

### BALDOR • RELIANCE

### **Product Information Packet**

### ECP44206TR-4

200HP,1190RPM,3PH,60HZ,449T,TEFC,FOOT,

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Part Detail														
Revision:	G		Status:	PRD/A	Change #:			Propriet	ary:		No			
Туре:	AC		Prod. Type:	A44160M	Elec. Spec:		A44WG1497	CD Diag	ram:					
Enclosure:	TEFC		Mfg Plant:		Mech. Spec	):		Layout:						
Frame:	449T		Mounting:	F1	Poles:		06	Created	Date	<b>e</b> :	10-19-2	010		
Base:			Rotation:	R	Insulation:		F	Eff. Date	<del>)</del> :		06-11-2	012		
Leads:	3#1 (0:	2 per group)	Literature:		Elec. Diagra	am:		Replace	d By	:				
Nameplate 00	00613007EV	V												
CAT.NO. ECP		ECP44206TR-4	SPEC NO.		P44G5293									
HP 200		200	AMPS		225	VOLTS	VOLTS			DESIGN		в		
FRAME		449T	RPM		1190	HZ		60 AMB				40 SF 1.1		
DRIVE END BEARING		110RU02M30X	PH	РН		DUTY		CONT INSUL.CL			ASS F			
OPP D.E. BEARING		90BC03J30X	TYPE	ТҮРЕ		ENCL	ENCL			CODE		G		
D.E.BRG.DATA		222	POWER FA	POWER FACTOR		NEMA N	IOM EFFICIENCY	95	95.8					
O.D.E.BRG.DAT	Α	6318	MAX CORF	KVAR	35.0	GUARA	NTEED EFFICIENCY	95	95.0					
3/4 LOAD EFF.		96.1	NEMA NOM	/CSA QUOTED EFF										
SER.NO.			MOTOR W	EIGHT										



lame	eplate NP2496L	
	MOBIL SHC -220 GREASE	



Parts List		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
SA209028	SA P44G5293	1.000 EA
RA196291	RA P44G5293	1.000 EA
000613007EW	N/P BALDOR	1.000 EA
000692000FF	N/P (RELEASE QTY 1,000)	1.000 EA
000692000RT	N/P (RELEASE QTY 500)	1.000 EA
000692000VD	N/P (REL QTY 4000)	1.000 EA
NP2496L	MOTOR LUBE NAMEPLATE	1.000 EA
032625024PA	5/8-11 X .75" LONG FULL DOG PT SCKT SET	3.000 EA
004824015AP	GREASE MOBILITH SHC 220	1.156 LB
032018008CK	HHCS 3/8-16X1L PLATED	4.000 EA
032018020FK	HHCS 3/4-10X2-1/2 PLTD.	4.000 EA
032018030DK	HHCS 1/2-13X3-3/4 PLTD.	3.000 EA
032620016LA	SOCKET SET SCREW-449	3.000 EA
034017014AB	LCKW 3/8 STD. PLATED	4.000 EA
034180014DA	KEY 1/4X1/4X1-3/4 L	1.000 EA
034530072AB	P/NIP 1/8X9"L GALV.	1.000 EA
034530072BB	PIPE NIPPLE, DE - 440-BS	1.000 EA
034630002AB	CPLG 1/4" PLATED	1.000 EA
034690002AB	PPLG 1/4" PLTD.	1.000 EA
034690005AB	PPLG 3/4 PLATED	2.000 EA
078550001H	FAN KB 120/60 (60) 360	1.000 EA
083199082A	G28 FAN COVER	1.000 EA
089490099A	G28 BRKT 089490098WCA	1.000 EA
415045002A	SLGR	1.000 EA



Parts List (continued)		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
415072001B	CLAMP	1.000 EA
415096002A	CPLG 1/8 HEX TYPE	1.000 EA
418151014G	RETAIN RING	1.000 EA
418151057A	PLASTIC DRAIN, ODE BRKT	1.000 EA
032018004BK	HHCS 5/16-18X1/2 PLATED	3.000 EA
032018006BK	HHCS 5/16-18X3/4 PLATED	3.000 EA
032018020FK	HHCS 3/4-10X2-1/2 PLTD.	4.000 EA
032018030DK	HHCS 1/2-13X3-3/4 PLTD.	3.000 EA
034017013AB	LCKW 5/16 STD. PLATED	3.000 EA
034530072AB	P/NIP 1/8X9"L GALV.	1.000 EA
034530072BB	PIPE NIPPLE, DE - 440-BS	1.000 EA
034630002AB	CPLG 1/4" PLATED	1.000 EA
034690002AB	PPLG 1/4" PLTD.	1.000 EA
089490101A	G28 BRKT 089490100WCA	1.000 EA
415045002D	SLGR - 440	1.000 EA
415096002A	CPLG 1/8 HEX TYPE	1.000 EA
418151014H	RETAIN RING	1.000 EA
418151057A	PLASTIC DRAIN, ODE BRKT	1.000 EA
702623011RA	G28 AIR DEFLECTOR DRIVE END	1.000 EA
702623013R	THERMAL BARRIER, G28	1.000 EA
032018008BK	HHCS 5/16-18X1L PLATED	4.000 EA
032018008DK	HHCS 1/2-13X1 PLATED	4.000 EA
032130014DB	HSHCS1/2-13X1-3/4 PLATE	4.000 EA
033512004LB	HHTTS 1/4-20X1/2 PLTD.	1.000 EA



Parts List (continued)		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
034000016AB	WSHR .531ID 1.062OD .095	4.000 EA
035000001A	ALFTG 1/8" 1610-BL	1.000 EA
035000001A	ALFTG 1/8" 1610-BL	1.000 EA
067053014A	GASK 440	1.000 EA
076870000B	+CBCST BLKT - 440	1.000 EA
076871000A	+CBOX CVR BLKT - 449	1.000 EA
406056007A	TERBD 440	1.000 EA
406099000A	PLUG - FAN COVER 320-440	1.000 EA
41500003D	T/LUG 897-777 KPA25/G16	1.000 EA
415030115A	G28 C/BOX 415030114WCA	1.000 EA
418150003A	GREASE FITTING CAP	1.000 EA
033775004EA	DRSCR #6-1/4 304 S.S.	2.000 EA
418150003A	GREASE FITTING CAP	1.000 EA
034180054KA	KEY 7/8X7/8X6-3/4 L	1.000 EA
004824003AJD	WILKO 778.50 BLUE GREEN - 55 GAL DRUMS	0.375 GA
004824003CBP	WILKO 060.06B - ACTIVATR - 5 GA.	0.094 GA
L482401016	SPRAY AC-29-7S	0.013 GA
421948051	LABEL, MYLAR	1.000 EA
415039027A	GASKET, G28 LEAD THROAT	2.000 EA
613-6PU	N/P (RELEASE QTY 10,000)	1.000 EA



<b>497-R001</b> 12/18/10	A44WG1497-R001 ISSUE DATE 12/18/10	MOTOR ORMANCE )ATA	A-C MOTOR PERFORMANCE DATA	 	WEBB SMITH SMITH /10	G. R. W. L. W. L. 10/08	DR. BY CK. BY APP. BY DATE	Ŏ	BALDOR
					96	FF. 95.8 % 95.0%	NOM.EI J.EFF.	TYPICAL DATA XE MOTOR-NEMA NOM. EFF. GUARANTEED MIN. EFF. 95	REMARKS: TYPIC XE MO GUARA
ABLE, THE	CONNECTION. IF OTHER VOLTAGE CONNECTIONS ARE AVAILABLE, THE E RATED VOLTAGE	NNECTIONS	DLTAGE COL	OTHER VC	ION. IF VOLTAGE	SHOWN FOR 460. VOLT CONNECTION. IF WILL VARY INVERSELY WITH THE RATED VOLTAGE	460. VOLT IVERSELY WITH	)R 460. RY INVERSE	AMPERES SHOWN FOR AMPERES WILL VARY
225	883		00	100		1188			FULL LOAD
802	2126	2	41	241		1150			BREAKDOWN
1391	828		93.8	10		240			PULL UP
1404	1135	н	28	128		0			LOCKED ROTOR
AMPERES	TORQUE LBFT.	E TO	TORQUE FULL LOAD	TO 8 FUL	X	RPM			
				TORQUE	SPEED TO	ß			
95.2	.2	87.2	1185	1		282		250	5/4
95.8	.7	86.7	1188	11		225		200	4/4
96.2	ω	84.3	1191	11		173		150	3/4
96.1	. 6	77.6	1194	11		126		100	2/4
94.5	. 6	57.6	1197	11	ц	86.1	ц	50.1	1/4
0	4.16	4	1200	12	ω	55.3		0	NO LOAD
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				INCE	PERFORMANCE	щ			
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TEFC	G		œ	15	1.15	40/F		CONT	225
ENCL.	CODE LETTER	GN	NEMA DESIGN	שי י	a	AMB <sup>°</sup> C/ INSUL.		DUTY	AMPS
460	1190		3/60		ש	200		449T	
VOLTS	RPM	E/	PHASE/ HERTZ	TYPE	н	HP		FRAME	REL. S.O.
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OHMS (BETWEEN LINES)	OHMS			833245	E/S	40/F		AMB °C/INSUL	AM	-		z 3/60	PHASE/HERTZ	HAS
220	TEST DATE STATOR RES.@ 25 °C.0220	TEST STAT	EF C	CODE LETTER G ENCLOSURE TEFC	CODE			AMPS 225 DUTY CONT	AM DU				ё 200 Р	HP 200 TYPE P
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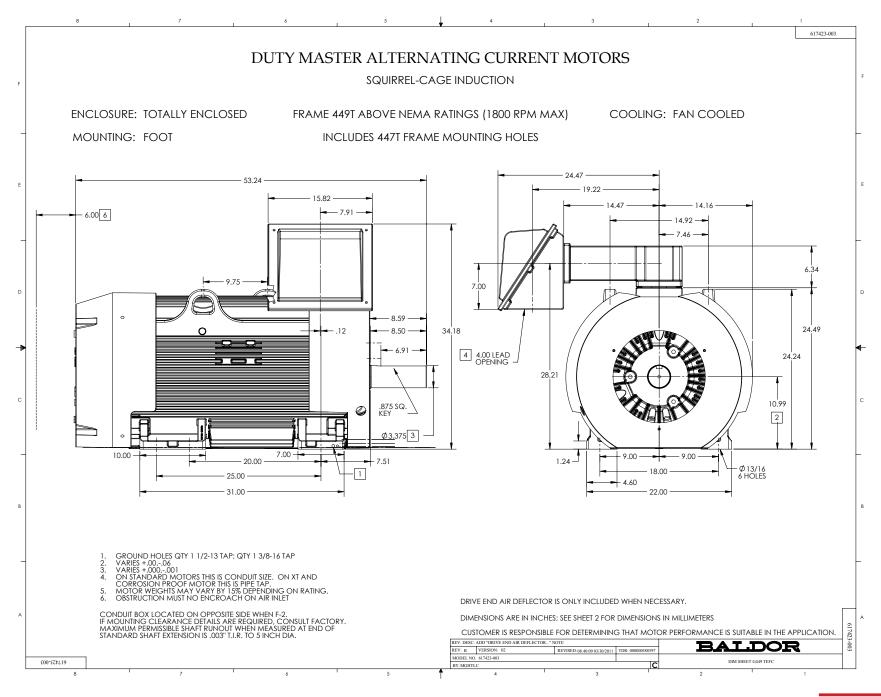


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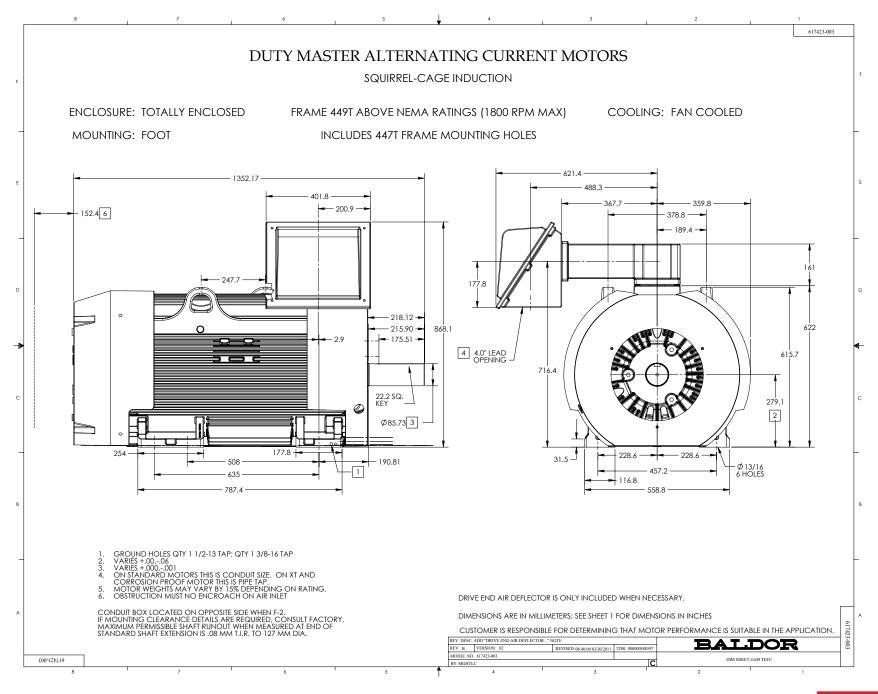
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DR. BY CK. BY	ITH THE F	CURVE A NOM. EF IN. EFF. 95	90 FULL														AC								OVERLOAD		AMB °C/INSUL	AMPS	
G, R, WEBB W, L, SMITH W L, SMITH	VOLT CONN VATED VOL	.0%	W FULL LOAD CURRENT														ACCELERATION											-	1190 460 225
			RENT																								40/F E		2 0
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A-C MOTOR PERFORMANCE	VOLTAGE															/				Å	LOCKED				2		245	ER G TEFC	ם מ קו ב
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7-R001	ARE AVAILABLE, THE		-									Д					Д							ACC.	TURE:		OHMS (BETWEEN LINES)	.0220	143-98-XE TYPICAL DATA
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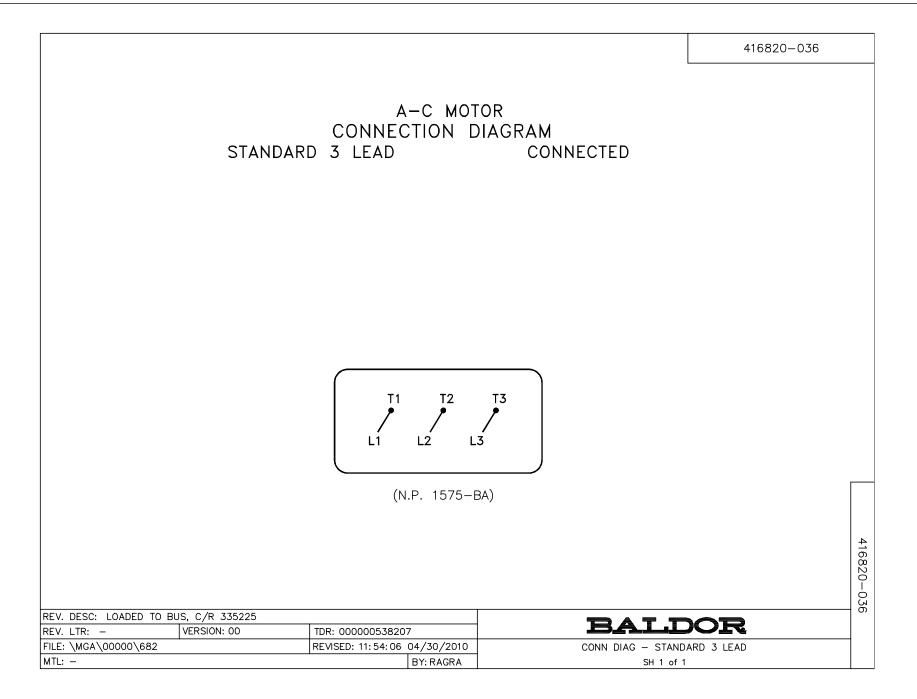




Page 10 of 44 **BALLOCR** 



Page 11 of 44 BALDOR



Page 12 of 44 BA A MEMBER OF THE ABB GROUP

OR

Integral Horsepower AC Induction Motors ODP, WPI Enclosures TENV, TEAO, TEFC Enclosure Explosion Proof

BALDOR·RELIANCE

Installation & Operating Manual

MN408

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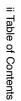


MN408

Overview	
Safety Notice	
Receiving	
Storage	
Extended Storage	
Greater than 6 months	
Greater than 18 months	
Unpacking	
Handling	
Section 2	
nstallation & Operation	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Overview	
Location	
Mounting	
ne Mounting H	
:	
Doweling & Bolting	
Guarding	
Power Connection	
Grounding	
Conduit Box	
AC Power	
Rotation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Connection Diagrams	
First Time Start Up	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Initial Lubrication	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Test for General Condition	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Coupled Start Up	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Jogging and Repeated Starts	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Heating	
Hazardous Locations	
Selection	
Protection Concepts	
Repair of Motors used in Hazardous Locations	
Section 3	
Maintenance & Troubleshooting	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
General Inspection	
Relubrication & Bearings	
Type of Grease	
Relubrication Intervals	
Relubrication Procedure	
Troublesheating Chart	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Page 15 of 44 **BALDOR** 

**Table of Contents** 





General	Section
Information	-

inermostat contacts automatically reset when the motor has slightly cooled down. To prevent injury or damage, the control circuit should be designed so that automatic starting of the motor is not possible when the thermostat resets	WAHNING:
these motors are to be returned to a hazardous and/or explosive atmosphere.	
must be fully captive by the load device. Improper coupling can cause harm to personnel or equipment if the load decouples from the shaft during operation.	
hazardous to personnel or equipment. Be sure the load is properly coupled to the motor shaft before applying power. The shaft key	WARNING:
Avoid the use of automatic reset devices if the automatic restarting of equipment can be	WARNING:
Do not by-pass or disable protective devices or safety guards. Safety features are designed to prevent damage to personnel or equipment. These devices can only provide protection if they remain operative.	WARNING:
This equipment may be connected to other machinery that has rotating parts or parts that are driven by this equipment. Improper use can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt to install operate or maintain this equipment.	WARNING:
Surface temperatures of motor enclosures may reach temperatures which can cause discomfort or injury to personnel accidentally coming into contact with hot surfaces. When installing, protection should be provided by the user to protect against accidental contact with hot surfaces. Failure to observe this precaution could result in bodily injury.	WARNING:
Avoid extended exposure to machinery with high noise levels. Be sure to wear ear protective devices to reduce harmful effects to your hearing.	WARNING:
be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. To not apply AC power before you ensure that all grounding instructions have been followed. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. National Electrical Code and Local codes must be carefully followed.	WARNING:
Disconnect all electrical power from the motor windings and accessory devices before disassembly of the motor. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.	WARNING:
Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.	WARNING:
qualified personnel should attempt installation, operation and maintenance of electrical equipment. Be sure that you are completely familiar with NEMA publication MG-2, safety standards for construction and guide for selection, installation and use of electric motors and generators, the National Electrical Code and local codes and practices. Unsafe installation or use can cause conditions that lead to serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.	
<b>ce</b> : This equipment contains high voltage! Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only	Safety Notice:
www.baldor.com/support/warranty_standard.asp	
Limited Warranty	
<ul> <li>about a procedure of are uncertain about any detail, Do Not Proceed. Prease contact your baldon distributor for more information or clarification.</li> <li>Before you install, operate or perform maintenance, become familiar with the following: <ul> <li>NEMA Publication MG-2, Safety Standard for Construction and guide for Selection, Installation and Use of Electric Motors and Generators.</li> <li>IEC 34–1 Electrical and IEC72–1 Mechanical specifications</li> <li>ANSI C51.5, the National Electrical Code (NEC) and local codes and practices.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
This instruction manual is not intended to include a comprehensive listing of all details for all procedures required for installation, operation and maintenance. This manual describes general guidelines that apply to most of the motor products shipped by Baldor. If you have a question	Important:
This manual contains general procedures that apply to Baldor Motor products. Be sure to read and understand the Safety Notice statements in this manual. For your protection, do not install, operate or attempt to perform maintenance procedures until you understand the <b>Warning and Caution</b> statements. A <b>Warning</b> statement indicates a possible unsafe condition that can cause harm to personnel. A <b>Caution</b> statement indicates a condition that can cause damage to equipment.	Overview

MN408

Page 17 of 44

	maintaining operations. Improper methods may cause muscle strain or other narm.
WARNING:	Pacemaker danger – Magnetic and electromagnetic fields in the vicinity of current carrying carrying conductors and permanent magnet motors can result result in a serious health hazard to carrying with cardiac pacemakers, metal implants, and hearing aids. To avoid risk, stay way from
WARNING:	Before performing any motor maintenance procedure, be sure that the equipment connected to the motor shaft cannot cause shaft rotation. If the load can cause shaft rotation, disconnect the load from the motor shaft before maintenance is performed. Unexpected mechanical rotation of the motor parts can cause injury or motor damage.
WARNING:	Do not use non UL/CSA listed explosion proof motors in the presence of flammable or combustible vapors or dust. These motors are not designed for atmospheric conditions that require explosion proof operation.
WARNING:	Motors that are to be used in flammable and/or explosive atmospheres must display the UL label on the nameplate along with CSA listed logo. Specific service conditions for these motors are defined in NFPA 70 (NEC) Article 500.
WARNING:	Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions, should be permanently guarded to prevent accidental contact by personnel. Accidental contact with body parts or clothing can cause serious or fatal injury.
Caution:	To prevent premature equipment failure or damage, only qualified maintenance personnel should perform maintenance.
Caution:	Do not over tension belts. Excess tension may damage the motor or driven equipment.
Caution:	Do not over-lubricate motor as this may cause premature bearing failure.
Caution:	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor.
Caution:	If eye bolts are used for lifting a motor, be sure they are securely tightened. The lifting direction should not exceed a 20° angle from the shank of the eye bolt or lifting lug. Excessive lifting angles can cause damage.
Caution:	To prevent equipment damage, be sure that the electrical service is not capable of delivering more than the maximum motor rated amps listed on the rating plate.
Caution:	If a HI POT test (High Potential Insulation test) must be performed, follow the precautions and procedure in NEMA MG1 and MG2 standards to avoid equipment damage. If you have any questions or are uncertain about any statement or procedure, or if you require additional information please contact your Baldor distributor or an Authorized Baldor Service Center.
Receiving	<ul> <li>Each Baldor Electric Motor is thoroughly tested at the factory and carefully packaged for shipment. When you receive your motor, there are several things you should do immediately.</li> <li>Observe the condition of the shipping container and report any damage immediately to the commercial carrier that delivered your motor.</li> <li>Verify that the part number of the motor you received is the same as the part number listed on your</li> </ul>
<u>Handling</u> Caution:	purchase order. The motor should be lifted using the lifting lugs or eye bolts provided. Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor.
	<ol> <li>Use the lugs or eye bolts provided to lift the motor. Never attempt to lift the motor and additional equipment connected to the motor by this method. The lugs or eye bolts provided are designed to lift only the motor. Never lift the motor by the motor shaft or the hood of a WPII motor.</li> <li>To avoid condensation inside the motor, do not unpack until the motor has reached room temperature (Room temperature is the temperature of the room in which it will be installed).</li> <li>The packing provides insulation from temperature changes during transportation.</li> <li>When lifting a WPII (Weather Proof Type 2) motor, do not lift the motor by inserting lifting lugs into holes on top of the cooling hood. These lugs are to be used for hood removal only.</li> </ol>



Page 18 of 44

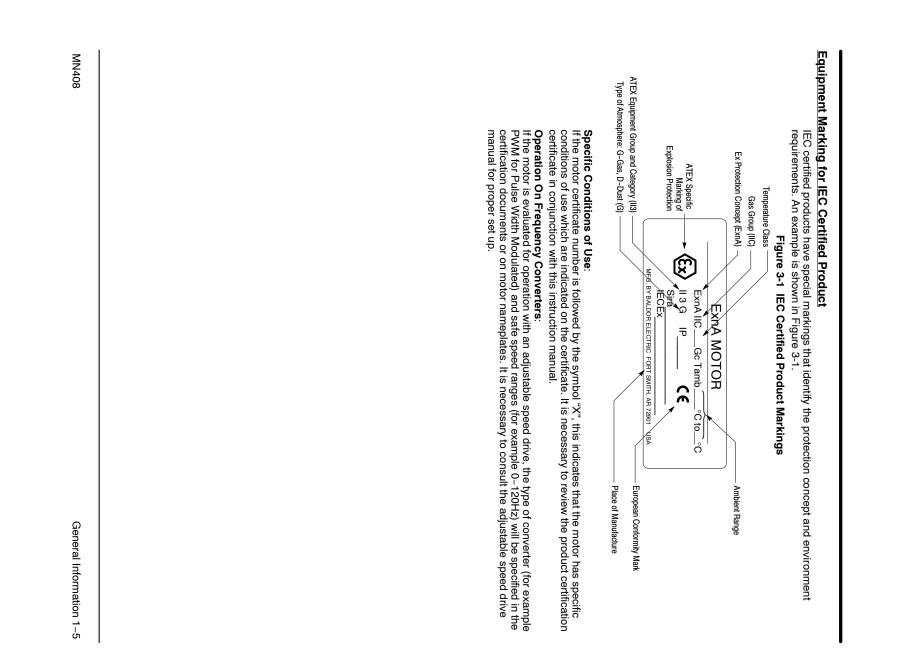
	Preparatic		Storage
<ul> <li>b. Place new desiccant inside the vapor bag and re-seal by taping it closed.</li> <li>c. If a zipper-closing type bag is used instead of the heat-sealed type bag, zip the bag closed instead of taping it. Be sure to place new desiccant inside bag after each monthly inspection.</li> <li>d. Place the shell over the motor and secure with lag bolts.</li> <li>4. Where motors are mounted to machinery, the mounting must be such that the drains and breathers are fully operable and are at the lowest point of the motor. Vertical motors must be stored in the vertical position. Storage environment must be maintained as stated in step 2.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Preparation for Storage</li> <li>Some motors have a shipping brace attached to the shaft to prevent damage during transportation. The shipping brace, if provided, must be removed and stored for future use. The brace must be reinstalled to hold the shaft firmly in place against the bearing before the motor is moved.</li> <li>Store in a clean, dry, protected warehouse where control is maintained as follows:</li> <li>a. Shock or vibration must not exceed 2 mils maximum at 60 hertz, to prevent the bearings from</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>failure.</li> <li>A wooden crate "shell" should be constructed to secure the motor during storage. This is similar to an export box but the sides &amp; top must be secured to the wooden base with lag bolts (not nailed as export boxes are) to allow opening and reclosing many times without damage to the "shell".</li> <li>Minimum resistance of motor winding insulation is 5 Meg ohms or the calculated minimum, which ever is greater. Minimum resistance is calculated as follows: Rm = kV + 1 where: (Rm is minimum resistance to ground in Meg-Ohms and kV is rated nameplate voltage defined as Kilo-Volts.)</li> <li>Example: For a 480VAC rated motor Rm = 1.48 meg-ohms (use 5 MΩ).</li> </ul>	4. If the motor must be mounted to a plate with the driven equipment such as pump, compressor etc., it may not be possible to lift the motor alone. For this case, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the mounting base. The entire assembly can be lifted as an assembly tor installation. Do not lift the assembly using the motor lugs or eye bolts provided. Lugs or eye bolts are designed to lift motor only. If the load is unbalanced (as with couplings or additional attachments) additional slings or other means must be used to prevent tipping. In any event, the load must be secure before lifting. If the load is unbalanced (as with couplings or additional attachments) additional slings or other means must be used to prevent tipping. In any event, the load must be secure before lifting. Storage requirements for motors and generators that will not be placed in service for at least six months from date of shipment. Improper motor storage will result in seriously reduced reliability and failure. An electric motor that does not experience regular usage while being exposed to normally humid atmospheric conditions is likely to develop rust in the bearings or rust particles from surrounding surfaces may contaminate the bearings.



Page 19 of 44

removal from stora recorded when the windings and nece service. If resistanc 3. Regrease the bear 4. Reinstall the origin bearing and prever	6. Bearings are to be greased <i>a</i> <b>Removal From Storage</b> 1. Remove all packing material.     2. Measure and record the elec		All Other Motor Types Before storage, the following prod 1. Remove the grease drain plu prior to lubricating the motor. 2. The motor with regreasable b	Non-Regreaseable Motors Non-regreasable motors with 15 times to redistribute the g	<ol> <li>Coat all external m An acceptable processing 8. Carbon brushes sh holder fingers. The as a mechanical pr</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>All breather drains be stored so that the operable to allow b Vertical motors sho</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>d. "Provisions for are the same a</li> <li>"Oil Mist Lubric inhibitor. If sto mist system wt</li> <li>"Standard Con</li> </ul>		periodic service as follows: a. Motors marked "Do No storage. b. Ball and roller bearing
removal from storage. The insulation resistance must not be less than 50% from the initial reading recorded when the motor was placed into storage. A decrease in resistance indicates moisture in the windings and necessitates electrical or mechanical drying before the motor can be placed into service. If resistance is low, contact your Baldor District office. Regrease the bearings as instructed in Section 3 of this manual. Reinstall the original shipping brace if motor is to be moved. This will hold the shaft firmly against the bearing and prevent damage during movement.	Bearings are to be greased at the time of removal from storage. <b>Storage</b> Measure and record the electrical resistance of the winding insulation resistance meter at the time of	Replace the grease drain plug after greasing. The motor shaft must be rotated a minimum of 15 times after greasing. Motor Shafts are to be rotated at least 15 revolutions manually every 3 months and additional grease added every nine months (see Section 3) to each bearing.	<ul> <li>All Other Motor Types</li> <li>Before storage, the following procedure must be performed.</li> <li>1. Remove the grease drain plug, if supplied, (opposite the grease fitting) on the bottom of each bracket prior to lubricating the motor.</li> <li>2. The motor with regreasable bearing must be greased as instructed in Section 3 of this manual.</li> </ul>	<b>Non-Regreaseable Motors</b> Non-regreasable motors with "Do Not Lubricate" on the nameplate should have the motor shaft rotated 15 times to redistribute the grease within the bearing every 3 months or more often.	Coat all external machined surfaces with a rust preventing material. An acceptable product for this purpose is Exxon Rust Ban # 392. Carbon brushes should be lifted and held in place in the holders, above the commutator, by the brush holder fingers. The commutator should be wrapped with a suitable material such as cardboard paper as a mechanical protection against damage.	All breather drains are to be fully operable while in storage (drain plugs removed). The motors must be stored so that the drain is at the lowest point. All breathers and automatic "T" drains must be operable to allow breathing and draining at points other than through the bearings around the shaft. Vertical motors should be stored in a safe stable vertical position.	"Provisions for oil mist lubrication" – These motors are packed with grease. Storage procedures are the same as paragraph 5b. "Oil Mist Lubricated" – These bearings are protected for temporary storage by a corrosion inhibitor. If stored for greater than 3 months or outdoor storage is anticipated, connected to the oil mist system while in storage. If this is not possible, add the amount of grease indicated under "Standard Condition" in Section 3, then rotate the shaft 15 times by hand.	greased every 6 months in accordance with the Maintenance section of this manual. Sleeve bearing (oil lube) motors are drained of oil prior to shipment. The oil reservoirs must be refilled to the indicated level with the specified lubricant, (see Maintenance). The shaft should be rotated monthly by hand at least 10 to 15 revolutions to Maintute oil to bearing surfaces.	<ul> <li>periodic service as follows:</li> <li>a. Motors marked "Do Not Lubricate" on the nameplate do not need to be greased before or during storage.</li> <li>b. Ball and roller bearing (anti-friction) motor shafts are to be rotated manually every 3 months and</li> </ul>

1-4 General Information



BALDOR

A MEMBER OF THE ABB GROUP

Page 21 of 44



1-6 General Information

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nstallation	ection 2
- & Ope	
ration	

Section 2 Installatio	Section 2 Installation & Operation
Overview	Installation should conform to the National Electrical Code as well as local codes and practices. When other devices are coupled to the motor shaft, be sure to install protective devices to prevent future accidents. Some protective devices include, coupling, belt guard, chain guard, shaft covers etc. These protect against accidental contact with moving parts. Machinery that is accessible to personnel should
Location	It is important that motors be installed in locations that are compatible with motor enclosure and ambient conditions. Improper selection of the motor enclosure and ambient conditions can lead to reduced operating life of the motor.
	<ul> <li>Proper ventilation for the motor must be provided. Obstructed airflow can lead to reduction of motor life.</li> <li>Open Drip-Proof/WPI motors are intended for use indoors where atmosphere is relatively clean, dry, well ventilated and non-corrosive.</li> </ul>
	<ol><li>Totally Enclosed and WPII motors may be installed where dirt, moisture or dust are present and in outdoor locations.</li></ol>
	Severe Duty, IEEE 841 and Washdown Duty enclosed motors are designed for installations with high corrosion or excessive moisture conditions. These motors should not be placed into an environment where there is the presence of flammable or combustible vapors, dust or any combustible material, unless encirically designed for this type of concise.
	Hazardous Locations are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of

**nazarquus Locations** are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of combustible gases, vapors, dust, fibers, or flyings. Facilities requiring special equipment for hazardous locations are typically classified in accordance with local requirements. In the US market, guidance is provided by the National Electric Code.

## Location

Mounting

The motor should be installed in a location compatible with the motor enclosure and specific ambient. To allow adequate air flow, the following clearances must be maintained between the motor and any obstruction:

TEFC / TENV (IC0141) Enclosures	S
Fan Cover Air Intake	180 - 210T Frame 1" ( 25mm)
Fan Cover Air Intake	250 - 449T Frame 4" ( 100mm)
	IEC 112 – 132 1" ( 25mm)
	IEC 160 – 280 4" ( 100mm)
Exhaust	Envelope equal to the P Dimension on the motor dimension sheet
<b>OPEN/Protected Enclosures</b>	
Bracket Intake	Same as TEFC
Frame Exhaust	Exhaust out the sides envelope
	A minimum of the P dimension plus 2" (50mm)
	Exhaust out the end same as intake.

Table 2–1 Enclosure Clearance	
P-1 Enclosure Cleara	Table
Cleara	2-1
Cleara	Encl
Cleara	osure
rance	Cle
	rance

The motor must be securely installed to a rigid foundation or mounting surface to minimize vibration and maintain alignment between the motor and shaft load. Failure to provide a proper mounting surface may cause vibration, misalignment and bearing damage.

Foundation caps and sole plates are designed to act as spacers for the equipment they support. If these devices are used, be sure that they are evenly supported by the foundation or mounting surface. When installation is complete and accurate alignment of the motor and load is accomplished, the base should be grouted to the foundation to maintain this alignment.

The standard motor base is designed for horizontal or vertical mounting. Adjustable or sliding rails are designed for horizontal mounting only. Consult your Baldor distributor or authorized Baldor Service Center for further information



Page 23 of 44

MN408

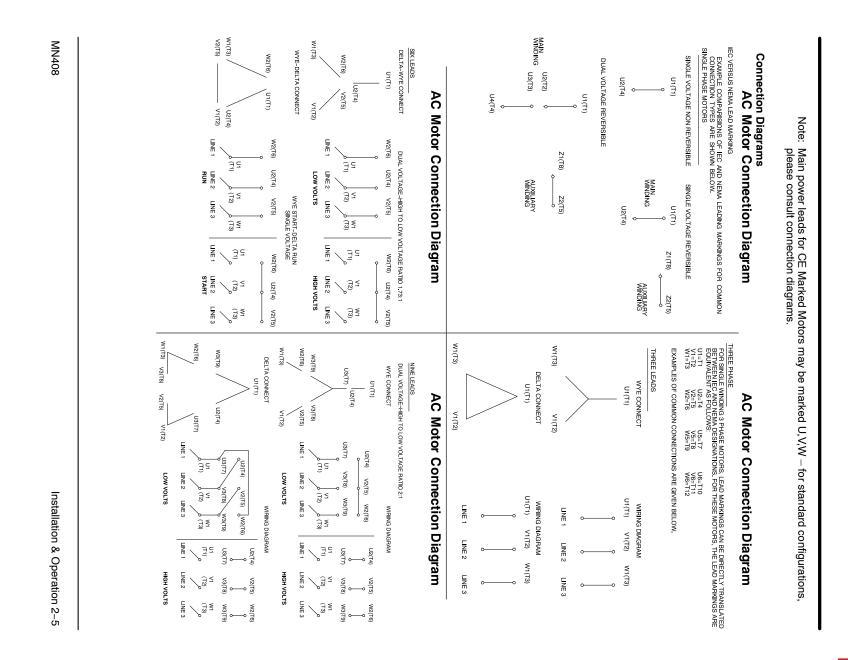
For short frame designations 182, 213, 254, 284, 324, 364, 404, 444 (NEMA)	404, 444 (NEMA)		0 0	Not present on 6 hole frames. Not used on 8 hole frames. Shaft
For long frame de 256, 286, 326, 36 (IEC) 112M, 132N 250M, 280M	For long frame designations 184, 215, 256, 286, 326, 365, 405, 445 (NEMA) (IEC) 112M, 132M, 160L, 200L, 225M, 250M, 280M		0	Always use these holes, closer to the shaft 112S, 132S, 160M, 180M, 200M, 225S, 250S, 280S, (IEC)
Caution:	Do not lift the mo is adequate for li driven equipmen In the case of ass used to lift the ass by other lifting means. Like	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting harc is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gean driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor. In the case of assemblies on a common base, any lifting means prov- used to lift the assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should to by other lifting means provided on the base. Assure lifting in the dire by other lifting means provided on the base. Assure lifting in the dire	by the motor lifting has isconnect the load (gea harfore lifting the moto	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor.
Alignment	Accurate alignment of the mo or gear used in the drive sho recommended to heat the pu unit on the motor shaft will da 1. <b>Direct Coupling</b> For direct drive, use flexi- more information. Mochan	<ul> <li>Accurate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important.</li> <li>Accurate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important.</li> <li>or gear used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the shaft should recommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before installing on the motor shaft will damage the bearings.</li> <li>1. Direct Coupling</li> <li>For direct drive, use flexible couplings if possible. Consult the drive or equipment</li> </ul>	tse, any lifting means pro- ner, the assembly should a Assure lifting in the dir be taken to prevent haz	In the case of assemblies on a common base, any lifting means provided on the motor should not be used to lift the assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the base or by other lifting means provided on the base. Assure lifting in the direction intended in the design of the lifting means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent hazardous overloads due to deceleration, acceleration or shock forces
		e, use flexible couplings i	tse, any lifting means pro- ter, the assembly should a. Assure lifting in the dir. I be taken to prevent haz riven equipment is extrer or gear before installing arings.	In the case of assemblies on a common base, any lifting means provided on the motor should not be used to lift the assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the base or by other lifting means provided on the base. Assure lifting in the direction intended in the design of the lifting means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent hazardous overloads due to deceleration, acceleration or shock forces. Accurate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important. The pulley, sprocket, or gear used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the shaft shoulder as possible. It is recommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before installing on the motor shaft. Forcibly driving a unit on the motor shaft will damage the bearings.
Caution:	3. <b>Pulley Ratio</b> The best prac	more information. Mechanical vibration and r Use dial indicators to check alignment. The s recommended by the coupling manufacturer. <b>End-Play Adjustment</b> The axial position of the motor frame with res motor bearings are not designed for excessiv	tse, any lifting means pro- ter, the assembly should a. Assure lifting in the dir l be taken to prevent haz on the shaft as close to or gear before installing arings. If possible. Consult the d and roughness during c The space between cou- cturer.	<ul> <li>be case of assemblies on a common base, any lifting means provided on the motor should not be to lift the assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the base or other lifting means provided on the base. Assure lifting in the direction intended in the design of the g means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent hazardous overloads due to deceleration, eleration or shock forces.</li> <li>urate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important. The pulley, sprocket, ear used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the shaft shoulder as possible. It is on the motor shaft will damage the bearings.</li> <li>Direct Coupling</li> <li>For direct drive, use flexible couplings if possible. Consult the drive or equipment manufacturer for more information. Mechanical vibration and roughness during operation may indicate poor alignment. Use dial indicators to check alignment. The space between coupling hubs should be maintained as recommended by the coupling manufacturer.</li> <li>End-Play Adjustment</li> <li>The axial position of the motor frame with respect to its load is also extremely important. The standard motor bearings are not designed for excessive external axial thrust loads. Improper adjustment will</li> </ul>
	Do not over tens	more information. Mechanical vibration and roughnes Use dial indicators to check alignment. The space be recommended by the coupling manufacturer. <b>End-Play Adjustment</b> The axial position of the motor frame with respect to in motor bearings are not designed for excessive exterr cause failure. <b>Pulley Ratio</b> <b>The best practice is to not exceed an 8:1 pulley ratio.</b> <b>The best practice is to not exceed an 8:1 pulley ratio.</b> <b>The best practice is to not excess tension may dama</b>	tse, any lifting means pro- tse, any lifting means pro- er, the assembly should a. Assure lifting in the dir l be taken to prevent haz l be taken to prevent haz or gear before installing arings. If possible. Consult the di- and roughness during c The space between cou- cturer. With respect to its load is a cessive external axial th cessive external axial th cos may damage the me	<ul> <li>In the case of assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the base by other lifting means provided on the base. Assure lifting in the direction intended in the design of the lifting means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent hazardous overloads due to decelerat acceleration or shock forces.</li> <li>Accurate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important. The pulley, sproc or gear used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the shaft shoulder as possible. It recommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before installing on the motor shaft. Forcibly drivi unit on the motor shaft will damage the bearings.</li> <li>Direct Coupling</li> <li>Direct Coupling for direct drive, use flexible couplings if possible. Consult the drive or equipment manufacturer for more information. Mechanical vibration and roughness during operation may indicate poor alignment. Use dial indicators to check alignment. The space between coupling hubs should be maintained a recommended by the coupling manufacturer.</li> <li>End-Play Adjustment</li> <li>The axial position of the motor frame with respect to its load is also extremely important. The star motor bearings are not designed for excessive external axial thrust loads. Improper adjustment w cause failure.</li> <li>Do not over tension belts. Excess tension may damage the motor or driven equipment.</li> </ul>



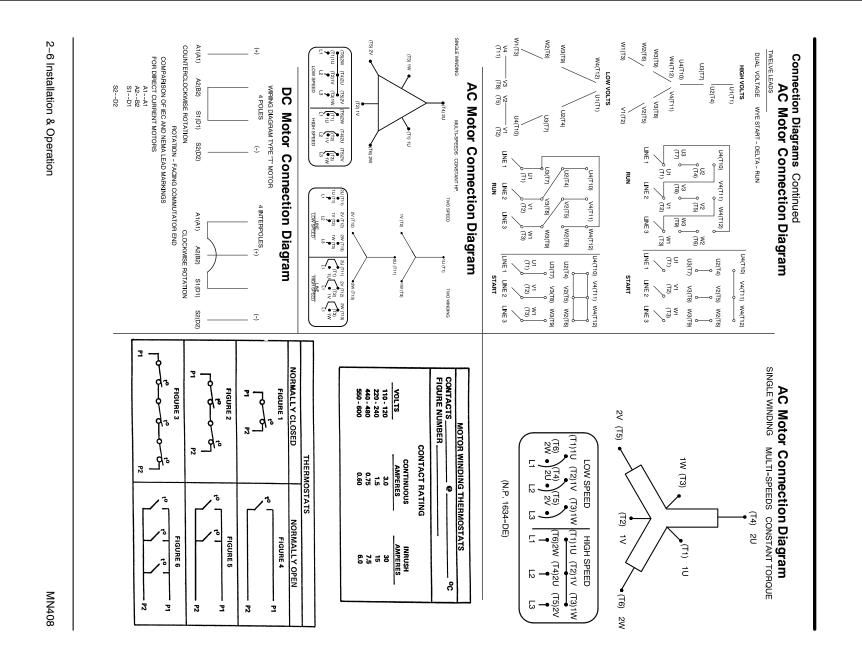
**Doweling & Bolting** After proper alignment is verified, dowel pins should be inserted through the motor feet into the foundation. This will maintain the correct motor position should motor removal be required. **Power Connection** Motor and control wiring, overload protection, disconnects, accessories and grounding should conform to the National Electrical Code and local codes and practices. WARNING: Grounding Guarding There are applications where grounding the exterior parts of a motor or generator may result in greater hazard by increasing the possibility of a person in the area simultaneously contacting ground and some other nearby live electrical parts of other ungrounded electrical equipment. In portable equipment it is difficult to be sure that a positive ground connection is maintained as the equipment is moved, and providing a grounding conductor may lead to a false sense of security. <u>- α</u> ε α μ member. Some motors are supplied with the bonding conductor on the concealed side of the cushion ring to protect the bond from damage. Motors with bonded cushion rings should usually be grounded at the time of installation in accordance with the above recommendations for making ground connections. When In the USA consult the National Electrical Code, Article 430 for information on grounding of motors and Ņ <u>.</u> - -Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions. This is particularly important where the parts have surface irregularities such as keys, key Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions, should be permanently guarded to prevent accidental contact by personnel. Accidental contact with body parts or clothing can cause serious or fatal injury. For motors installed in compliance with IEC requirements, the following minimum cross sectional area of the protective conductors should be used: Select a motor starter and over current protection suitable for this motor and its application. Consult motor starter application data as well as the National Electric Code and/or other applicable local codes. motors with bonded cushion rings are used in multimotor installations employing group fusing or group protection, the bonding of the cushion ring should be checked to determine that it is adequate for the Motors with resilient cushion rings usually must be provided with a bonding conductor across the resilient consult the appropriate national or local code applicable. point, the motor or generator terminal housing, and the motor or generator frame. In non-USA locations generators, and Article 250 for general information on grounding. In making the ground connection, heat shrink tubing. ways or set screws. at least 4 mm<sup>2</sup> Equipotential ponding connection shall made using rating of the branch circuit over current protective device being used. installer should make certain that there is a solid and permanent metallic connection between the ground be fully insulated. Flying leads must be insulated with two full wraps of electrical grade insulating tape or For ExnA hazardous location motors, it is a specific condition of use that all terminations in a conduit box (Baldor•Reliance motors are designed for doweling.) Mounting bolts must be carefully tightened to prevent changes in alignment. Use a flat washer and lock washer under each nut or bolt head to hold the motor feet secure. Flanged nuts or bolts may be used as an alternative to washers. Providing covers for the rotating parts. Covers should be sufficiently rigid to maintain adequate guarding during normal service. equipment. Install proper fitting dowels Covering the machine and associated rotating parts with structural or decorative parts of the driven Ream all holes Drill corresponding holes in the foundation. Drill dowel holes in diagonally opposite motor feet in the locations provided Cross-sectional area of phase conductors. S conductors > 91 ≤35 Some satisfactory methods of guarding are: Minimum cross-sectional area of the corresponding protective a conductor with a cross-sectional area 0,5 Ħ conductor, 6 C <u>ç</u> ome , the

Rotation All three phase motors are and interchange any two o lead numbers to be interch Adjustable Frequency Pow produce wave forms with lu phase-to-phase, and grou Suitable precautions shoul these voltage spikes. Cons proper grounding.	RED RED WHITE	MINDING RTDS	TD1 (W) (W) TD2	<u>HEATERS</u> H1	3. A combined variation i provided the frequency Performance within these v <b>Fi</b>	<ol> <li>AC power is within ±10</li> <li>OR</li> <li>AC power is within ±59</li> <li>OR</li> </ol>	AC Power Motors with flying lead con Connect the motor leads a cover on the conduit box. I	<b>Conduit Box</b> For ease of making connections, rotated 360° in 90° increments. Au such as space heaters, RTD's etc.	
All three phase motors are reversible. To reverse the direction of rotation, disconnect and lock out power and interchange any two of the three line leads for three phase motors. For single phase motors, check the connection diagram to determine if the motor is reversible and follow the connection instructions for lead numbers to be interchanged. Not all single phase motors are reversible. Adjustable Frequency Power Inverters used to supply adjustable frequency power to induction motors produce wave forms with lower order harmonics with voltage spikes superimposed. Turn-to-turn, phase-to-phase, and ground insulation of stator windings are subject to the resulting dielectric stresses. Suitable precautions should be taken in the design of these drive systems to minimize the magnitude of these voltage spikes. Consult the drive instructions for maximum acceptable motor lead lengths, and proper grounding.	<ul> <li>* One bearing RTD is installed in Drive endplate (PUEP), leads are labeled RTDDE.</li> <li>* One bearing RTD is installed in Opposite Drive endplate (FREP), leads are labeled RTDODE.</li> <li>* Note RTD may have 2-Red/1-White leads; or 2-White/1-Red Lead.</li> </ul>	Winding RTDs are installed in windings (2) per phase. Each set of leads is labeled 1TD1, 1TD2, 1TD3, 2TD1, 2TD2, 2TD3 etc.	Three thermistors are installed in windings and tied in series. Leads are labeled TD1 & TD2.	One heater is installed in each end of motor. Leads for each heater are labeled H1 & H2. (Like numbers should be tied together).	<ol> <li>A combined variation in voltage and frequency of ±10% (sum of absolute values) of rated values, provided the frequency variation does not exceed ±5% of rated frequency.</li> <li>Performance within these voltage and frequency variations are shown in Figure 2-4.</li> <li>Figure 2-3 Accessory Connections</li> </ol>	AC power is within $\pm 10\%$ of rated voltage with rated frequency. (See motor name plate for ratings). OR AC power is within $\pm 5\%$ of rated frequency with rated voltage. OR	Motors with flying lead construction must be properly terminated and insulated. Connect the motor leads as shown on the connection diagram located on the name plate or inside the cover on the conduit box. Be sure the following guidelines are met:	<b>Conduit Box</b> For ease of making connections, an oversize conduit box is provided. Most conduit boxes can be rotated 360° in 90° increments. Auxiliary conduit boxes are provided on some motors for accessories such as space heaters, RTD's etc.	

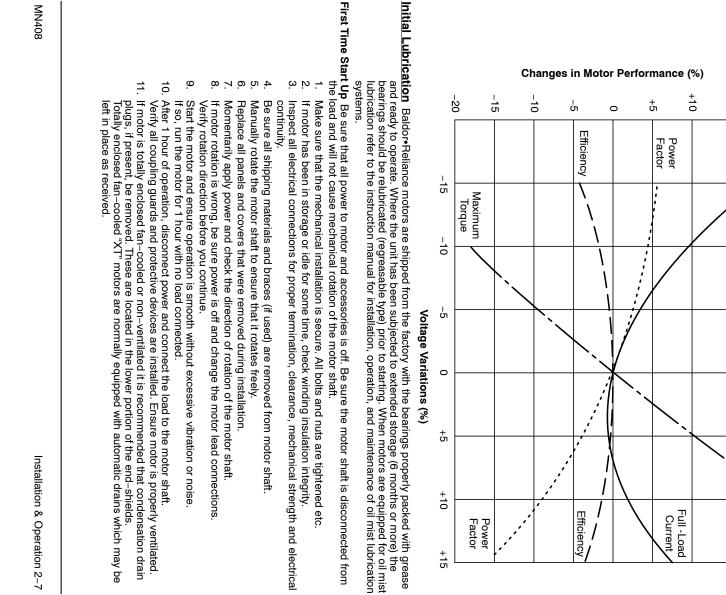
2-4 Installation & Operation



Page 27 of 44 **BALDOR** 







BALDOR Page 29 of 44 A MEMBER OF THE ABB GROUP

+<u>1</u>5

Full -Load Current

+20

Figure 2-4 Typical Motor Performance VS Voltage Variations

Maximum

Torque

or explosion proof motors are designed to contain the combustion and extinguish any flame transmission, for this protection concept, only external surface temperatures are of concern. Thermal limiting devices such as thermostats, thermistors or RTDs may be provided on these motors to limit the external surface temperature during overload conditions.	70–2008) – according to Article 500.8(C) Marking, sub clause (2) in the fine print note, it is noted that Equipment not marked to indicate a division is suitable for both Division 1 and Division 2 locations. These motors are not gas tight. To the contrary, this protection concept assumes that due to the normal heating and cooling cycle of motor operation that any gas present will be drawn into the motor. Since flameproof	are typically designed to meet Class I (Division 1) Group C and D (explosion proof) or Ex d IIB (flameproof). (flameproof). An application note regarding equipment applied in accordance with the US National Electric Code (NEPA	an explosive gas atmosphere prior to it exiting the motor. These flameproof joints have lengths and widths selected and tested based on the gas group present in the atmosphere. Baldor•Reliance motors	Motors that are explosion proof or flameproof use specially machined flameproof joints between the end bell or bracket and the frame, as well as along the rotating shaft and at connection box covers and particle. The fit of these flameproof joints are designed to contain the combustion or graph the flame of	Baldor offers a range of motors suitable for installation in a Division 1 or Zone 1 environment. These motors are known as explosion proof or flameproof. (Insert flameproof motor cut away drawing)	Class I Division 1 / Zone 1 [Equipment Group I (mining) or II (surface), Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Gb, Mb ]

2-8 Installation & Operation

Protection

Concepts

Areas are classified with respect to risk and exposure to the hazard. In the US typically classified as follows Class, Division, Group and Temperature Class. In in the US and in most international markets, areas are classified in Zones.

area classification and select proper equipment.

temperature or temperature class is required.

equipment is suitable for installation in that environment, and identifies what the maximum safe

This classification process lets the installer know what

It is the customer or users responsibility to determine the

international hazardous location areas, guid IEC60079-14, or for dust in IEC61241-14.

**Hazardous** Locations

distributor or Baldor Service Center.

Selection

Hazardous locations are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of combustible gases, vapors, dust, fibers or flyings. Facilities requiring special equipment for hazardous locations are typically classified in accordance with local requirements. In the US market, guidance is provided by the National Electric Code. In international hazardous location areas, guidance for gas / vapor / mist classification is given in

Jogging and Repeated Starts Repeated starts and/or jogs of induction motors generally reduce the life of the motor winding insulation. A much greater amount of heat is produced by each acceleration or jog than by th same motor under full load. If it is necessary to repeatedly start or jog the motor, it is advisable to che the application with your local Baldor distributor or Baldor Service Center.

check

the

The equipment can now be loaded and operated within specified limits. Do not exceed the name plate ratings for amperes for steady continuous loads.

Run for approximately 1 hour with the driven equipment in an unloaded condition

The first coupled start up should be with no load. Apply power and verify that the load is not transmitting excessive vibration back to the motor though the coupling or the foundation. Vibration

**Heating** - Duty rating and maximum ambient temperature are stated on the motor name plate. Do not exceed these values. If there is any question regarding safe operation, contact your local Baldor

Coupled Start Up

This procedure assumes a coupled start up. Also, that the first time start up procedure was successful.

Check the coupling and ensure that all guards and protective devices are installed

ωN

Check that the coupling is properly aligned and not binding.

4

should be at an acceptable level.

market, areas are 1 some newer installations

**MN408** 

- Motor stall
- ø Motor reversing
- 5 Single phase operation of polyphase equipment
- ±. Variable frequency operation

specific hazardous areas may be used in those hazardous areas on inverter power. designed to operate at or below the maximum surface temperature (or T-Code) sta Variable Frequency Power Operation for Division 1 or 2 and Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 Hazardous Location (motors with maximum surface temperature listed on the nameplate). Only motors with nameplates marked for use on inverter (variable frequency) power, and labeled for -ailure to operate the motor properly can cause this maximum surface temperature to be exceeded T-Code) stated on the nameplate. The motor is

Page 31 of 44

<u>-</u> α ε 4 α σ -**Location.** These motors are designed to operate at or below the maximum surface temperature (or T–Code) stated on the nameplate. Failure to operate the motor properly can cause this maximum surface temperature to be exceeded. If applied in a Division 1 or 2 / Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 environment, this excessive temperature may cause ignition of hazardous materials. Operating the motor at any of the following conditions can cause the marked surface temperature to be exceeded. **Class II Division 1 / Zone 21 [Equipment Group III, Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Db ]** This area classification is one where the risk of ignitable concentrations of dust is present at all or some of the time. The protection concepts used for Class II Division 1 is similar to flamepath, except with additional dust exclusion paths designed for the rotating shaft. In the international designations, this concept is referred to as dust ignition proof or Ex tD. External surface temperature remains the limiting factor. Thermal limiting devices such as thermostats, thermistors or RTDs may be provided on these motors to limit the external surface temperature during overload conditions. If thermostats are provided as a condition of certification, it is the installer's responsibility to make sure that these devices are considered. In many cases, the internal temperatures are higher than the external temperatures and therefore become the limiting factor in determination of temperature code designation. In these applications, it is very important to use a motor that has been evaluated thermally for use with an inverter or converter, if variable speed operation is desired. Thermostats used for Class I Division 2 and Ex nA motors are used to protect the motor only. For motors using flying lead construction, it is important to use connection lugs and insulate with heat shrink tubing or a double wrap of insulation grade electrical tape to avoid the risk of spark or ignition. If thermostats are provided as a condition of certification, it is the installer's responsibility to make sure that these devices are properly connected to a suitable switching device. The ATEX directive requires that motor shutdown on thermal trip be accomplished without an intermediate software command. Class II Division 2 / Zone 22 [Equipment Group III, Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Dc ] This area classification is one where the risk of exposure to ignitable concentrations of dust are not likely to occur under normal operating conditions and relies heavily on the housekeeping practices within the properly connected to a suitable switching device. Note: In the North American area classification sy **Class I Division 2 / Zone 2 Ex nA, [Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Gc ]** This protection concept relies on having no sources of ignition present such as arcing parts or hot surfaces. For this protection concept, internal temperatures as well as external temperatures are Explosion proof and Flame proof motors shipped without a conduit box require use of a certified box of suitable dimensions and that is appropriate for the classification. Flameproof motors, internationally referred to as Ex d use a protection concept similar to that used in Class I Division 1 motors, with minor differences in the flameproof joints and cable entry designs. Flameproof and explosion proof motors are both type tested. Representative motors are connected to a Sine Wave Power Operation for Division 1 or 2 and Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 Hazardous installation. Flameproof and explosion proof motors are both type tested. Representative motors are connected to reference gas and ignited in laboratory conditions to verify that the flame is not transmitted outside the motor Altitude above 3300 feet / 1000 meters Severe duty cycles of repeated starts Unbalanced voltages Voltages above or below nameplate value Ambient temperatures above nameplate value Motor load exceeding service factor nameplate value oss of proper ventilation In the North American area classification system, Class III exists for fibers and flyings. In the IEC designation, both dusts and flyings are absorbed into Group III. enclosure and to determine the maximum internal pressure encountered

Repair of Class I Division 2 and Zone For Division 2 and Zone 2, the internal a

and N motors

method also relies on temperature being maintained, make sure that any rewinding uses the original electrical designs, including any thermal protection that may be present. **Repair of Dust Ignition Proof Motors – Class II Division 1 and 2, Zone 21 and 22.** For Dust Ignition Proof, proper sealing is required. Do not modify the motor construction to add any additional opening, and ensure that proper sealing is maintained in the connection box and at the sha seal. Since this protection method also relies on temperature being maintained, make sure that any rewinding uses the original electrical designs, including any thermal protection that may be present

shaft

<u>http://www.iecex.com/service\_facilities.htm</u> Explosion proof and flameproof motors achieve their safety based on the mechanical construction – flameproof joints and bearing clearance, and the electrical design including any thermal limiting devices. If it is necessary to repair a flameproof or explosion proof motor, it is critical that the mechanical flameproof joints be maintained. Consult Baldor Electric Company for flameproof joint construction details. Use only Baldor-Reliance supplied parts. Baldor does not recommend reclamation of parts. Since this protection

In the North American market, recertification programs are offered by Underwriters Laboratories and Canadian Standards Association which allow authorized service shops to mark the rebuilt motors as certified. In the international markets using IEC based requirements, repair should be undertaken only after consulting IEC60079–19 Explosive Atmospheres–Part 19 Equipment repair, overhaul and

reclamation. If use of a certified repair facility is desired, consult the IECEX Repair Scheme at

Repair of hazardous certified motors requires additional information, skill, and care. It is the customer's responsibility to select service shops with proper qualifications to repair hazardous location motors. Contact the manufacture for additional repair details. Use only original manufacturer's parts. Repair of Explosion Proof or Flame Proof Motors Class I Division 1 and Zone 1

Bearing currents can exist in some motors for both line-fed and inverter-fed applications. Larger line-fed motors may require at least one insulated bearing to prevent a flow of current through the bearings. Do not defeat such insulation whether the motor is line-fed or inverter-fed applications. Inverter-fed motors may require additional bearing insulation or even a shaft brush. Do not defeat such features. When the motor and the coupled load are not on a common conductive baseplate, it may also be necessary to electrically bond together the stationary parts of the motor and the coupled equipment.

Equipotential Bonding and Shaft Current Reduction Larger motors (ie WP construction) may require proper bonding between motor enclosures and covers to avoid the risk of stray currents during start up. Fastening methods and bonding straps must not be modified.

**Thermal Limiting**Thermal limiting devices are temperature sensing control components installed inside the motor to limit the internal temperature of the motor frame by interrupting the circuit of the holding coil of the magnetic switch or contactor. They are required for most Division 1 and Zone 1 applications. For Division 2 or Zone 2 applications, motors should be selected that preclude running temperatures from exceeding the ignition temperatures for the designated hazardous material. In Division 2 or Zone 2 classified locations, thermal limiting devices should only be used for winding protection and not considered for limiting all internal motor temperatures to specific ignition temperatures.

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Unstable current wave forms

10. Lower than name plate minimum carrier frequency

Single phase operation of polyphase equipment Altitudes above 3300 feet / 1000 meters

Operation outside of the nameplate speed / frequency range

Loss of proper ventilation

Unbalanced voltages

Voltage (at each operating frequency) above or below rated nameplate value

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cause the marked surface temperature to be exceeded

Motor load exceeding service factor nameplate value

Ambient temperature above nameplate value

If applied in a Division 1 or 2 / Zone 1 or 2 may cause ignition of hazardous materials

or 2 and Zone 21 or 2 and Zone 21 or 2

22 environment, this excessive temperature motor at any of the following conditions can

**Repair of Motors used in Hazardous Locations** 

MN408

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Page 33 of 44

checked and verified. Ball Bearing Motors	Onerating Temperature _25°C (_15°E) to 50°C (120°E)	ck that the motor is clean. Check that the i tse, water, etc. Oily vapor, paper pulp, text ilation. If the motor is not properly ventilate re. orm a dielectric with stand test periodically been maintained. Record the readings. In lation resistance. Ck all electrical connectors to be sure that t ck all electrical connectors to be sure that the ck all electrical connectors to be sure that the the bearing grease will ose its lubricating a grease (over time) depends primarily on the bearing operates and the severity of the owing recommendations are used in your i igh grade ball or roller bearing grease shou conditions is <b>Polyrex EM (Exxon Mobil).</b> and verified.	Water in the processing intervension intervension approximately every soor nous or operation or every soor months, whichever occurs first. Keep the motor clean and the ventilation openings clear. The following steps should be performed at each inspection:           WARNING:         Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected.           Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.	WARNING: UL and EX Listed motors must only be serviced by UL or EX Approved Authorized Baldor Service Centers if these motors are to be returned to a hazardous and/or explosive atmosphere.
. Do not mix greases unless compatibility has been		e interior and exterior of the motor is free of dirt, oil, extile lint, etc. can accumulate and block motor ated, overheating can occur and cause early motor lly to ensure that the integrity of the winding insulatio lmmediately investigate any significant decrease in lmmediately investigate any significant decrease in they are tight. It they are tight. It they are tight. It they are tight. It they of grease, the size of the bearing, the sp the operating conditions. Good results can be obta ir maintenance program.	clean and the ventilation openings clear. The following of the ventilation openings clear. The following this tensure that power has been disconnected fury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the is equipment.	ed by UL or EX Approved Authorized Baldor Ser a hazardous and/or explosive atmosphere.

**BALDOR** • **RELIANCE** Product Information Packet: ECP44206TR-4 - 200HP,1190RPM,3PH,60HZ,449T,TEFC,FOOT,

**Roller Bearing Motors** 

Operating Temperature -25°C (-15°F) to 50°C (120°F) TEXACO, INC. PREMIUM RB MOBIL MOBILITH SHC 220 (Standard on Baldor motors) CHEVRON OIL BLACK PEARL

3–2 Maintenance
ø
Troubleshooting

**Relubrication Intervals n Intervals** Recommended relubrication intervals are shown in Table 3-2. It is important to realize that the recommended intervals of Table 3-2 are based on average use.

# Refer to additional information contained in Tables 3-3, 3-4 and 3-5

Table 3-2 Relubrication Intervals \*

			Rated Sp	Rated Speed - RPM		
NEMA / (IEC) Frame Size	10000	6000	3600	1800	1200	900
Up to 210 incl. (132)	*	2700 Hrs.	5500 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	12000 Hrs. 18000 Hrs.	22000 Hrs.
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)		*	3600 Hrs.	9500 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.
Over 280 to 360 incl. (225)		*	* 2200 Hrs.	* 2200 Hrs. 7400 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.
Over 360 to 449 incl. (315)		*	*2200 Hrs.	*2200 Hrs. 3500 Hrs.	7400 Hrs. 10500 Hrs.	10500 Hrs.

Relubrication intervals are for ball bearings

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For vertically mounted motors and roller bearings, divide the relubrication interval by 2

For motors operating at speeds greater than 3600 RPM, contact Baldor for relubrication recommendations.

## Table 3-3 Service Conditions

	· 000 C #		I and Tampa and in a
Shock or Vibration	Class H Insulation		
Severe dirt, Abrasive dust, Corrosion, Heavy	>50° C* or	16 Plus	Extreme
Moderate dirt, Corrosion	50° C	16 Plus	Severe
Clean, Little Corrosion	40° C	8	Standard
Atmospheric Contamination	Ambient Temperature Maximum	Hours per day of Operation	Severity of Service

× not mix with other grease types. Thoroughly clean bearing & cavity before adding grease. Special high temperature grease is recommended (Dow Corning DC44). Note that Dow Corning DC44 grease does

Special low temperature grease is recommended (Aeroshell 7).

\*

# Table 3-1 Belubrication Interval Mul

# Table 3-4 Relubrication Interval Multiplier

1.0	Low Temperature
0.1	Extreme
0.5	Severe
1.0	Standard
Multiplier	Severity of Service

Some motor designs use different bearings on each motor end. This is normally indicated on the motor nameplate. In this case, the larger bearing is installed on the motor Drive endplate. For best relubrication results, only use the appropriate amount of grease for each bearing size (not the same for both).



	Table 3-5 Be	Table 3-5 Bearings Sizes and Types		
	(These are t	Bearing Description (These are the "Large" bearings (Shaft End) in each frame size)	iption aft End) in eac	h frame size)
 NEMA (IEC)		Weight of Grease to	Volume of grease	of grease
	Bearing	add *	in <sup>3</sup> tea	teasnoon
56 to 140 (90)	6203	0.08 (2.4)	0.15	0.5
140 (90)	6205	0.15 (3.9)	0.2	0.8
180 (100–112)	6206	0.19 (5.0)	0.3	1.0
210 (132)	6307	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0
250 (160)	6309	0.47 (12.5)	0.7	2.5
280 (180)	6311	0.61 (17)	1.2	3.9
320 (200)	6312	0.76 (20.1)	1.2	4.0
360 (225)	6313	0.81 (23)	1.5	5.2
400 (250)	6316	1.25 (33)	2.0	6.6
440 (280)	6319	2.12 (60)	4.1	13.4
5000 to 5800 (315–450)	6328	4.70 (130)	9.2	30.0
5000 to 5800 (315–450)	NU328	4.70 (130)	9.2	30.0
360 to 449 (225–280)	NU319	2.12 (60)	4.1	13.4
AC Induction Servo				
76 Frame 180 (112)	6207	0.22 (6.1)	0.44	1.4
77 Frame 210 (132)	6210	0.32 (9.0)	0.64	2.1
 80 Frame 250(160)	6213	0.49 (14.0)	0.99	3.3
<ul> <li>Weight in grams = .005 DB of grease to be added</li> </ul>	se to be added			
	-			

Note: Not all bearing sizes are listed. For intermediate bearing sizes, use the grease volume for the next larger size bearing.

Maintenance & Troubleshooting 3-3

MN408



LIANCER	Product Information Packet: ECP44206TR-4 - 200HP,11	90RPM,3PH,60HZ,449T,TEFC,FOOT,
	Sample Relub 43 No. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	Caution: To en Relubrication F rec Caution: Do Caution: Do 1. 2. 2. 2. 3. 3. 4.
	<ul> <li>Without Grease Provisions</li> <li>Note: Only a Baldor authorized and UL or CSA certified service center can disassemble a UL/CSA listing.</li> <li>Disassemble the motor.</li> <li>Disassemble the motor.</li> <li>Add recommended amount of grease to bearing and bearing cavity. (Bearing should be about 1/3 full of grease and outboard bearing cavity should be about 1/2 full of grease.)</li> <li>Assemble the motor.</li> <li>Assemble the motor.</li> <li>Assemble the motor.</li> <li>Assemble the motor.</li> <li>Table 3-2 list 9500 hours for standard conditions.</li> <li>Table 3-3 classifies severity of service as "Severe".</li> <li>Table 3-5 shows that 1.2 in<sup>3</sup> or 3.9 teaspoon of grease is to be added. Note: Smaller bearings in size category may require reduced amounts of grease.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Caution: To avoid damage to motor bearings, grease must be kept free of dirt. For an extremely dirty environment, contact your Baldor distributor or an authorized Baldor Service Center for additional information.</li> <li>Relubrication Procedure Be sure that the grease you are adding to the motor is compatible with the grease already in the motor. Consult your Baldor distributor or an authorized service center if a grease cher than the recommended type is to be used.</li> <li>Caution: Do not over-lubricate motor as this may cause premature bearing failure.</li> <li>With Grease Outlet Plug</li> <li>1. With the motor stopped, clean all grease fittings with a clean cloth.</li> <li>2. Remove grease outlet plug.</li> <li>Over-lubricating can cause excessive bearing temperatures, premature lubrication breakdown and bearing failure.</li> <li>3. Add the recommended amount of grease.</li> <li>4. Operate the motor for 15 minutes with grease plug removed. This allows excess grease to purge.</li> <li>5. Re-install grease outlet plug.</li> </ul>

Maintenance & Troubleshooting 3-5

Symptom	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Motor will not start	Usually caused by line trouble, such	e of
Excessive humming	High Voltage	Check input line connections.
	Eccentric air gap.	Have motor serviced at local Baldor service center.
Motor Over Heating	Overload. Compare actual amps (measured) with nameplate rating.	Locate and remove source of excessive friction in motor or load.
	Single Phasing.	Check current at all phases (should be approximately equal) to isolate and correct the problem.
	Improper ventilation.	Check external cooling fan to be sure air is moving properly across cooling fins. Excessive dirt build-up on motor. Clean motor.
	Unbalanced voltage.	Check voltage at all phases (should be approximately equal) to isolate and correct the problem.
	Rotor rubbing on stator.	Check air gap clearance and bearings. Tighten "Thru Bolts".
	Over voltage or under voltage.	Check input voltage at each phase to motor.
	Open stator winding.	Check stator resistance at all three phases for balance.
	Grounded winding.	Perform dielectric test and repair as required.
	Improper connections.	Inspect all electrical connections for proper termination, clearance, mechanical strength and electrical continuity. Refer to motor lead connection diagram.
Bearing Over Heating	Misalignment.	Check and align motor and driven equipment.
	Excessive belt tension.	Reduce belt tension to proper point for load.
	Excessive grease in bearing.	Remove grease until cavity is approximately <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> filled.
	Insufficient grease in bearing.	Add grease until cavity is approximately <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> filled.
	Dirt in bearing.	Clean bearing cavity and bearing. Repack with correct grease until cavity is approximately <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> filled.
Vibration	Misalignment.	Check and align motor and driven equipment.
	Rubbing between rotating parts and stationary parts.	Isolate and eliminate cause of rubbing.
	Rotor out of balance.	Have rotor balance checked are repaired at your Baldor Service Center.
	Resonance.	Tune system or contact your Baldor Service Center for assistance.
Noise	Foreign material in air gap or ventilation openings.	Remove rotor and foreign material. Reinstall rotor. Check insulation integrity. Clean ventilation openings.
Growling or whining	Bad bearing.	Replace bearing. Clean all grease from cavity and new bearing. Repack with correct grease until cavity is approximately <sup>9</sup> / <sub>4</sub> filled.

Table 3-6 Troubleshooting Chart



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Page 37 of 44

the frame AC. Baldor motors with a 1.15 service mperature rise at rated load and are built with an end trip settings of the suggested alarm and trip settings should be selected based on the initial and trip settings may be reduced so that an a reature limits are based on the installed earing RTDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40° s.B Temp Rise $\leq$ 80° C Class F Temp Rise $\leq$ 1100 Time Class F Temp Rise $\leq$ 80° C Time RTDs = Temperature Limit In °C (40° Time Class F Temperature lubricants include some special sing the temperature lubricants include some special sing transpective to that are compatible with Poloton rame plate for replacement grease or oil taldor application engineering for special lubrication application engineering for special lubrication	Most large frame AC       Baldor motors with a 1.15 service factor are design (90°C) temperature rise, RTD (Resistance Temperature Detectors) settings the subgreature time and trip settings should be selected based on these tables up specific applications.         The following tables show the suggested alarm and trip settings for RTD RTD alarm and trip settings should be selected based on these tables up specified by NEMA. Bearing RTDs should be installed so that an abnormal machine The temperature limits are based on the installed so they are in co or roller bearings or in direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell.         Winding RTDs = Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Anthese shows or roller bearing shell.         Vine Class B Temp Rise s 80°C         (Typical Design)       Class F Temp Rise store         Vinding RTDs are factory production installed, not from Mod-Express.         • When Class H temperature I this are tor standard design motors operating and trip settings are for standard design motors operating and trip sets and are compatible with Polyrex EM (but consilinclude the following:         • Most In SHC-100       - Permix 1         • Bearing temperature limits are compatible with Polyrex EM (but consilinclude the following:       - Chevron SRI #2         • High temperature Box Premium #2       - Chevron SRI #2         • Most In SHC-100       - Permix #2       - Chevron SRI #2         • Most Int SHC-100       - Permix #2       - Chevron SRI #2         • High temperature for replacement grease or oil recommendation of replacement grease or oil recommendation further compat	Baldor motors with a 1.15 service factor are ise at rated load and are built with a Class H rise, RTD (Resistance Temperature Detector show the suggested alarm and trip settings for ettings should be selected based on these ta n direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell. <b>RTDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximu</b> <b>Ise s 80°C</b> <b>Class F Temp Rise ≤ 105°C</b> <b>is are factory production installed, not from Mod-E</b> temperatures are used, consider bearing tempera ture lubricants include some special synthetic oils ubstituted that are compatible with Polyrex EM (bu - Pennzoil Pennzlube EM-2 - Damez 711 Pattor replacement grease or oil recommen- cation engineering for special lubricants or fur-	include the following: - Texaco Polystar - Datith SHC-100 See the motor nam Contact Baldor app	Note: * E ** F	High Temperature**	Oil or Grease	ote:	to 1.15 S.F.	≤ Rated Load 130	Alarm	Motor Load Clas	If the driv the alarm The temp specified I or roller b	(80°C) ter this low te used as a The follow RTD alarr specific a
ate well below the initial are selected alarm and trip diversitance are built with to service gested alarm and trip diversitate well below the initial are well below the initial are used, so that an a on the installed act with the sleeve betwer the sleeve between the sleeve the sleeve the sleeve between the sleeve	por swith a r. is service factor are onesigned and are built with a Class H windre istance Temperature Detectors) set in the selected based on these tables up ate well below the initial temperature set in constalled so that an abnormal maching on the installed on the selected based on these tables up are used, consider bearing shell. <b>Class F Temp Rise ≤ 105°C</b> Alarm Trip   155 160   165 165   160 165   160 165   160 165   160 165   160 165   160 165   160 165   170 Maximum Amb   cition Trip   100 85   111 °C (40°C Maximum Amb   cition 115   100 85   are for standard design motors operating a sinclude some special synthetic oils and g are compatible with Polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with Polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with Polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with Polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible with polyrex EM (but consil and g are compatible are compating are compatible are compating are compating are	por with a 1.15 service ractor are designed to operate or operate which a Class H winding insulation settings to Class B temperature gested alarm and trip settings for RTDs. Proper bearing the selected based on these tables unless otherwise are well below the initial temperature settings under nor a reduced so that an abnormal machine load will be ide on the installed so they are in contact with the sleeve bearing shell.          rate well below the initial temperature settings under nor are used. consider bearing temperatures and relubrication regarded by the origination of the winding RTDs inbedded in the out act with the sleeve bearing shell.         class F Temp Rise $\leq 105^{\circ}$ C       Class H Temp Alarm         156       165       175         150       165       175         coduction installed, not from Mod-Express.       Class H Temp Rise $\leq 105^{\circ}$ C       Class H Temp Rise $\leq 105^{\circ}$ C         orduction installed, not from Mod-Express.       Tref       Alarm       Nam         100       85       175       180         into the special synthetic oils and greases.       To the special synthetic oils and greases.       To the considered as "standard are compatible with Polyrex EM (but considered as "standard are and greases.         are compatible with Polyrex EM (but considered as "standard acement grease or oil recommendation.       Pretro-Canada Peerless LLG         acement grease or oil recommendation.       Pretro-Canada Peerless LLG         acement grease or oil recommendation.       Standard.         acement grease or oil recommendation. </td <th>i following: alystar – Rykon SHC-100 – Pennzi 707 – Darme notor nameplate for replivation engine saldor application engine</th> <td>Bearing temperature limits High temperature lubricant</td> <td>99 110</td> <td>Alarm</td> <td>Inding HTDs are factory pr Ihen Class H temperatures Bearing RTDs - Temp Anti-Fr</td> <td>150</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Class B Temp Rise ≤ 80°C (Tvpical Design)</td> <td>en load is found to oper and trip settings may be erature limits are based by NEMA. Bearing RTL by NEMA Bearing RTDs - Temp Winding RTDs - Temp</td> <td>(80°C) temperature rise at rated i (80°C) temperature rise at rated i this low temperature rise, RTD (R used as a starting point. Some rr The following tables show the suc RTD alarm and trip settings shoul specific applications.</td>	i following: alystar – Rykon SHC-100 – Pennzi 707 – Darme notor nameplate for replivation engine saldor application engine	Bearing temperature limits High temperature lubricant	99 110	Alarm	Inding HTDs are factory pr Ihen Class H temperatures Bearing RTDs - Temp Anti-Fr	150			Class B Temp Rise ≤ 80°C (Tvpical Design)	en load is found to oper and trip settings may be erature limits are based by NEMA. Bearing RTL by NEMA Bearing RTDs - Temp Winding RTDs - Temp	(80°C) temperature rise at rated i (80°C) temperature rise at rated i this low temperature rise, RTD (R used as a starting point. Some rr The following tables show the suc RTD alarm and trip settings shoul specific applications.
	a Tactor are densing e a Class H winding factor have cS with factor have Class settings for RTD on these tables u and temperature set the winding RTDs so they are in co aring shell. <b>C Maximum Amb</b> <b>Trip</b> 165 165 165 <b>Trip</b> 165 <b>Trip</b> 165 <b>Trip</b> 165 <b>Trip</b> 165 165 C Maximum Amb 85 105 105 105 C Maximum Amb 85 20 C Maximum Amb 85 20 C Maximum Amb 85 20 C Maximum Amb 85 20 C Maximum Amb 85 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	a Class H winding insulation syst re Detectors) settings for Class F temperature settings for RTDs. Proper bearin on these tables unless otherwise so they are in contact with the out aring shell. *C Maximum Ambient) tise $\leq$ 105°C Class H Temp 165 175 165 180 motors operating at Class B temperatures withetic oils and greases. *Yrex EM (but considered as "standard - Chevron SRI #2 - Chevron SRI #2 - Chevron SRI #2 - Petro-Canada Peerless LLG recommendation. cants or further clarifications.	Premium #2 oil Pennzlube EM-2 x 711 acement grease or oil sering for special lubri	are for standard design is include some special stare compatible with Pol	115	Trip	roduction installed, not fr 3 are used, consider bea 9 berature Limit In °C (40' 1 iction	160	155	Alarm	Class F Temp R	ate well below the initi e reduced so that an <i>e</i> on the installation of t Os should be installed act with the sleeve be perature Limit In °C (40	oad and are built with tesistance Temperatur notors with 1.0 service ggested alarm and trip Id be selected based o





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Safety Notice Be sure to read and understand all of the Safety Notice statements in MN408. A copy is available http://www.baldor.com/support/literature\_load.asp?ManNumber=MN408 a

## ACCEPTANCE

Thoroughly inspect this equipment before accepting shipment from the transportation company. If any damage shortage is discovered do not accept until noted on the SAFETY freight bill. Report all damage to the freight carrier. 9

Eye bolts, lifting lugs or lifting openings, if provided, are intended only for lifting the motor and motor mounted standard accessories not exceeding, in total 30% of the motor weight. These lifting provisions should never be used when lifting or handling the motor and driven equipment. Eye bolt lifting capacity rating is based on a lifting alignment coincident with eye bolt center line. Eye bolt capacity reduces as deviation from this alignment is increased. Be sure eye bolts are tight and prevented from turning before lifting.

INSTALLATION OUTSIDE THE USA: Refer to MN408 and MN1383 for Compliance with European Directives. Copies are available at:

MOTOR ENCLOSURE http://www.baldor.com/support/literature\_load.asp

ODP, combustible materials. Open motors can emit flame and/or molten metal in the event of insulation failure. dry locations with adequate supply of cooling air. These motors should not be used in the presence of flammable or Open drip proof motors are intended for use in clean

indoor and outdoor locations. moisture, dirf and/or corrosive materials are present in TEFC, totally enclosed motors are intended for use where

**Explosion protected** motors, as indicated by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory Certification mark and marking with Class, Division and Temperature Code are intended for installation in hazardous locations as described in Article 500 of the NEC. Refer to MN408 for more details.

# MOUNTING

Foot mounted machines should be mounted to a rigid foundation to prevent excessive vibration. Shims may be used if location is uneven. Flange mounted machines should be properly seated and aligned. Note: If improper rotation direction is detrimental to aligned, check rotation direction prior to coupling the load to the load, check

the motor shaft.

premature bearing failure or shaft breakage. **Direct coupled** machines should be carefully aligned and the shaft should rotate freely without binding. For V-belt drive, mount the sheave pulley close to the motor housing. Allow clearance for end to end movement of the motor shaft. Do not overtighten belts as this may cause

**GENERAL** The user must select a motor starter and overcurrent protection suitable for this motor and its application. Consult motor starter application data as well as the National Electric Code and/or applicable local codes. Special motors for use by United States Government including special specifications, master plans, etc. refer to the applicable master plans and specifications involved lectric

and prevent the shaft block must be installed to prevent axial movement reshipped alone or installed to another piece of equipment remove blocking before operating the motor. If motor is to be On motors received from the factory with the shaft blocked, brinelling of the bearings during shipment

MN416

## **ESTING**

Depending on storage conditions it may be necessary to regrease or change rusted bearings. Contact Baldor District Office if resistance is less than 5 meg ohms. If the motor has been in storage for an extensive period or has been subjected to adverse moisture conditions, check the motor insulation resistance with a meg ohm meter.

# WARNING: Do not touch electrical connections before

WARNING: Be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. Electrical shock can you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. cause serious or fatal injury.

## INSTALLATION

This motor must be installed Electric Code, NEMA MG-2, WIRING in accordance with National IEC standards and local codes

Connect the motor as shown in the connection diagrams. If this motor is installed as part of a motor control drive system, connect and protect the motor according to the control manufacturers diagrams. Refer to MN408 for additional details on lead marking. The wiring, fusing and grounding must comply with the National Electrical Code or IEC and local codes. When the motor is connected to the load for proper direction of rotation and started, it should start quickly and run smoothly. If not, stop the motor immediately and operation and compare the measured current with the motor, motor connections are not correct or the load is heavy. Check the motor current after a few minutes of determine the cause. Possible causes are: low voltage at the nameplate rating. is too

the ground point, the motor or generator terminal housing, and the motor or generator frame. In non-USA locations consult the appropriate national or local code applicable. **GROUNDING** Ground the motor according to NEC and local codes. In the USA consult the National Electrical Code, Article 430 for information on grounding of motors and generators, and Article 250 for general information on grounding. In making the ground connection, the installer should make certain that ADJUSTMENT there is a solid and permanent metallic connection between

have no adjustable parts. The neutral is adjustable on some DC motors. AC motors

## Noise

For specific sound power or pressure level information, contact your local Baldor representative.

This motor is balanced to NEMA MG1, Part 7 standard VIBRATION

**BRUSHES (DC Motors)** Periodically, the brushes should be inspected and all brush dust blown out of the motor. If a brush is worn  $1/_2$ , (length specified in renewal parts data), replace the brushes. Reassemble and seat the new brushes using a brush seating stone. Be sure the rocker arm is set on the neutra



## INSPECTION

Before connecting the motor to an electrical supply, inspect for any damage resulting from shipment. Turn the shaft by hand to ensure free rotation. Motor leads must be isolated before the shaft will turn freely on permanent magnet motors. DRAIN PLUGS

motor has special stainless steel drains). All dra located in the lowest portion of the ends shields. non-ventilated motors, the plugs in the lowest portion of the ends shields should be removed for operation (unless the each endplate for various motor mounting configurations. Condensation drain plugs are provided at four points on For Washdown and totally enclosed, fan cooled or All drains are

### MOUNTING

Mount the motor on a foundation sufficiently rigid to prevent excessive vibration. Grease lubricated ball bearing motors may be mounted with the feet at any angle. After careful alignment, bolt motor securely in place. Use shim to fill any unevenness in the foundation. Motor feet should sit solidly on the foundation before mounting bolts are tightened.

7 **7** (Ingress Protection)

IP designations include two numerals, the first characteristic numeral is for ingress solid bodies and from dust. The second for ingress protection from liquid – water. Motors marked less than IP23 require additional protection from water.

### GUARDING

After motor installation is complete, a guard of suitable dimensions must be constructed and installed around the motor/gearmotor. This guard must prevent personnel from coming in contact with any moving parts of the motor or drive the motor. assembly but must allow sufficient cooling air to pass over

If a motor mounted brake is installed, provide proper safeguards for personnel in case of brake failure. plates or lids, must be installed before operating the motor. Brush inspection plates and electrical connection cover

### STARTING

loose rotating parts to prevent them from flying off. Check direction of rotation before coupling motor to load. The motor should start quickly and run smoothly and with little noise. If the motor should fail to start the load may be been miswired. In any case immediately shut motor off and too great for the motor, the voltage is low or the motor has Before starting motor remove all unused shaft keys and investigate the cause.

**ROTATION** To reverse the direction of rotation, disconnect and lockout power and interchange any two of the three AC power leads for three phase motors. For two-phase four wire, disconnect and lockout power and interchange the AC line leads on any one phase. For two phase three wire, disconnect and lockout norwer and interchange phase one and phase two AC line

## Maintenance Procedures

Page 42 of 44

- WARNING: WARNING: Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Surface temperatures of motor enclosures
- accidentally coming into contact with hot surfaces. Protection should be provided by the user to protect against accidental contact with hot surfaces. Failure to observe this precaution could result in bodily injury. discomfort or injury to personnel may reach temperatures which can cause

## Lubrication Information

lubricated at the factory. Motors that do not have regrease capability are factory lubricated for the normal life of the bearings. Washdown motors can not be lubricated. This is a ball or roller bearing motor. The bearings have beer

### Lubricant

Polyrex EM unless stated on nameplate. Do not mix lubricants due to possible incompatibility. Look for signs of lubricant incompatibility, such as extreme soupiness visible from the grease relief area. If other greases are preferred, check with local Baldor representative for recommendations. Relubrication Intervals (For motors with regrease Baldor motors are pregreased, normally with Mobil

# capability)

intervals. be relubricated. Lubrication is also recommended New motors that have been stored for a year or more should at these

## LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS

!> :motor to prevent grease contamination. contamination. Properly clean the grease inlet area of the Cleanliness is important in lubrication. Any grease used to lubricate anti friction bearings should be fresh and free from

Select service condition from Table 1. Select lubrication frequency from Table N

## LUBRICATION PROCEDURE

is warm. Bearings should be lubricated while stationary and the motor

- 1. Locate the grease inlet, clean the area, and replace the
- ωin Add the recommended volume of recommended lubricant pipe plug with a grease fitting. Locate and remove the grease drain plug, if provided.
- until clean grease appears at the grease drain, at the grease relief, or along the shaft opening. Replace the grease inlet plug and run the motor for two
- 4 Jours
- ъ Replace the grease drain plug

**SPECIAL APPLICATIONS** For special temperature applications, consult your Baldor District Office.

N

Installation

& Maintenance

	Frame Size NEMA (IEC)			Low Terr	Extr	Sev	Star	Severity of		** For motors operating at speeds greater than 3600 RPM, contact Baldor for relubrication recommendations	* Relubrication intervals are for ball bearings. For vertically mounted motors and roller bearings, divide the relubrication interval by 2.	Over 360 to 5000 incl. (300)	Over 280 to 360 incl. (225)	Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)	Up to 210 incl. (132)	NEMIA / (IEC) Frame Size			* Special high temperature grease is recommended. ** Special low temperature grease is recommended.	Low Temperature	Extreme	Severe	Standard	
	NEMA (IEC			Low Temperature	Extreme	Severe	Standard	Severity of Service		beeds great	for ball bea	0)	Ŭ	•		Size			grease is re		×20 ∘05<			
			Table 4						Table 3 L	ter than 3600 RP	arings. For vertic				**	0000		Table 2 Lubrication Frequency (Ball Bearings)	commended. *	<−30° C **	>50° C* or Class H Insulation	50° C	40° C	
Boarna	Rearin		Table 4 Amount of Grease to Add	1.0	0.1	0.5	1.0	Multiplier	Table 3 Lubrication Interval Multiplier	M, contact I	cally mounte	*	*	*	2700 Hrs.	0000		cation Fre	* Special lo		Ilation			
		Bea	of Gre					эr	n Inter	Baldor f	ed moto		*		•			equenc	w temp		Severe	7		
D mm		ring De	ase to						val Mu	or relub	rs and r	*2200 Hrs.	* 2200 Hrs.	3600 Hrs.	5500 Hrs.	3600	Rate	;y (Bal	erature		dirt, At	<b>Noderat</b>	Clean,	
B mm	Width	scriptio	) Add						ultiplie	rication	oller be	Hrs.	Hrs.	۲s.	۲s.	0	ed Spe	ll Bear	grease		orasive (	e dirt, C	Clean, Little Corrosion	
ounce (gram)	Weight of orease to add	Bearing Description (Largest bearing in each frame size)							-	recommendatio	arings, divide the	3500 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	9500 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	1800	Rated Speed - RPM	ings)	is recommended		Severe dirt, Abrasive dust, Corrosion	Moderate dirt, Corrosion	prrosion	
	<u>a</u>	ng in eac								ns.	e relubric	7400 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.	1200			<u>.</u>			_	Dee	
in chood	to to	h frame									ation int	Hrs.	Hrs.	Hrs.	Hrs.	00					All Be	Ball Thru	o Groov	
toppnon	Volume of grease to add	size)									terval by 2.	10500 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.	22000 Hrs.	006					All Bearings	Ball Thrust, Roller	Deep Groove Ball Bearing	
																								-

		Bearing D	escription	Bearing Description (Largest bearing in each frame size)	each frame siz	ze)
Frame Size NEMA (IEC)	Bearing OD V		Width	Weight of grease to add	Volume of grease to add	f grease tdd
				ounce (gram)	inches <sup>3</sup>	teaspoon
Up to 210 incl. (132)	6307	08	21	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)	6311	120	29	0.61 (17.4)	1.2	3.9
Over 280 to 360 incl. (200)	6313	140	33	0.81 (23.1)	1.5	5.2
Over 360 to 5000 incl. (300)	NU322	240	NU322 240 50	2.12 (60.0)	4.1	13.4

Over 360 to 5000 incl. (300) Weight in grams = 0.005 DB

MN416



Severity of Service

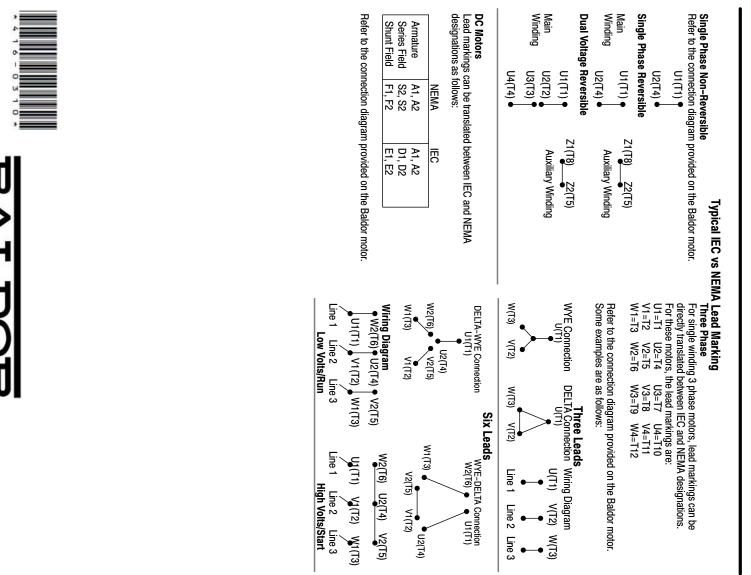
Ambient Temperature Maximum

 Table 1 Service Conditions

 yrature
 Atmospheric

 n
 Contamination

Type of Bearing





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4 Installation & Maintenance

BALDOR Page 44 of 44 A MEMBER OF THE ABB GROUP