

## BALDOR • RELIANCE

### **Product Information Packet**

## ECP844156TR-4

150HP,1190RPM,3PH,60HZ,447T,TEFC,FOOT,

Copyright © All product information within this document is subject to Baldor Electric Company copyright © protection, unless otherwise noted.

Part Detail										
Revision:	G	Status:	PRD/A	Change a	#:		Proprietary	:	No	
Туре:	AC	Prod. Type:	A44120M	Elec. Spe	ec:	A44WG1496	CD Diagrar	n:		
Enclosure:	TEFC	Mfg Plant:		Mech. Sp	Dec:		Layout:			
Frame:	447T	Mounting:	F1	Poles:		06	Created Da	te:	10-19-2	010
Base:		Rotation:	PS	Insulation	า:	F	Eff. Date:		05-01-2	012
Leads:	3#1/0	Literature:		Elec. Dia	gram:		Replaced B	y:		
Nameplate 0006	613007ET									
CAT NO	ECP844156TR-4	SPEC NO.		P44G3755						
HP	150	AMPS		170	VOLTS		460	DESIGN		В
FRAME SIZE	447T	RPM		1190	HZ		60	AMB		40 <b>SF</b> 1.15
D.E. BRG.	110RU02M30X	РН		3	DUTY		CONT	INSUL.CLA	ASS	F
O.D.E. BRG.	90BC03J30X	TYPE		P	ENCL		TEFC	CODE		F
D.E.BRG.DATA	222	POWER FACTOR		85.5	NEMA-N	OM-EFFICIENCY	95.8			
O.D.E.BRG.DATA	6318	MAX CORR KVAR		25.0	GUARAN	ITEED EFFICIENCY	95.0			
3/4 LOAD EFF.	96.2	NEMA NOM/CSA QU	JOTED EFF							
SER.NO.		MOTOR WEIGHT								



Nameplate 000613007EX				
CAT NO	ECP844156TR-4	SPEC NO.	P44G3755	
NO. ROTOR BARS	71	GREASE TYPE	MOBIL SHC 220	
NO. SLOTS	90	IEEE 85 NOISE LEVEL	65DBA	
5 YEAR WARRANTY		MFG. DATE		
NL AMPS AT RATED VOLTAGE	38.6	WINDING RES @25 C	.03239	OHMS
SER.NO				



Nameplate 000692000UJ					
TCODE	T2A	ТЕМР	280	CL I DIV 2 GR	ABCD
CL.1,ZONE 2,GR	IIAIIBIIC	CL II DIV 2 GR	ххх		
MOTOR I.D. NO.	P44G3755				



lame	eplate NP2496L	
	MOBIL SHC -220 GREASE	



Parts List		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
SA207199	SA P44G3755	1.000 EA
RA194466	RA P44G3755	1.000 EA
613-6PU	N/P (RELEASE QTY 10,000)	1.000 EA
000613007ET	N/P BALDOR	1.000 EA
000613007EX	N/P BALDOR	1.000 EA
000692000FF	N/P (RELEASE QTY 1,000)	1.000 EA
000692000JP	N/P (RELEASE QTY 1200)	1.000 EA
000692000RT	N/P (RELEASE QTY 500)	1.000 EA
000692000UJ	N/P	1.000 EA
000692000VD	N/P (REL QTY 4000)	1.000 EA
NP2496L	MOTOR LUBE NAMEPLATE	1.000 EA
032625024PA	5/8-11 X .75" LONG FULL DOG PT SCKT SET	2.000 EA
004824015AP	GREASE MOBILITH SHC 220	1.156 LB
032018008CK	HHCS 3/8-16X1L PLATED	4.000 EA
032018020FK	HHCS 3/4-10X2-1/2 PLTD.	4.000 EA
032018036DK	HHCS 1/2-13X4-1/2 PLTD.	3.000 EA
032620016LA	SOCKET SET SCREW-449	3.000 EA
034017014AB	LCKW 3/8 STD. PLATED	4.000 EA
034180014DA	KEY 1/4X1/4X1-3/4 L	1.000 EA
034530072AB	P/NIP 1/8X9"L GALV.	1.000 EA
034530072BB	PIPE NIPPLE, DE - 440-BS	1.000 EA
034600001AA	BUSH 1/4TO1/8 BLACK	1.000 EA
034630002AB	CPLG 1/4" PLATED	1.000 EA
034690005AB	PPLG 3/4 PLATED	2.000 EA



Parts List (continued)		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
035000001G	GITS GRS CUP,ODE	1.000 EA
078549001DA	FAN 400 078549001F	1.000 EA
083199082RA	G28 FAN COVER W/BAFFLE ASSY 83199-82A	1.000 EA
089490099D	G28 BRKT 089490098WCA	1.000 EA
412118006A	DRAIN	1.000 EA
415028021L	SEAL - 449	1.000 EA
415072001B	CLAMP	1.000 EA
415096002A	CPLG 1/8 HEX TYPE	1.000 EA
418151014G	RETAIN RING	1.000 EA
423709011D	WASHER	3.000 EA
032018004BK	HHCS 5/16-18X1/2 PLATED	3.000 EA
032018020FK	HHCS 3/4-10X2-1/2 PLTD.	4.000 EA
032018030DK	HHCS 1/2-13X3-3/4 PLTD.	3.000 EA
034017013AB	LCKW 5/16 STD. PLATED	3.000 EA
034530072AB	P/NIP 1/8X9"L GALV.	1.000 EA
034530072BB	PIPE NIPPLE,DE - 440-BS	1.000 EA
034600001AA	BUSH 1/4TO1/8 BLACK	1.000 EA
034630002AB	CPLG 1/4" PLATED	1.000 EA
035000001G	GITS GRS CUP,ODE	1.000 EA
089490101C	G28 BRKT 089490100WCA	1.000 EA
412118006A	DRAIN	1.000 EA
415028021K	INPRO SEAL,DE - 449	1.000 EA
415096002A	CPLG 1/8 HEX TYPE	1.000 EA
418151014H	RETAIN RING	1.000 EA



Parts List (continued)		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
423709011D	WASHER	3.000 EA
702623013R	THERMAL BARRIER, G28	1.000 EA
032018008BK	HHCS 5/16-18X1L PLATED	4.000 EA
032018008DK	HHCS 1/2-13X1 PLATED	4.000 EA
032130014DB	HSHCS1/2-13X1-3/4 PLATE	4.000 EA
033512004LB	HHTTS 1/4-20X1/2 PLTD.	1.000 EA
034000016AB	WSHR .531ID 1.062OD .095	4.000 EA
035000001A	ALFTG 1/8" 1610-BL	1.000 EA
035000001A	ALFTG 1/8" 1610-BL	1.000 EA
067053014A	GASK 440	1.000 EA
076870000B	+CBCST BLKT - 440	1.000 EA
076871000A	+CBOX CVR BLKT - 449	1.000 EA
406056007A	TERBD 440	1.000 EA
406099000A	PLUG - FAN COVER 320-440	1.000 EA
41500003D	T/LUG 897-777 KPA25/G16	1.000 EA
415030115A	G28 C/BOX 415030114WCA	1.000 EA
418150003A	GREASE FITTING CAP	1.000 EA
033775004EA	DRSCR #6-1/4 304 S.S.	2.000 EA
418150003A	GREASE FITTING CAP	1.000 EA
034180054KA	KEY 7/8X7/8X6-3/4 L	1.000 EA
004824003AJD	WILKO 778.50 BLUE GREEN - 55 GAL DRUMS	0.375 GA
004824003CBP	WILKO 060.06B - ACTIVATR - 5 GA.	0.094 GA
PK5006A01	WOOD BASE 447 60 X 41-1/2 BLT 20 X 18	1.000 EA
482403004AZZ	ROTOR/STATOR PAINT	0.094 GA



Parts List (continued)		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
421948051	LABEL, MYLAR	1.000 EA
415039027A	GASKET, G28 LEAD THROAT	2.000 EA



Printed on 12/18/10 6:09 @ psecs-motorer

A44WG1496-R001 ssue DATE 12/18/10	н	A-C MOTOR PERFORMANCE DATA	A-C MOT PERFORMA DATA		W. L. SMITH J.J.HARRISON W. L. SMITH 04/27/10	DR. BY W. L. SM. CK. BY J.J.HARR: APP. BY W. L. SM. DATE 04/27/10		ŏ	BALDOR
					95.4 PCT.	П	A L EFFICIENCY	TYPICAL DATA NEMA NOMINAL	REMARKS: TYPI( NEMA
ABLE, THE	CONNECTION. IF OTHER VOLTAGE CONNECTIONS ARE AVAILABLE, E RATED VOLTAGE	ONNECTIONS	OLTAGE CC	OTHER V	TION. IF ) VOLTAGE	CONNEC: THE RATE!	460. VOLT CONNECTION. IF INVERSELY WITH THE RATED VOLTAGE		AMPERES SHOWN FOR AMPERES WILL VARY
170	663	6	100	ц		1188			FULL LOAD
592	63	1563	236	N		1150			BREAKDOWN
1002	644	é	97.2			180			AD TIDA
1025	799	7:	121	1		0			LOCKED ROTOR
AMPERES	TORQUE LBFT.	TO	TORQUE FULL LOAD	TC % FUI	M	RPM			
				RQUE	SPEED TORQUE	10			
95.1		86.	1184	1		213	188	1	5/4
95.8	.ω	86.	1188	1		170	150	L	4/4
96.2	.9	83.	1191	1		130	112	н.	3/4
96.3	.9	76.	1194	1	.9	94.	75.1		2/4
94.9	6	56.6	1197	1	σ	65.5	37.6		1/4
0	3.70	ω	1200	1	σ	42.5	0		NO LOAD
% EFFICIENCY	% POWER FACTOR	POWER	RPM		RES	AMPERES	HP		LOAD
				ANCE	PERFORMANCE				
824	. 0324	ł					418143080ME	4181	833241
STATOR RES.@25 <sup>°</sup> C S (BETWEEN LINES)	STATO OHMS (BE	TEST DATE		TEST S.O.	S. TE		ROTOR		E/S
TEFC	ы		в	1.15	1.	40/F	Ħ	CONT	170
ENCL.	CODE LETTER	(GN	NEMA DESIGN	ა. ყ.	0	AMB °C/ INSUL.	DUTY	D	AMPS
460	1190		3/60		P	150	TT	447T	
VOLTS	RPM	TZ	PHASE/ HERTZ	TYPE	н	HP	FRAME	FR	REL. S.O.
					_		_		



-1

Printed
g
12/18/10
6:09
e
psecs-motoreng

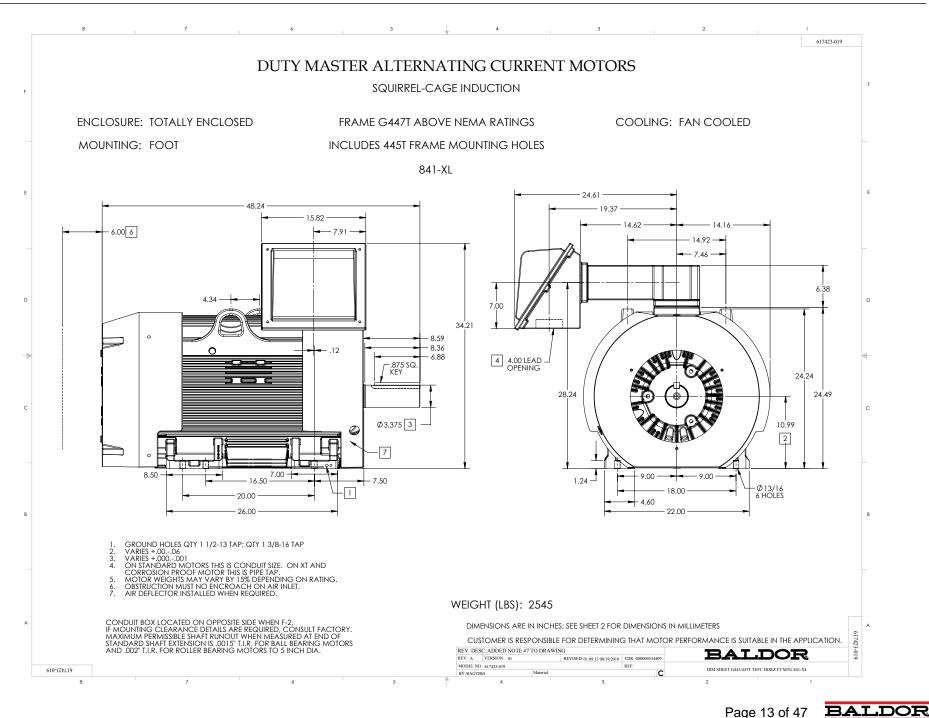
dl			0		400		UE I 00	 N LE   1	] 3. FT. 1200		1600	2	2000	24	100	1	184	1	186	1	188		PEEC 190	) IN H	RPM 192		1194	1	196	1	198	12	200	TIPE F PHASE/HERTZ	HP 150	REL S.O. FRAME 447T
	AMPERES AMPERES								-		-			-					DE		-													F /HERI	50	.0. 44
	RES		0		200 A		AI 4		OLT:	1.1.1.1	300	1	000	12	200	0		2		(2) &   4		(3) IN 60		8	0 0		100								i	7
1	NILL					/																AMPS	AT	460 '	VOL									3/60		
וו	VARY					1/										0		4	0	8			20		60		200	24	40	2	30	32	20			
	INV		100																$\square$													4	4			
Í	SHOWN FOR 460 VOLT CONNECTION, II WILL VARY INVERSELY WITH THE RATED VOLTAGE.		200										<u> </u>			20			$\left  \right $																	
	TA MI			_	_						-									\	$\square$	2									/			AMB	AMPS	RPM .
DR. BY CK. BY	TOA T	s	300		_							$\square$				40 -				$\land$		$ \rightarrow $	$\vdash$			3				$\vdash$			-NEN-	AMB °C/INSUL	'	1190 TS 460
BY BY	E Q	SPEED IN RPM,(FLT =	-								-	$\square$								$\left  \right\rangle$			$\left \right\rangle$			+			/					ASUL	6	1190 460
W. I J.J.H	ONNEC	- ĨZ R	400									$\square$				8—					$\land$					+		$\square$					-MIN	40/F		
W. L. SMITH J.J.HARRISON	VOLT	PM,(I										$\square$									+\-	 											-A-	मि		
ON H	I, IF AGE.	LT=	500													8- 						$\setminus$				<b>1</b>							 FFIC	E/S		S.F.
															НО	<u> </u>						$\left  \right\rangle$											  ENC		CODE LETTER	
	ER VO	663 LB. FT.)	600												HORSEPOWER	8									1								Y = 9	833241		1.15 DESIGN
ם אים	OLTAG	T.)	700												OWE	 5-																	5.4 PC	р Ц С	- 	₩
A-C MOTOR	OTHER VOLTAGE CONNECTIONS ARE		ð						_		-				~	8							/	Α_									T			
N N	NNEC		800			$\square$																$\square$			$\left\{ + \right\}$									U U		TE RO
MOTOR	FIONS		Ť		_	$\left  \right $			-							Ĕ				$\vdash$	$\vdash$				$\mathbb{H}$	$\left  \right $					FL			ATOK	TEST DATE	ROTOR TEST S
	3 ARE		000	_	_	$\vdash$			-		+					_ 160				$\vdash$						$\mathbb{H}$								STATOK KES.@ 23 C.UJZ4 Ohms (Bet		ROTOR 418143080ME TEST S.O. TYPICAL DATA
				-			$\land$		-		+/								/															ے ۱		1430 TYPI
44	AVAILABLE,		1000						-		+/-					180	/	$\vdash$								+	$\wedge$							OHMS	°	CAL CAL
								$\land$	$\Box$		/																							(BE		DAT.
406	THE		1100						$\triangleright$	K						200_																		TWEED		A
A44WC1496-B001					_	-	-	-	-							2																		OHMS (BETWEEN LINES)		
-			1200													220																		VES)		

-1

Ш			0	N	ω	<i>о</i> г	6 7 6	و «	1 0		2					¢ 7	° °	00	1		+		10_00 PH	12 12	RI: FF
	AMPERE AMPERE	REMARKS:								T	IMI	E IN	SE	C.									PHASE/HERTZ	HP 150 TYPE P	REL. S.O. FRAME 447T
Ř	AMPERES SHOWN FOR 460 AMPERES WILL VARY INVERSELY		100																				RTZ 3/60		171
Ŭ IJ	R 460	THERMAL LIMIT CURVE NEMA NOMINAL EFFICIE																					-		
		THERMAL LIMIT CURVE NEMA NOMINAL EFFICIENCY = 95.4 PCT.	200 % FUL																				AMB	AMPS DUTY	RPM ] VOLTS
W. L. SMITH J.J.HARRISON W. L. SMITH	VOLT CONNECTION, WITH THE RATED VOLTAGE.	NCY = 95.4	9 FULL LOAD CURRENT														ACCELERATION	/				;	/INSUL	170 CONT	RPM 1190 VOLTS 460
Z		PCT.	JRRENT												-LOCKED-ROTOR								40/F		
PE	IF OTHEF		400												-ROTOR -				 				<sub>E/S</sub> 833241	CODE LETTER F ENCLOSURE TEH	S.F. 1.15 NEMA DESIGN
A-C MOTOR PERFORMANCE	<b>VOLTAG</b>															4		/	LOCKED-ROTOR, 40.C					TER F E TEFC	IGN B B
MOTOR	E CONNEC		500																-ROTOR,		19 C FOR	AOTOR IN			RO
	TIONS AF													/				, 	40.C		119 C FOR LOCKED-ROTOR	NVEBI O		TEST DATE STATOR RES	ROTOR 418143080ME TEST S.O. TYPICAL
A44WG1496-R001	OTHER VOLTAGE CONNECTIONS ARE AVAILABLE,		600									/	4								ROTOR-	MOTOR INITIAL TEMPERATURE	HMS (BE	TEST DATE STATOR RES. $025\%$ .0324	1430801 TYPIC
-R001	ABLE, THE											Д				4						URE:	OHMS (BETWEEN LINES)	.0324	143080ME TYPICAL DATA
			700																				VES)		

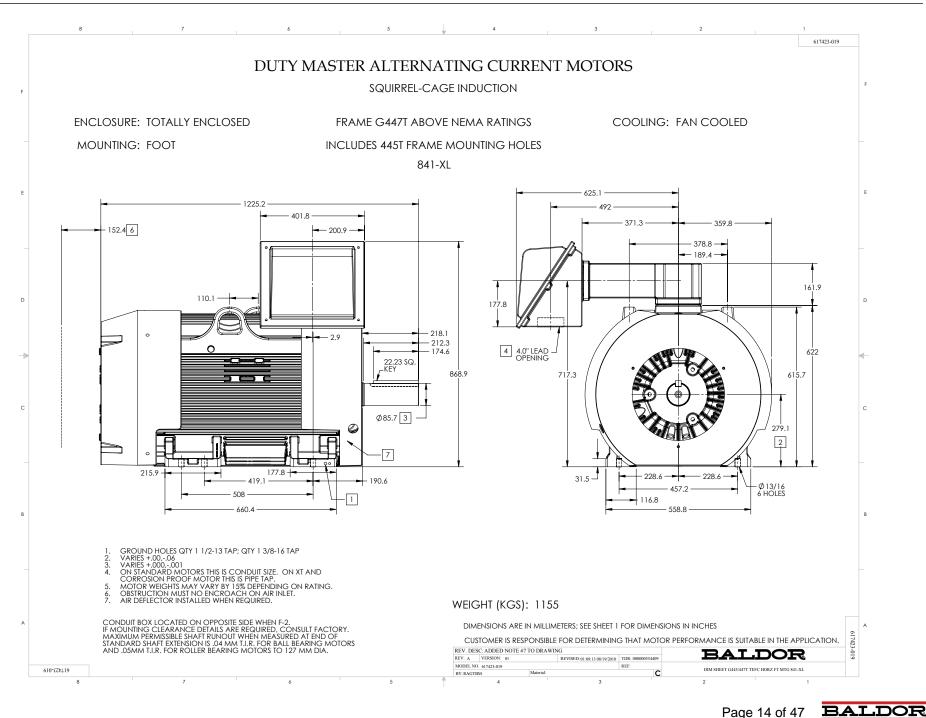
Printed on 12/18/10 6:09 @ psecs-motorer





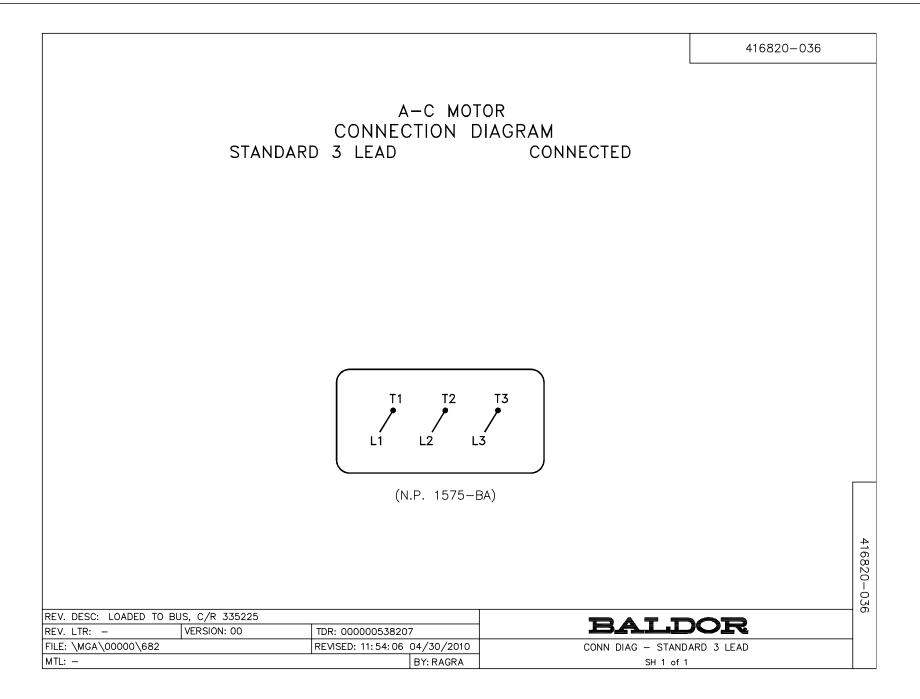
For Baldor Sales and Support, Please Contact: Walker EMD • http://www.walkeremd.com • Toll-Free: (800) 876-4444 • Phone: (203) 426-7700 • Fax: (203) 426-7800

A MEMBER OF THE ABB GROUP



For Baldor Sales and Support, Please Contact: Walker EMD • http://www.walkeremd.com • Toll-Free: (800) 876-4444 • Phone: (203) 426-7700 • Fax: (203) 426-7800

A MEMBER OF THE ABB GROUP



Page 15 of 47 **BALDOR** 

TENV, ODP, WPI Enclosures AC Induction Motors Integral Horsepower , TEAO, Explosion Proof **TEFC Enclosure** 

BALDOR·RELIANCE

Installation & Operating Manual

MN408

3/09

**BALDOR** A MEMBER OF THE ABB GROUP Page 16 of 47





MN408

Limited Warranty	
Safety Notice	
Receiving	
Storage	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Extended Storage	
Greater than 6 months	
Greater than 18 months	
Unpacking	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Handling	
Section 2	
Overview	
•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Mounting	
ne Mounting H	
Alignment	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Doweling & Bolting	
Guarding	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Power Connection	
Grounding	
Conduit Box	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
AC Power	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Eiret Time Start Un	
Initial Lubrication	
Test for General Condition	
Coupled Start Up	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Jogging and Repeated Starts	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Heating	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Hazardous Locations	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Selection	
Protection Concepts	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Repair of Motors used in Hazardous Locations	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Section 3	
General Inspection	
Relubrication & Bearings	
-	
Relubrication Procedure	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Troubleshooting Chart	

**Table of Contents** 

ii Table of Contents

MN408



General	Section
Information	-

Overview	This manual contains general procedures that apply to Baldor Motor products. Be sure to read and understand the Safety Notice statements in this manual. For your protection, do not install, operate or attempt to perform maintenance procedures until you understand the <b>Warning and Caution</b> statements. A <b>Warning</b> statement indicates a possible unsafe condition that can cause harm to personnel. A <b>Caution</b> statement indicates a condition that can cause damage to equipment.
Important:	A control statement indicates a condition that can cause damage to equipment. This instruction manual is not intended to include a comprehensive listing of all details for all procedures required for installation, operation and maintenance. This manual describes general guidelines that apply to most of the motor products shipped by Baldor. If you have a question about a procedure or are uncertain about any detail, Do Not Proceed. Please contact your Baldor distributor for more information or clarification.
	<ul> <li>Install, operate or perform maintenance, become familiar with the following:         <ul> <li>NEMA Publication MG-2, Safety Standard for Construction and guide for Selection, Installation and Use of Electric Motors and Generators.</li> <li>IEC 34-1 Electrical and IEC72-1 Mechanical specifications</li> <li>ANSI C51.5, the National Electrical Code (NEC) and local codes and practices.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Limited Warranty
	www.baldor.com/support/warranty_standard.asp
Safety Notice:	This equipment contains high voltage! Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt installation, operation and maintenance of electrical equipment.
	Be sure that you are completely familiar with NEMA publication MG-2, safety standards for construction and guide for selection, installation and use of electric motors and generators, the National Electrical Code and local codes and practices. Unsafe installation or use can cause conditions that lead to serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.
WARNING:	Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.
WARNING:	Disconnect all electrical power from the motor windings and accessory devices before disassembly of the motor. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.
WARNING:	Be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. Do not apply AC power before you ensure that all grounding instructions have been followed. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. National Electrical Code and Local codes must be carefully followed.
WARNING:	Avoid extended exposure to machinery with high noise levels. Be sure to wear ear protective devices to reduce harmful effects to your hearing.
WARNING:	Surface temperatures of motor enclosures may reach temperatures which can cause discomfort or injury to personnel accidentally coming into contact with hot surfaces. When installing, protection should be provided by the user to protect against accidental contact with hot surfaces. Failure to observe this precaution could result in bodily injury.
WARNING:	This equipment may be connected to other machinery that has rotating parts or parts that are driven by this equipment. Improper use can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt to install operate or maintain this equipment.
WARNING:	Do not by-pass or disable protective devices or safety guards. Safety features are designed to prevent damage to personnel or equipment. These devices can only provide protection if they remain operative.
WARNING:	Avoid the use of automatic reset devices if the automatic restarting of equipment can be hazardous to personnel or equipment.
WARNING:	Be sure the load is properly coupled to the motor shaft before applying power. The shaft key must be fully captive by the load device. Improper coupling can cause harm to personnel or equipment if the load decouples from the shaft during operation.
WARNING:	UL Listed motors must only be serviced by UL Approved Authorized Baldor Service Centers if these motors are to be returned to a hazardous and/or explosive atmosphere.
WARNING:	Thermostat contacts automatically reset when the motor has slightly cooled down. To prevent injury or damage, the control circuit should be designed so that automatic starting of the motor is not possible when the thermostat resets.

MN408

Page 20 of 47

	mannannig operations. Improper methods may cause muscle strain of other narm.
WARNING:	Pacemaker danger – Magnetic and electromagnetic fields in the vicinity of current carrying carrying conductors and permanent magnet motors can result result in a serious health hazard to persons with cardiac pacemakers, metal implants, and hearing aids. To avoid risk, stay way from
WARNING:	Before performing any motor maintenance procedure, be sure that the equipment connected to the motor shaft cannot cause shaft rotation. If the load can cause shaft rotation, disconnect the load from the motor shaft before maintenance is performed. Unexpected mechanical rotation of the motor parts can cause injury or motor damage.
WARNING:	Do not use non UL/CSA listed explosion proof motors in the presence of flammable or combustible vapors or dust. These motors are not designed for atmospheric conditions that require explosion proof operation.
WARNING:	Motors that are to be used in flammable and/or explosive atmospheres must display the UL label on the nameplate along with CSA listed logo. Specific service conditions for these motors are defined in NFPA 70 (NEC) Article 500.
WARNING:	Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions, should be permanently guarded to prevent accidental contact by personnel. Accidental contact with body parts or clothing can cause serious or fatal injury.
Caution:	To prevent premature equipment failure or damage, only qualified maintenance personnel should perform maintenance.
Caution:	Do not over tension belts. Excess tension may damage the motor or driven equipment.
Caution:	Do not over-lubricate motor as this may cause premature bearing failure.
Caution:	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor.
Caution:	If eye bolts are used for lifting a motor, be sure they are securely tightened. The lifting direction should not exceed a 20° angle from the shank of the eye bolt or lifting lug. Excessive lifting angles can cause damage.
Caution:	To prevent equipment damage, be sure that the electrical service is not capable of delivering more than the maximum motor rated amps listed on the rating plate.
Caution:	If a HI POT test (High Potential Insulation test) must be performed, follow the precautions and procedure in NEMA MG1 and MG2 standards to avoid equipment damage. If you have any questions or are uncertain about any statement or procedure, or if you require additional information please contact your Baldor distributor or an Authorized Baldor Service Center.
Receiving	<ul> <li>Each Baldor Electric Motor is thoroughly tested at the factory and carefully packaged for shipment. When you receive your motor, there are several things you should do immediately.</li> <li>1. Observe the condition of the shipping container and report any damage immediately to the commercial carrier that delivered your motor.</li> <li>2. Verify that the part number of the motor you received is the same as the part number listed on your purchase order.</li> </ul>
<u>Handling</u> Caution:	<b>Z</b> 0 0 0
	<ol> <li>Use the lugs or eye bolts provided to lift the motor. Never attempt to lift the motor and additional equipment connected to the motor by this method. The lugs or eye bolts provided are designed to lift only the motor. Never lift the motor by the motor shaft or the hood of a WPII motor.</li> <li>To avoid condensation inside the motor, do not unpack until the motor has reached room temperature (Room temperature is the temperature of the room in which it will be installed). The packing provides insulation from temperature changes during transportation.</li> <li>When lifting a WPII (Weather Proof Type 2) motor, do not lift the motor by inserting lugs into holes on top of the cooling hood. These lugs are to be used for hood removal only.</li> </ol>

Page 21 of 47 LDOR BA A MEMBER OF THE ABB GROUP

4.	ώ	Preparation for Storage 1. Some m The ship reinstall 2. Store in a. Sho bin b. Stor	A w boxe grea grea	Storage Storage from d Intraction from d Improj not evelo failure
<ul> <li>b. Place new desiccant inside the vapor bag and re-seal by taping it closed.</li> <li>c. If a zipper-closing type bag is used instead of the heat-sealed type bag, zip the bag closed instead of taping it. Be sure to place new desiccant inside bag after each monthly inspection.</li> <li>d. Place the shell over the motor and secure with lag bolts.</li> <li>Where motors are mounted to machinery, the mounting must be such that the drains and breathers are fully operable and are at the lowest point of the motor. Vertical motors must be stored in the vertical position. Storage environment must be maintained as stated in step 2.</li> </ul>		a eliç a ed pi t	<ul> <li>A wooden crate "shell" should be constructed to secure the motor during storage. This is similar to an export box but the sides &amp; top must be secured to the wooden base with lag bolts (not nailed as export boxes are) to allow opening and reclosing many times without damage to the "shell".</li> <li>Minimum resistance of motor winding insulation is 5 Meg ohms or the calculated minimum, which ever is greater. Minimum resistance is calculated as follows: Rm = kV + 1 where: (Rm is minimum resistance to ground in Meg-Ohms and kV is rated nameplate voltage defined as Kilo-Volts.)</li> <li>Example: For a 480VAC rated motor Rm = 1.48 meg-ohms (use 5 MΩ). For a 4160VAC rated motor Rm = 5.16 meg-ohms.</li> </ul>	Do not lift the assembly using the motor lugs or eye bolts provided. Lugs or eye bolts are designed to lift motor only. If the load is unbalanced (as with couplings or additional attachments) additional slings or other means must be used to prevent tipping. In any event, the load must be secure before lifting. If the load is unbalanced (as with couplings or additional attachments) additional slings or other means must be used to prevent tipping. In any event, the load must be secure before lifting. Storage requirements for motors and generators that will not be placed in service for at least six months from date of shipment. Improper motor storage will result in seriously reduced reliability and failure. An electric motor that does not experience regular usage write being exposed to normally humid atmospheric conditions is likely to develop rust in the bearings or rust particles from surrounding surfaces may contaminate the bearings. The electrical insulation may absorb an excessive amount of moisture leading to the motor winding failure.

MN408



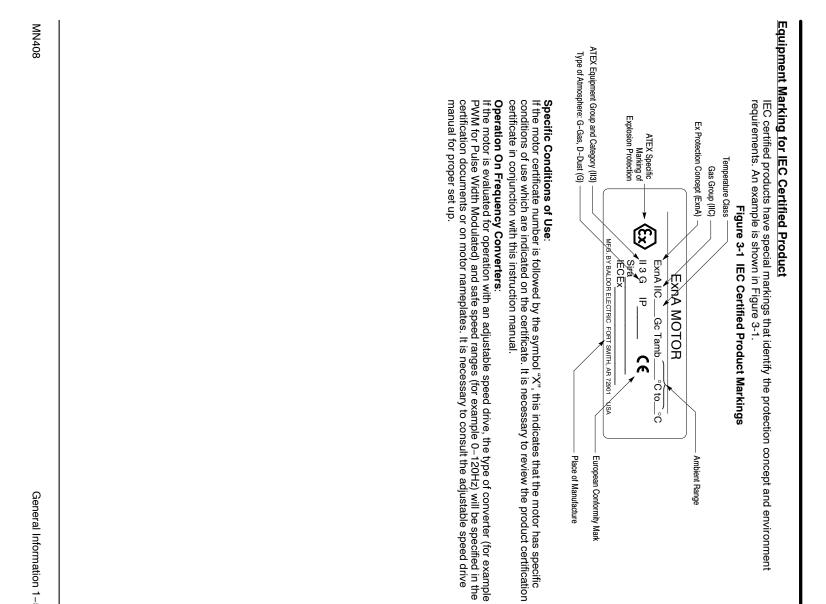
4

If the motor must be mounted to a plate with the driven equipment such as pump, compressor etc., it may not be possible to lift the motor alone. For this case, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the mounting base. The entire assembly can be lifted as an assembly for installation.

Page 22 of 47

ר, α, α, 4,	Non-regrea 15 times to All Other M Before stora 1. Remove prior to 2. The mo 3. Replace 4. The mo 5. Motor S added c 6. Bearing 6. Bearing	<b>N</b> <sup>0,0</sup> <sup>1,1</sup> <sup>0,0</sup> <sup>5,1</sup>
Remove all packing material. Measure and record the electrical resistance of the winding insulation resistance meter at the time of removal from storage. The insulation resistance must not be less than 50% from the initial reading recorded when the motor was placed into storage. A decrease in resistance indicates moisture in the windings and necessitates electrical or mechanical drying before the motor can be placed into service. If resistance is low, contact your Baldor District office. Regrease the bearings as instructed in Section 3 of this manual. Reinstall the original shipping brace if motor is to be moved. This will hold the shaft firmly against the bearing and prevent damage during movement.	<ul> <li>Non-regreasable motors with "Do Not Lubricate" on the nameplate should have the motor shaft rotated 15 times to redistribute the grease within the bearing every 3 months or more often.</li> <li>All Other Motor Types</li> <li>Before storage, the following procedure must be performed.</li> <li>1. Remove the grease drain plug, if supplied, (opposite the grease fitting) on the bottom of each bracket prior to lubricating the motor.</li> <li>2. The motor with regreasable bearing must be greased as instructed in Section 3 of this manual.</li> <li>3. Replace the grease drain plug after greasing.</li> <li>4. The motor shaft must be rotated a minimum of 15 times after greasing.</li> <li>5. Motor Shafts are to be rotated at least 15 revolutions manually every 3 months and additional grease added every nine months (see Section 3) to each bearing.</li> <li>6. Bearings are to be greased at the time of removal from storage.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Motors with anti-friction bearings are to be greased at the time of going into extended storage with periodic service as follows:         <ul> <li>Motors marked "Do Not Lubricate" on the nameplate do not need to be greased before or during storage.</li> <li>Ball and roller bearing (anti-friction) motor shafts are to be rotated manually every 3 months and greased every 6 months in accordance with the Maintenance section of this manual.</li> <li>Sleeve bearing (oil lube) motors are drained of oil prior to shipment.</li> <li>The oil reservoirs must be refilled to the indicated level with the specified lubricant, (see Maintenance). The shaft should be rotated monthly by hand at least 10 to 15 revolutions to distribute oil to bearing surfaces.</li> <li>"Provisions for oil mist lubrication" – These motors are packed with grease. Storage procedures are the same as paragraph 5b.</li> <li>Oil Mist Lubricated These bearings are protected for temporary storage by a corrosion inhibitor. If stored for greater than 3 months or outdoor storage is anticipated, connected to the oil mist system while in storage. If this is not possible, add the amount of grease indicated under "Standard Condition" in Section 3, then rotate the shaft 15 times by hand.</li> </ul> </li> <li>All breather drains are to be fully operable while in storage (drain plugs removed). The motors must be operable to allow breathing and draining at points other than through the bearings around the shaft. Ye carbon brushes should be lifted and held in place in the holders, above the commutator, by the brush holder fingers. The commutator should be with a suitable material such as cardboard paper as a mechanical protection against damage.</li> <li>Non-Regreaseable Motors</li> </ol>

1-4 General Information





Page 24 of 47



1-6 General Information

stallation	ection 2
& Operation	

Section 2 Installatio	Section 2 Installation & Operation
Overview	Installation should conform to the National Electrical Code as well as local codes and practices. When other devices are coupled to the motor shaft, be sure to install protective devices to prevent future accidents. Some protective devices include, coupling, belt guard, chain guard, shaft covers etc. These protect against accidental contact with moving parts. Machinery that is accessible to personnel should provide further protection in the form of guard rails, screening, warning signs etc.
Location	It is important that motors be installed in locations that are compatible with motor enclosure and ambient conditions. Improper selection of the motor enclosure and ambient conditions can lead to reduced operating life of the motor.
	<ol> <li>Proper ventilation for the motor must be provided. Obstructed airflow can lead to reduction of motor life.</li> <li>Open Drip-Proof/WPI motors are intended for use indoors where atmosphere is relatively clean, dry, well ventilated and non-corrosive.</li> <li>Totally Enclosed and WPII motors may be installed where dirt, moisture or dust are present and in outdoor locations.</li> </ol>
	<b>Severe Duty</b> , IEEE 841 and Washdown Duty enclosed motors are designed for installations with high corrosion or excessive moisture conditions. These motors should not be placed into an environment where there is the presence of flammable or combustible vapors, dust or any combustible material, unless specifically designed for this type of service.

**Hazardous Locations** are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of combustible gases, vapors, dust, fibers, or flyings. Facilities requiring special equipment for hazardous locations are typically classified in accordance with local requirements. In the US market, guidance is provided by the National Electric Code.

## Location

Mounting

The motor should be installed in a location compatible with the motor enclosure and specific ambient. To allow adequate air flow, the following clearances must be maintained between the motor and any obstruction:

TEFC / TENV (IC0141) Enclosures	es
Fan Cover Air Intake	180 - 210T Frame 1" ( 25mm)
Fan Cover Air Intake	250 - 449T Frame 4" ( 100mm)
	IEC 112 – 132 1" ( 25mm)
	IEC 160 – 280 4" ( 100mm)
Exhaust	Envelope equal to the P Dimension on the motor dimension sheet
<b>OPEN/Protected Enclosures</b>	
Bracket Intake	Same as TEFC
Frame Exhaust	Exhaust out the sides envelope

Table
2-1
Enclosur
sure C
learance
e

The motor must be securely installed to a rigid foundation or mounting surface to minimize vibration and maintain alignment between the motor and shaft load. Failure to provide a proper mounting surface may cause vibration, misalignment and bearing damage.

A minimum of the P dimension plus 2" Exhaust out the end same as intake.

(50mm)

Foundation caps and sole plates are designed to act as spacers for the equipment they support. If these devices are used, be sure that they are evenly supported by the foundation or mounting surface. When installation is complete and accurate alignment of the motor and load is accomplished, the base should be grouted to the foundation to maintain this alignment.

The standard motor base is designed for horizontal or vertical mounting. Adjustable or sliding rails are designed for horizontal mounting only. Consult your Baldor distributor or authorized Baldor Service Center for further information

MN408



For short frame di 254, 284, 324, 36	For short frame designations 182, 213, 254, 284, 324, 364, 404, 444 (NEMA)	Figure 2-2 6 & 8 Hold		g Allows F-1 to F-2 Conversion on 8 hole frames. Not present on 6 hole frames. Not used on 8 hole frames. Shaft
For long frame d 256, 286, 326, 3 (IEC) 112M, 132 250M, 280M	For long frame designations 184, 215, 256, 286, 326, 385, 405, 445 (NEMA) (IEC) 112M, 132M, 160L, 200L, 225M, 250M, 280M			Always use these holes, closer to the shaft 112S, 132S, 160M, 180M, 200M, 225S, 250S, 280S, (IEC)
Caution:	Do not lift the motor and its is adequate for lifting only driven equipment) from the In the case of assemblies on used to lift the assembly and by other lifting means provide lifting means. Likewise, preci- acceleration or shock forces	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting harc is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gear driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor. In the case of assemblies on a common base, any lifting means provused to lift the assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should by other lifting means provided on the base. Assure lifting in the direct lifting means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent haza acceleration or shock forces	by the motor lifting har isconnect the load (ges before lifting the motor ise, any lifting means pro- rer, the assembly should a. Assure lifting in the dira be taken to prevent haz	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor. In the case of assemblies on a common base, any lifting means provided on the motor should not be used to lift the assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the base or by other lifting means provided on the base. Assure lifting in the direction intended in the design of the lifting means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent hazardous overloads due to deceleration, acceleration or shock forces
Alignment	Accurate alignment o or gear used in the di recommended to hea unit on the motor sha 1. <b>Direct Coupling</b> For direct drive, u more information Use dial indicatoo recommended by	<ul> <li>Accurate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important, or gear used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the shaft shoul recommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before installing on the motor s unit on the motor shaft will damage the bearings.</li> <li>1. Direct Coupling For direct drive, use flexible couplings if possible. Consult the drive or equipment more information. Mechanical vibration and roughness during operation may in Use dial indicators to check alignment. The space between coupling hubs shore recommended by the coupling manufacturer. </li> </ul>	riven equipment is extren on the shaft as close to or gear before installing arings. If possible. Consult the d i and roughness during o The space between cou cturer.	<ul> <li>Accurate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important. The pulley, sprocket, or gear used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the shaft shoulder as possible. It is recommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before installing on the motor shaft. Forcibly driving a unit on the motor shaft will damage the bearings.</li> <li>1. Direct Coupling For direct drive, use flexible couplings if possible. Consult the drive or equipment manufacturer for more information. Mechanical vibration and roughness during operation may indicate poor alignment. Use dial indicators to check alignment. The space between coupling hubs should be maintained as recommended by the coupling manufacturer. </li> </ul>
Caution:	<ol> <li>End-Play Adjustment         The axial position of the motor bearings are not cause failure.         <b>Pulley Ratio</b>         The best practice is to a the protover tension belts     </li> </ol>	End-Play Adjustment The axial position of the motor frame with respect to motor bearings are not designed for excessive exterr cause failure. Pulley Ratio The best practice is to not exceed an 8:1 pulley ratio. The best practice is to not excees tension may dama	ith respect to its load is a cessive external axial the cessive ratio.	<ol> <li>End-Play Adjustment         The axial position of the motor frame with respect to its load is also extremely important. The standard motor bearings are not designed for excessive external axial thrust loads. Improper adjustment will cause failure.     </li> <li>Pulley Ratio         The best practice is to not exceed an 8:1 pulley ratio.     </li> <li>Do not over tension belts. Excess tension may damage the motor or driven equipment.</li> </ol>
		Align sheaves carefully to minimize bet tension should be sufficient to prevent t may occur during starting.	It wear and axial bearing belt slippage at rated sp	Align sheaves carefully to minimize belt wear and axial bearing loads (see End-Play Adjustment). Belt tension should be sufficient to prevent belt slippage at rated speed and load. However, belt slippage may occur during starting.

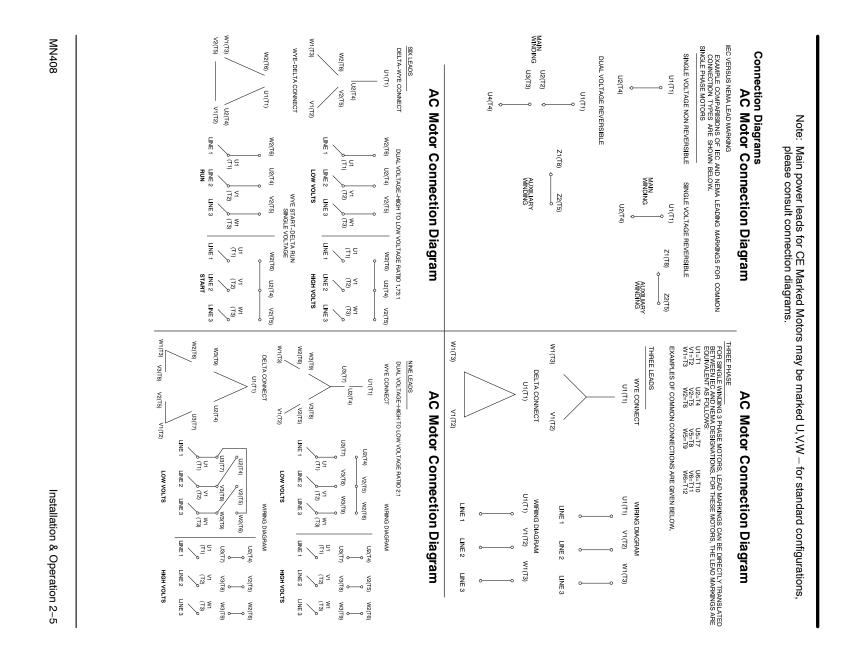
2-2 Installation & Operation



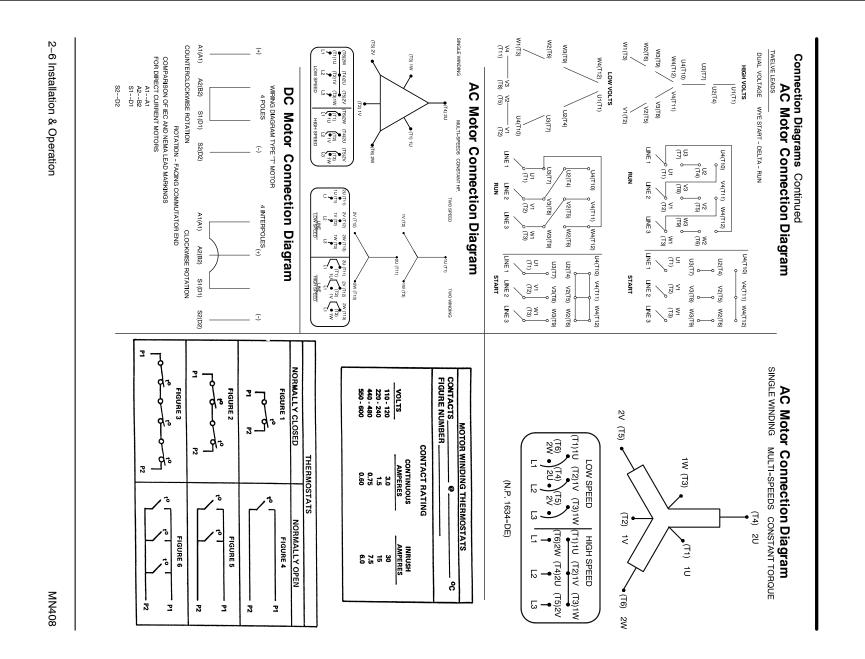
**Doweling & Bolting** After proper alignment is verified, dowel pins should be inserted through the motor feet into the foundation. This will maintain the correct motor position should motor removal be required. **Power Connection** Motor and control wiring, overload protection, disconnects, accessories and grounding should conform to the National Electrical Code and local codes and practices. WARNING: Grounding Guarding There are applications where grounding the exterior parts of a motor or generator may result in greater hazard by increasing the possibility of a person in the area simultaneously contacting ground and some other nearby live electrical parts of other ungrounded electrical equipment. In portable equipment it is difficult to be sure that a positive ground connection is maintained as the equipment is moved, and providing a grounding conductor may lead to a false sense of security. <u>-</u> α α <u>-</u> member. Some motors are supplied with the bonding conductor on the concealed side of the cushion ring to protect the bond from damage. Motors with bonded cushion rings should usually be grounded at the time of installation in accordance with the above recommendations for making ground connections. When In the USA consult the National Electrical Code, Article 430 for information on grounding of motors and Ņ <u>.</u> - -Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions. This is particularly important where the parts have surface irregularities such as keys, key Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions, should be permanently guarded to prevent accidental contact by personnel. Accidental contact with body parts or clothing can cause serious or fatal injury. For motors installed in compliance with IEC requirements, the following minimum cross sectional area of the protective conductors should be used: Select a motor starter and over current protection suitable for this motor and its application. Consult motor starter application data as well as the National Electric Code and/or other applicable local codes. motors with bonded cushion rings are used in multimotor installations employing group fusing or group protection, the bonding of the cushion ring should be checked to determine that it is adequate for the Motors with resilient cushion rings usually must be provided with a bonding conductor across the resilient consult the appropriate national or local code applicable. point, the motor or generator terminal housing, and the motor or generator frame. In non-USA locations generators, and Article 250 for general information on grounding. In making the ground connection, heat shrink tubing. ways or set screws. at least 4 mm<sup>2</sup> Equipotential ponding connection shall made using rating of the branch circuit over current protective device being used. installer should make certain that there is a solid and permanent metallic connection between the ground be fully insulated. Flying leads must be insulated with two full wraps of electrical grade insulating tape or For ExnA hazardous location motors, it is a specific condition of use that all terminations in a conduit box (Baldor•Reliance motors are designed for doweling.) Mounting bolts must be carefully tightened to prevent changes in alignment. Use a flat washer and lock washer under each nut or bolt head to hold the motor feet secure. Flanged nuts or bolts may be used as an alternative to washers. Providing covers for the rotating parts. Covers should be sufficiently rigid to maintain adequate guarding during normal service. equipment. Install proper fitting dowels Covering the machine and associated rotating parts with structural or decorative parts of the driven Ream all holes Drill corresponding holes in the foundation. Drill dowel holes in diagonally opposite motor feet in the locations provided Cross-sectional area of phase conductors. S conductors > 91 ≤35 Some satisfactory methods of guarding are: Minimum cross-sectional area of the corresponding protective a conductor with a cross-sectional area 0,5 Ħ conductor, 6 C <u>ç</u> ome , the

All three phase motors are reversible. To reverse the direction of rotation, disconnect and lock out power and interchange any two of the three line leads for three phase motors. For single phase motors, check the connection diagram to determine if the motor is reversible and follow the connection instructions for lead numbers to be interchanged. Not all single phase motors are reversible. Adjustable Frequency Power Inverters used to supply adjustable frequency power to induction motors produce wave forms with lower order harmonics with voltage spikes superimposed. Turm-to-turn, phase-to-phase, and ground insulation of stator windings are subject to the resulting dielectric stresses. Suitable precautions should be taken in the design of these drive systems to minimize the magnitude of these voltage spikes. Consult the drive instructions for maximum acceptable motor lead lengths, and proper grounding.	BEARING RTD * One bearing RTD is installed in Drive endplate (PUEP), leads are labeled RTDDE. * One bearing RTD is installed in Opposite Drive endplate (FREP), leads are labeled RTDDDE. * Note RTD may have 2-Red/1-White leads; or 2-White/1-Red Lead.	MINDING_RTDS Winding RTDs are installed in windings (2) per phase. RED HITE RED WHITE RED WHITE	THERMISTORS Three thermistors are installed in windings and tied in series Leads are labeled TD1 & TD2.	HEATERS H1 —//// H2 H1 —//// H2 H1 —//// H2 (Like numbers should be tied together).	<ul> <li>OK</li> <li>3. A combined variation in voltage and frequency of ±10% (sum of absolute values) of rated values, provided the frequency variation does not exceed ±5% of rated frequency.</li> <li>Performance within these voltage and frequency variations are shown in Figure 2-4.</li> <li>Figure 2-3 Accessory Connections</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Such as space heaters, RTD's etc.</li> <li>AC Power Motors with flying lead construction must be properly terminated and insulated. Connect the motor leads as shown on the connection diagram located on the name plate or inside the cover on the conduit box. Be sure the following guidelines are met:         <ol> <li>AC power is within ±10% of rated voltage with rated frequency. (See motor name plate for ratings).</li> <li>OR</li> <li>AC power is within ±5% of rated frequency with rated voltage.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<b>Conduit Box</b> For ease of making connections, an oversize conduit box is provided. Most conduit boxes can be rotated 360° in 90° increments. Auxiliary conduit boxes are provided on some motors for accessories
connect and lock out power ingle phase motors, check connection instructions for ower to induction motors posed. Turn-to-turn, resulting dielectric stresses. minimize the magnitude of motor lead lengths, and	e (PUEP), leads /e endplate (FREP), leads r 2–White/1–Red Lead.	phase. , 2TD2, 2TD3 etc.	tied in series.		values) of rated values, y. Jre 2-4.	d. name plate or inside the or name plate for ratings).	conduit boxes can be motors for accessories

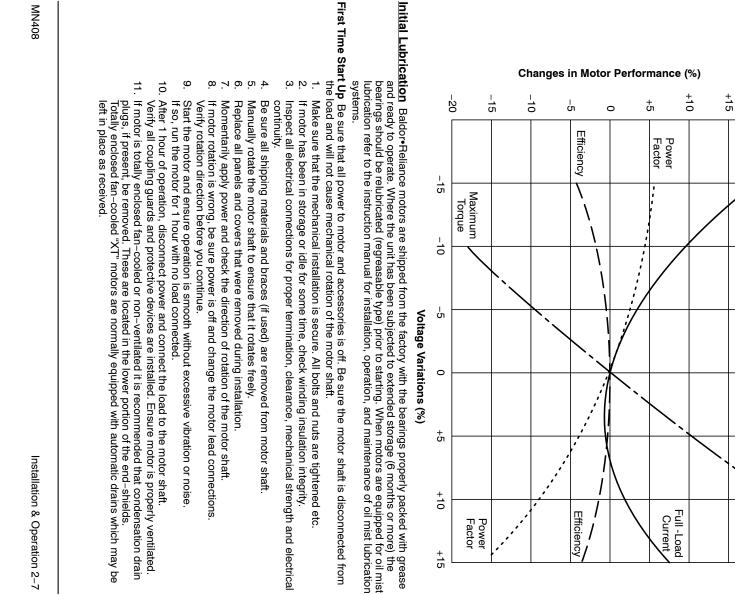
2-4 Installation & Operation



Page 30 of 47 **BALDOR** 







+20

Figure 2-4 Typical Motor Performance VS Voltage Variations

Maximum

Torque

Full -Load Current

2-8 Installation & Operation

0	5	E S	3
ĝġ	he	ld is	Û
<u> </u>	_	~ ~	5

Page 33 of 47

BALDOR

Coupled Start Up This procedure assumes a coupled start up. Also, that the first time start up procedur Check the coupling and ensure that all guards and protective devices are installed. vas successful.

- Check that the coupling is properly aligned and not binding.
- ωN The first coupled start up should be with no load. Apply power and verify that the loa transmitting excessive vibration back to the motor though the coupling or the founda should be at an acceptable level. is not n. Vibration
- 4 Run for approximately 1 hour with the driven equipment in an unloaded condition.

The equipment can now be loaded and operated within specified limits. Do not exceed the ratings for amperes for steady continuous loads. name plate

Jogging and Repeated Starts Repeated starts and/or jogs of induction motors generally reduce the life winding insulation. A much greater amount of heat is produced by each acceleration or jog than b same motor under full load. If it is necessary to repeatedly start or jog the motor, it is advisable to the application with your local Baldor distributor or Baldor Service Center. than by the motor check the

**Heating** - Duty rating and maximum ambient temperature are stated on the motor name plate. Do not exceed these values. If there is any question regarding safe operation, contact your local Baldor

distributor or Baldor Service Center.

## Hazardous Locations

Selection Hazardous locations are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of combustible gases, vapors, dust, fibers or flyings. Facilities requiring special equipment for hazardous locations are typically classified in accordance with local requirements. In the US market, guidance is provided by the National Electric Code. In international hazardous location areas, guidance for gas / vapor / mist classification is given in equipment is suitable for installation in that environment, and identifies what the maximum safe temperature or temperature class is required. It is the customer or users responsibility to determine the EC60079-14, or for dust in IEC61241-14. This classification process lets the installer know what

area classification and select proper equipment.

Areas are classified with respect to risk and exposure to the hazard. In the US market, areas are typically classified as follows Class, Division, Group and Temperature Class. In some newer installations in the US and in most international markets, areas are classified in Zones.

### Protection Concepts

Class I Division 1 / Zone 1 [Equipment Group I (mining) or II (surface), Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Gb, Mb ]

Baldor offers a range of motors suitable for installation in a Division 1 or Zone 1 environment. T motors are known as explosion proof or flameproof. (Insert flameproof motor cut away drawing) Motors that are explosion proof or flameproof use specially machined flameproof joints between the end bell or bracket and the frame, as well as along the rotating shaft and at connection box covers and entries. The fit of these flameproof joints are designed to contain the combustion or quench the flame of These flame of and motors

**MN408** 

 considered. In many cases, the internal temperatures are higher than the external temperatures and therefore become the limiting factor in determination of temperature code designation. In these applications, it is very important to use a motor that has been evaluated thermally for use with an inverter or converter, if variable speed operation is desired. Thermostats used for Class I Division 2 and Ex nA motors are used to protect the motor only. For motors using flying lead construction, it is important to use connection lugs and insulate with heat shrink tubing or a double wrap of insulation grade electrical tape to avoid the risk of spark or ignition.
 Class II Division 1 / Zone 21 [Equipment Group III, Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Db ]
 This area classification is one where the risk of ignitable concentrations of dust is present at all or some of the time. The protection proof or Ex tD. External surface temperature remains the limiting factor. Thermal limiting devices such as thermostats, thermistors or RTDs may be provided on these motors to limit the external surface temperature during overload conditions. If thermostats are provided as a condition of certification, it is the installer's responsibility to make sure that these devices are proveded to a suitable switching device. Class II Division 2 / Zone 22 [Equipment Group III, Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Dc ] This area classification is one where the risk of exposure to ignitable concentrations of dust are not likely to occur under normal operating conditions and relies heavily on the housekeeping practices within the properly connected to a suitable switching device. Note: In the North American area classification sy In the North American area classification system, Class III exists for fibers and flyings. In the IEC designation, both dusts and flyings are absorbed into Group III.

installation.

Sine Wave Power Operation for Division 1 or 2 and Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 Hazardous Location. These motors are designed to operate at or below the maximum surface temperature (or T–Code) stated on the nameplate. Failure to operate the motor properly can cause this maximum surface temperature to be exceeded. If applied in a Division 1 or 2 / Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 environment, this excessive temperature may cause the marked surface temperature to be exceeded.

- Motor load exceeding service factor nameplate value
- Ambient temperatures above nameplate value
- <u>-</u> α ε 4 α σ <del>-</del> Voltages above or below nameplate value
  - Unbalanced voltages
  - oss of proper ventilation

  - Altitude above 3300 feet / 1000 meters Severe duty cycles of repeated starts
- Motor stall
- ø Motor reversing
- 5 Single phase operation of polyphase equipment
- ±. Variable frequency operation

Variable Frequency Power Operation for Division 1 or 2 and Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 Hazardous Location (motors with maximum surface temperature listed on the nameplate). Only motors with nameplates marked for use on inverter (variable frequency) power, and labeled for

specific hazardous areas may be used in those hazardous areas on inverter power. designed to operate at or below the maximum surface temperature (or T-Code) sta -ailure to operate the motor properly can cause this maximum surface temperature to be exceeded T-Code) stated on the nameplate. The motor is

**Class I Division 2 / Zone 2 Ex nA, [Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Gc ]** This protection concept relies on having no sources of ignition present such as arcing parts or hot surfaces. For this protection concept, internal temperatures as well as external temperatures are

Explosion proof and Flame proof motors shipped without a conduit box require use of a certified box of suitable dimensions and that is appropriate for the classification.

motor

enclosure and

If thermostats are provided as a condition of certification, it is the installer's responsibility to make sure that these devices are properly connected to a suitable switching device. The ATEX directive requires that motor shutdown on thermal trip be accomplished without an intermediate software command.

Flameproof motors, internationally referred to as Ex d use a protection concept similar to that used in Class I Division 1 motors, with minor differences in the flameproof joints and cable entry designs. Flameproof and explosion proof motors are both type tested. Representative motors are connected to a

Flameproof and explosion proof motors are both type tested. Representative motors are connected to reference gas and ignited in laboratory conditions to verify that the flame is not transmitted outside the

to determine the maximum internal pressure encountered

n & Operation	electrical designs, including any thermal protection that may be present. Use only Baldor replative thermostats, if provided.
	Use only Baldor repla

method also relies on temperature being maintained, make sure that any rewinding uses the original about the sure that any rewinding uses the original about the sure that any rewinding uses the original about the sure that may be present. Use only Baldor replacement **Repair of Class I Division 2 and Zone 2 motors** For Division 2 and Zone 2, the internal and external temperatures are of concern. Since this protection

http://www.iecex.com/service\_facilities.htm
 Explosion proof and flameproof motors achieve their safety based on the mechanical construction – flameproof joints and bearing clearance, and the electrical design including any thermal limiting devices. If it is necessary to repair a flameproof or explosion proof motor, it is critical that the mechanical flameproof joints be maintained. Consult Baldor Glectric Company for flameproof joint construction details. Use only Baldor-Reliance supplied parts. Baldor does not recommend reclamation of parts. Since this protection method also relies on temperature being maintained, make sure that any rewinding uses the original electrical designs, including any thermal protection that may be present.
 Repair of Dust Ignition Proof Motors - Class II Division 1 and 2, Zone 21 and 22.
 For Dust Ignition Proof, proper sealing is required. Do not modify the motor construction to add any additional opening, and ensure that proper sealing is maintained in the connection box and at the shaft seal. Since this protection method also relies on temperature being maintained in the connection box and at the shaft seal. Since this protection method also relies on temperature being maintained, make sure that any rewinding uses the original electrical designs, including any thermal protection that may be present

In the North American market, recertification programs are offered by Underwriters Laboratories and Canadian Standards Association which allow authorized service shops to mark the rebuilt motors as certified. In the international markets using IEC based requirements, repair should be undertaken only after consulting IEC60079-19 Explosive Atmospheres-Part 19 Equipment repair, overhaul and reclamation. If use of a certified repair facility is desired, consult the IECEX Repair Scheme at

Repair of hazardous certified motors requires additional information, skill, and care. It is the customer's responsibility to select service shops with proper qualifications to repair hazardous location motors. Contact the manufacture for additional repair details. Use only original manufacturer's parts. Repair of Explosion Proof or Flame Proof Motors Class I Division 1 and Zone 1

2-10 Installation & Operatior

**Repair of Motors used in Hazardous Locations** 

Page 35 of 47 For Baldor Sales and Support, Please Contact: Walker EMD • http://www.walkeremd.com • Toll-Free: (800) 876-4444 • Phone: (203) 426-7700 • Fax: (203) 426-7800

Bearing currents can exist in some motors for both line-fed and inverter-fed applications. Larger line-fed motors may require at least one insulated bearing to prevent a flow of current through the bearings. Do not defeat such insulation whether the motor is line-fed or inverter-fed applications. Inverter-fed motors may require additional bearing insulation or even a shaft brush. Do not defeat such features. When the motor and the coupled load are not on a common conductive baseplate, it may also be necessary to electrically bond together the stationary parts of the motor and the coupled equipment.

Equipotential Bonding and Shaft Current Reduction Larger motors (ie WP construction) may require proper bonding between motor enclosures and covers to avoid the risk of stray currents during start up. Fastening methods and bonding straps must not be modified.

**Thermal Limiting**Thermal limiting devices are temperature sensing control components installed inside the motor to limit the internal temperature of the motor frame by interrupting the circuit of the holding coil of the magnetic switch or contactor. They are required for most Division 1 and Zone 1 applications. For Division 2 or Zone 2 applications, motors should be selected that preclude running temperatures from exceeding the ignition temperatures for the designated hazardous material. In Division 2 or Zone 2 classified locations, thermal limiting devices should only be used for winding protection and not considered for limiting all internal motor temperatures to specific ignition temperatures.

ø 8.7.6

Unstable current wave forms

Single phase operation of polyphase equipment Altitudes above 3300 feet / 1000 meters

10. Lower than name plate minimum carrier frequency

Operation outside of the nameplate speed / frequency range

Loss of proper ventilation

Unbalanced voltages

Voltage (at each operating frequency) above or below rated nameplate value

α 4 ω Ν

cause the marked surface temperature to be exceeded

Motor load exceeding service factor nameplate value Ambient temperature above nameplate value

If applied in a Division 1 or 2 / Zone 1 or 2 may cause ignition of hazardous materials

or 2 and Zone 21 or 2 and Zone 21 or 2

22 motor

environment, this excessive temperature otor at any of the following conditions can

MN408

Roller Bea		Ball Bearing Motors	<b>Type of Grease</b> sen che	Relubrication & Bearings ability of a at which th if the follow			WARNING:	<u>General Inspe</u>	WARNING:
Minimum Starting Temperature -60°C (-76°F) SHELL OIL CO. AEROSHELL 7 ( MOBIL MOBIL 8 MOBIL MOBIL 28 MOBIL MOBIL 11H SHC 10 Operating Temperature -25°C (-15°F) to 50°C TEXACO, INC. PREMIUM RB MOBIL CHEVRON OIL BLACK PEARL	Operating Temperature -5 EXXON EXXON CHEVRON OIL CHEVRON OIL TEXACO, INC. TEXACO, INC. AMOCO PENNZOIL DARMEX PETRO-CANADA SHELL OIL	g Motors		& Bearings Bearing ability of a grease (over at which the bearing op if the following recomm	<ol> <li>Perform a dielectric v has been maintained insulation resistance.</li> <li>Check all electrical or</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check that the mot grease, water, etc. ventilation. If the r failure.</li> </ol>	Do not touch electrica Electrical shock can c installation, operation	ction Inspect the motor months, whichever occ steps should be perforr	UL and EX Listed mot Centers if these moto
erature -60°C (-76°F) AEROSHELL 7 (Standard on Baldor motors) MOBIL 28 MOBILITH SHC 100 (Low Temperature – Arctic Duty) -25°C (-15°F) to 50°C (120°F) PREMIUM RB MOBILITH SHC 220 (Standard on Baldor motors) BLACK PEARL	Operating Temperature -25°C (-15°F) to 50°C (120°F)       EXXON     POLYREX EM (Standard on Baldor motors)       EXXON     BEACCON 325       EXXON OIL     SRI NO. 2 (Compatible with Polyrex EM )       CHEVRON OIL     BLACK PEARL       TEXACO, INC.     POLYSTAR       AMOCO     POLYSTAR       AMOCO     POLYSTAR       AMOCO     PENNZIUBE EM-2       DARMEX     DARMEX 707       DARMEX     DARMEX 711       PETRO-CANADA     PERLESS LLG       DOLIUM BRB		<b>ase</b> A high grade ball or roller bearing grease should be used. Recommended grease for standard service conditions is <b>Polyrex EM (Exxon Mobil)</b> . Do not mix greases unless compatibility has been checked and verified.	<b>Learings</b> Bearing grease will lose its lubricating ability over time, not suddenly. The lubricating ability of a grease (over time) depends primarily on the type of grease, the size of the bearing, the speed at which the bearing operates and the severity of the operating conditions. Good results can be obtained if the following recommendations are used in your maintenance program.	Perform a dielectric with stand test periodically to ensure that the integrity of the winding insulation has been maintained. Record the readings. Immediately investigate any significant decrease in insulation resistance. Check all electrical connectors to be sure that they are tight.	Check that the motor is clean. Check that the interior and exterior of the motor is free of dirt, oil, grease, water, etc. Oily vapor, paper pulp, textile lint, etc. can accumulate and block motor ventilation. If the motor is not properly ventilated, overheating can occur and cause early motor failure.	Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.	General Inspection Inspect the motor at regular intervals, approximately every 500 hours of operation or every 3 months, whichever occurs first. Keep the motor clean and the ventilation openings clear. The following steps should be performed at each inspection:	UL and EX Listed motors must only be serviced by UL or EX Approved Authorized Baldor Service Centers if these motors are to be returned to a hazardous and/or explosive atmosphere.



3–2 Maintenance &
Troubleshooting

**Relubrication Intervals n Intervals** Recommended relubrication intervals are shown in Table 3-2. It is important to realize that the recommended intervals of Table 3-2 are based on average use.

# Refer to additional information contained in Tables 3-3, 3-4 and 3-5

Table 3-2 Relubrication Intervals \*

			Rated Sp	Rated Speed - RPM		
NEMA / (IEC) Frame Size	10000	6000	3600	1800	1200	900
Up to 210 incl. (132)	*	2700 Hrs.	5500 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	12000 Hrs. 18000 Hrs.	22000 Hrs.
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)		**	3600 Hrs.	9500 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.
Over 280 to 360 incl. (225)		**	* 2200 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.
Over 360 to 449 incl. (315)		*	*2200 Hrs.	3500 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	10500 Hrs.

Relubrication intervals are for ball bearings

ž

For vertically mounted motors and roller bearings, divide the relubrication interval by 2.

For motors operating at speeds greater than 3600 RPM, contact Baldor for relubrication recommendations. Table 3-3 Service Conditions

Severity of Service	Hours per day	Ambient Temperature	Atmospheric
		Maximum	Contamination
Standard	8	40° C	Clean, Little Corrosion
Severe	16 Plus	50° C	Moderate dirt, Corrosion
Extreme	16 Plus	>50° C* or	Severe dirt, Abrasive dust, Corrosion, Heavy
		Class H Insulation	Shock or Vibration
Low Temperature		<−29° C **	

× not mix with other grease types. Thoroughly clean bearing & cavity before adding grease. Special high temperature grease is recommended (Dow Corning DC44). Note that Dow Corning DC44 grease does

Special low temperature grease is recommended (Aeroshell 7).

\*

Table 3-4 Belubrication Interval Mul-

# Table 3-4 Relubrication Interval Multiplier

Severity of Service	Multiplier
Standard	1.0
Severe	0.5
Extreme	0.1
Low Temperature	1.0

Some motor designs use different bearings on each motor end. This is normally indicated on the motor nameplate. In this case, the larger bearing is installed on the motor Drive endplate. For best relubrication results, only use the appropriate amount of grease for each bearing size (not the same for both).



2	(These are t	Bearing Description (These are the "Large" bearings (Shaft End) in each frame size)	iption aft End) in eac	h frame size)
NEMA (IEC)		Weight of Grease to	Volume	Volume of grease
	Bearing	add *	to be	to be added
		oz (Grams)	in <sup>3</sup>	teaspoon
56 to 140 (90)	6203	0.08 (2.4)	0.15	0.5
140 (90)	6205	0.15 (3.9)	0.2	0.8
180 (100-112)	6206	0.19 (5.0)	0.3	1.0
210 (132)	6307	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0
250 (160)	6309	0.47 (12.5)	0.7	2.5
280 (180)	6311	0.61 (17)	1.2	3.9
320 (200)	6312	0.76 (20.1)	1.2	4.0
360 (225)	6313	0.81 (23)	1.5	5.2
400 (250)	6316	1.25 (33)	2.0	6.6
440 (280)	6319	2.12 (60)	4.1	13.4
5000 to 5800 (315-450)	6328	4.70 (130)	9.2	30.0
5000 to 5800 (315-450)	NU328	4.70 (130)	9.2	30.0
360 to 449 (225-280)	NU319	2.12 (60)	4.1	13.4
AC Induction Servo				
76 Frame 180 (112)	6207	0.22 (6.1)	0.44	1.4
77 Frame 210 (132)	6210	0.32 (9.0)	0.64	2.1
80 Frame 250(160)	6213	0.49 (14.0)	0.99	3.3
* Weight in grams = .005 DB of grease to be added	ase to be added			

Table 3-5 Bearings Sizes and Types

Note: Not all bearing sizes are listed. For intermediate bearing sizes, use the grease volume for the next larger size bearing.

MN408



Page 39 of 47	BALDOR
	A MEMBER OF THE ABB GROUP

	Sample		Caution:	Caution: Caution:	<b>D</b> 21+
<ul> <li>Assume - NEMA 286T (IEC 180), 1750 RPM motor driving an exhaust fan in an ambient temperature of 43° C and the atmosphere is moderately corrosive.</li> <li>1. Table 3-2 list 9500 hours for standard conditions.</li> <li>2. Table 3-3 classifies severity of service as "Severe".</li> <li>3. Table 3-5 shows that 1.2 in<sup>3</sup> or 3.9 teaspoon of grease is to be added.</li> <li>Note: Smaller bearings in size category may require reduced amounts of grease.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Add recommended amount of grease to bearing and bearing cavity. (Bearing should be about 1/3 full of grease and outboard bearing cavity should be about 1/2 full of grease.)</li> <li>Assemble the motor.</li> <li>Sample Relubrication Determination</li> </ol>	다 같	<ul> <li>With Grease Outlet Plug</li> <li>1. With the motor stopped, clean all grease fittings with a clean cloth.</li> <li>2. Remove grease outlet plug.</li> <li>Over-lubricating can cause excessive bearing temperatures, premature lubrication breakdown and bearing failure.</li> <li>3. Add the recommended amount of grease.</li> <li>4. Operate the motor for 15 minutes with grease plug removed. This allows excess grease to purge.</li> <li>5. Re-install grease outlet plug.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Country in the avoid damage to motor bearings, grease must be reprined or diff. For an extremely different environment, contact your Baldor distributor or an authorized Baldor Service Center for additional information.</li> <li>Relubrication Procedure Be sure that the grease you are adding to the motor is compatible with the grease already in the motor. Consult your Baldor distributor or an authorized service center if a grease other than the recommended type is to be used.</li> <li>Caution: Do not over-lubricate motor as this may cause premature bearing failure.</li> </ul>	

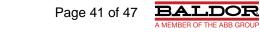
Maintenance & Troubleshooting 3-5

	Table 3-6 Troubleshooting Chart	ooting Chart
Symptom	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Motor will not start	Usually caused by line trouble, such as, single phasing at the starter.	Check source of power. Check overloads, fuses, controls, etc.
Excessive humming	High Voltage.	Check input line connections.
	Eccentric air gap.	Have motor serviced at local Baldor service center.
Motor Over Heating	Overload. Compare actual amps (measured) with nameplate rating.	Locate and remove source of excessive friction in motor or load.
		Check current at all phases (should be approximately.
	single Phasing.	check current at all phases (should be approximately equal) to isolate and correct the problem.
	Improper ventilation.	Check external cooling fan to be sure air is moving properly across cooling fins.
	Unbalanced voltage.	Check voltage at all phases (should be approximately equal) to isolate and correct the problem.
	Rotor rubbing on stator.	Check air gap clearance and bearings. Tighten "Thru Bolts".
	Over voltage or under voltage. Open stator winding.	Check input voltage at each phase to motor. Check stator resistance at all three phases for
	Grounded winding.	Perform dielectric test and repair as required.
	Improper connections.	Inspect all electrical connections for proper termination, clearance, mechanical strength and electrical continuity. Refer to motor lead connection diagram.
<b>Bearing Over Heating</b>	Misalignment.	Check and align motor and driven equipment.
	Excessive belt tension.	Reduce belt tension to proper point for load.
	Excessive end thrust. Excessive grease in bearing.	Remove grease until cavity is approximately <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> filled.
	Insufficient grease in bearing.	Add grease until cavity is approximately 3/4 filled.
	Dirt in bearing.	Clean bearing cavity and bearing. Repack with correct grease until cavity is approximately <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> filled.
Vibration	Misalignment.	Check and align motor and driven equipment.
	Rubbing between rotating parts and stationary parts.	Isolate and eliminate cause of rubbing.
	Rotor out of balance.	Have rotor balance checked are repaired at your Baldor Service Center.
	Resonance.	Tune system or contact your Baldor Service Center for assistance.
Noise	Foreign material in air gap or ventilation openings.	Remove rotor and foreign material. Reinstall rotor. Check insulation integrity. Clean ventilation openings.
Growling or whining	Bad bearing.	Replace bearing. Clean all grease from cavity and new bearing. Repack with correct grease until cavity is approximately <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> filled.

**BALDOR** • **RELIANCE** Product Information Packet: ECP844156TR-4 - 150HP,1190RPM,3PH,60HZ,447T,TEFC,FOOT,

Page 40 of 47

specified by NEMA. Bearing RTDs should be installed so they are in contact with the outer race on ball or roller bearings or in direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell.         Winding RTDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient)         Class B Temp Rise $\leq 80^{\circ}$ C (Typical Design)       Class F Temp Rise $\leq 105^{\circ}$ C Class H Temp Rise $\leq 125^{\circ}$ C (Typical Design)         Alarm       Trip       185       185       185       185       185       185       185       185       185       185       185       185       185       185         Note: • Winding RTDs - Temperatures are used, consider bearing temperatures and relubrication requirements.       • When Class H temperatures are used, consider bearing temperatures and relubrication requirements.       Sleeve       Trip       Alarm       Trip       Sleeve       Trip       Alarm       Trip       Alarm       Trip       Alarm       Trip       Sleeve       95       95       95       95       95       95       95       95       95       110	<ul> <li>Note: * Bearing temperature limits are for standard design motors operating at Class B temperature rise.</li> <li>** High temperature lubricants include some special synthetic oils and greases.</li> <li>Greases that may be substituted that are compatible with Polyrex EM (but considered as "standard" lubricants) include the following:         <ul> <li>Texaco Polystar</li> <li>Rykon Premium #2</li> <li>Chevron SRI #2</li> <li>Darmex 707</li> <li>Darmex 711</li> <li>Petro-Canada Peerless LLG</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
earing RTDs should be installed so they are in contact with the outer race in contact with the sleeve bearing shell.         IDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient)         Trip       Class F Temp Rise $\leq 105^{\circ}$ C       Class H Temp Rise $\leq 12^{\circ}$ Trip       Alarm       Trip       Alarm       Trip         140       155       165       175       180	High Temperature** 110
earing RTDs should be installed so they are in contact with the outer race direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell.         TDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient)         rip       Alarm         Trip       Alarm         140       155         150       165         150       165         150       165         150       165         150       165         150       165         150       165         150       165         150       165         150       165         150       165         150       165         150       165         150       165         150       180         150       180         150       180         150       180         150       180         150       180         150       155         150       165         150       180         165       180         165       180         165       180         165       180         165       180	
earing RTDs should be installed so they are in contact with the outer race direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell. TDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient)	se a
earing RTDs should be installed so they are in contact with the outer race direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell.         TDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient)         e ≤ 80°C       Class F Temp Rise ≤ 105°C       Class H Temp Rise ≤ 1         Trip       Alarm       Trip       Trip         140       155       165       175       180         150       160       165       175       180       180         140       155       165       175       180       180       180         140       155       165       175       180	aring Type
earing RTDs should be installed so they are in contact with the outer race direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell. TDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient) e ≤ 80°C Class F Temp Rise ≤ 105°C Class H Temp Rise ≤ 1: ign) Alarm Trip Alarm Trip Alarm Tr 140 155 165 175 18 150 160 165 180 180	Note: • Winding RTD: • When Class F Bearing
earing RTDs should be installed so they are in contact with the outer race         direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell.         rDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient)         e ≤ 80°C       Class F Temp Rise ≤ 105°C         Trip       Alarm         140       155         155       165         140       155         155       165         165       175	to 1.15 S.F.
earing RTDs should be installed so they are in contact with the outer race direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell. TDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient) e ≤ 80°C Class F Temp Rise ≤ 105°C Class H Temp Rise ≤ 1 ign) Trip Alarm Trip Alarm Tr	-
earing RTDs should be installed so they are in contact with the outer race direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell. TDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient) e ≤ 80°C Class F Temp Rise ≤ 105°C Class H Temp Rise ≤ 1 ign)	
earing RTDs should be installed so they are in contact with the outer race direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell. TDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient)	Motor Load (Typical Design)
earing RTDs should be installed so they are in contact with the outer race of direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell.	Winding RTDs - Te Class B Temp Rise ≤ 80°C
The temperature limits are based on the installation of the winding RTDs imbedded in the winding as	The temperature lim specified by NEMA. or roller bearings or
If the driven load is found to operate well below the initial temperature settings under normal conditions the alarm and trip settings may be reduced so that an abnormal machine load will be identified.	If the driven load is f
The following tables show the suggested alarm and trip settings for RTDs. Proper bearing and winding RTD alarm and trip settings should be selected based on these tables unless otherwise specified for specific applications.	The following tables RTD alarm and trip specific applications.
this low temperature rise, RTD (Resistance Temperature Detectors) settings for Class B rise should be used as a starting point. Some motors with 1.0 service factor have Class F temperature rise.	used as a starting po
(80°C) temperature rise at rated load and are built with a Class H winding insulation system. Based on	this low tomporaturo



Baldor
District
Offices
Baldor
dor District
Offices
Baldor
District
Offices

OR

A MEMBER OF THE ABB GROUP

Page 42 of 47

6523 W. MINNESOTA STREET INDRAWPOUS, SI M4241 PHONE: 317-246-5110 IOWA EX 317-246-5110 IOWA ES MONES ES MONES ES MONES IN 527-263-0515 PHONE: 515-263-0515 BATMORE BATMORE BATMORE BATMORE BATMORE ELKRIDGE, IND 21075 FAX: 410-579-2877	GEORGA           ATLANTA           ASAMONS COURT           4SAMMONS COURT           BOUNDBROOK LI B0440           PHONE 503-286-4400           FAX 503-226-4420           INDAMAPOUS	France: Sub-rankers DENVER DENVER 3555 ForestSteet Denver; C0 20207 PHONE: 303-623-712 FAX: 303-663-712 FAX: 303-663-712 FAX: 303-663-712 FAX: 303-663-712 FAX: 303-663-712 FAX: 303-663-712 FAX: 303-663-712 FAX: 303-672-712 FAX: 303-712-712 FAX:	ARKANAUSA CLARKSNULE 1001 COLLEGE AVE: CLARKSNULE AR 78830 PH-VOIE 479-754408 FAX 479-754408 CALIFORIM FAX 479-7544205 CALIFORIM FAX 479-7544205 CALIFORIM FAX 479-7544205 CALIFORIM FAX 479-7544205 CALIFORIM FAX 479-7544205 CALIFORIM FAX 479-7544205 FAX 479-75455 FAX 479-75455 FAX 479-75455 FAX 479-754555 FAX 479-754555 FAX 479-754555 FAX 479-754555 FAX 479-754555 FAX 479-7545555 FAX 479-754555 FAX 479-7545555 FAX 479-75455555 FAX 479-754555555555555555555555555555555555	400 m 7
FAX:916-366-9338         OBECON           DORST AND         DORST AND           PHALEDEL SUSSER HONE         DORST AND           PHALADEL HONE         MENORAL HONE SUSSER           MENORAL HONE SUSSER         MENORAL HONE SUSSER           PHALORE LINE AND SENSER         PHALORE SUSSER           PHALORE SUSSER         MENORAL HONE SUSSER           MENORAL HONE SUSSER         MENORAL HONE SUSSER           PHALORE SUSSER         MENORAL HONE SUSSER           FAX 886-603-6363         FAX 886-603-6363	2230 CRESCENTULLE ROAD WEST OFFERER ON 4069 PHONE 513-717-289 GLEVELAND B232 FREEWOY MACEDONA, OH 44466 PHONE 304.844777 FAX. 304.0844778 PHONE 304.844777 T/10.5 Braden, Swite 40 T/10.5 Braden, Swit	PHONE: 514-26F-1000 FAX: 334-287-1000 KANSAS CRIV ISOI BEDEROR A/ENUE ISOI BEDEROR A/ENUE ISOI BEDEROR A/ENUE ISOI BEDEROR A/ENUE ISOI BEDEROR ISOI BURN MUSIC ISON ISO ISO ISON	BIRONY           DBROD           SERVIN           STERUIN           FUNCE           FUN	Baldor District Offices
5156., A Bomander 327,104 A Bomander PHONE 514.933.2711 FAX.514.933.8639 BRITSH COLUMBIA 1538 KEER WAY PORT COQUITLAM, BRITSH COLUMBIA PORT COQUITLAM, PORT COQUITLAM, PORT COQUITLAM, PORT COQUITLAM, PHONE 204.427.835 TREET SHRINESG, MANTOBA 54 RNINESG, MANTOBA 55 RNIESG, MANTOBA 54 RNINESG, MANTOBA 55 RNIESG, MANTOBA 54 RNIESG, MANTOBA 55 RNIESG, MANTOBA 55 RNIESG, MANTOBA 55 RNIESG, MANTOBA 55 RNIESG, MANTOBA 55 RNIESG, MANTOBA 55 RNIESG, MANTOBA 56 RNIESG, MANTOBA 57 RNIESG, MANTOBA 56 RNIESG, MANTOBA 57 RNIESG, MANTOBA 56 RNIESG, MANTOBA 57 RNIESG, MANTOBA 56 RNIESG, MANTOBA 57 RNIESG, MANTOBA 57 RNIESG, MANTOBA 57 RNIESG, MANTOBA 56 RNIESG, MANTOBA 57 RNIES	CANADA EDMONTON ALBERTA EDMONTON ALBERTA 453.98 CYREET EDMONTON ALBERTA T6E 688 PHORE: 708-458-4690 FAX: 758-458-4690 PAX: 758-458-4590 ONYORIE: ADMARD LOFE PHORE: 068-659-3302 PHORE: 068-659-3302 MONTRAEL, 012BERE	UTA-KA, (201) V17 (201) SALT LAKE CITY, UT84115 SALT LAKE CITY, UT84115 FAXE 801-832-8911 WISCONSN MILWAUKE Z725 SOLTH K820-8911 FAXE 801-832-8941 FAXE 822-794-215 INTERNATIONAL SALES FOR SWITH, AR 72902 FOR SWITH, AR 72902 FOR SWITH, AR 72902 FOR SWITH, AR 72902	4000 WINCHESTER ROAD MEINPHS. TN 38116 FEAX 901-385-3202 DALLAS DALLAS DALLAS, TX 75247 DALLAS, TX 75247 DALLAS, TX 75247 DALLAS, TX 75247 DALLAS, TX 75247 DALLAS, TX 75247 DALLAS, TX 75247 HOUSE TON HOUSE TON 10355 W. LIBINOR Suite 2010 TAX 71461 PHOSE (2011) 077.061 PHOSE (2011) 077.061	<b></b>
PAX:0041910302633 JAPAN DIABLO802, 22:1-115URUXACHO, 54:40680, PHONE 81-45-412-4608 FAX: 81-45-412-4608 FAX: 81-45-412-4607 MEXCO LEON guanduato MEXCO 24:477.761 2010 FAX: 4-22-477.761 2010	Wiki AGANESH COUONY PULD FOAD PULD FOAD PULD FOAD PULS FOAD PULS FOAD PULS FOAD PULS FOAD PULS FOAD PULS FOAT PULS F	d402. Footletica Santiago Cuel Phone: +56 2 816 5900 CHINA 160 SongSHENG road SonglangINUESITR ZONE SonglangINUESITR ZONE SanglangINUESITR ZONE Fax: +66 21 5760 5336 GERIMANY DESEST INFO-LIERINANY DESEST INFO-LIERINANY DESEST INFO-LIERINANY DESEST INFO-LIERINANY DESEST INFO-LIERINANY DESEST INFO-LIERINANY DESEST INFO-LIERINANY DESEST INFO-LIERINANY INFO-LIERINANY DESEST INFO-LIERINANY DESEST INFO-LIERINANY	OWING & DALLEC 10 AND/ AUSTRALL PHONE (61) (3) 9753 4386 ELSALVADOR RESIDENCIAL FMARES DE SUIZA NVA. SAN SALVADOR, EL SALVADOR EL SALVADOR FMORE -403 2286-1518 FAX: -463 2286-1518 FAX: -463 2286-1518 LuisThayerOleda166.	AUSTRALIA         MIDDLE EAS           AUSTRALIA         MIDDLE EAS           UNT & STANTON ROAD         VSE INTER           SEKEN-HLIS, NSW 2147, AUSTRALIA         P. O. BOX           AUSTRALIA         P. O. BOX           MUSTRALIA         P. O. BOX           AUSTRALIA         P. O. BOX           AUSTRALIA
	PHONE -44 1454 850000 FAX, 444 859001 A, Roma, ClealMilagro, Urb, California/orte Varezuas, 1070 Venezuas, 1070 Phone/fax, -49 212 272 7343 Phone/fax, -49 212 272 7343 mobile: -458 414 114 8623	SWITZERLAND POSITI-KCH17 SCHLTZKNTRASSE 59 SCHLTZKATENNITASSE 59 SCHLTZKATENNITASSE 59 SCHLTZKATENNITASSE 59 SCHLZKATENNITASSE 59 PHONE 41 52 669 2394 TAWAN FAN (268) 2394 TAWAN FAN (268) 4230 64235 PHONE (268) 4 228 04235 PHONE (268) 4 228 04235 FAX (268) 4 228 04235 FAX (268) 4 228 04433 UNITED KINGDOM 6 BRISTOL DISTRIBUTION PARK BRISTOL DISTRIBUTION PARK BRISTOL DISTRIBUTION PARK	PANAMA AVE. RRCARDO J. ALFARO EDIFICIOS UNI TOVERS MALL PISO 2. LOCAL 45 CiudadkeParamà. Panamà PHONE. 407 226-4391 Fax: -407 226-4391 SINGAPORE IS KAKI BUKIT ROAD 3. #03-09 ENTRE/PRENEUR BUSINESS DENTRE SINGAPORE 415878 PHONE (65) 5747 1708	Ict Offices MIDDLE EAST & NORTH AFRICA VSE INTERNATIVOAL CORP. P. O. BOS618 BHORE AU 500 5547 FAX: 847 500 5587







© 2009 Baldor Electric Company MN408

P.O. ). Box 2400 Fort (479) 646–4711 BALDOR ELECTRIC COMPANY World Headquarters 3ox 2400 Fort Smith, AR 72901–2400 79) 646–4711 Fax (479) 648–5792 www.baldor.com

Э







Safety Notice Be sure to read and understand all of the Safety Notice statements in MN408. A copy is available http://www.baldor.com/support/literature\_load.asp?ManNumber=MN408 a

## ACCEPTANCE

Thoroughly inspect this equipment before accepting shipment from the transportation company. If any damage shortage is discovered do not accept until noted on the SAFETY freight bill. Report all damage to the freight carrier. 9

Eye bolts, lifting lugs or lifting openings, if provided, are intended only for lifting the motor and motor mounted standard accessories not exceeding, in total 30% of the motor weight. These lifting provisions should never be used when lifting or handling the motor and driven equipment. Eye bolt lifting capacity rating is based on a lifting alignment coincident with eye bolt center line. Eye bolt capacity reduces as deviation from this alignment is increased. Be sure eye bolts are tight and prevented from turning before lifting.

INSTALLATION OUTSIDE THE USA: Refer to MN408 and MN1383 for Compliance with European Directives. Copies are available at:

MOTOR ENCLOSURE http://www.baldor.com/support/literature\_load.asp

ODP, combustible materials. Open motors can emit flame and/or molten metal in the event of insulation failure. dry locations with adequate supply of cooling air. These motors should not be used in the presence of flammable or Open drip proof motors are intended for use in clean

indoor and outdoor locations. moisture, dirf and/or corrosive materials are present in TEFC, totally enclosed motors are intended for use where

**Explosion protected** motors, as indicated by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory Certification mark and marking with Class, Division and Temperature Code are intended for installation in hazardous locations as described in Article 500 of the NEC. Refer to MN408 for more details.

# MOUNTING

Foot mounted machines should be mounted to a rigid foundation to prevent excessive vibration. Shims may be used if location is uneven. Flange mounted machines should be properly seated and aligned. Note: If improper rotation direction is detrimental to the load, check rotation direction prior to coupling the load to

the motor shaft.

premature bearing failure or shaft breakage. **Direct coupled** machines should be carefully aligned and the shaft should rotate freely without binding. For V-belt drive, mount the sheave pulley close to the motor housing. Allow clearance for end to end movement of the motor shaft. Do not overtighten belts as this may cause

**GENERAL** The user must select a motor starter and overcurrent protection suitable for this motor and its application. Consult motor starter application data as well as the National Electric Code and/or applicable local codes. Special motors for use by United States Government including special specifications, master plans, etc. refer to the applicable master plans and specifications involved lectric

and prevent the shaft block must be installed to prevent axial movement reshipped alone or installed to another piece of equipment remove blocking before operating the motor. If motor is to be On motors received from the factory with the shaft blocked, brinelling of the bearings during shipment

MN416

### **ESTING**

Depending on storage conditions it may be necessary to regrease or change rusted bearings. Contact Baldor District Office if resistance is less than 5 meg ohms. If the motor has been in storage for an extensive period or has been subjected to adverse moisture conditions, check the motor insulation resistance with a meg ohm meter.

# WARNING: Do not touch electrical connections before

WARNING: Be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. Electrical shock can you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.

cause serious or fatal injury.

## INSTALLATION

This motor must be installed Electric Code, NEMA MG-2, WIRING in accordance with National IEC standards and local codes

Connect the motor as shown in the connection diagrams. If this motor is installed as part of a motor control drive system, connect and protect the motor according to the control manufacturers diagrams. Refer to MN408 for additional details on lead marking. The wiring, fusing and grounding must comply with the National Electrical Code or IEC and local codes. When the motor is connected to the load for proper direction of rotation and started, it should start quickly and run smoothly. If not, stop the motor immediately and operation and compare the measured current with the motor, motor connections are not correct or the load is heavy. Check the motor current after a few minutes of determine the cause. Possible causes are: low voltage at the nameplate rating. is too

the ground point, the motor or generator terminal housing, and the motor or generator frame. In non-USA locations consult the appropriate national or local code applicable. **GROUNDING** Ground the motor according to NEC and local codes. In the USA consult the National Electrical Code, Article 430 for information on grounding of motors and generators, and Article 250 for general information on grounding. In making the ground connection, the installer should make certain that ADJUSTMENT there is a solid and permanent metallic connection between

have no adjustable parts. The neutral is adjustable on some DC motors. AC motors

## Noise

For specific sound power or pressure level information, contact your local Baldor representative.

VIBRATION

This motor is balanced to NEMA MG1, Part 7 standard

**BRUSHES (DC Motors)** Periodically, the brushes should be inspected and all brush dust blown out of the motor. If a brush is worn  $1/_2$ , (length specified in renewal parts data), replace the brushes. Reassemble and seat the new brushes using a brush seating stone. Be sure the rocker arm is set on the neutra



## INSPECTION

Before connecting the motor to an electrical supply, inspect for any damage resulting from shipment. Turn the shaft by hand to ensure free rotation. Motor leads must be isolated before the shaft will turn freely on permanent magnet motors. DRAIN PLUGS

motor has special stainless steel drains). All dra located in the lowest portion of the ends shields. non-ventilated motors, the plugs in the lowest portion of the ends shields should be removed for operation (unless the each endplate for various motor mounting configurations. Condensation drain plugs are provided at four points on For Washdown and totally enclosed, fan cooled or All drains are

## MOUNTING

Mount the motor on a foundation sufficiently rigid to prevent excessive vibration. Grease lubricated ball bearing motors may be mounted with the feet at any angle. After careful alignment, bolt motor securely in place. Use shim to fill any unevenness in the foundation. Motor feet should sit solidly on the foundation before mounting bolts are tightened.

7 **7** (Ingress Protection)

IP designations include two numerals, the first characteristic numeral is for ingress solid bodies and from dust. The second for ingress protection from liquid – water. Motors marked less than IP23 require additional protection from water.

## GUARDING

After motor installation is complete, a guard of suitable dimensions must be constructed and installed around the motor/gearmotor. This guard must prevent personnel from coming in contact with any moving parts of the motor or drive the motor. assembly but must allow sufficient cooling air to pass over

If a motor mounted brake is installed, provide proper safeguards for personnel in case of brake failure. plates or lids, must be installed before operating the motor. Brush inspection plates and electrical connection cover

## STARTING

loose rotating parts to prevent them from flying off. Check direction of rotation before coupling motor to load. The motor should start quickly and run smoothly and with little noise. If the motor should fail to start the load may be been miswired. In any case immediately shut motor off and too great for the motor, the voltage is low or the motor has Before starting motor remove all unused shaft keys and investigate the cause.

**ROTATION**To reverse the direction of rotation, disconnect and lockout power and interchange any two of the three AC power leads for three phase motors. For two-phase four wire, disconnect and lockout power and interchange the AC line leads on any one phase. For two phase three wire, disconnect and lockout power and interchange the act and lockout the phase three wire, disconnect and lockout the phase three wire, disconne leads

## Maintenance Procedures

Page 45 of 47

- WARNING: WARNING: Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Surface temperatures of motor enclosures
- accidentally coming into contact with hot surfaces. Protection should be provided by the user to protect against accidental contact with hot surfaces. Failure to observe this discomfort or injury to personnel may reach temperatures which can cause precaution could result in bodily injury.

## Lubrication Information

lubricated at the factory. Motors that do not have regrease capability are factory lubricated for the normal life of the bearings. Washdown motors can not be lubricated. This is a ball or roller bearing motor. The bearings have beer

### Lubricant

Polyrex EM unless stated on nameplate. Do not mix lubricants due to possible incompatibility. Look for signs of lubricant incompatibility, such as extreme soupiness visible from the grease relief area. If other greases are preferred, check with local Baldor representative for recommendations. Baldor motors are pregreased, normally with Mobil

## capability) Relubrication Intervals (For motors with regrease

intervals. be relubricated. Lubrication is also recommended New motors that have been stored for a year or more should at these

# LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS

!> :motor to prevent grease contamination. contamination. Properly clean the grease inlet area of the Cleanliness is important in lubrication. Any grease used to lubricate anti friction bearings should be fresh and free from

Select service condition from Table Select lubrication frequency from Table N

# LUBRICATION PROCEDURE

is warm. Bearings should be lubricated while stationary and the motor

- 1. Locate the grease inlet, clean the area, and replace the
- ωin pipe plug with a grease fitting. Locate and remove the grease drain plug, if provided.
- until clean grease appears at the grease drain, at the grease relief, or along the shaft opening. Replace the grease inlet plug and run the motor for two Add the recommended volume of recommended lubricant
- 4 Jours
- ъ Replace the grease drain plug

**SPECIAL APPLICATIONS** For special temperature applications, consult your Baldor District Office.

N

Installation

& Maintenance

						00110011				
Standard	dard		40° C		0	Clean, Little Corrosion	Corrosion		Deep Groove Ball Bearing	e Ball Bearing
Severe	ere		50° C		Μ	Moderate dirt, Corrosion	, Corrosion		Ball Thru	Ball Thrust, Roller
Extreme	me	>50° C*	>50° C* or Class H Insulation	_	Severe (	dirt, Abrasiv	Severe dirt, Abrasive dust, Corrosion	sion	All Be	All Bearings
Low Temperature	perature		<-30° C **							
* Special hig	Special high temperature grease is recommended.	ase is rec		* Special lov	v tempe	rature grea	** Special low temperature grease is recommended.	ended.		
			Table 2 Lubrication Frequency (Ball Bearings)	cation Fre	quency	y (Ball Be	arings)			
						Rated S	Rated Speed - RPM			
NEMA /	NEMA / (IEC) Frame Size	ze	10000	000		3600	1800		1200	900
Up to 210 incl. (132)	3. (132)		*	2700 Hrs		5500 Hrs.	12000 Hrs	•	18000 Hrs.	22000 Hrs
Over 210 to 2	Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)			*	60	3600 Hrs.	9500 Hrs.		15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs
Over 280 to 3	Over 280 to 360 incl. (225)			*	*	* 2200 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.		12000 Hrs.	15000 Hrs
Over 360 to 5	Over 360 to 5000 incl. (300)			*	.*	*2200 Hrs.	3500 Hrs		7400 Hrs.	10500 Hrs
* Relubricati ** For motors	Relubrication intervals are for ball bearings. For vertically mounted motors and roller bearings, divide the relubrication interval by 2. For motors operating at speeds greater than 3600 RPM, contact Baldor for relubrication recommendations.	r ball bea eds greate	rings. For vertions from than 3600 RP	M, contact B	aldor fo	s and roller r relubricati	bearings, divi on recommer	de the re idations.	ubrication int	erval by 2.
			Table 3 L	<b>Fable 3 Lubrication Interval Multiplier</b>	Interv	/al Multip	lier			
	Severity of Service	Service		Multiplier	-					
	Standard	ırd		1.0						
	Severe	e		0.5						
	Extreme	le		0.1						
	Low Temperature	rature		1.0						
			Table 4	Table 4 Amount of Grease to Add	of Grea	ise to Ad	đ			
					Beari	ng Descript	tion (Largest	bearing i	Bearing Description (Largest bearing in each frame size)	size)
	Frame Size NEMA (IEC)	MA (IEC)		Bearing		D Width		ht of to add	tolume to	Volume of grease to add
							" ounce (gram)	(gram)	inches <sup>3</sup>	teaspoon
Up to 210 incl. (132)	(132)			6307	80	21	0.30 (8.4)	(8.4)	0.6	2.0
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)	30 incl. (180)			6311	120	0 29	0.61 (17.4)	(17.4)	1.2	3.9

		Bearing D	escription	Bearing Description (Largest bearing in each frame size)	each frame siz	<u>:</u> e)
Frame Size NEMA (IEC)	Bearing	OD Width	Width	Weight of grease to add	Volume of grease to add	ne of grease to add
				ounce (gram)	inches <sup>3</sup>	teaspoon
Up to 210 incl. (132)	6307	80	21	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)	6311	120	29	0.61 (17.4)	1.2	9.5
Over 280 to 360 incl. (200)	6313	140	33	0.81 (23.1)	1.5	5.2
Over 360 to 5000 incl. (300)	NU322 240	240	50	2.12 (60.0)	4.1	13.4
Weight in grams = 0.005 DB						

MN416



Severity of Service Standard

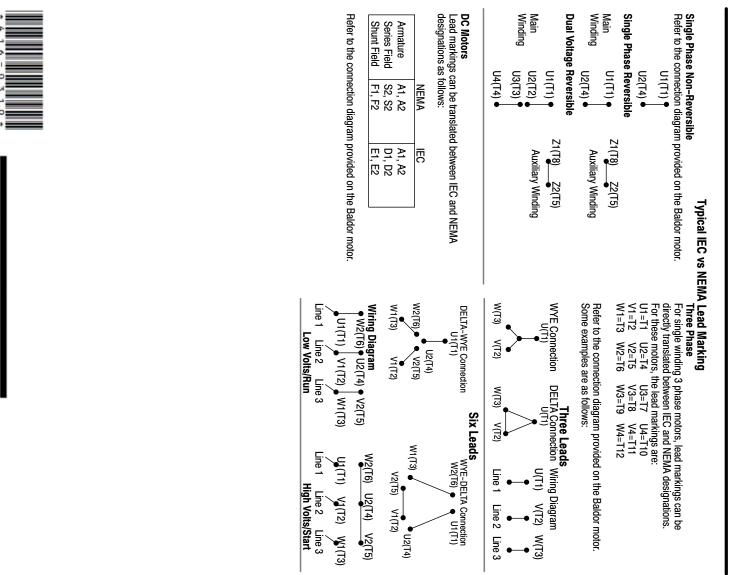
Ambient Temperature Maximum 40° C

 Table 1 Service Conditions

 yrature
 Atmospheric

 n
 Contamination

Type of Bearing





© 2009 Baldor Electric Company MN416

www.baldor.com

All rights reserved. Printed in USA

3/10

MN416

4 Installation & Maintenance

