean, Little Corrosion	orrosion	Deep Groove	Deep Groove Ball Bearing
Severe		50° C		Mo	Moderate dirt, Corrosior	Corrosion	Ball Thrust, Roller	ıst, Roller
Extreme	>50° C* (>50° C* or Class H Insulation	lation	Severe d	lirt, Abrasive	Severe dirt, Abrasive dust, Corrosion	All Be	All Bearings
Low Temperature		<-30° C **						
* Special high temperature grease is recommended.	grease is rec		* Special lo	ow temper	ature greas	** Special low temperature grease is recommended.	H.	
		Table 2 Lubrication Frequency (Ball Bearings)	cation Fre	equency	[,] (Ball Bea	rings)		
	:				Rated Sp	Rated Speed - RPM		
NEMA / (IEC) Frame Size	Size	10000	0009		3600	1800	1200	900
Up to 210 incl. (132)		*	2700 Hrs	•	5500 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.	22000 Hrs.
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)			*	ы	3600 Hrs.	9500 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.
Over 280 to 360 incl. (225)			*	*	* 2200 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.
Over 360 to 5000 incl. (300)))		**	<u>ر</u> *	*2200 Hrs.	3500 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	10500 Hrs.
 Relubrication intervals are for ball bearings. For vertically mounted motors and roller bearings, divide the relubrication interval by 2. For motors operating at speeds greater than 3600 RPM, contact Baldor for relubrication recommendations. 	for ball beau eeds greate	ings. For vertic r than 3600 RP	ally mounte M, contact I	ed motors Baldor for	and roller b relubricatio	earings, divide the n recommendatior	erelubrication int	erval by 2.
-		Table 3 L	ubricatio	n Interv	Table 3 Lubrication Interval Multiplier	er		
			Munibile	er				
Standard	dard		1.0					
Severe	ree		0.5					
Extreme	eme		0.1					
Low Terr	Low Temperature		1.0					
		Table 4	Amount	of Grea	Amount of Grease to Add			
				Bearii	ng Descriptio	Bearing Description (Largest bearing in each frame size)	g in each frame :	size)
Frame Size NEMA (IEC)	VEMA (IEC)		Bearing		m Width	Weight of grease to add		Volume of grease to add
						ounce (gram)) inches ³	teaspoon
Up to 210 incl. (132)			6307	80	21	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)			6311	120	0 29	0.61 (17.4)	1.2	3.9
Over 280 to 360 incl. (200)			6313	3 140	0 33	0.81 (23.1)	1.5	5.2
Over 360 to 5000 incl. (300)			NU322	2 240	0 50	2.12 (60.0)	4.1	13.4

Weight in grams = 0.005 DB

BALDOR · RELIANCE	Product Information Packet: ECP4407T-5 - 200HP,1785RPM,3PH,60HZ,447T,18136M,TEFC

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Severity of Service

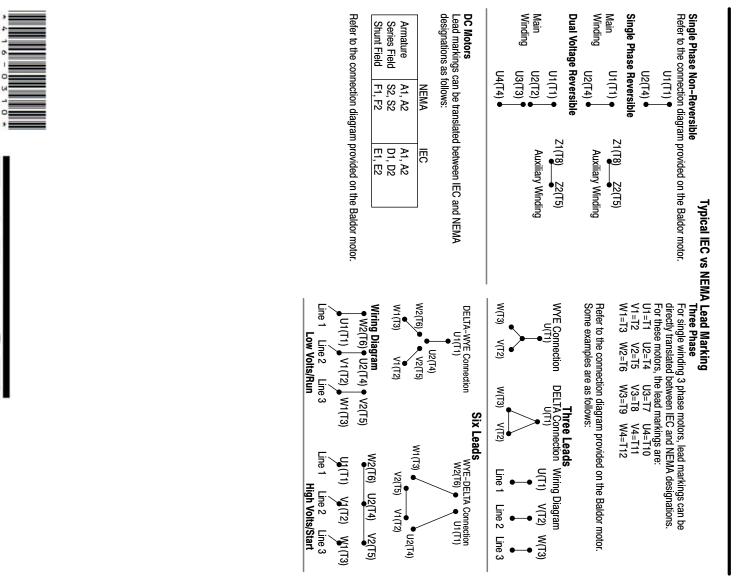
Ambient Temperature Maximum

 Table 1 Service Conditions

 yrature
 Atmospheric

 n
 Contamination

Type of Bearing





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4 Installation & Maintenance