

BALDOR • RELIANCE

Product Information Packet

ECP64314TR-4

60HP,1780RPM,3PH,60HZ,364T,TEFC,FOOT,

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Part Detail											
Revision:	D	Status:	PRD/A	Change #:			Pro	prietary	:	No	
Туре:	AC	Prod. Type:	A36062M	Elec. Spec	:	A36WG0054	CD	Diagrar	n:		
Enclosure:	TEFC	Mfg Plant:		Mech. Spe	C:		Lay	out:			
Frame:	364T	Mounting:	W6	Poles:		04	Cre	ated Da	ite:	10-19-2	010
Base:		Rotation:	PS	Insulation:		F	Eff.	Date:		05-01-2	012
Leads:	3#4	Literature:		Elec. Diag	ram:		Rep	laced E	By:		
Nameplate 000	613007EU										
CAT NO	ECP64314TR-4	SPEC NO.		P36G3368							
HP	60	AMPS		68	VOLTS			460	DESIGN		В
FRAME SIZE	364T	RPM		1780	HZ			60	AMB		40 SF 1.15
D.E. BRG.	65RU03M30X	РН		3	DUTY			CONT	INSUL.CLA	SS	F
O.D.E. BRG.	65BC03J30X	TYPE		Р	ENCL			TEFC	CODE		G
D.E.BRG.DATA	NU313	POWER FACTOR		87	NEMA-NO	M-EFFICIENCY		95			
O.D.E.BRG.DATA	6313	MAX CORR KVAR		10.0	GUARAN	TEED EFFICIENCY		94.5			
3/4 LOAD EFF.	95.3	NEMA NOM/CSA QUO	DTED EFF								
SER.NO.		MOTOR WEIGHT									



Nameplate 000613007EY				
CAT NO	ECP64314TR-4	SPEC NO.	P36G3368	
NO. ROTOR BARS	47	GREASE TYPE	MOBIL SHC 220	
NO. SLOTS	60	IEEE 85 NOISE LEVEL	90DBA	
5 YEAR WARRANTY		MFG. DATE		
NL AMPS AT RATED VOLTAGE	18.9	WINDING RES AT 25 C	.11100	OHMS
SER.NO				



Nan	neplate 000901002AAA		
	AIR COOLED HEAT EXCHANGER MOTO	R	
	IP55 RCP-609		
	SUIT FOR 6-60HZ, VT @ 1.0SF		



Parts List		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
SA206468	SA P36G3368	1.000 EA
RA193735	RA P36G3368	1.000 EA
613-6PU	N/P (RELEASE QTY 10,000)	1.000 EA
000613007EU	N/P BALDOR	1.000 EA
000613007EY	N/P BALDOR	1.000 EA
000692000JP	N/P (RELEASE QTY 1200)	1.000 EA
000692000RT	N/P (RELEASE QTY 500)	1.000 EA
000692000VD	N/P (REL QTY 4000)	1.000 EA
000692000VH	N/P (RELEASE QTY 500)	1.000 EA
000901002AAA	N/P (RELEASE QTY 1,500)	1.000 EA
004824015AP	GREASE MOBILITH SHC 220	0.544 LB
032018008AK	HHCS 1/4-20X1 PLATED	4.000 EA
032018012DK	HHCS 1/2-13X1-1/2 PLTD.	4.000 EA
032018024CK	HHCS 3/8-16X3 PLTD.	3.000 EA
032018012DK	HHCS 1/2-13X1-1/2 PLTD.	4.000 EA
032018024CK	HHCS 3/8-16X3 PLTD.	3.000 EA
034180012DA	KEY 1X4X1/4X1-1/2 L	1.000 EA
034530032BB	P/NIP 1/4X4" SCHED 40	1.000 EA
034530052AB	P/NIP 1/8X6-1/2 GALV.	1.000 EA
034600001AA	BUSH 1/4TO1/8 BLACK	1.000 EA
034630002AB	CPLG 1/4" PLATED	1.000 EA
034690001AB	SQHDPLG, COND	1.000 EA
035000001G	GITS GRS CUP,ODE	1.000 EA
047174001Z	EXT SNAP RING	1.000 EA



Parts List (continued)		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
078548001K	FAN KB 100/30 (70) 360	1.000 EA
078559034A	+F/C A 078559001A - 360	1.000 EA
085922083BH	BRKT 360 085922072WCC KB	1.000 EA
415028008E	INPRO SEAL - 360	1.000 EA
415072001B	CLAMP	1.000 EA
415096002A	CPLG 1/8 HEX TYPE	1.000 EA
423709011C	WASHER	3.000 EA
034600001AA	BUSH 1/4TO1/8 BLACK	1.000 EA
034630002AB	CPLG 1/4" PLATED	1.000 EA
035000001G	GITS GRS CUP,ODE	1.000 EA
085922083BH	BRKT 360 085922072WCC KB	1.000 EA
415028008E	INPRO SEAL - 360	1.000 EA
415096002A	CPLG 1/8 HEX TYPE	1.000 EA
423709011C	WASHER	3.000 EA
032018010CK	HHCS 3/8-16X1-1/4 PLTD.	4.000 EA
033512004LB	HHTTS 1/4-20X1/2 PLTD.	1.000 EA
033512008LB	HHTTS 1/4-20X1 PLATED	4.000 EA
034000014AB	WSH ID.406 OD.812 TH.065	4.000 EA
035000001A	ALFTG 1/8" 1610-BL	1.000 EA
035000001A	ALFTG 1/8" 1610-BL	1.000 EA
067053000B	GASK 320-400	1.000 EA
076708000BB	C/B - 360	1.000 EA
076709000A	C/B CVR - 360	1.000 EA
406099000A	PLUG - FAN COVER 320-440	1.000 EA



Parts List (continued)		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
41500003D	T/LUG 897-777 KPA25/G16	1.000 EA
415039016A	TERBD, 360-400	1.000 EA
418150003A	GREASE FITTING CAP	1.000 EA
033775004EA	DRSCR #6-1/4 304 S.S.	4.000 EA
418150003A	GREASE FITTING CAP	1.000 EA
034530020BB	P/NIP 1/4X2-1/2 PLATED	1.000 EA
034530032AB	P/NIP 1/8X4 PLATED	1.000 EA
412118006A	DRAIN	1.000 EA
034180034HA	KEY 5/8X5/8X4-1/4 L	1.000 EA
004824003AJD	WILKO 778.50 BLUE GREEN - 55 GAL DRUMS	0.250 GA
004824003CBP	WILKO 060.06B - ACTIVATR - 5 GA.	0.063 GA
482403003BEF	RUST VETO 342	0.013 GA
482403004AZZ	ROTOR/STATOR PAINT	0.063 GA
421948051	LABEL, MYLAR	1.000 EA
14PA1000	PACKAGING 314 GROUP COMBINED PRINT	1.000 EA



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	BALDOR	REMARKS: TYPICAL DATA XE MOTOR-TYPICAL DAT GUARANTEED MIN. EFF.	AMPERES SHOWN FOR 460. VOLT CONNECTION. IF OTHER VOLTAGE CONNECTIONS ARE AVAILABLE, AMPERES WILL VARY INVERSELY WITH THE RATED VOLTAGE	FULL LOAD	BREAKDOWN	PULL UP	LOCKED ROTOR			5/4 75.0	4/4 60.0	3/4 45.0	2/4 30.0	1/4 15.0	NO LOAD 0	LOAD HP		492280 418141035YE	E/S ROTOR	68 CONT	AMPS DUTY	364T	
	DR. BY J. P. MCGILL CK. BY K. W. KANOUFF APP. BY K. W. KANOUFF	DATA-NEMA NOM. EFF. EFF. 94.5 PCT	CONNECTION. IF H THE RATED VOLTAG	1781	1703	720	0	RPM	SPEED TO	85.1	68.0	51.9	37.5	25.8	20.1	AMPERES	PERFORMANCE		S E	40/F 1	AMB °C/ INSUL.	60	
	A-C MOTOR PERFORMANCE	95.0 PCT.	OTHER VOLTAGE CON E	100	251	161	181	TORQUE % FULL LOAD	TORQUE	1775	1781	1786	1791	1795	1800	RPM	ANCE		TEST J	1.15 B	S.F. DESIGN	P 3/60	
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10 + 10 / + 0	0		LABLE, THE	68.0	244	395	430	AMPERES		94.3	95.0	95.3	95.2	93.0	0	% EFFICIENCY		.110	STATOR RES.@25 ^O C S (BETWEEN LINES)	TEFC	ENCL.	460	



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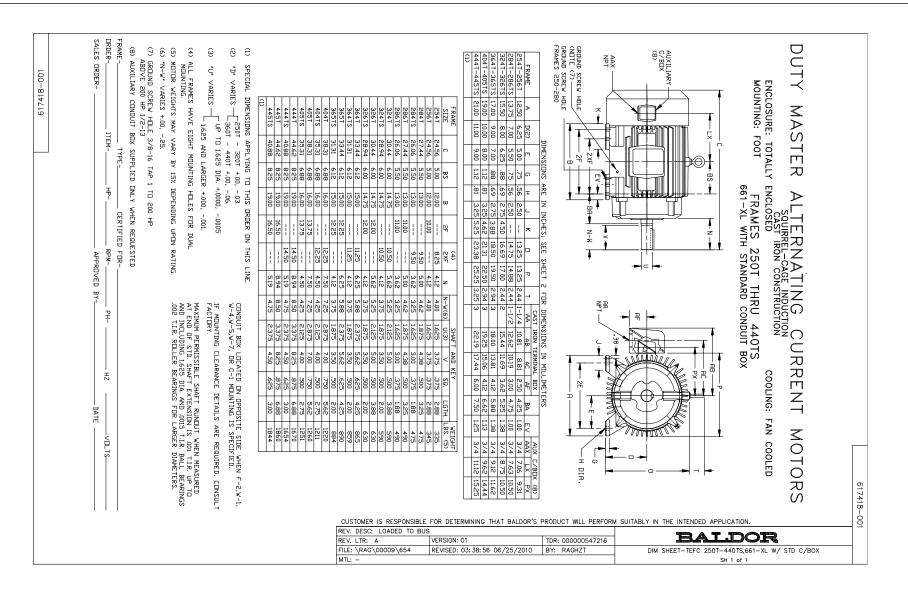
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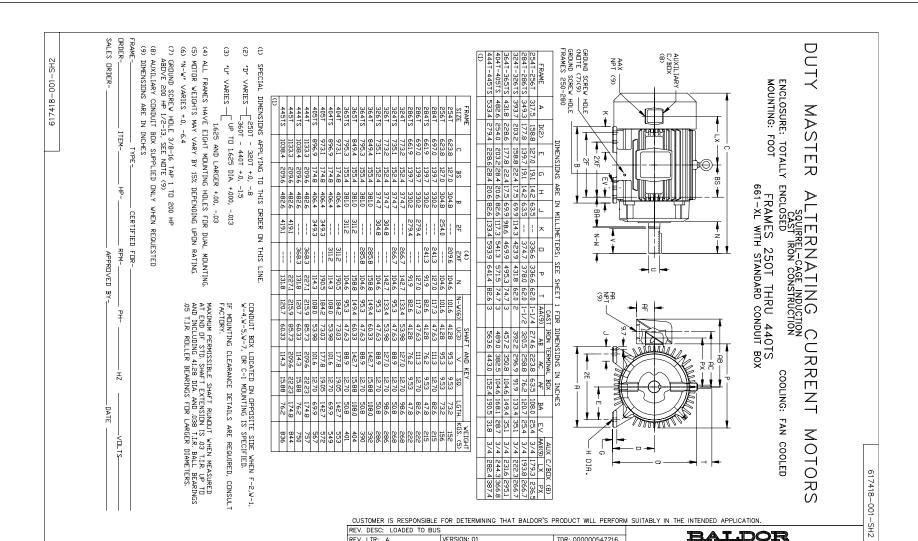
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DIM SHEET-TEFC 250T-440TS,661-XL W/ STD C/BOX

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For Baldor Sales and Support, Please Contact: Walker EMD • http://www.walkeremd.com • Toll-Free: (800) 876-4444 • Phone: (203) 426-7700 • Fax: (203) 426-7800

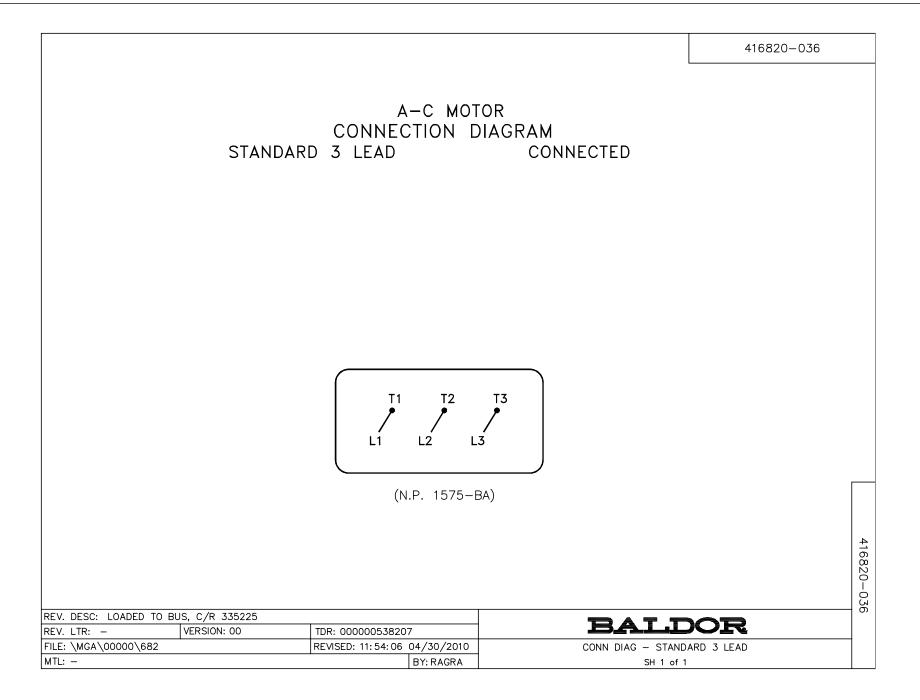
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Integral Horsepower AC Induction Motors ODP, WPI Enclosures TENV, TEAO, TEFC Enclosure Explosion Proof

BALDOR·RELIANCE

Installation & Operating Manual

MN408

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MN408

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Storage		
Extended Storage		
Greater than 6 months		
Greater than 18 months		
Unpacking		
Handling	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
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General	Section
Information	-

injury or damage, the control circuit should be designed so that automatic starting of the motor is not possible when the thermostat resets.	
	WARNING:
UL Listed motors must only be serviced by UL Approved Authorized Baldor Service Centers if these motors are to be returned to a hazardous and/or explosive atmosphere.	WARNING:
	WARNING:
Avoid the use of automatic reset devices if the automatic restarting of equipment can be hazardous to personnel or equipment.	WARNING:
Do not by-pass or disable protective devices or safety guards. Safety features are designed to prevent damage to personnel or equipment. These devices can only provide protection if they remain operative.	WARNING:
	WARNING:
	WAHNING:
	WARNING:
Be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. Do not apply AC power before you ensure that all grounding instructions have been followed. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. National Electrical Code and Local codes must be carefully followed.	WARNING:
	WARNING:
	WARNING:
quali Be si Code or fat	•
This equipment contains high voltage! Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only	Safety Notice:
Limited Warranty	
 about a procedure or are uncertain about any detail, Do Not Proceed. Please contact your Baldor distributor for more information or clarification. Before you install, operate or perform maintenance, become familiar with the following: NEMA Publication MG-2, Safety Standard for Construction and guide for Selection, Installation and Use of Electric Motors and Generators. IEC 34-1 Electrical and IEC72-1 Mechanical specifications ANSI C51.5, the National Electrical Code (NEC) and local codes and practices. 	
	Important:
	Overview

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WARNING:	Pacemaker danger – Magnetic and electromagnetic fields in the vicinity of current carrying carrying conductors and permanent magnet motors can result result in a serious health hazard to persons with cardiac pacemakers, metal implants, and hearing aids. To avoid risk, stay way from
WARNING:	Before performing any motor maintenance procedure, be sure that the equipment connected to the motor shaft cannot cause shaft rotation. If the load can cause shaft rotation, disconnect the load from the motor shaft before maintenance is performed. Unexpected mechanical rotation of the motor parts can cause injury or motor damage.
WARNING:	Do not use non UL/CSA listed explosion proof motors in the presence of flammable or combustible vapors or dust. These motors are not designed for atmospheric conditions that require explosion proof operation.
WARNING:	Motors that are to be used in flammable and/or explosive atmospheres must display the UL label on the nameplate along with CSA listed logo. Specific service conditions for these motors are defined in NFPA 70 (NEC) Article 500.
WARNING:	Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions, should be permanently guarded to prevent accidental contact by personnel. Accidental contact with body parts or clothing can cause serious or fatal injury.
Caution:	To prevent premature equipment failure or damage, only qualified maintenance personnel should perform maintenance.
Caution:	Do not over tension belts. Excess tension may damage the motor or driven equipment.
Caution:	Do not over-lubricate motor as this may cause premature bearing failure.
Caution:	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor.
Caution:	If eye bolts are used for lifting a motor, be sure they are securely tightened. The lifting direction should not exceed a 20° angle from the shank of the eye bolt or lifting lug. Excessive lifting angles can cause damage.
Caution:	To prevent equipment damage, be sure that the electrical service is not capable of delivering more than the maximum motor rated amps listed on the rating plate.
Caution:	If a HI POT test (High Potential Insulation test) must be performed, follow the precautions and procedure in NEMA MG1 and MG2 standards to avoid equipment damage. If you have any questions or are uncertain about any statement or procedure, or if you require additional
Receiving	 Each Baldor Electric Motor is thoroughly tested at the factory and carefully packaged for shipment. When you receive your motor, there are several things you should do immediately. Observe the condition of the shipping container and report any damage immediately to the commercial carrier that delivered your motor.
Handling Caution:	 Verify that the part number of the motor you received is the same as the part number listed on your purchase order. The motor should be lifted using the lifting lugs or eye bolts provided. Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor.
	 Use the lugs or eye bolts provided to lift the motor. Never attempt to lift the motor and additional equipment connected to the motor by this method. The lugs or eye bolts provided are designed to lift only the motor. Never lift the motor by the motor shaft or the hood of a WPII motor. To avoid condensation inside the motor, do not unpack until the motor has reached room temperature (Room temperature is the temperature of the room in which it will be installed). The packing provides insulation from temperature changes during transportation. When lifting a WPII (Weather Proof Type 2) motor, do not lift the motor by inserting lifting lugs into holes on top of the cooling hood. These lugs are to be used for hood removal only. A spreader bar should be used to lift the motor by the cast lifting lugs into the motor frame.



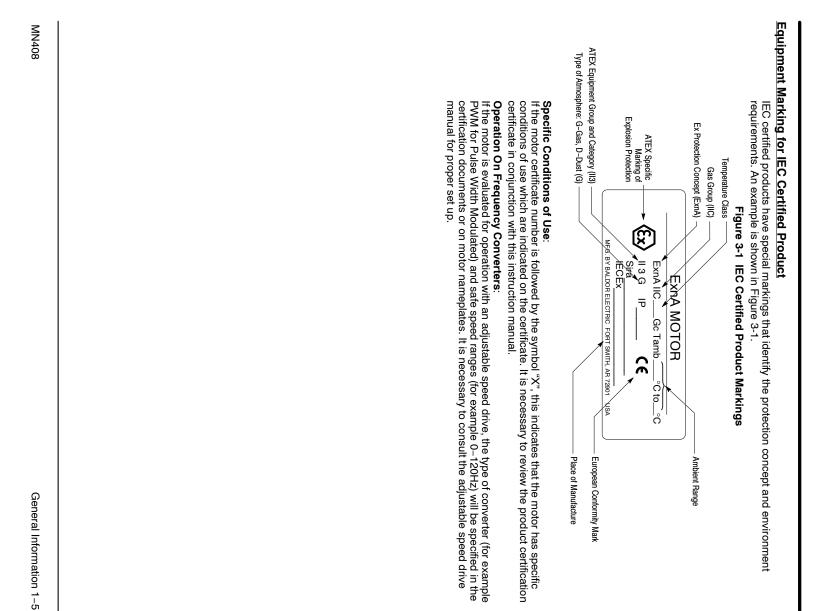
			Preparatio				Storage	
 instead of taping it. Be sure to place new desiccant inside bag after each monthly inspection. d. Place the shell over the motor and secure with lag bolts. 4. Where motors are mounted to machinery, the mounting must be such that the drains and breathers are fully operable and are at the lowest point of the motor. Vertical motors must be stored in the vertical position. Storage environment must be maintained as stated in step 2. 	 Instance multivery must not exceed ov /// Motor space heaters (when present) are to be connected and energized whenever there is a possibility that the storage ambient conditions will reach the dew point. Space heaters are optional. Note: Remove motor from containers when heaters are energized, reprotect if necessary. Measure and record the resistance of the winding insulation (dielectric withstand) every 30 days of 	 Some motors have a shipping brace attached to the shaft to prevent damage during transportation. The shipping brace, if provided, must be removed and stored for future use. The brace must be reinstalled to hold the shaft firmly in place against the bearing before the motor is moved. Store in a clean dry protocol warehouse where control is maintained as follows: 	Preparation for Storage	Minimum resistance of motor winding insulation is 5 Meg ohms or the calculated minimum, which ever is greater. Minimum resistance is calculated as follows: Rm = kV + 1 where: (Rm is minimum resistance to ground in Meg-Ohms and kV is rated nameplate voltage defined as Kilo-Volts.) Example: For a 480VAC rated motor Rm = 1.48 meg-ohms (use 5 MΩ). For a 4160VAC rated motor Rm = 5.16 meg-ohms.	A wooden crate "shell" should be constructed to secure the motor during storage. This is similar to an export box but the sides & top must be secured to the wooden base with lag bolts (not nailed as export boxes are) to allow opening and reclosing many times without damage to the "shell".	Improper motor storage will result in seriously reduced reliability and failure. An electric motor that does not experience regular usage while being exposed to normally humid atmospheric conditions is likely to develop rust in the bearings or rust particles from surrounding surfaces may contaminate the bearings. The electrical insulation may absorb an excessive amount of moisture leading to the motor winding failure.	Storage requirements for motors and generators that will not be placed in service for at least six months from date of shipment.	4. If the motor must be mounted to a plate with the driven equipment such as pump, compressor etc., it may not be possible to lift the motor alone. For this case, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the mounting base. The entire assembly can be lifted as an assembly for installation. Do not lift the assembly using the motor lugs or eye bolts provided. Lugs or eye bolts are designed to lift motor only. If the load is unbalanced (as with couplings or additional attachments) additional slings or other means must be used to prevent tipping. In any event, the load must be secure before lifting. If the load is unbalanced (as with couplings or additional attachments) additional slings or other means must be used to prevent tipping. In any event, the load must be secure before lifting.



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 a. Motors marked "Do Not Lubricate" on the nameplate to not need to be greased before or during storage. b. Ball and roller bearing (anti-friction) motor shafts are to be rotated manually every 3 months and greased every 6 months in accordance with the Maintenance section of this manually every 3. c. Siese bearing (all lube) motors are drained of oll prior to shipment. c. Siese bearing (all lube) motors are drained of oll prior to shipment. d. "Provisions for oll mist built built be rotated monthly by hand at least 10 to 15 revolutions to distribute of bearing same protected for temporary strange by a corresion inhibitor. If stored for greater than 3 months and treates and automatic Tr drains must be presented by the storage of the induced point. All breather drains are to be fully operable while in storage (frain plays removed). The motors must be presented as the lower point. All breather than 3 months or outdoors in storage is an unit be a corresion inhibitor. If stored for greater than 3 months and the monut of grease indicated undre or "Standard Condition" in Section 3. then rotate the shaft 15 times by hand. d. All breather drains are to be fully operable while in storage (drain plays enound the shaft. Tr drains must be persented so that the drain is at the lowesel point. All breather the tors must be persented is a site stable vertical postion. c. Cat all external machined surfaces with a rust preventing material. An acceptable product for this purpose is E-xoon Rust Bard 202. Non-Regreaseble motors More regreaseble motors More regreaseble motors in the grease at fing on the bearing envery 3 months or more often. all other Motor Types Before storage the following procedure must be persend. Repove the grease date minimum of 15 times at the grease in the botom of each bracket prior to burdeat a rust be reasted. Repove the grease dat he din prior situated in Section 3 of thi	
 a. a. b. c. b. c. c. d. d. e. e. e. e. e. a. b. b. b. c. a. a. a. a. a. a. a. a. b. b. a. a. a. a. b. b. b. c. c. a. a. b. b. a. a. a. a. a. a. a. a. a. b. b. a. a. a. b. b. a. a. a. b. a. a. a. a. b. a. a. a. b. b. b. a. b. b. b. c. c. c. a. a. b. b. a. b. b. a. b. b. c. c. c. c. a. a. a. b. b. b. b. c. c. c. c. c. c. c. a. a. b. b. b. c. <lic.< li=""> c. c. c. c. <l< td=""><td></td></l<></lic.<>	
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e. c. b. All be s on - Re Prior Ren Ben	י אַ דּטָ 4 דע: דָסָ
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
a. b. b. c. b. c. c. c. c. c. c. c. c. c. c. c. c. c.	Before storage, the following procedure must be performed. 1. Remove the grease drain plug, if supplied, (opposite the grease fitting) on the bottom of each prior to lubricating the motor.
a. b. b. c. b. c. c. c. c. c. c. c. c. c. c. c. c. c.	Non-regreasable motors with "Do Not Lubricate" on the nameplate should have the motor shaft r 15 times to redistribute the grease within the bearing every 3 months or more often. All Other Motor Types
hold	as a mechanical protection against damage. Non-Regreaseable Motors
Vert e d c b a	
b) who is with anti-friction bearings are to be greased at the time of going into extended storage with periodic service as follows:	

1-4 General Information







1-6 General Information

stallation	ection 2
A Operation	
tion	

Section 2 Installatic	Section 2 Installation & Operation
Overview	Installation should conform to the National Electrical Code as well as local codes and practices. When other devices are coupled to the motor shaft, be sure to install protective devices to prevent future
	accidents. Some protective devices include, coupling, belt guard, chain guard, shaft covers etc. These protect against accidental contact with moving parts. Machinery that is accessible to personnel should provide further protection in the form of guard rails, screening, warning signs etc.
Location	It is important that motors be installed in locations that are compatible with motor enclosure and ambient conditions. Improper selection of the motor enclosure and ambient conditions can lead to reduced operating life of the motor.
	Proper ventilation for the motor must be provided. Obstructed airflow can lead to reduction of motor life.
	 Open Drip-Proof/WPI motors are intended for use indoors where atmosphere is relatively clean, dry, well ventilated and non-corrosive.
	Totally Enclosed and WPII motors may be installed where dirt, moisture or dust are present and in outdoor locations.
	Severe Duty, IEEE 841 and Washdown Duty enclosed motors are designed for installations with high corrosion or excessive moisture conditions. These motors should not be placed into an environment
	where there is the presence of flammable or combustible vapors, dust or any combustible material, unless specifically designed for this type of service.
	Hazardous Locations are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of combustible races vanore duet fibere or flying. Eacilities requiring special equipment for bazardous

combustible gases, vapors, dust, tibers, or thyings. Facilities requiring special equipment for hazardous locations are typically classified in accordance with local requirements. In the US market, guidance is provided by the National Electric Code.

Location

Mounting

allow adequate air flow, obstruction: The motor should be installed in a location compatible with the motor enclosure and specific ambient. To allow adequate air flow, the following clearances must be maintained between the motor and any the following

TEFC / TENV (IC0141) Enclosures	BS
Fan Cover Air Intake	180 - 210T Frame 1" (25mm)
Fan Cover Air Intake	250 - 449T Frame 4" (100mm)
	IEC 112 – 132 1" (25mm)
	IEC 160 – 280 4" (100mm)
Exhaust	Envelope equal to the P Dimension on the motor dimension sheet
OPEN/Protected Enclosures	
Bracket Intake	Same as TEFC
Frame Exhaust	Exhaust out the sides envelope
	A minimum of the P dimension plus 2" (50mm)
	Exhaust out the end same as intake.

lable 2-1
Enclosure
Clearance

The motor must be securely installed to a rigid foundation or mounting surface to minimize vibration and maintain alignment between the motor and shaft load. Failure to provide a proper mounting surface may cause vibration, misalignment and bearing damage.

Foundation caps and sole plates are designed to act as spacers for the equipment they support. If these devices are used, be sure that they are evenly supported by the foundation or mounting surface. When installation is complete and accurate alignment of the motor and load is accomplished, the base should be grouted to the foundation to maintain this alignment.

The standard motor base is designed for horizontal or vertical mounting. Adjustable or sliding rails are designed for horizontal mounting only. Consult your Baldor distributor or authorized Baldor Service Center for further information

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For short frame de 254, 284, 324, 36	For short frame designations 182, 213, - 254, 284, 324, 364, 404, 444 (NEMA)			 Allows F-1 to F-2 Conversion on 8 hole frames. Not present on 6 hole frames. Not used on 8 hole frames. Shaft
For long frame d 256, 286, 326, 36 (IEC) 112M, 1321 250M, 280M	For long frame designations 184, 215, 256, 286, 326, 365, 405, 445 (NEMA) (IEC) 112M, 132M, 160L, 200L, 225M, 250M, 280M	0— •0—		Always use these holes, closer to the shaft 112S, 132S, 160M, 180M, 200M, 225S, 250S, 280S, (IEC)
Caution:	Do not lift the motor and its is adequate for lifting only driven equipment) from the In the case of assemblies on used to lift the assembly and by other lifting means provide lifting means. Likewise, preci-	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hard is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gean driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor. In the case of assemblies on a common base, any lifting means prov- used to lift the assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should to by other lifting means provided on the base. Assure lifting in the dire- lifting means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent haza acceleration or shock forces	the motor lifting hard onnect the load (gear ore lifting the motor. any lifting means prov any lifting means prov the assembly should the ssure lifting in the dire taken to prevent haza	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor. In the case of assemblies on a common base, any lifting means provided on the motor should not be used to lift the assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the base or by other lifting means provided on the base. Assure lifting in the direction intended in the design of the lifting means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent hazardous overloads due to deceleration,
Alignment	Accurate alignment o or gear used in the du recommended to hea unit on the motor sha 1. Direct Coupling For direct drive, u more information Use dial indication recommended by	 Accurate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important. Accurate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important. or gear used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the shaft shoul recommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before installing on the motor s unit on the motor shaft will damage the bearings. 1. Direct Coupling For direct drive, use flexible couplings if possible. Consult the drive or equipment more information. Mechanical vibration and roughness during operation may in Use dial indicators to check alignment. The space between coupling hubs shore recommended by the coupling manufacturer. 	n equipment is extrem the shaft as close to t gear before installing c ys. ssible. Consult the dri oughness during op e space between coup er.	 Accurate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important. The pulley, sprocket, or gear used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the shaft shoulder as possible. It is recommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before installing on the motor shaft. Forcibly driving a unit on the motor shaft will damage the bearings. 1. Direct Coupling For direct drive, use flexible couplings if possible. Consult the drive or equipment manufacturer for more information. Mechanical vibration and roughness during operation may indicate poor alignment. Use dial indicators to check alignment. The space between coupling hubs should be maintained as recommended by the coupling manufacturer.
Caution:	 End-Play Adjustment The axial position of the motor bearings are not cause failure. Pulley Ratio The best practice is to Do not over tension belts 4 Belt Drive 	 End-Play Adjustment The axial position of the motor frame with respect to its load is also extremely important. T motor bearings are not designed for excessive external axial thrust loads. Improper adjust cause failure. Pulley Ratio The best practice is to not exceed an 8:1 pulley ratio. not over tension belts. Excess tension may damage the motor or driven equipment. Belt Drive 	respect to its load is al sive external axial thru bulley ratio. may damage the mo r	 End-Play Adjustment The axial position of the motor frame with respect to its load is also extremely important. The standard motor bearings are not designed for excessive external axial thrust loads. Improper adjustment will cause failure. Pulley Ratio The best practice is to not exceed an 8:1 pulley ratio. not over tension belts. Excess tension may damage the motor or driven equipment. Belt Drive
	Align sheaves carefully to tension should be sufficie may occur during starting	carefully to minimize belt we be sufficient to prevent belt ing starting.	ear and axial bearing l slippage at rated spe	Align sheaves carefully to minimize belt wear and axial bearing loads (see End-Play Adjustment). Belt tension should be sufficient to prevent belt slippage at rated speed and load. However, belt slippage may occur during starting.

2-2 Installation & Operation

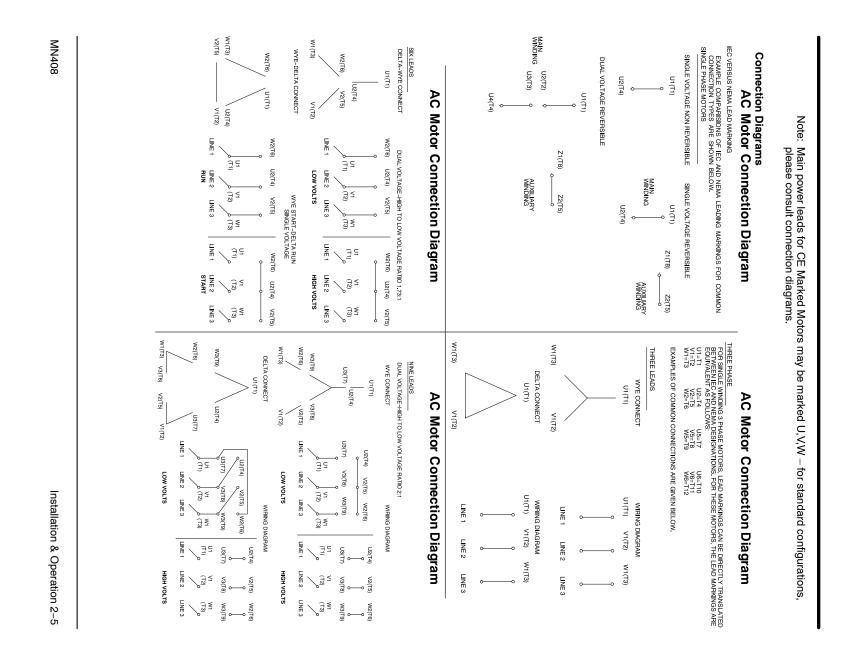
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Doweling & Bolting After proper alignment is verified, dowel pins should be inserted through the motor feet into the foundation. This will maintain the correct motor position should motor removal be required. **Power Connection** Motor and control wiring, overload protection, disconnects, accessories and grounding should conform to the National Electrical Code and local codes and practices. WARNING: Grounding Guarding There are applications where grounding the exterior parts of a motor or generator may result in greater hazard by increasing the possibility of a person in the area simultaneously contacting ground and some other nearby live electrical parts of other ungrounded electrical equipment. In portable equipment it is difficult to be sure that a positive ground connection is maintained as the equipment is moved, and providing a grounding conductor may lead to a false sense of security. <u>- α</u> ε α μ member. Some motors are supplied with the bonding conductor on the concealed side of the cushion ring to protect the bond from damage. Motors with bonded cushion rings should usually be grounded at the time of installation in accordance with the above recommendations for making ground connections. When In the USA consult the National Electrical Code, Article 430 for information on grounding of motors and Ņ <u>.</u> - -Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions. This is particularly important where the parts have surface irregularities such as keys, key Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions, should be permanently guarded to prevent accidental contact by personnel. Accidental contact with body parts or clothing can cause serious or fatal injury. For motors installed in compliance with IEC requirements, the following minimum cross sectional area of the protective conductors should be used: Select a motor starter and over current protection suitable for this motor and its application. Consult motor starter application data as well as the National Electric Code and/or other applicable local codes. motors with bonded cushion rings are used in multimotor installations employing group fusing or group protection, the bonding of the cushion ring should be checked to determine that it is adequate for the Motors with resilient cushion rings usually must be provided with a bonding conductor across the resilient consult the appropriate national or local code applicable. point, the motor or generator terminal housing, and the motor or generator frame. In non-USA locations generators, and Article 250 for general information on grounding. In making the ground connection, heat shrink tubing. ways or set screws. at least 4 mm² Equipotential ponding connection shall made using rating of the branch circuit over current protective device being used. installer should make certain that there is a solid and permanent metallic connection between the ground be fully insulated. Flying leads must be insulated with two full wraps of electrical grade insulating tape or For ExnA hazardous location motors, it is a specific condition of use that all terminations in a conduit box (Baldor•Reliance motors are designed for doweling.) Mounting bolts must be carefully tightened to prevent changes in alignment. Use a flat washer and lock washer under each nut or bolt head to hold the motor feet secure. Flanged nuts or bolts may be used as an alternative to washers. Providing covers for the rotating parts. Covers should be sufficiently rigid to maintain adequate guarding during normal service. equipment. Install proper fitting dowels Covering the machine and associated rotating parts with structural or decorative parts of the driven Ream all holes Drill corresponding holes in the foundation. Drill dowel holes in diagonally opposite motor feet in the locations provided Cross-sectional area of phase conductors. S conductors > 91 ≤35 Some satisfactory methods of guarding are: Minimum cross-sectional area of the corresponding protective a conductor with a cross-sectional area 0,5 Ħ conductor, 6 C <u>ç</u> ome , the

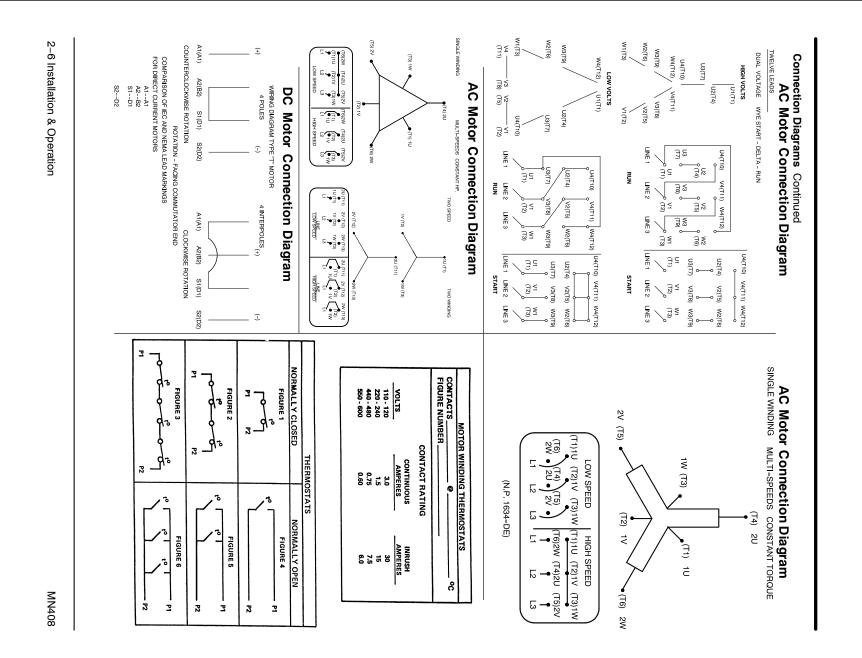
 x For ease of making conn rotated 360° in 90° increm such as space heaters, RT Motors with flying lead cor Connect the motor leads a cover on the conduit box. I 1. AC power is within ±10 OR 2. AC power is within ±50 OR 3. A combined variation i provided the frequency Performance within these Fi HEATERS 	 Conduit Box For ease of making connections, an oversize conduit box is provided. Most conduit boxes can be rotated 360° in 90° increments. Auxiliary conduit boxes are provided on some motors for accessories such as space heaters, RTD's etc. AC Power Motors with flying lead construction must be properly terminated and insulated. Connect the motor leads as shown on the connection diagram located on the name plate or inside the cover on the conduit box. Be sure the following guidelines are met: AC power is within ±10% of rated voltage with rated frequency. (See motor name plate for ratings) OR A combined variation in voltage and frequency of ±10% (sum of absolute values) of rated values, provided the frequency variation does not exceed ±5% of rated frequency. Performance within these voltage and frequency variations are shown in Figure 2-4. Figure 2-3 Accessory Connections HEATERS One heater is installed in each end of motor. H1//- H2
ATERS	One heater is installed in each end of motor. Leads for each heater are labeled H1 & H2. (Like numbers should be tied together).
	Three thermistors are installed in windings and tied in series. Leads are labeled TD1 & TD2.
RED WHITE	Winding RTDs are installed in windings (2) per phase. Each set of leads is labeled 1TD1, 1TD2, 1TD3, 2TD1, 2TD2, 2TD3 etc.
RED WHITE	 * One bearing RTD is installed in Drive endplate (PUEP), leads are labeled RTDDE. * One bearing RTD is installed in Opposite Drive endplate (FREP), leads are labeled RTDODE. * Note RTD may have 2-Red/1-White leads; or 2-White/1-Red Lead.
All three phase motors are and interchange any two o the connection diagram to lead numbers to be interch Adjustable Frequency Pow produce wave forms with I phase-to-phase, and group base-to-phase, and group Suitable precautions shoul these voltage spikes. Cons proper grounding.	All three phase motors are reversible. To reverse the direction of rotation, disconnect and lock out power and interchange any two of the three line leads for three phase motors. For single phase motors, check the connection diagram to determine if the motor is reversible and follow the connection instructions for lead numbers to be interchanged. Not all single phase motors are reversible. Adjustable Frequency Power Inverters used to supply adjustable frequency power to induction motors produce wave forms with lower order harmonics with voltage spikes superimposed. Turn-to-turn, phase-to-phase, and ground insulation of stator windings are subject to the resulting dielectric stresses Suitable precautions should be taken in the design of these drive systems to minimize the magnitude of these voltage spikes. Consult the drive instructions for maximum acceptable motor lead lengths, and proper grounding.
	c For ease of making connections, rotated 360° in crements. Au such as space heaters, RTD's etc. Motors with flying lead construction Connect the motor leads as showr cover on the conduit box. Be sure 1. AC power is within ±10% of rate OR 2. AC power is within ±10% of rate provided the frequency variation in voltag provided the frequency variation in voltag end of the connection diagram to determine and interchange any two of the the connection diagram to determine and interchange any two of the trans with lower or produce wave forms with lower or proper grounding.

2-4 Installation & Operation

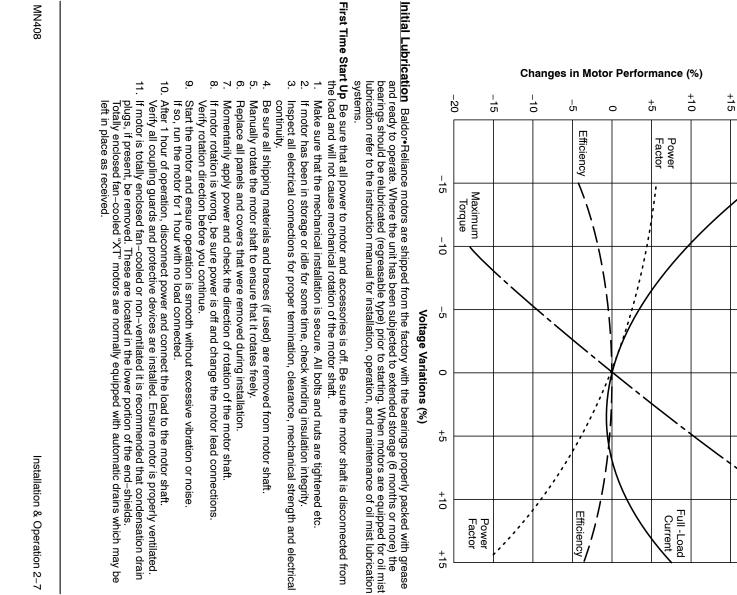


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Figure 2-4 Typical Motor Performance VS Voltage Variations

Maximum

Torque

Full -Load Current

	Protection Concepts Class I D		
 (EPL) Gb, Mb] Baldor offers a range of motors suitable for installation in a Division 1 or Zone 1 environment. These motors are known as explosion proof or flameproof. (Insert flameproof motor cut away drawing) Motors that are explosion proof or flameproof use specially machined flameproof joints between the end bell or bracket and the frame, as well as along the rotating shaft and at connection box covers and entries. The fit of these flameproof joints are designed to contain the combustion or quench the flame of an explosive gas atmosphere prior to it exiting the motor. These flameproof joints have lengths and widths selected and tested based on the gas group present in the atmosphere. Baldor-Reliance motors are typically designed to meet Class I (Division 1) Group C and D (explosion proof) or Ex d IIB (flameproof). An application note regarding equipment applied in accordance with the US National Electric Code (NFPA 70-2008) – according to Article 500.8(C) Marking, sub clause (2) in the fine print note, it is noted that Equipment not marked to indicate a division is suitable for both Division 1 and Division 2 locations. These motors are not gas tight. To the contrary, this protection concept assumes that due to the normal heating and cooling cycle of motor operation that any gas present will be drawn into the motor. Since flameproof or explosion proof motors are designed to contain the combustion and extinguish any flame transmission, for this protection concept, only external surface temperatures are of concern. Thermal limiting devices such as thermostats, thermistors or RTDs may be provided on these motors to limit the external surface temperature during overload conditions. 	Concepts Class I Division 1 / Zone 1 [Equipment Group I (mining) or II (surface), Equipment Protection Level	Areas are classified with respect to risk and exposure to the hazard. In the US market, areas are typically classified as follows Class, Division, Group and Temperature Class. In some newer installations in the US and in most international markets, areas are classified in Zones.	equipment is suitable for installation in that environment, and identifies what the maximum safe temperature or temperature class is required. It is the customer or users responsibility to determine the area classification and select proper equipment.

2-8 Installation & Operation

Hazardous Locations

distributor or Baldor Service Center.

Selection

Hazardous locations are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of combustible gases, vapors, dust, fibers or flyings. Facilities requiring special equipment for hazardous locations are typically classified in accordance local requirements. In the US market, guidance is provided by the National Electric Code. In international hazardous location areas, guidance for gas / vapor / mist classification is given in international hazardous location areas, guidance for gas / vapor / mist classification is given in the transmission areas and the transmission areas are transmission areas and the transmission areas are transmission areas areas areas are trans

with

EC60079-14, or for dust in IEC61241-14.

This classification process lets the installer know what

Jogging and Repeated Starts Repeated starts and/or jogs of induction motors generally reduce the life of the motor winding insulation. A much greater amount of heat is produced by each acceleration or jog than by th same motor under full load. If it is necessary to repeatedly start or jog the motor, it is advisable to che the application with your local Baldor distributor or Baldor Service Center.

check

the

The equipment can now be loaded and operated within specified limits. Do not exceed the name plate ratings for amperes for steady continuous loads.

Run for approximately 1 hour with the driven equipment in an unloaded condition

The first coupled start up should be with no load. Apply power and verify that the load is i transmitting excessive vibration back to the motor though the coupling or the foundation.

d is not ion. Vibration

Check that the coupling is properly aligned and not binding.

Heating - Duty rating and maximum ambient temperature are stated on the motor name plate. Do not exceed these values. If there is any question regarding safe operation, contact your local Baldor

Coupled Start Up

This procedure assumes a coupled start up. Also, that the first time start up procedure was successful.

Check the coupling and ensure that all guards and protective devices are installed

ωN

4

should be at an acceptable level.



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 considered. In many cases, the internal temperatures are higher than the external temperatures and therefore become the limiting factor in determination of temperature code designation. In these applications, it is very important to use a motor that has been evaluated thermally for use with an inverter or converter, if variable speed operation is desired. Thermostats used for Class I Division 2 and Ex nA motors are used to protect the motor only. For motors using flying lead construction, it is important to use connection lugs and insulate with heat shrink tubing or a double wrap of insulation grade electrical tape to avoid the risk of spark or ignition.
 Class II Division 1 / Zone 21 [Equipment Group III, Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Db]
 This area classification is one where the risk of ignitable concentrations of dust is present at all or some of the time. The protection proof or Ex tD. External surface temperature remains the limiting factor. Thermal limiting devices such as thermostats. Thermistors or RTDs may be provided on these motors to limit the external surface temperature during overload conditions. If thermostats are provided as a condition of certification, it is the installer's responsibility to make sure that these devices are proveded to a suitable switching device. properly connected to a suitable switching device. Note: In the North American area classification sy In the North American area classification system, Class III exists for fibers and flyings. In the IEC designation, both dusts and flyings are absorbed into Group III.

Class II Division 2 / Zone 22 [Equipment Group III, Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Dc] This area classification is one where the risk of exposure to ignitable concentrations of dust are not likely to occur under normal operating conditions and relies heavily on the housekeeping practices within the

installation.

Sine Wave Power Operation for Division 1 or 2 and Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 Hazardous Location. These motors are designed to operate at or below the maximum surface temperature (or T–Code) stated on the nameplate. Failure to operate the motor properly can cause this maximum surface temperature to be exceeded. If applied in a Division 1 or 2 / Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 environment, this excessive temperature may cause the marked surface temperature to be exceeded.

- Motor load exceeding service factor nameplate value
- Ambient temperatures above nameplate value
- <u>-</u> α ε 4 α σ -Voltages above or below nameplate value
 - Unbalanced voltages
 - oss of proper ventilation

 - Altitude above 3300 feet / 1000 meters Severe duty cycles of repeated starts
- Motor stall
- ø Motor reversing
- 5 Single phase operation of polyphase equipment
- ±. Variable frequency operation

specific hazardous areas may be used in those hazardous areas on inverter power. designed to operate at or below the maximum surface temperature (or T-Code) sta Variable Frequency Power Operation for Division 1 or 2 and Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 Hazardous Location (motors with maximum surface temperature listed on the nameplate). Only motors with nameplates marked for use on inverter (variable frequency) power, and labeled for -ailure to operate the motor properly can cause this maximum surface temperature to be exceeded T-Code) stated on the nameplate. The motor is

If thermostats are provided as a condition of certification, it is the installer's responsibility to make sure that these devices are properly connected to a suitable switching device. The ATEX directive requires that motor shutdown on thermal trip be accomplished without an intermediate software command.

Flameproof motors, internationally referred to as Ex d use a protection concept similar to that used in Class I Division 1 motors, with minor differences in the flameproof joints and cable entry designs. Flameproof and explosion proof motors are both type tested. Representative motors are connected to a

Flameproof and explosion proof motors are both type tested. Representative motors are connected to reference gas and ignited in laboratory conditions to verify that the flame is not transmitted outside the

to determine the maximum internal pressure encountered

Class I Division 2 / Zone 2 Ex nA, [Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Gc] This protection concept relies on having no sources of ignition present such as arcing parts or hot surfaces. For this protection concept, internal temperatures as well as external temperatures are

Explosion proof and Flame proof motors shipped without a conduit box require use of a certified box of suitable dimensions and that is appropriate for the classification.

motor

enclosure and

ē	temperature being maintained, make sure that any rewinding uses the origin uding any thermal protection that may be present. Use only Baldor replacem	ision 2 and Zone 2 motors re 2, the internal and external temperatures are of concern. Since this protec	ginal electrical designs, including any thermal protection that may be present
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provide nal nent

2-10 Installation & Operatior

Repair of Motors used in Hazardous Locations Thermal LimitingThermal limiting devices are temperature sensing control components installed inside the motor to limit the internal temperature of the motor frame by interrupting the circuit of the holding coil of the magnetic switch or contactor. They are required for most Division 1 and Zone 1 applications. For Division 2 or Zone 2 applications, motors should be selected that preclude running temperatures from exceeding the ignition temperatures for the designated hazardous material. In Division 2 or Zone 2 classified locations, thermal limiting devices should only be used for winding protection and not considered for limiting all internal motor temperatures to specific ignition temperatures. http://www.iecex.com/service_facilities.htm Explosion proof and flameproof motors achieve their safety based on the mechanical construction – flameproof joints and bearing clearance, and the electrical design including any thermal limiting devices. If it is necessary to repair a flameproof or explosion proof motor, it is critical that the mechanical flameproof joints be maintained. Consult Baldor Electric Company for flameproof joint construction details. Use only Baldor•Reliance supplied parts. Baldor does not recommend reclamation of parts. Since this protection method also relies on temperature being maintained, make sure that any rewinding uses the original electrical designs, including any thermal protection that may be present. In the North American market, recertification programs are offered by Underwriters Laboratories and Canadian Standards Association which allow authorized service shops to mark the rebuilt motors as certified. In the international markets using IEC based requirements, repair should be undertaken only after consulting IEC60079-19 Explosive Atmospheres-Part 19 Equipment repair, overhaul and reclamation. If use of a certified repair facility is desired, consult the IECEX Repair Scheme at Bearing currents can exist in some motors for both line-fed and inverter-fed applications. Larger line-fed motors may require at least one insulated bearing to prevent a flow of current through the bearings. Do not defeat such insulation whether the motor is line-fed or inverter-fed applications. Inverter-fed motors may require additional bearing insulation or even a shaft brush. Do not defeat such features. When the motor and the coupled load are not on a common conductive baseplate, it may also be necessary to electrically bond together the stationary parts of the motor and the coupled equipment. For Dust Ignition Proof, proper sealing is required. Do not modify the motor construction to add any additional opening, and ensure that proper sealing is maintained in the connection box and at the shaft seal. Since this protection method also relies on temperature being maintained, make sure that any rewinding uses the original electrical designs, including any thermal protection that may be present Repair of hazardous certified motors requires additional information, skill, and care. It is the customer's responsibility to select service shops with proper qualifications to repair hazardous location motors. Contact the manufacture for additional repair details. Use only original manufacturer's parts. Repair of Explosion Proof or Flame Proof Motors Class I Division 1 and Zone 1 Equipotential Bonding and Shaft Current Reduction Larger motors (ie WP construction) may require proper bonding between motor enclosures and covers to avoid the risk of stray currents during start up. Fastening methods and bonding straps must not be modified. ø .∞ .. 10. Lower than name plate minimum carrier frequency cause the marked surface temperature to be exceeded If applied in a Division 1 or 2 / Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 2 may cause ignition of hazardous materials. Operating the Repair of Class I Divi For Division 2 and Zon Repair of Dust Ignition Proof Motors – Class II Division 1 and 2, thermostats, electrical designs, incl method also relies on t Operation outside of the nameplate speed / frequency range Loss of proper ventilation Unstable current wave forms Single phase operation of polyphase equipment Altitudes above 3300 feet / 1000 meters Unbalanced voltages Voltage (at each operating frequency) above or below rated nameplate value Motor load exceeding service factor nameplate value Ambient temperature above nameplate value 22 environment, this excessive temperature motor at any of the following conditions can Zone 21 and 22. ction

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Roller Bea		Ball Bearing Motors	Type of Gr	Relubrication & Bearings ability of a at which th if the follow			WARNING:	WARNING: General Inspe	
Minimum Starting Temperature -60°C (-76°F) SHELL OIL CO. AEROSHELL 7 (MOBIL MOBIL 28 MOBIL MOBIL 28 MOBIL MOBILITH SHC 10 Operating Temperature -25°C (-15°F) to 50°C TEXACO, INC. PREMIUM RB MOBIL CHEVRON OIL BLACK PEARL	Operating Temperature -5 EXXON EXXON EXXON CHEVRON OIL CHEVRON OIL TEXACO, INC. TEXACO, INC. AMOCO PENNZOIL DARMEX DARMEX PETRO-CANADA SHELL OIL	ıg Motors	ease A high grade ball c service conditions is Pc checked and verified.	& Bearings Bearing ability of a grease (over at which the bearing op if the following recomm	 Perform a dielectric v has been maintained insulation resistance. Check all electrical or 	 Check that the mot grease, water, etc. ventilation. If the r failure. 	Do not touch electrics Electrical shock can c installation, operation	UL and EX Listed mot Centers if these motor months, whichever occ steps should be perforn	
Minimum Starting Temperature -60°C (-76°F) SHELL OIL CO. AEROSHELL 7 (Standard on Baldor motors) MOBIL MOBIL 28 MOBIL MOBIL 17 MOBIL MOBIL 28 MOBIL MOBIL 17 MOBIL MOBIL 17 Standard on Baldor motors) MOBIL MOBIL 17 MOBIL MOBIL 17 MOBIL MOBIL 17 Standard on Baldor motors) Operating Temperature -25°C (-15°F) to 50°C (120°F) TEXACO, INC. PREMIUM RB MOBIL MOBILITH SHC 220 (Standard on Baldor motors) CHEVRON OIL BLACK PEARL	Operating Temperature -25°C (-15°F) to 50°C (120°F) EXXON POLYREX EM (Standard on Baldor motors) EXXON BEACON 325 EXXON BLACK PEARL CHEVRON OIL SRI NO. 2 (Compatible with Polyrex EM) CHEVRON OIL BLACK PEARL TEXACO, INC. POLYSTAR AMOCO RYKON # 2 PENNIZUL PREMIUM RB PETRO-CANADA PERNIZUBE EM-2 DARMEX DARMEX 707 DARMEX DARMEX 711 PETRO-CANADA PEERLESS LLG DOLUM BRB DOLUM BRB		Type of Grease A high grade ball or roller bearing grease should be used. Recommended grease for standard service conditions is Polyrex EM (Exxon Mobil) . Do not mix greases unless compatibility has been checked and verified.	k Bearings Bearing grease will lose its lubricating ability over time, not suddenly. The lubricating ability of a grease (over time) depends primarily on the type of grease, the size of the bearing, the speed at which the bearing operates and the severity of the operating conditions. Good results can be obtained if the following recommendations are used in your maintenance program.	Perform a dielectric with stand test periodically to ensure that the integrity of the winding insulation has been maintained. Record the readings. Immediately investigate any significant decrease in insulation resistance. Check all electrical connectors to be sure that they are tight.	Check that the motor is clean. Check that the interior and exterior of the motor is free of dirt, oil, grease, water, etc. Oily vapor, paper pulp, textile lint, etc. can accumulate and block motor ventilation. If the motor is not properly ventilated, overheating can occur and cause early motor failure.	Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.	WARNING: UL and EX Listed motors must only be serviced by UL or EX Approved Authorized Baldor Service Centers if these motors are to be returned to a hazardous and/or explosive atmosphere. General Inspection Inspect the motor at regular intervals, approximately every 500 hours of operation or every 3 months, whichever occurs first. Keep the motor clean and the ventilation openings clear. The following steps should be performed at each inspection:	



	3–2 Maintenance
	õ
c	Troubleshooting

Relubrication Intervals n Intervals Recommended relubrication intervals are shown in Table 3-2. It is important to realize that the recommended intervals of Table 3-2 are based on average use.

Refer to additional information contained in Tables 3-3, 3-4 and 3-5

Table 3-2 Relubrication Intervals *

			Rated Spe	Rated Speed - RPM		
NEMA / (IEC) Frame Size	10000	6000	3600	1800	1200	006
Up to 210 incl. (132)	*	2700 Hrs.	5500 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	12000 Hrs. 18000 Hrs.	22000 Hrs.
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)		*	3600 Hrs.	9500 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.
Over 280 to 360 incl. (225)		*	* 2200 Hrs.	* 2200 Hrs. 7400 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.
Over 360 to 449 incl. (315)		*	*2200 Hrs.	*2200 Hrs. 3500 Hrs.	7400 Hrs. 10500 Hrs.	10500 Hrs.

Relubrication intervals are for ball bearings

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For vertically mounted motors and roller bearings, divide the relubrication interval by 2.

For motors operating at speeds greater than 3600 RPM, contact Baldor for relubrication recommendations. Table 3-3 Service Conditions

Low Temperature		Extreme	Severe	Standard	Severity of Service
		16 Plus	16 Plus	8	Hours per day of Operation
<-29° C **	Class H Insulation	>50° C* or	50° C	40° C	Ambient Temperature Maximum
	Shock or Vibration	Severe dirt, Abrasive dust, Corrosion, Heavy	Moderate dirt, Corrosion	Clean, Little Corrosion	Atmospheric Contamination

not mix with other grease types. Thoroughly clean bearing & cavity before adding grease. Special high temperature grease is recommended (Dow Corning DC44). Note that Dow Corning DC44 grease does

Special low temperature grease is recommended (Aeroshell 7).

*

Table 2-1 Delubrication Interval Mult

Table 3-4 Relubrication Interval Multiplier

Extreme	Severe	Standard	Severity of Service	
0.1	0.5	1.0	Multiplier	

Low Temperature

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Some motor designs use different bearings on each motor end. This is normally indicated on the motor nameplate. In this case, the larger bearing is installed on the motor Drive endplate. For best relubrication results, only use the appropriate amount of grease for each bearing size (not the same for both).



	Table 3-5 Be	Table 3-5 Bearings Sizes and Types		
	(These are t	Bearing Description (These are the "Large" bearings (Shaft End) in each frame size)	iption laft End) in eac	h frame size)
NEMA (IEC)		Weight of Grease to	Volume of grease)f grease งงี่งสือกล่
	Beam	oz (Grams)	in ³	teaspoon
56 to 140 (90)	6203	0.08 (2.4)	0.15	0.5
140 (90)	6205	0.15 (3.9)	0.2	0.8
180 (100-112)	6206	0.19 (5.0)	0.3	1.0
210 (132)	6307	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0
250 (160)	6309	0.47 (12.5)	0.7	2.5
280 (180)	6311	0.61 (17)	1.2	3.9
320 (200)	6312	0.76 (20.1)	1.2	4.0
360 (225)	6313	0.81 (23)	1.5	5.2
400 (250)	6316	1.25 (33)	2.0	6.6
440 (280)	6319	2.12 (60)	4.1	13.4
5000 to 5800 (315–450)	6328	4.70 (130)	9.2	30.0
5000 to 5800 (315–450)	NU328	4.70 (130)	9.2	30.0
360 to 449 (225–280)	NU319	2.12 (60)	4.1	13.4
AC Induction Servo				
76 Frame 180 (112)	6207	0.22 (6.1)	0.44	1.4
77 Frame 210 (132)	6210	0.32 (9.0)	0.64	2.1
 80 Frame 250(160)	6213	0.49 (14.0)	0.99	3.3
* Weight in grams = .005 DB of grease to be added	se to be added			
	-			

Note: Not all bearing sizes are listed. For intermediate bearing sizes, use the grease volume for the next larger size bearing.

BALDOR • **RELIANCE** Product Information Packet: ECP64314TR-4 - 60HP,1780RPM,3PH,60HZ,364T,TEFC,FOOT,

Maintenance & Troubleshooting 3-3

MN408



Note:
Smalle
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Note: Smaller bearings in size category may require reduced amounts of grease.
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quire re
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rease.

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Table 3-3 classifies severity of service as "Severe". Table 3-5 shows that 1.2 in³ or 3.9 teaspoon of grease is to be added <u>.</u> -

Table 3-2 list 9500 hours for standard conditions.

Sample Relubrication Determination

Assume - NEMA 286T (IEC 180), 1750 RPM motor driving an exhaust fan in an ambient temperature of 43° C and the atmosphere is moderately corrosive.

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Assemble the motor.

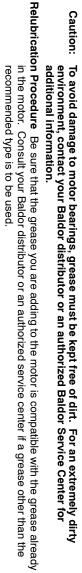
<u>2</u>

Disassemble the motor.

Note: Only a Baldor authorized and UL or CSA certified service center can disassemble a UL/CSA listed explosion proof motor to maintain it's UL/CSA listing.

Add recommended amount of grease to bearing and bearing cavity. (Bearing should be about 1/3 full of grease and outboard bearing cavity should be about 1/2 full of grease.)





Caution:

Over-lubricating can cause excessive bearing temperatures, premature lubrication breakdown and bearing failure.

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Remove grease outlet plug.

With the motor stopped, clean all grease fittings with a clean cloth

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With Grease Outlet Plug

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Add the recommended amount of grease

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Re-install grease outlet plug.

Operate the motor for 15 minutes with grease plug removed. This allows excess grease to purge.

Without Grease Provisions

Caution:

Do not over-lubricate motor as this may cause premature bearing failure

Maintenance & Troubleshooting 3-5

Symptom	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Motor will not start	Usually caused by line trouble, such	e of
Excessive humming	High Voltage	Check input line connections.
	Eccentric air gap.	Have motor serviced at local Baldor service center.
Motor Over Heating	Overload. Compare actual amps (measured) with nameplate rating.	Locate and remove source of excessive friction in motor or load.
	Single Phasing.	Check current at all phases (should be approximately equal) to isolate and correct the problem.
	Improper ventilation.	Check external cooling fan to be sure air is moving properly across cooling fins. Excessive dirt build-up on motor. Clean motor.
	Unbalanced voltage.	Check voltage at all phases (should be approximately equal) to isolate and correct the problem.
	Rotor rubbing on stator.	Check air gap clearance and bearings. Tighten "Thru Bolts".
	Over voltage or under voltage.	Check input voltage at each phase to motor.
	Open stator winding.	Check stator resistance at all three phases for balance.
	Grounded winding.	Perform dielectric test and repair as required.
	Improper connections.	Inspect all electrical connections for proper termination, clearance, mechanical strength and electrical continuity. Refer to motor lead connection diagram.
Bearing Over Heating	Misalignment.	Check and align motor and driven equipment.
	Excessive belt tension.	Reduce belt tension to proper point for load.
	Excessive grease in bearing.	Remove grease until cavity is approximately ³ / ₄ filled.
	Insufficient grease in bearing.	Add grease until cavity is approximately ³ / ₄ filled.
	Dirt in bearing.	Clean bearing cavity and bearing. Repack with correct grease until cavity is approximately ³ / ₄ filled.
Vibration	Misalignment.	Check and align motor and driven equipment.
	Rubbing between rotating parts and stationary parts.	Isolate and eliminate cause of rubbing.
	Rotor out of balance.	Have rotor balance checked are repaired at your Baldor Service Center.
	Resonance.	Tune system or contact your Baldor Service Center for assistance.
Noise	Foreign material in air gap or ventilation openings.	Remove rotor and foreign material. Reinstall rotor. Check insulation integrity. Clean ventilation openings.
Growling or whining	Bad bearing.	Replace bearing. Clean all grease from cavity and new bearing. Repack with correct grease until cavity is approximately ⁹ / ₄ filled.

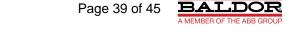
Table 3-6 Troubleshooting Chart

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MN408



Corr	- Tey - Mo - Da	Note: Greas	High Temperature**	Oll or Grease Standard*	Bearing Type	Note:	Rated Load to 1.15 S.F.	≤ Rated Load		Motor Load	ATID spec If the the <i>i</i> spec or ro	Most large frame AC Baldor motors with a 1.15 service factor are designed to open (80°C) temperature rise at rated load and are built with a Class H winding insulation this low temperature rise, RTD (Resistance Temperature Detectors) settings for Cla used as a starting point. Some motors with 1.0 service factor have Class F temperature the function of the point.
tact Baldor app	 Texaco Polystar Mobilith SHC-100 Darmex 707 	2: * Bearing ter ** High temports that may be		A		e: • Winding RTI • When Class Bearin	140	130	Alarm	Class B Temp Rise ≤ 80°C (Typical Design)	RTD alarm and trip s specific applications. If the driven load is to the alarm and trip se The temperature limi specified by NEMA. or roller bearings or i Winding	t large frame A C) temperature low temperatur las a starting
ieplate for repla lication engine		nperature limits a erature lubricants substituted that	110	Alarm 95	Anti-Friction	Ds are factory pro H temperatures g RTDs - Temp o	150	140	Trip) Rise	s strong the sould settings should found to opera settings may be mits are based mits are based mits are based r in direct conta r in direct conta	C Baldor moto rise at rated lo rise, RTD (Ru point. Some m
See the motor nameplate for replacement grease or oil recommendation. Contact Baldor application engineering for special lubricants or further clarifications	 – Rykon Premium #2 – Pennzoil Pennzlube EM-2 – Darmex 711 	Note: * Bearing temperature limits are for standard design motors operating at Class B temperature rise. ** High temperature lubricants include some special synthetic oils and greases. Greases that may be substituted that are compatible with Polyrex EM (but considered as "standard" lubricants)	115	100		 Winding RTDs are factory production installed, not from Mod-Express. When Class H temperatures are used, consider bearing temperatures and relubrication requirements Bearing RTDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient) 	160	155	Alarm	Class F Tem	RTD alarm and trip settings should be selected based on these tables unless otherwise specified for specific applications. If the driven load is found to operate well below the initial temperature settings under normal conditions, the alarm and trip settings may be reduced so that an abnormal machine load will be identified. The temperature limits are based on the installation of the winding RTDs imbedded in the winding as specified by NEMA. Bearing RTDs should be installed so they are in contact with the outer race on ball or roller bearings or in direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell. Winding RTDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient)	Most large frame AC Baldor motors with a 1.15 service factor are designed to operate below a Class E (80°C) temperature rise at rated load and are built with a Class H winding insulation system. Based on this low temperature rise, RTD (Resistance Temperature Detectors) settings for Class B rise should be used a starting point. Some motors with 1.0 service factor have Class F temperature rise.
oil recommendatic pricants or further	- Chevron SRI #2 - Chevron Black Pearl - Petro-Canada Peerless LLG	yn motors operating al synthetic oils and ³ olyrex EM (but con	105	Alarm 85		t from Mod-Express earing temperatures 40°C Maximum Am	165	165	Trip	Class F Temp Rise ≤ 105°C	d on these tables nitial temperature : n abnormal machii of the winding RTE ed so they are in c bearing shell. 40°C Maximum Ar	Most large frame AC Baldor motors with a 1.15 service factor are designed to operate below a Class B (80°C) temperature rise at rated load and are built with a Class H winding insulation system. Based on this low temperature rise, RTD (Resistance Temperature Detectors) settings for Class B rise should be used as a starting point. Some motors with 1.0 service factor have Class F temperature rise.
clarifications.	2 Pearl Peerless LLG	at Class B tempe greases. sidered as "standa		3	Sleeve	s. s and relubrication ibient)	180	175	Alarm	Class H Terr	unless otherwise unless otherwise settings under n ne load will be in Ds imbedded in t contact with the c	ing insulation sy trings for Class ass F temperatu
		rature rise. ₃rd" lubricants)	110	95	1	requirements.	185	185	Trip	Class H Temp Rise ≤ 125°C	e specified for ormal conditions, Jentified. the winding as Juter race on ball	below a Class B stem. Based on B rise should be rise.



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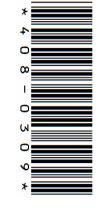




BALDOR ELECTRIC COMPANY World Headquarters P.O. Box 2400 Fort Smith, AR 72901–2400 (479) 646–4711 Fax (479) 648–5792 www.baldor.com









BALDOR

Safety Notice Be sure to read and understand all of the Safety Notice statements in MN408. A copy is available http://www.baldor.com/support/literature_load.asp?ManNumber=MN408 a

ACCEPTANCE

Thoroughly inspect this equipment before accepting shipment from the transportation company. If any damage shortage is discovered do not accept until noted on the SAFETY freight bill. Report all damage to the freight carrier. 9

Eye bolts, lifting lugs or lifting openings, if provided, are intended only for lifting the motor and motor mounted standard accessories not exceeding, in total 30% of the motor weight. These lifting provisions should never be used when lifting or handling the motor and driven equipment. Eye bolt lifting capacity rating is based on a lifting alignment coincident with eye bolt center line. Eye bolt capacity reduces as deviation from this alignment is increased. Be sure eye bolts are tight and prevented from turning before lifting.

INSTALLATION OUTSIDE THE USA: Refer to MN408 and MN1383 for Compliance with European Directives. Copies are available at:

MOTOR ENCLOSURE http://www.baldor.com/support/literature_load.asp

ODP, combustible materials. Open motors can emit flame and/or molten metal in the event of insulation failure. dry locations with adequate supply of cooling air. These motors should not be used in the presence of flammable or Open drip proof motors are intended for use in clean

indoor and outdoor locations. moisture, dirf and/or corrosive materials are present in TEFC, totally enclosed motors are intended for use where

Explosion protected motors, as indicated by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory Certification mark and marking with Class, Division and Temperature Code are intended for installation in hazardous locations as described in Article 500 of the NEC. Refer to MN408 for more details.

MOUNTING

Foot mounted machines should be mounted to a rigid foundation to prevent excessive vibration. Shims may be used if location is uneven. Flange mounted machines should be properly seated and aligned. Note: If improper rotation direction is detrimental to aligned, check rotation direction prior to coupling the load to

the motor shaft.

premature bearing failure or shaft breakage. **Direct coupled** machines should be carefully aligned and the shaft should rotate freely without binding. For V-belt drive, mount the sheave pulley close to the motor housing. Allow clearance for end to end movement of the motor shaft. Do not overtighten belts as this may cause

GENERAL The user must select a motor starter and overcurrent protection suitable for this motor and its application. Consult motor starter application data as well as the National Electric Code and/or applicable local codes. Special motors for use by United States Government including special specifications, master plans, etc. refer to the applicable master plans and specifications involved lectric

and prevent the shaft block must be installed to prevent axial movement reshipped alone or installed to another piece of equipment remove blocking before operating the motor. If motor is to be On motors received from the factory with the shaft blocked, brinelling of the bearings during shipment

MN416

Depending on storage conditions it may be necessary to regrease or change rusted bearings. Contact Baldor District Office if resistance is less than 5 meg ohms. If the motor has been in storage for an extensive period or has been subjected to adverse moisture conditions, check the motor insulation resistance with a meg ohm meter. **ESTING**

WARNING: Do not touch electrical connections before

WARNING: Be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. Electrical shock can you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.

cause serious or fatal injury.

INSTALLATION

This motor must be installed Electric Code, NEMA MG-2, WIRING in accordance with National IEC standards and local codes

Connect the motor as shown in the connection diagrams. If this motor is installed as part of a motor control drive system, connect and protect the motor according to the control manufacturers diagrams. Refer to MN408 for additional details on lead marking. The wiring, fusing and grounding must comply with the National Electrical Code or IEC and local codes. When the motor is connected to the load for proper direction of rotation and started, it should start quickly and run smoothly. If not, stop the motor immediately and operation and compare the measured current with the motor, motor connections are not correct or the load is heavy. Check the motor current after a few minutes of determine the cause. Possible causes are: low voltage at the nameplate rating. is too

the ground point, the motor or generator terminal housing, and the motor or generator frame. In non-USA locations consult the appropriate national or local code applicable. **GROUNDING** Ground the motor according to NEC and local codes. In the USA consult the National Electrical Code, Article 430 for information on grounding of motors and generators, and Article 250 for general information on grounding. In making the ground connection, the installer should make certain that ADJUSTMENT there is a solid and permanent metallic connection between

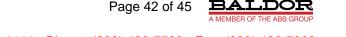
have no adjustable parts. The neutral is adjustable on some DC motors. AC motors

Noise

For specific sound power or pressure level information, contact your local Baldor representative.

This motor is balanced to NEMA MG1, Part 7 standard VIBRATION

BRUSHES (DC Motors) Periodically, the brushes should be inspected and all brush dust blown out of the motor. If a brush is worn $1/_2$, (length specified in renewal parts data), replace the brushes. Reassemble and seat the new brushes using a brush seating stone. Be sure the rocker arm is set on the neutra



INSPECTION

Before connecting the motor to an electrical supply, inspect for any damage resulting from shipment. Turn the shaft by hand to ensure free rotation. Motor leads must be isolated before the shaft will turn freely on permanent magnet motors. DRAIN PLUGS

motor has special stainless steel drains). All dra located in the lowest portion of the ends shields. non-ventilated motors, the plugs in the lowest portion of the ends shields should be removed for operation (unless the each endplate for various motor mounting configurations. Condensation drain plugs are provided at four points on For Washdown and totally enclosed, fan cooled or All drains are

MOUNTING

Mount the motor on a foundation sufficiently rigid to prevent excessive vibration. Grease lubricated ball bearing motors may be mounted with the feet at any angle. After careful alignment, bolt motor securely in place. Use shim to fill any unevenness in the foundation. Motor feet should sit solidly on the foundation before mounting bolts are tightened.

7 **7** (Ingress Protection)

IP designations include two numerals, the first characteristic numeral is for ingress solid bodies and from dust. The second for ingress protection from liquid – water. Motors marked less than IP23 require additional protection from water.

GUARDING

After motor installation is complete, a guard of suitable dimensions must be constructed and installed around the motor/gearmotor. This guard must prevent personnel from coming in contact with any moving parts of the motor or drive the motor. assembly but must allow sufficient cooling air to pass over

If a motor mounted brake is installed, provide proper safeguards for personnel in case of brake failure. plates or lids, must be installed before operating the motor. Brush inspection plates and electrical connection cover

STARTING

loose rotating parts to prevent them from flying off. Check direction of rotation before coupling motor to load. The motor should start quickly and run smoothly and with little noise. If the motor should fail to start the load may be been miswired. In any case immediately shut motor off and too great for the motor, the voltage is low or the motor has Before starting motor remove all unused shaft keys and investigate the cause.

ROTATION To reverse the direction of rotation, disconnect and lockout power and interchange any two of the three AC power leads for three phase motors. For two-phase four wire, disconnect and lockout power and interchange the AC line leads on any one phase. For two phase three wire, disconnect and lockout norwer and interchange phase one and phase two AC line

Maintenance Procedures

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- WARNING: WARNING: Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Surface temperatures of motor enclosures
- accidentally coming into contact with hot surfaces. Protection should be provided by the user to protect against accidental contact with hot surfaces. Failure to observe this discomfort or injury to personnel may reach temperatures which can cause precaution could result in bodily injury.

Lubrication Information

lubricated at the factory. Motors that do not have regrease capability are factory lubricated for the normal life of the bearings. Washdown motors can not be lubricated. This is a ball or roller bearing motor. The bearings have beer

Lubricant

Polyrex EM unless stated on nameplate. Do not mix lubricants due to possible incompatibility. Look for signs of lubricant incompatibility, such as extreme soupiness visible from the grease relief area. If other greases are preferred, check with local Baldor representative for recommendations. Baldor motors are pregreased, normally with Mobil

capability) Relubrication Intervals (For motors with regrease

intervals. be relubricated. Lubrication is also recommended New motors that have been stored for a year or more should at these

LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS

!> :motor to prevent grease contamination. contamination. Properly clean the grease inlet area of the Cleanliness is important in lubrication. Any grease used to lubricate anti friction bearings should be fresh and free from

Select service condition from Table Select lubrication frequency from Table N

LUBRICATION PROCEDURE

is warm. Bearings should be lubricated while stationary and the motor

- 1. Locate the grease inlet, clean the area, and replace the
- ωin pipe plug with a grease fitting. Locate and remove the grease drain plug, if provided.
- until clean grease appears at the grease drain, at the grease relief, or along the shaft opening. Replace the grease inlet plug and run the motor for two Add the recommended volume of recommended lubricant
- 4 Jours
- ъ Replace the grease drain plug

SPECIAL APPLICATIONS For special temperature applications, consult your Baldor District Office.

N

Installation

& Maintenance

Ctandard						
Januaru	40° C		Clean, Little Corrosion	e Corrosion	Deep Groove	Deep Groove Ball Bearing
Severe	50° C		Moderate dirt, Corrosior	rt, Corrosion	Ball Thru	Ball Thrust, Roller
Extreme >5	>50° C* or Class H Insulation		vere dirt, Abrasi	Severe dirt, Abrasive dust, Corrosion	All Be	All Bearings
Low Temperature	<−30° C **					
* Special high temperature grease is recommended.	se is recommended. *	* Special low te	emperature grea	** Special low temperature grease is recommended.	ц.	
	Table 2 Lubrication Frequency (Ball Bearings)	cation Frequ	ency (Ball Be	earings)		
			Rated S	Rated Speed - RPM		
NEMA / (IEC) Frame Size	10000	0009	3600	1800	1200	900
Up to 210 incl. (132)	*	2700 Hrs.	5500 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.	22000 Hrs.
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)		**	3600 Hrs.	9500 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.
Over 280 to 360 incl. (225)		**	* 2200 Hrs.	5. 7400 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.
Over 360 to 5000 incl. (300)		*	*2200 Hrs.	. 3500 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	10500 Hrs.
 Relubrication intervals are for ball bearings. For vertically mounted motors and roller bearings, divide the relubrication interval by 2. ** For motors operating at speeds greater than 3600 RPM, contact Baldor for relubrication recommendations. 	all bearings. For vertions greater than 3600 RP	ally mounted n M, contact Balc	notors and roller dor for relubricat	r bearings, divide the tion recommendation	e relubrication int ns.	erval by 2.
	Table 3 L	ubrication In	Table 3 Lubrication Interval Multiplier	olier		
Severity of Service	rvice	Multiplier				
Standard		1.0				
Severe		0.5				
Extreme		0.1				
Low Temperature	ture	1.0				
	Table 4	Amount of	Table 4 Amount of Grease to Add	id		
			Bearing Descrip	Bearing Description (Largest bearing in each frame size)	ig in each frame	size)
Frame Size NEMA (IEC)	A (IEC)	Bearing	OD Width			Volume of grease to add
				ounce (gram)	i) inches ³	teaspoon
Up to 210 incl. (132)		6307	80 21	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0

Over 210 to 280 incl. (180) Over 280 to 360 incl. (200) Over 360 to 5000 incl. (300)

6311 6313 NU322

120 140 240

50 33 29

0.61 (17.4) 0.81 (23.1) 2.12 (60.0)

1.2 4.1

3.9 5.2 13.4

Weight in grams = 0.005 DB

MN416



Severity of Service

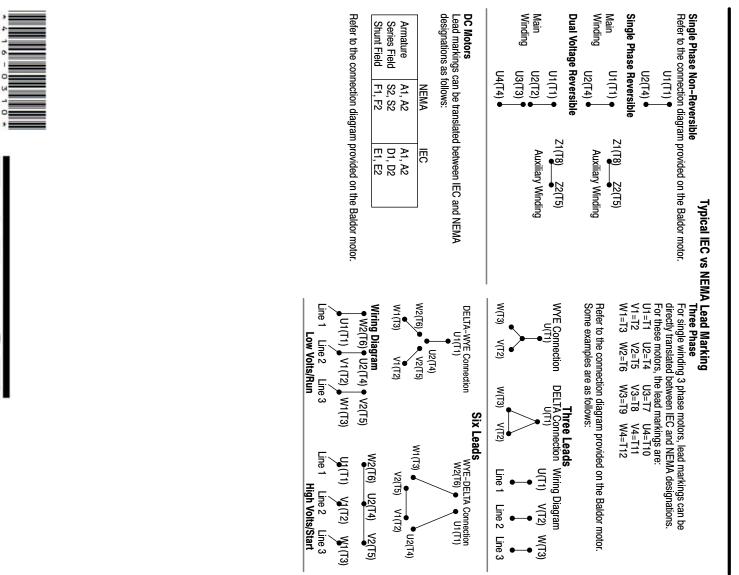
Ambient Temperature Maximum

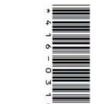
 Table 1 Service Conditions

 yrature
 Atmospheric

 n
 Contamination

Type of Bearing







© 2009 Baldor Electric Company MN416 4 Installation & Maintenance World Headquarters P.O. Box 2400 Fort Smith, AR 72902-2400 USA Ph: (1) 479.646.4711, Fax: (1) 479.648.5792

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