

BALDOR • RELIANCE

Product Information Packet

EM4400T

100HP,1785RPM,3PH,60HZ,405T,TEFC,FOOT,

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Part Detail										1		
Revision:	E	Status:		PRD/A		Change #:		Proprieta	ry:	No		
Туре:	AC	Prod. Type:		A40064M		Elec. Spec:	A40WG0251	CD Diag	am:			
Enclosure:	TEFC	Mfg Plant:				Mech. Spec:		Layout:				
Frame:	405T	Mounting:		F1		Poles:	04	Created	Date:	10-19-2	010	
Base:		Rotation:		R		Insulation:	F	Eff. Date		06-20-2	012	
Leads:	3#2,6#4	Literature:				Elec. Diagram:		Replaced	l By:			
Nameplate N	P2383L											
CAT.NO.		EM4400T	SPEC N	ю.	P40G33	32						
HP		100	AMPS		224/112	VOLTS		230/460	DESIGN		в	
FRAME		405T	RPM		1785	HZ		60	AMB		40	SF 1.15
DRIVE END BE	ARING	80BC03J30X	PHASE	3		DUTY		CONT	CONT INSUL.CL		ASS F	
OPP D.E. BEAR	ING	80BC03J30X	TYPE		Р	ENCL		TEFC	C CODE		G	
SER.NO.			POWER	R FACTOR	87.4	NEMA-NOM-	EFFICIENCY	95.4				
			MAX CO	ORR KVAR	18.0	GUARANTE	ED EFFICIENCY	95.0				
NEMA NOM/CS	A QUOTED EFF											
			MOTOR	R WEIGHT								



Parts List		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
SA209243	SA P40G332	1.000 EA
RA196505	RA P40G332	1.000 EA
613-6PU	N/P (RELEASE QTY 10,000)	1.000 EA
000692000VD	N/P (REL QTY 4000)	1.000 EA
NP2383L	SUPER-E ,SS, CC, CSA-C US, CSA EEV	1.000 EA
421948032	LABEL, MYLAR	1.000 EA
004824015A	GREASE POLYREX EM	0.884 LB
032018010CK	HHCS 3/8-16X1-1/4 PLTD.	4.000 EA
032018016EK	HHCS 5/8-11X2 PLATED	4.000 EA
032018030CK	HHCS 3/8-16X3-3/4 PLATED	3.000 EA
034000014AB	WSH ID.406 OD.812 TH.065	4.000 EA
032018016EK	HHCS 5/8-11X2 PLATED	4.000 EA
032018030CK	HHCS 3/8-16X3-3/4 PLATED	3.000 EA
034180012DA	KEY 1X4X1/4X1-1/2 L	1.000 EA
034530060AB	P/NIP 1/8X7-1/2 GALV.	1.000 EA
034600001AA	BUSH 1/4TO1/8 BLACK	1.000 EA
034690001AB	SQHDPLG, COND	1.000 EA
035000001G	GITS GRS CUP,ODE	1.000 EA
078548001R	FAN KB 234/150 (84) 400	1.000 EA
083198006A	FANCV-PLASTIC400 KB@45	1.000 EA
089412051B	BRKT 400 089412051WCD KB	1.000 EA
410700000DA	WAVY SPRING WASHER (400)	1.000 EA
415072001B	CLAMP	1.000 EA
415096002A	CPLG 1/8 HEX TYPE	1.000 EA



Parts List (continued)		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
034600001AA	BUSH 1/4TO1/8 BLACK	1.000 EA
034690001AB	SQHDPLG, COND	1.000 EA
035000001G	GITS GRS CUP,ODE	1.000 EA
089412051A	BRKT 400 089412051WCD KB	1.000 EA
032018005AK	HHCS 1/4-20X5/8 PLATED	4.000 EA
032018008CK	HHCS 3/8-16X1L PLATED	4.000 EA
033512004LB	HHTTS 1/4-20X1/2 PLTD.	1.000 EA
035000001A	ALFTG 1/8" 1610-BL	1.000 EA
035000001A	ALFTG 1/8" 1610-BL	1.000 EA
043292000AJ	GASK 320-400	1.000 EA
077176000L	C/BOX, PAINTED 360-400	1.000 EA
077176001A	CBOXC, PAINTED 360-400	1.000 EA
402731001A	GASK 360-440	1.000 EA
406099000A	PLUG - FAN COVER 320-440	1.000 EA
415000003D	T/LUG 897-777 KPA25/G16	1.000 EA
418150003A	GREASE FITTING CAP	1.000 EA
418150003A	GREASE FITTING CAP	1.000 EA
MG1000Y03	WILKO 689.710 GOLD PAINT SUPER E	0.250 GA
LB1346	LABEL,SUPER-E GP(4X4)	1.000 EA
033775004EA	DRSCR #6-1/4 304 S.S.	2.000 EA
034180044JA	KEY 3/4X3/4X5-1/2 L	1.000 EA
PK5004A02	WOOD BASE 40X32 STACK 2X4 RUNNER	1.000 EA



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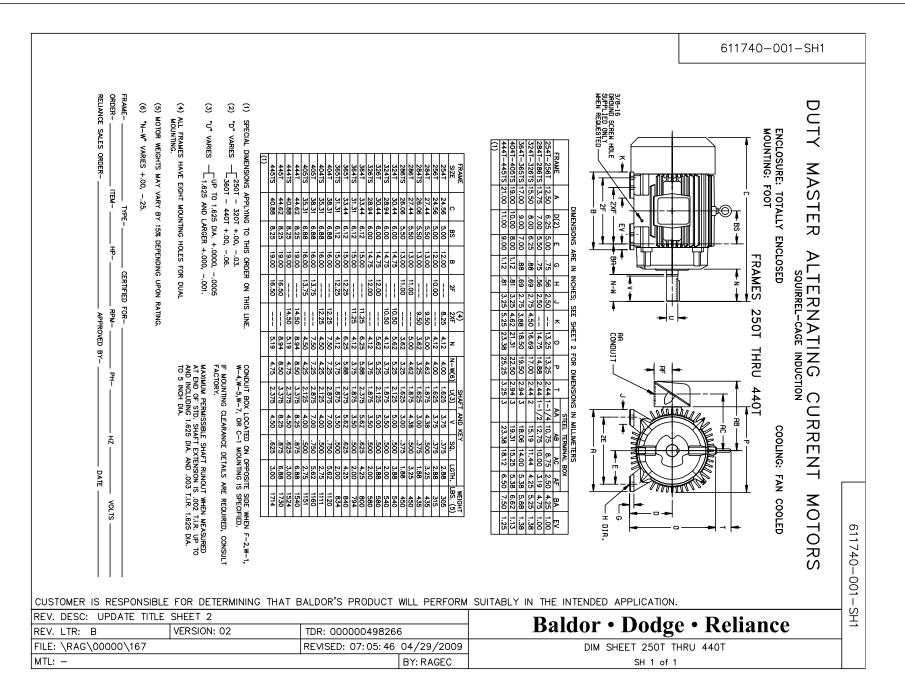


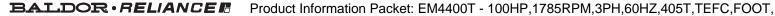
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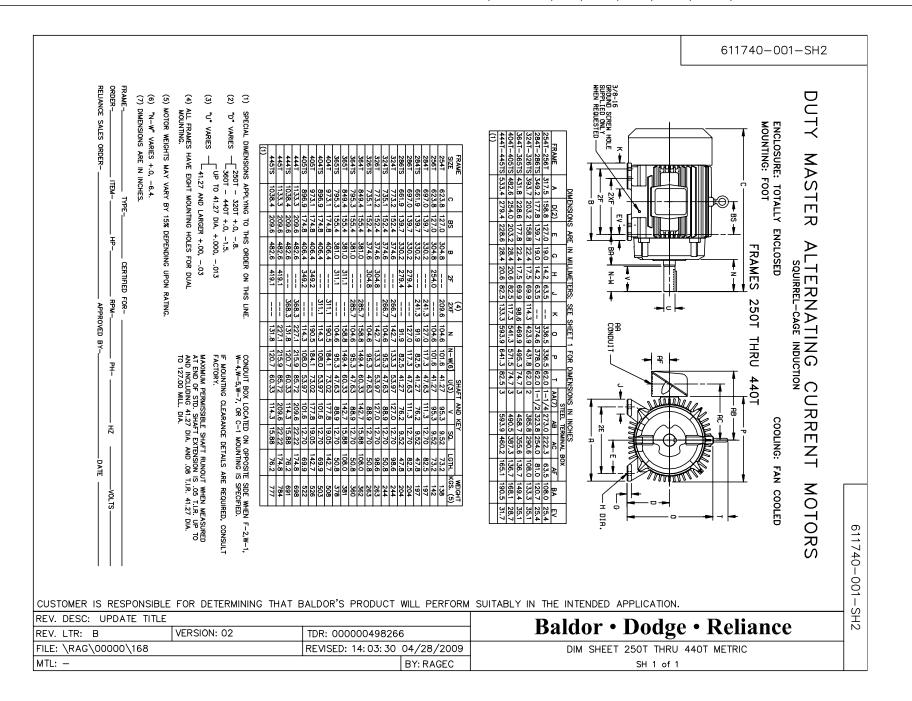
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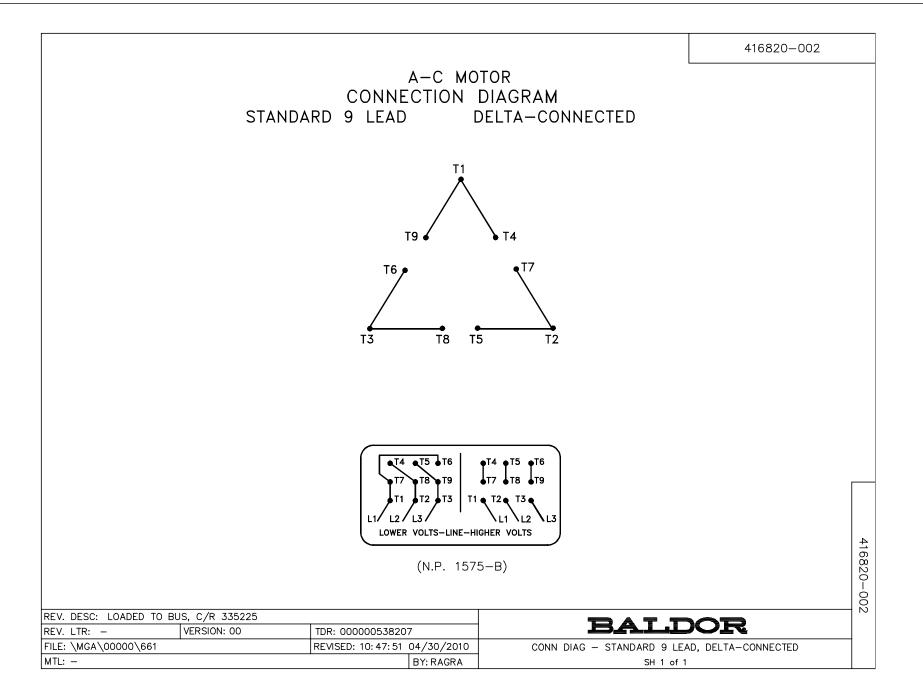




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Integral Horsepower AC Induction Motors ODP, WPI Enclosures TENV, TEAO, TEFC Enclosure Explosion Proof

BALDOR·RELIANCE

Installation & Operating Manual

MN408

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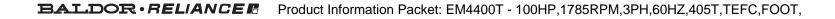


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Safety Notice	
Receiving	
Storage	
Extended Storage	
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Unpacking	
Handling	
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Location	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Mounting	
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AC Power	
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Overview Important:	This manual contains general procedures that apply to Baldor Motor products. Be sure to read and understand the Safety Notice statements in this manual. For your protection, do not install, operate or attempt to perform maintenance procedures until you understand the Warning and Caution statements. A Warning statement indicates a possible unsafe condition that can cause harm to personnel. A Caution statement indicates a condition that can cause damage to equipment. This instruction manual is not intended to include a comprehensive listing of all details for all procedures required for installation, operation and maintenance. This manual describes general
	 procedures required for installation, operation and maintenance. Inis manual describes general guidelines that apply to most of the motor products shipped by Baldor. If you have a question about a procedure or are uncertain about any detail, Do Not Proceed. Please contact your Baldor distributor for more information or clarification. Before you install, operate or perform maintenance, become familiar with the following: NEMA Publication MG-2, Safety Standard for Construction and Generators. IEC 34–1 Electrical and IEC72–1 Mechanical specifications ANSI C51.5, the National Electrical Code (NEC) and local codes and practices.
	Limited Warranty
	www.baldor.com/support/warranty_standard.asp
Safety Notice:	This equipment contains high voltage! Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt installation, operation and maintenance of electrical equipment.
	Be sure that you are completely familiar with NEMA publication MiG-2, safety standards for construction and guide for selection, installation and use of electric motors and generators, the National Electrical Code and local codes and practices. Unsafe installation or use can cause conditions that lead to serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.
WARNING:	Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.
WARNING:	Disconnect all electrical power from the motor windings and accessory devices before disassembly of the motor. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.
WARNING:	Be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. Do not apply AC power before you ensure that all grounding instructions have been followed. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. National Electrical Code and Local codes must be carefully followed.
WARNING:	Avoid extended exposure to machinery with high noise levels. Be sure to wear ear protective devices to reduce harmful effects to your hearing.
WARNING:	Surface temperatures of motor enclosures may reach temperatures which can cause discomfort or injury to personnel accidentally coming into contact with hot surfaces. When installing, protection should be provided by the user to protect against accidental contact with hot surfaces. Failure to observe this precaution could result in bodily injury.
WARNING:	This equipment may be connected to other machinery that has rotating parts or parts that are driven by this equipment. Improper use can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt to install operate or maintain this equipment.
WARNING:	Do not by-pass or disable protective devices or safety guards. Safety features are designed to prevent damage to personnel or equipment. These devices can only provide protection if they remain operative.
WARNING:	Avoid the use of automatic reset devices if the automatic restarting of equipment can be hazardous to personnel or equipment.
WARNING:	Be sure the load is properly coupled to the motor shaft before applying power. The shaft key must be fully captive by the load device. Improper coupling can cause harm to personnel or equipment if the load decouples from the shaft during operation.
WARNING:	UL Listed motors must only be serviced by UL Approved Authorized Baldor Service Centers if these motors are to be returned to a hazardous and/or explosive atmosphere.
WARNING:	Thermostat contacts automatically reset when the motor has slightly cooled down. To prevent injury or damage, the control circuit should be designed so that automatic starting of the motor is not possible when the thermostat resets.

MN408

	maintaining operations. Improper methods may cause muscle strain or other harm.
WARNING:	Pacemaker danger – Magnetic and electromagnetic fields in the vicinity of current carrying carrying conductors and permanent magnet motors can result result in a serious health hazard to persons with cardiac pacemakers, metal implants, and hearing aids. To avoid risk, stay way from
WARNING:	Before performing any motor maintenance procedure, be sure that the equipment connected to the motor shaft cannot cause shaft rotation. If the load can cause shaft rotation, disconnect the load from the motor shaft before maintenance is performed. Unexpected mechanical rotation of the motor parts can cause injury or motor damage.
WARNING:	Do not use non UL/CSA listed explosion proof motors in the presence of flammable or combustible vapors or dust. These motors are not designed for atmospheric conditions that require explosion proof operation.
WARNING:	Motors that are to be used in flammable and/or explosive atmospheres must display the UL label on the nameplate along with CSA listed logo. Specific service conditions for these motors are defined in NFPA 70 (NEC) Article 500.
WARNING:	Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions, should be permanently guarded to prevent accidental contact by personnel. Accidental contact with body parts or clothing can cause serious or fatal injury.
Caution:	To prevent premature equipment failure or damage, only qualified maintenance personnel should perform maintenance.
Caution:	Do not over tension belts. Excess tension may damage the motor or driven equipment.
Caution:	Do not over-lubricate motor as this may cause premature bearing failure.
Caution:	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor.
Caution:	If eye bolts are used for lifting a motor, be sure they are securely tightened. The lifting direction should not exceed a 20° angle from the shank of the eye bolt or lifting lug. Excessive lifting angles can cause damage.
Caution:	To prevent equipment damage, be sure that the electrical service is not capable of delivering more than the maximum motor rated amps listed on the rating plate.
Caution:	If a HI POT test (High Potential Insulation test) must be performed, follow the precautions and procedure in NEMA MG1 and MG2 standards to avoid equipment damage. If you have any questions or are uncertain about any statement or procedure, or if you require additional information please contact your Baldor distributor or an Authorized Baldor Service Center.
Receiving	 Each Baldor Electric Motor is thoroughly tested at the factory and carefully packaged for shipment. When you receive your motor, there are several things you should do immediately. 1. Observe the condition of the shipping container and report any damage immediately to the commercial carrier that delivered your motor. 2. Verify that the part number of the motor you received is the same as the part number listed on your purchase order.
<u>Handling</u> Caution:	The motor should be lifted using the lifting lugs or eye bolts provided. Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor. 1. Use the lugs or eye bolts provided to lift the motor. Never attempt to lift the motor and additional
	 equipment connected to the motor by this method. The lugs or eye bolts provided are designed to lift only the motor. Never lift the motor by the motor shaft or the hood of a WPII motor. 2. To avoid condensation inside the motor, do not unpack until the motor has reached room temperature (Room temperature is the temperature of the room in which it will be installed).

Page 16 of 42 BALDOR A MEMBER OF THE ABB GROUP

4 د. ب are er	3. Mei	ه من م	1. Sor The reir 2. Sto	Improper m not experier develop rus The electric failure. A wooden c export box t boxes are) t boxes are) t Minimum re greater. Min where: Examp
 b. District office. b. Place new desiccant inside the vapor bag and re-seal by taping it closed. c. If a zipper-closing type bag is used instead of the heat-sealed type bag, zip the bag closed instead of taping it. Be sure to place new desiccant inside bag after each monthly inspection. d. Place the shell over the motor and secure with lag bolts. Where motors are mounted to machinery, the mounting must be such that the drains and breathers are fully operable and are at the lowest point of the motor. Vertical motors must be stored in the vertical position. Storage environment must be maintained as stated in step 2. 	Note: Remove motor from containers when heaters are energized, reprotect if necessary. Measure and record the resistance of the winding insulation (dielectric withstand) every 30 days of storage.	Shock or vibration must not exceed 2 mils maximum at 60 hertz, to prevent the bearings from brinelling. If shock or vibration exceeds this limit vibration isolation pads must be used. Storage temperatures of 10°C (50°F) to 49°C (120°F) must be maintained. Relative humidity must not exceed 60%. Motor space heaters (when present) are to be connected and energized whenever there is a possibility that the storage ambient conditions will reach the dew point. Space heaters are optional possibility that the storage ambient conditions will reach the dew point.	Some motors have a shipping brace attached to the shaft to prevent damage during transportation. The shipping brace, if provided, must be removed and stored for future use. The brace must be reinstalled to hold the shaft firmly in place against the bearing before the motor is moved. Store in a clean, dry, protected warehouse where control is maintained as follows:	Improper motor storage will result in seriously reduced reliability and failure. An electric motor that does not experience regular usage while being exposed to normally humid atmospheric conditions is likely to develop rust in the bearings or rust particles from surrounding surfaces may contaminate the bearings. The electrical insulation may absorb an excessive amount of moisture leading to the motor winding failure. A wooden crate "shell" should be constructed to secure the motor during storage. This is similar to an export box but the sides & top must be secured to the wooden base with lag botts (not nailed as export boxes are) to allow opening and reclosing many times without damage to the "shell". Minimum resistance of motor winding insulation is 5 Meg ohms or the calculated minimum, which ever is greater. Minimum resistance to ground in Meg–Ohms and kV is rated nameplate voltage defined as Kilo–Volts.) Example: For a 480VAC rated motor Rm = 1.48 meg–ohms. (use 5 MΩ). For a 4160VAC rated motor Rm = 5.16 meg–ohms.

Pre



BALDOR

Storage

from date of shipment.

Storage requirements for motors and generators that will not be placed in service for at least six months

Do not lift the assembly using the motor lugs or eye bolts provided. Lugs or eye bolts are designed to lift motor only. If the load is unbalanced (as with couplings or additional attachments) additional slings or other means must be used to prevent tipping. In any event, the load must be secure before lifting. If the load is unbalanced (as with couplings or additional attachments) additional slings or other means must be used to prevent tipping. In any event, the load must be secure before lifting.

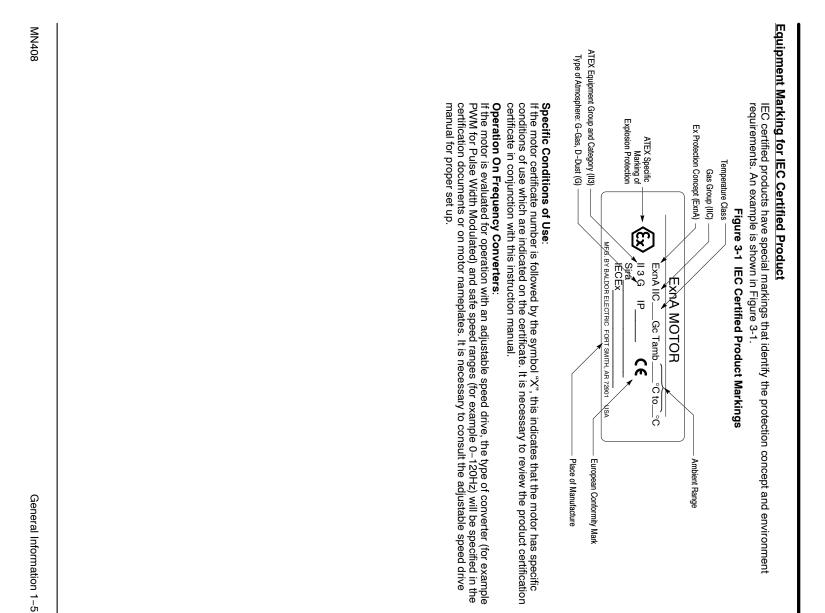
If the motor must be mounted to a plate with the driven equipment such as pump, compressor etc., it may not be possible to lift the motor alone. For this case, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the mounting base. The entire assembly can be lifted as an assembly for installation.

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1. Rem 2. Mea reco 3. Regi 4. Rein bear	a. Moi stor b. Ball gre: c. Slee c. Slee c. Slee d. "Pro be store operabl Vertical 7. Coat all Vertical 7. Coat all Vertical Vertical Vertical Non-Regre Non-Regre Non-Regre Non-regrea 15 times to as a me Non-Regre Non-Regre Non-Regre 15 times to 2. The mo 3. Replace 4. The mo 5. Motor S added e 6. Bearing	5. Moto
Remove all packing material. Measure and record the electrical resistance of the winding insulation resistance meter at the time of removal from storage. The insulation resistance must not be less than 50% from the initial reading recorded when the motor was placed into storage. A decrease in resistance indicates moisture in the windings and necessitates electrical or mechanical drying before the motor can be placed into service. If resistance is low, contact your Baldor District office. Regrease the bearings as instructed in Section 3 of this manual. Reinstall the original shipping brace if motor is to be moved. This will hold the shaft firmly against the bearing and prevent damage during movement.	 a. Motors marked "Do Not Lubricate" on the nameplate do not need to be greased before or during storage. b. Ball and roller bearing (anti-friction) motor shafts are to be rotated manually every 3 months and greased every 6 months in accordance with the Maintenance section of this manual. c. Sleeve bearing (all lube) motors are drained of oil prior to shipment. The oil reservoirs must be refiled to the indicated level with the specified lubricant, (see Maintenance). The shaft should be rotated monthly by hand at least 10 to 15 revolutions to distribute oil to bearing surfaces. d. "Provisions for oil mist lubrication" – These motors are packed with grease. Storage procedures are the same as paragraph 5b. e. "Oil Mist Lubricated" – These bearings are protected for temporary storage by a corrosion inhibitor. If stored for greater than 3 months or outdoor storage is anticipated, connected to the oil mist system while in storage. If this is not possible, add the amount of grease indicated under "Standard Condition" in Section 3. then rotate the shaft 15 times by hand. f. All breather drains are to be fully operable while in storage (drain plugs removed). The motors must be operable to allow breathing and draining at points other than through the bearings around the shaft. An acceptable product for this purpose is Exxon Rust Ban # 392. g. Catbon brushes should be theors should be wrapped with a suitable material such as cardboard paper as a mechanical protection against damage. Non-regreasable Motors Non-regreasable Motors Non-regreasable Motors All Other Motor Types Before storage, the following procedure must be performed. The motor whit regreasable bearing must be greased sith the bearing. The motor whit regreasable bearing must be greased as instructed in Section 3 of this manual. Beplace the grease drain plug, if supplied, (opposite the grease fitting) on the bottom of each bracke	Motors with anti-friction bearings are to be greased at the time of going into extended storage with periodic service as follows:

1-4 General Information





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1-6 General Information

MN408



nstallation	ection 2
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Operation	

Section 2 Installatio	Section 2 Installation & Operation
Overview	Installation should conform to the National Electrical Code as well as local codes and practices. When other devices are coupled to the motor shaft, be sure to install protective devices to prevent future accidents. Some protective devices include, coupling, belt guard, chain guard, shaft covers etc. These protect against accidental contact with moving parts. Machinery that is accessible to personnel should provide further protection in the form of guard rails, screening, warning signs etc.
Location	It is important that motors be installed in locations that are compatible with motor enclosure and ambient conditions. Improper selection of the motor enclosure and ambient conditions can lead to reduced operating life of the motor.
	 Proper ventilation for the motor must be provided. Obstructed airflow can lead to reduction of motor life. Open Drip-Proof/WPI motors are intended for use indoors where atmosphere is relatively clean, dry, well ventilated and non-corrosive. Totally Enclosed and WPII motors may be installed where dirt, moisture or dust are present and in outdoor locations.
	Severe Duty , IEEE 841 and Washdown Duty enclosed motors are designed for installations with high corrosion or excessive moisture conditions. These motors should not be placed into an environment where there is the presence of flammable or combustible vapors, dust or any combustible material, unless specifically designed for this type of service.

Hazardous Locations are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of combustible gases, vapors, dust, fibers, or flyings. Facilities requiring special equipment for hazardous locations are typically classified in accordance with local requirements. In the US market, guidance is provided by the National Electric Code.

Location

Mounting

The motor should be installed in a location compatible with the motor enclosure and specific ambient. To allow adequate air flow, the following clearances must be maintained between the motor and any obstruction:

TEFC / TENV (IC0141) Enclosures	es
Fan Cover Air Intake	180 – 210T Frame 1" (25mm)
Fan Cover Air Intake	250 – 449T Frame 4" (100mm)
	IEC 112 – 132 1" (25mm)
	IEC 160 – 280 4" (100mm)
Exhaust	Envelope equal to the P Dimension on the motor dimension sheet
OPEN/Protected Enclosures	
Bracket Intake	Same as TEFC
Frame Exhaust	Exhaust out the sides envelope
	A minimum of the P dimension plus 2" (50mm)
	Exhaust out the end same as intake.

Table
2-1
Enclos
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The motor must be securely installed to a rigid foundation or mounting surface to minimize vibration and maintain alignment between the motor and shaft load. Failure to provide a proper mounting surface may cause vibration, misalignment and bearing damage.

Foundation caps and sole plates are designed to act as spacers for the equipment they support. If these devices are used, be sure that they are evenly supported by the foundation or mounting surface. When installation is complete and accurate alignment of the motor and load is accomplished, the base should be grouted to the foundation to maintain this alignment.

The standard motor base is designed for horizontal or vertical mounting. Adjustable or sliding rails are designed for horizontal mounting only. Consult your Baldor distributor or authorized Baldor Service Center for further information

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For shot frame de 254, 284, 324, 36 256, 286, 286, 326, 36 (IEC) 112M, 132 250M, 280M	For short frame designations 182, 213, 254, 284, 324, 364, 404, 444 (NEMA) For long frame designations 184, 215, 256, 286, 326, 365, 405, 445 (NEMA) (IEC) 112M, 132M, 160L, 200L, 225M, 250M, 280M, 280M			Not used on 8 hole frames. Not used on 8 hole frames. Shaft Always use these holes, closer to the shaft 112S, 132S, 160M, 180M, 200M, 225S, 250S, 280S, (IEC)
For long frame d 256, 286, 326, 36 (IEC) 112M, 1321 250M, 280M	esignations 184, 215, 35, 405, 445 (NEMA) M, 160L, 200L, 225M,			Always use these holes, closer shaft 112S, 132S, 160M, 180M, 200M, 225S, 250S, 280S, (IEC)
Caution: Alignment	Do not lift the motor and it is adequate for lifting only driven equipment) from the In the case of assemblies on used to lift the assembly and by other lifting means provid lifting means. Likewise, prec- acceleration or shock forces. Accurate alignment of the mo- or gear used in the drive sho	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor. In the case of assemblies on a common base, any lifting means provided on the motor should not be used to lift the assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the base oby other lifting means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent hazardous overloads due to deceleration, acceleration or shock forces.	d by the motor lifting h	hardware. The motor li
		or gear used in the drive should be located on the recommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear unit on the motor shaft will damage the bearings.	is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gear driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor. In the case of assemblies on a common base, any lifting means prov used to lift the assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should b by other lifting means provided on the base. Assure lifting in the direc lifting means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent haza acceleration or shock forces. Accurate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extrem or gear used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the recommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before installing o unit on the motor shaft will damage the bearings.	driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor. In the case of assemblies on a common base, any lifting means provided on the motor should not be used to lift the assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the base or by other lifting means provided on the base. Assure lifting in the direction intended in the design of the lifting means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent hazardous overloads due to deceleration, acceleration or shock forces. Accurate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important. The pulley, sprocket, or gear used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the shaft shoulder as possible. It is recommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before installing on the motor shaft. Forcibly driving a unit on the motor shaft will damage the bearings.
	Do not over ten:	ear used in the drive should be located on the shaft a mmended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before on the motor shaft will damage the bearings. Direct Coupling For direct drive, use flexible couplings if possible. Co more information. Mechanical vibration and roughnes Use dial indicators to check alignment. The space be recommended by the coupling manufacturer. End-Play Adjustment The axial position of the motor frame with respect to motor bearings are not designed for excessive exterr cause failure. Pulley Ratio The best practice is to not exceed an 8:1 pulley ratio.	Disconnect the load (g ft before lifting the mo base, any lifting means p ther, the assembly shou se. Assure lifting in the ld be taken to prevent h ld be taken to prevent h ad on the shaft as close at or gear before installir earings. it possible. Consult the sif possible. Consult the sif possible. Consult the son and roughness during th. The space between c facturer. with respect to its load i excessive external axial excessive external axial sion may damage the i	 ven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor. he case of assemblies on a common base, any lifting means provided on the motor should not be do lift the assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the base or other lifting means provided on the base. Assure lifting in the direction intended in the design of the grants. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent hazardous overloads due to deceleration, eleration or shock forces. urate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important. The pulley, sprocket, grants are used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the shaft shoulder as possible. It is commended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before installing on the motor shaft. Forcibly driving a to n the motor shaft will damage the bearings. Direct Coupling For direct drive, use flexible couplings if possible. Consult the drive or equipment manufacturer for more information. Mechanical vibration and roughness during operation may indicate poor alignment. Use dial indicators to check alignment. The space between coupling hubs should be maintained as recommended by the coupling manufacturer. End-Play Adjustment The axial position of the motor frame with respect to its load is also extremely important. The standard motor bearings are not designed for excessive external axial thrust loads. Improper adjustment will cause failure. Pulley Ratio The best practice is to not exceed an 8:1 pulley ratio.

2-2 Installation & Operation

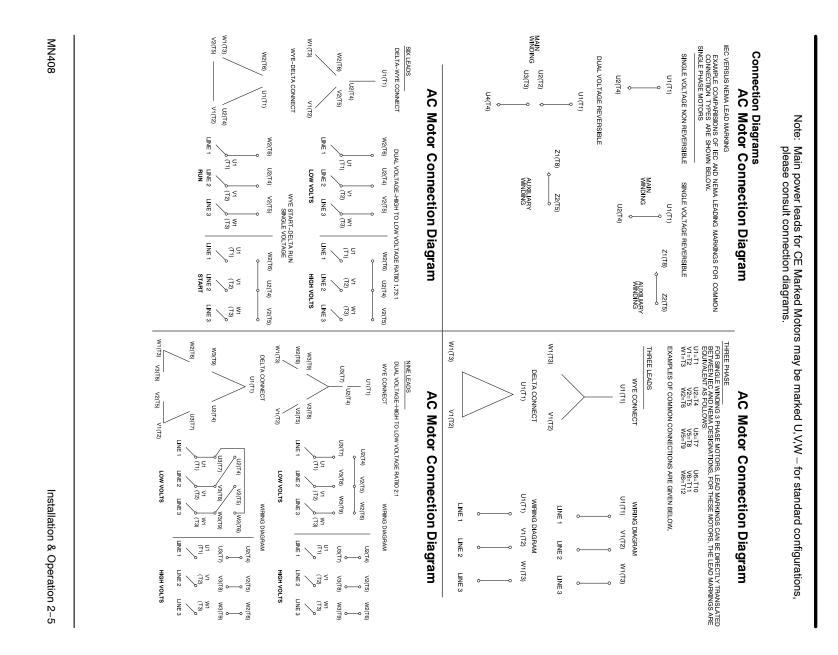
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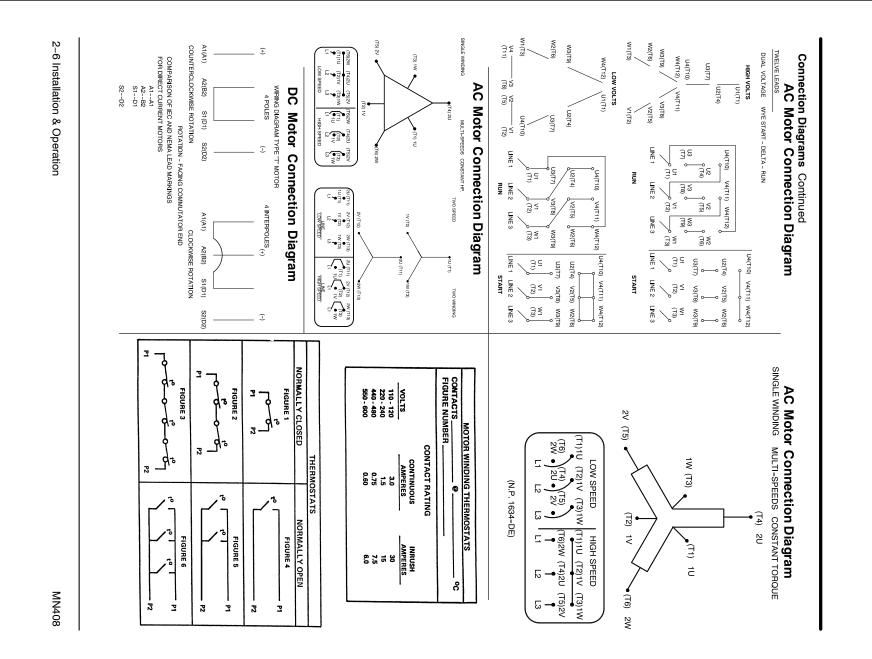
Doweling & Bolting After proper alignment is verified, dowel pins should be inserted through the motor feet into the foundation. This will maintain the correct motor position should motor removal be required. **MN408 Power Connection** Motor and control wiring, overload protection, disconnects, accessories and grounding should conform to the National Electrical Code and local codes and practices. WARNING: Grounding Guarding There are applications where grounding the exterior parts of a motor or generator may result in greater hazard by increasing the possibility of a person in the area simultaneously contacting ground and some other nearby live electrical parts of other ungrounded electrical equipment. In portable equipment it is difficult to be sure that a positive ground connection is maintained as the equipment is moved, and providing a grounding conductor may lead to a false sense of security. <u>- α</u> ε α μ member. Some motors are supplied with the bonding conductor on the concealed side of the cushion ring to protect the bond from damage. Motors with bonded cushion rings should usually be grounded at the time of installation in accordance with the above recommendations for making ground connections. When In the USA consult the National Electrical Code, Article 430 for information on grounding of motors and Ņ <u>.</u> - -Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions. This is particularly important where the parts have surface irregularities such as keys, key Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions, should be permanently guarded to prevent accidental contact by personnel. Accidental contact with body parts or clothing can cause serious or fatal injury. For motors installed in compliance with IEC requirements, the following minimum cross sectional area of the protective conductors should be used: Select a motor starter and over current protection suitable for this motor and its application. Consult motor starter application data as well as the National Electric Code and/or other applicable local codes. motors with bonded cushion rings are used in multimotor installations employing group fusing or group protection, the bonding of the cushion ring should be checked to determine that it is adequate for the Motors with resilient cushion rings usually must be provided with a bonding conductor across the resilient consult the appropriate national or local code applicable. point, the motor or generator terminal housing, and the motor or generator frame. In non-USA locations generators, and Article 250 for general information on grounding. In making the ground connection, the heat shrink tubing. ways or set screws. at least 4 mm² Equipotential ponding connection shall made using rating of the branch circuit over current protective device being used. installer should make certain that there is a solid and permanent metallic connection between the ground be fully insulated. Flying leads must be insulated with two full wraps of electrical grade insulating tape or For ExnA hazardous location motors, it is a specific condition of use that all terminations in a conduit box (Baldor•Reliance motors are designed for doweling.) Mounting bolts must be carefully tightened to prevent changes in alignment. Use a flat washer and lock washer under each nut or bolt head to hold the motor feet secure. Flanged nuts or bolts may be used as an alternative to washers. Providing covers for the rotating parts. Covers should be sufficiently rigid to maintain adequate guarding during normal service. equipment. Install proper fitting dowels Covering the machine and associated rotating parts with structural or decorative parts of the driven Ream all holes Drill corresponding holes in the foundation. Drill dowel holes in diagonally opposite motor feet in the locations provided Cross-sectional area of phase conductors. S conductors > 91 ≤35 Some satisfactory methods of guarding are: Minimum cross-sectional area of the corresponding protective a conductor with a cross-sectional area 0,5 Ħ conductor, 6 C <u>ç</u>

AC Power Motion in solving Curriteduction must be properly terminated and insulated. AC Power Motion with Phylog lead construction must be properly terminated and insulated. Connect the motor leads as shown on the connection diagram located on the name plate or raiside the cover on the conduit box. Be sure the following guidalines are met: AC power is within ±10% of rated voltage with rated requency. (See motor name plate for ratings). AC power is within ±10% of rated voltage and frequency of ±10% (sum of absolute values) of rated values. Performance with these voltage and frequency of ±10% (sum of absolute values). Performance within these voltage and frequency of ±10% (sum of absolute values). Performance within these voltage and frequency of ±10% (sum of absolute values). Performance within these voltage and frequency relations are shown in Figure 2.4. Figure 2.3 Accessory Connections Leads for each heat are leaded of motor. Leads the reach heat are leaded for the time. Leads are leaded to a windings (2) per phase. Three thermistors are installed in windings (2) per phase. The thermistors are installed in windings (2) per phase. Note RTD may the 2. Red/1-White leads; so isolated RTDDDE: Note RTD may the 2. Red/1-White leads; or 2-White/1-Red Lead. Miniting are reversible. To reverse the direction of rotation, disconnect and lock out power and interchange any two of the three line leads for three phase motors, are soleled to the consoletion for three of the same fore the motor is are worsible. 	Rotation All th and i lead Adju prodi bhas Suita these prop	BEARING RED RED	RED RED RED	TD1 (VV) (VV)	HEATERS H1	3. / Perfr		AC Power Moto Conr cove	rotat such
 the Auxiliary conduit boxes are provided on some motors in the connection diagram located on the name play sure the following guidelines are met: of rated voltage with rated voltage. voltage and frequency of ±10% (sum of absolute values) of rated voltage with rated voltage. One heater is installed in each end of motor. Leads for each heater are labeled H1 & H2. (Like numbers should be tied together). Three thermistors are installed in windings (2) per phase. Each set of leads is labeled 17D1, 17D2, 17D2, 27D. * One bearing RTD is installed in Opposite Drive endplate (PUEP) are labeled RTDDDE. * Note RTD may have 2-Red/1-White leads; or 2-White leads for frequency suitable frequency is not supply adjustable frequency. * Inverters used to supply adjustable frequency. For single phase installed in of stator windings are subject to the resulting the motor is reversible and follow the connection of stator windings are subject to the resulting the motor is reversible and follow the connection is the direction of rotation, disconnect a the three line leads for three phase motors. For single phase in labeled RTDDDE. * Note RTD may have 2-Red/1-White leads; or 2-White leads; or 2-White leads for three phase motors are reversible. To reverse the direction of rotation, disconnect a the three line leads for three phase motors are reversible. * Inverters used to supply adjustable frequency power to in the design of these drive systems to minimize the drive instructions for maximum acceptable motor leads in the resulting in the design of these drive systems to minimize the drive instructions for maximum acceptable motor leads in the drive instructions for maximum acceptable motor leads in the drive instructions for maximum acceptable motor leads in the motor lead in the motor is the drive insthetion of these drive systems to minimize the drive ins	All three phase motors are r and interchange any two of the connection diagram to d lead numbers to be intercha Adjustable Frequency Powe produce wave forms with low phase-to-phase, and grour Suitable precautions should these voltage spikes. Consu proper grounding.	, RTD WHITE	WHITE	$\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array}\right)$		A combined variation in provided the frequency prmance within these vo Fig	AC power is within ±109 DR AC power is within ±5%	rs with flying lead cons nect the motor leads as r on the conduit box. Be	as space heaters, RTL
rin provided on some motors is ininated and insulated. gram located on the name plus s are met: frequency. (See motor name plus of rated frequency. ns are shown in Figure 2-4. ections ach end of motor. abeled H1 & H2. d together). lled in windings (2) per phase. 11TD1, 1TD2, 1TD3, 2TD1, 2TD2, 2TD E. lled in Opposite Drive endplate (PUEP) E. lled in Opposite Drive endplate connect a phase motors. For single pha sible and follow the connection otors are reversible. justable frequency power to in age spikes superimposed. Tu is are subject to the resulting used rive systems to minimize aximum acceptable motor lea	eversible. To reverse the dire the three line leads for three etermine if the motor is rever nged. Not all single phase m r Inverters used to supply ad ver order harmonics with volt d insulation of stator winding be taken in the design of the be taken in the design of the lt the drive instructions for m	* One bearing RTD is insta are labeled RTDDI * One bearing RTD is insta are labeled RTDO * Note RTD may have 2-R	Winding RTDs are installed Each set of leads is labeled	Three thermistors are instal Leads are labeled TD1 & T	One heater is installed in ea Leads for each heater are la (Like numbers should be tie	voltage and frequency of ±10 variation does not exceed ±5 ltage and frequency variatio ure 2-3 Accessory Conn	6 of rated voltage with rated of rated frequency with rated	iruction must be properly terr shown on the connection dia sure the following guideline	its. Auxiliary conduit boxes a 's etc.
	iction of rotation, disconnect a phase motors. For single pha sible and follow the connection otors are reversible. justable frequency power to in age spikes superimposed. Tu s are subject to the resulting se drive systems to minimize aximum acceptable motor lea	Illed in Drive endplate (PUEP) <u>E</u> . Illed in Opposite Drive endpla DE. ed/1–White leads; or 2–White	in windings (2) per phase. 1TD1, 1TD2, 1TD3, 2TD1, 2TD2, 2TD	led in windings and tied in se D2.	ach end of motor. abeled H1 & H2. d together).	9% (sum of absolute values) o % of rated frequency. ns are shown in Figure 2-4. ections	frequency. (See motor name i t voltage.	ninated and insulated. Igram located on the name pl s are met:	re provided on some motors

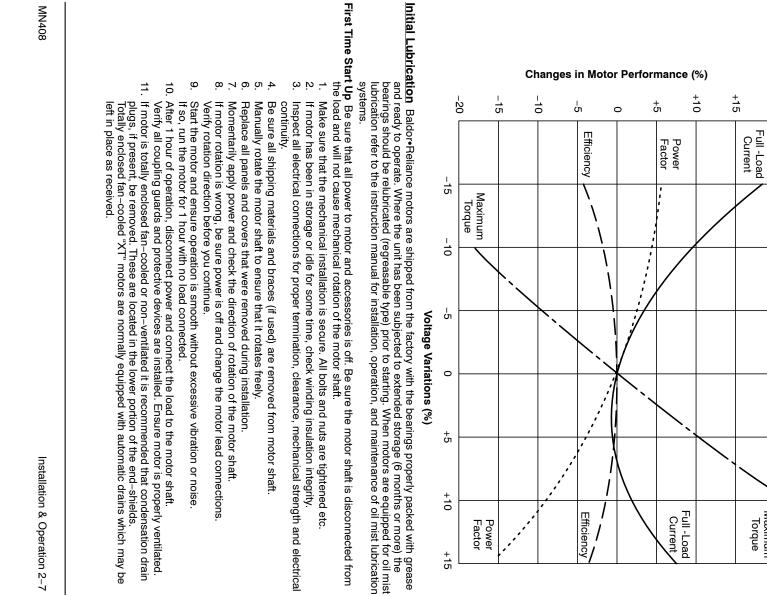
2-4 Installation & Operation



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Maximum

Torque

+20

Figure 2-4 Typical Motor Performance VS Voltage Variations

2-8 Installation & Operation

Coupled Start Up Hazardous Locations Jogging and Repeated Starts Repeated starts and/or jogs of induction motors generally reduce the life of the motor Protection Selection Concepts An application note regarding equipment applied in accordance with the US National Electric Code (NFPA 70–2008) – according to Article 500.8(C) Marking, sub clause (2) in the fine print note, it is noted that Equipment not marked to indicate a division is suitable for both Division 1 and Division 2 locations. These motors are not gas tight. To the contrary, this protection concept assumes that due to the normal heating and cooling cycle of motor operation that any gas present will be drawn into the motor. Since flameproof or explosion proof motors are designed to contain the combustion and extinguish any flame transmission, for this protection concept, only external surface temperatures are of concern. Thermal limiting devices such as thermostats, thermistors or RTDs may be provided on these motors to limit the external surface Motors that are explosion proof or flameproof use specially machined flameproof joints between the end bell or bracket and the frame, as well as along the rotating shaft and at connection box covers and entries. The fit of these flameproof joints are designed to contain the combustion or quench the flame of an explosive gas atmosphere prior to it exiting the motor. These flameproof joints have lengths and widths selected and tested based on the gas group present in the atmosphere. Baldor Reliance motors are typically designed to meet Class I (Division 1) Group C and D (explosion proof) or Ex d IIB Hazardous locations are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of combustible gases, vapors, dust, fibers or flyings. Facilities requiring special equipment for hazardous locations are typically classified in accordance with local requirements. In the US market, guidance is provided by the National Electric Code. In international hazardous location areas, guidance for gas / vapor / mist classification is given in 4. | The Areas are classified with respect to risk and exposure to the hazard. In the US market, areas are typically classified as follows Class, Division, Group and Temperature Class. In some newer installations in the US and in most international markets, areas are classified in Zones. The equipment can now be loaded and operated within specified limits. Do not exceed the name plate ratings for amperes for steady continuous loads. ωN Baldor offers a range of motors suitable for installation in a Division 1 or Zone 1 environment. T motors are known as explosion proof or flameproof. (Insert flameproof motor cut away drawing) Class I Division 1 / Zone 1 [Equipment Group I (mining) or II (surface), Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Gb, Mb] area classification and select proper equipment. equipment is suitable for installation in that environment, and identifies what the maximum safe temperature or temperature class is required. It is the customer or users responsibility to determine the international hazardous location areas, guid IEC60079-14, or for dust in IEC61241-14. distributor or Baldor Service Center. **Heating** - Duty rating and maximum ambient temperature are stated on the motor name plate. Do not exceed these values. If there is any question regarding safe operation, contact your local Baldor same motor under full load. If it is necessary to repeatedly start or jog the motor, it is advisable to the application with your local Baldor distributor or Baldor Service Center. winding insulation. temperature during overload conditions (flameproof) This procedure assumes a coupled start up. Also, that the first time start up procedure was successful. Run for approximately 1 hour with the driven equipment in an unloaded condition The first coupled start up should be with no load. Apply power and verify that the load is i transmitting excessive vibration back to the motor though the coupling or the foundation. Check that the coupling is properly aligned and not binding. should be at an acceptable level. Check the coupling and ensure that all guards and protective devices are installed A much greater amount of heat is produced by each acceleration or jog than by full load. If it is necessary to repeatedly start or jog the motor, it is advisable to c This classification process lets the installer know what d is not ion. Vibration These check the

MN408

Single phase operation of polyphase equipment

±. 5 Variable frequency operation

ø

Motor reversing

Motor stall

<u>-</u> α ε 4 α σ -

Unbalanced voltages

oss of proper ventilation

Voltages above or below nameplate value Ambient temperatures above nameplate value Motor load exceeding service factor nameplate value

Altitude above 3300 feet / 1000 meters Severe duty cycles of repeated starts

specific hazardous areas may be used in those hazardous areas on inverter power. designed to operate at or below the maximum surface temperature (or T-Code) sta Variable Frequency Power Operation for Division 1 or 2 and Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 Hazardous Location (motors with maximum surface temperature listed on the nameplate). Only motors with nameplates marked for use on inverter (variable frequency) power, and labeled for -ailure to operate the motor properly can cause this maximum surface temperature to be exceeded T-Code) stated on the nameplate. The motor is

Location. These motors are designed to operate at or below the maximum surface temperature (or T–Code) stated on the nameplate. Failure to operate the motor properly can cause this maximum surface temperature to be exceeded. If applied in a Division 1 or 2 / Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 environment, this excessive temperature may cause ignition of hazardous materials. Operating the motor at any of the following conditions can cause the marked surface temperature to be exceeded.

Class II Division 2 / Zone 22 [Equipment Group III, Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Dc] This area classification is one where the risk of exposure to ignitable concentrations of dust are not likely to occur under normal operating conditions and relies heavily on the housekeeping practices within the

In the North American area classification system, Class III exists for fibers and flyings. In the IEC designation, both dusts and flyings are absorbed into Group III.

Sine Wave Power Operation for Division 1 or 2 and Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 Hazardous

installation.

properly connected to a suitable switching device. Note: In the North American area classification sy



If thermostats are provided as a condition of certification, it is the installer's responsibility to make sure that these devices are properly connected to a suitable switching device. The ATEX directive requires that motor shutdown on thermal trip be accomplished without an intermediate software command.

Flameproof motors, internationally referred to as Ex d use a protection concept similar to that used in Class I Division 1 motors, with minor differences in the flameproof joints and cable entry designs. Flameproof and explosion proof motors are both type tested. Representative motors are connected to a

Flameproof and explosion proof motors are both type tested. Representative motors are connected to reference gas and ignited in laboratory conditions to verify that the flame is not transmitted outside the

to determine the maximum internal pressure encountered

Class I Division 2 / Zone 2 Ex nA, [Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Gc] This protection concept relies on having no sources of ignition present such as arcing parts or hot surfaces. For this protection concept, internal temperatures as well as external temperatures are

Explosion proof and Flame proof motors shipped without a conduit box require use of a certified box of suitable dimensions and that is appropriate for the classification.

motor

enclosure and

considered. In many cases, the internal temperatures are higher than the external temperatures and therefore become the limiting factor in determination of temperature code designation. In these applications, it is very important to use a motor that has been evaluated thermally for use with an inverter or converter, if variable speed operation is desired. Thermostats used for Class I Division 2 and Ex nA motors are used to protect the motor only. For motors using flying lead construction, it is important to use connection lugs and insulate with heat shrink tubing or a double wrap of insulation grade electrical tape to avoid the risk of spark or ignition.
 Class II Division 1 / Zone 21 [Equipment Group III, Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Db]
 This area classification is one where the risk of ignitable concentrations of dust is present at all or some of the time. The protection proof or Ex tD. External surface temperature remains the limiting factor. Thermal limiting devices such as thermostats, thermistors or RTDs may be provided on these motors to limit the external surface temperature during overload conditions. If thermostats are provided as a condition of certification, it is the installer's responsibility to make sure that these devices are proveded to a suitable switching device.

2-10 Installation & Operatior

BALDOR • RELIANCER Product Information Packet: EM4400T - 100HP,1785RPM,3PH,60HZ,405T,TEFC,FOOT, **Repair of Motors used in Hazardous Locations Thermal Limiting**Thermal limiting devices are temperature sensing control components installed inside the motor to limit the internal temperature of the motor frame by interrupting the circuit of the holding coil of the magnetic switch or contactor. They are required for most Division 1 and Zone 1 applications. For Division 2 or Zone 2 applications, motors should be selected that preclude running temperatures from exceeding the ignition temperatures for the designated hazardous material. In Division 2 or Zone 2 classified locations, thermal limiting devices should only be used for winding protection and not considered for limiting all internal motor temperatures to specific ignition temperatures. <u>http://www.lecex.com/service_facilities.htm</u>
 Explosion proof and flameproof motors achieve their safety based on the mechanical construction – flameproof joints and bearing clearance, and the electrical design including any thermal limiting devices. If it is necessary to repair a flameproof or explosion proof motor, it is critical that the mechanical flameproof joints be maintained. Consult Baldor Glectric Company for flameproof joint construction details. Use only Baldor-Reliance supplied parts. Baldor does not recommend reclamation of parts. Since this protection method also relies on temperature being maintained, make sure that any rewinding uses the original electrical designs, including any thermal protection that may be present.
 Repair of Dust Ignition Proof Motors - Class II Division 1 and 2, Zone 21 and 22.
 For Dust Ignition Proof, proper sealing is required. Do not modify the motor construction to add any additional opening, and ensure that proper sealing is maintained in the connection box and at the shaft seal. Since this protection method also relies on temperature being maintained in the connection box and at the shaft seal. Since this protection method also relies on temperature being maintained, make sure that any rewinding uses the original electrical designs, including any thermal protection that may be present In the North American market, recertification programs are offered by Underwriters Laboratories and Canadian Standards Association which allow authorized service shops to mark the rebuilt motors as certified. In the international markets using IEC based requirements, repair should be undertaken only after consulting IEC60079-19 Explosive Atmospheres-Part 19 Equipment repair, overhaul and reclamation. If use of a certified repair facility is desired, consult the IECEX Repair Scheme at Bearing currents can exist in some motors for both line-fed and inverter-fed applications. Larger line-fed motors may require at least one insulated bearing to prevent a flow of current through the bearings. Do not defeat such insulation whether the motor is line-fed or inverter-fed applications. Inverter-fed motors may require additional bearing insulation or even a shaft brush. Do not defeat such features. When the motor and the coupled load are not on a common conductive baseplate, it may also be necessary to electrically bond together the stationary parts of the motor and the coupled equipment. Repair of hazardous certified motors requires additional information, skill, and care. It is the customer's responsibility to select service shops with proper qualifications to repair hazardous location motors. Contact the manufacture for additional repair details. Use only original manufacturer's parts. Repair of Explosion Proof or Flame Proof Motors Class I Division 1 and Zone 1 Equipotential Bonding and Shaft Current Reduction Larger motors (ie WP construction) may require proper bonding between motor enclosures and covers to avoid the risk of stray currents during start up. Fastening methods and bonding straps must not be modified. ø ° √ 0 α 4 ω Ν cause the marked surface temperature to be exceeded If applied in a Division 1 or 2 / Zone 1 or 2 may cause ignition of hazardous materials electrical designs, including a thermostats, if provided. Repair of Class I Division 2 and Zone 2 For Division 2 and Zone 2, the internal and 10. Lower than name plate minimum carrier frequency method also relies on tempe Operation outside of the nameplate speed / frequency range Loss of proper ventilation Single phase operation of polyphase equipment Altitudes above 3300 feet / 1000 meters Unbalanced voltages Voltage (at each operating frequency) above or below rated nameplate value Motor load exceeding service factor nameplate value Unstable current wave forms Ambient temperature above nameplate value or 2 and Zone 21 or 2 and Zone 21 or 2 motors 22 environment, this excessive temperature motor at any of the following conditions can MN408

Boller Bearing Motors			Ball Bearing Motors	Type of Grease sen che	3. Check Relubrication & Bearings ability of a at which th if the follow			WARNING:	<u>General Inspe</u>	WARNING:
ing Motors	Minimum Starting Temperature -60°C (-76°F SHELL OIL CO. AEROSHELL 7 MOBIL MOBIL 28 MOBIL MOBILITH SHC 10	Operating Temperature -: EXXON EXXON EXXON CHEVRON OIL TEXACO, INC. TEXACO, INC. AMOCO PENNZOIL DARMEX DARMEX PETRO-CANADA SHELL OIL	g Motors	service conditions is Po checked and verified.	3. Check all electrical & Bearings Bearing ability of a grease (over at which the bearing or if the following recommendation of the following recomm	 Perform a dielectric v has been maintainec insulation resistance 	 Check that the mot grease, water, etc. ventilation. If the n failure. 	Do not touch electric: Electrical shock can o installation, operatior	ction Inspect the motor months, whichever occ steps should be perforr	UL and EX Listed mo Centers if these moto
	rature -60°C (-76°F) AEROSHELL 7 (Standard on Baldor motors) MOBIL 28 MOBILITH SHC 100 (Low Temperature - Arctic Duty)	Operating Temperature -25°C (-15°F) to 50°C (120°F) EXXON POLYREX EM (Standard on Baldor motors) EXXON BEACCON 325 EXXON OIL BLACK PEARL TEXACO, INC. PILOR FEARL TEXACO, INC. PILOR FEARL PENNZOIL PILOR FEARL PENNZOIL PICKSTAR AMOCO POLYSTAR AMOCO PICNUM RB TEXACO, INC. POLYSTAR AMOCO POLYSTAR AMOCO PICNUM RB TEXACO, INC. POLYSTAR AMOCO PICNUM RB TEXACOL POLYSTAR AMOCO PICNUM RB TEXACOL POLYSTAR AMOCO PICNUM RB TEXACOL PICNUM RB TEXACOL PICNUM RB TEXACOL PICNUM RB DARMEX 707 DARMEX 707 DARMEX 710 DARMEX 711 PERPRICES LLG DOLUM BRB		ase A high grade ball or roller bearing grease should be used. Recommended grease for standard service conditions is Polyrex EM (Exxon Mobil) . Do not mix greases unless compatibility has been checked and verified.	3. Check all electrical connectors to be sure that they are tight. LBearings Bearing grease will lose its lubricating ability over time, not suddenly. The lubricating ability of a grease (over time) depends primarily on the type of grease, the size of the bearing, the speed at which the bearing operates and the severity of the operating conditions. Good results can be obtained if the following recommendations are used in your maintenance program.	Perform a dielectric with stand test periodically to ensure that the integrity of the winding insulation has been maintained. Record the readings. Immediately investigate any significant decrease in insulation resistance.	Check that the motor is clean. Check that the interior and exterior of the motor is free of dirt, oil, grease, water, etc. Oily vapor, paper pulp, textile lint, etc. can accumulate and block motor ventilation. If the motor is not properly ventilated, overheating can occur and cause early motor failure.	Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.	General Inspection Inspect the motor at regular intervals, approximately every 500 hours of operation or every 3 months, whichever occurs first. Keep the motor clean and the ventilation openings clear. The following steps should be performed at each inspection:	UL and EX Listed motors must only be serviced by UL or EX Approved Authorized Baldor Service Centers if these motors are to be returned to a hazardous and/or explosive atmosphere.

BALDOR • **RELIANCE** Product Information Packet: EM4400T - 100HP,1785RPM,3PH,60HZ,405T,TEFC,FOOT,

Roller Bearing Motors

Operating Temperature -25°C (-15°F) to 50°C (120°F) TEXACO, INC. PREMIUM RB MOBIL MOBILITH SHC 220 (Standard on Baldor motors) CHEVRON OIL BLACK PEARL



	3–2 Maintenance
	õ
c	Troubleshooting

Relubrication Intervals n Intervals Recommended relubrication intervals are shown in Table 3-2. It is important to realize that the recommended intervals of Table 3-2 are based on average use.

Refer to additional information contained in Tables 3-3, 3-4 and 3-5

Table 3-2 Relubrication Intervals *

			Rated Sp	Rated Speed - RPM		
NEMA / (IEC) Frame Size	10000	6000	3600	1800	1200	900
Up to 210 incl. (132)	*	2700 Hrs.	5500 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.	22000 Hrs.
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)		**	3600 Hrs.	9500 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.
Over 280 to 360 incl. (225)		**	* 2200 Hrs.	* 2200 Hrs. 7400 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.
Over 360 to 449 incl. (315)		**	*2200 Hrs.	*2200 Hrs. 3500 Hrs.	7400 Hrs. 10500 Hrs.	10500 Hrs.

Relubrication intervals are for ball bearings

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For vertically mounted motors and roller bearings, divide the relubrication interval by 2.

For motors operating at speeds greater than 3600 RPM, contact Baldor for relubrication recommendations.

Table 3-3 Service Conditions

	<−29° C **		Low Temperature
Shock or Vibration	Class H Insulation		
Severe dirt, Abrasive dust, Corrosion, Heavy	>50° C* or	16 Plus	Extreme
Moderate dirt, Corrosion	50° C	16 Plus	Severe
Clean, Little Corrosion	40° C	8	Standard
Atmospheric Contamination	Ambient Temperature Maximum	Hours per day of Operation	Severity of Service

× not mix with other grease types. Thoroughly clean bearing & cavity before adding grease. Special high temperature grease is recommended (Dow Corning DC44). Note that Dow Corning DC44 grease does

Special low temperature grease is recommended (Aeroshell 7).

*

Table 3-4 Delubrication Interval Mul

Table 3-4 Relubrication Interval Multiplier

Severity of Service	Multiplier
Standard	1.0
Severe	0.5
Extreme	0.1
Low Temperature	1.0

Some motor designs use different bearings on each motor end. This is normally indicated on the motor nameplate. In this case, the larger bearing is installed on the motor Drive endplate. For best relubrication results, only use the appropriate amount of grease for each bearing size (not the same for both).



	(These are t	(These are the "Large" bearing Description (These are the "Large" bearings (Shaft End) in each frame size)	iption aft End) in eac	h frame size)
NEMA (IEC)	Bearing	Weight of Grease to	Volume o	Volume of grease to be added
	(oz (Grams)	in ³	teaspoon
56 to 140 (90)	6203	0.08 (2.4)	0.15	0.5
140 (90)	6205	0.15 (3.9)	0.2	0.8
180 (100–112)	6206	0.19 (5.0)	0.3	1.0
210 (132)	6307	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0
250 (160)	6309	0.47 (12.5)	0.7	2.5
280 (180)	6311	0.61 (17)	1.2	3.9
320 (200)	6312	0.76 (20.1)	1.2	4.0
360 (225)	6313	0.81 (23)	1.5	5.2
400 (250)	6316	1.25 (33)	2.0	6.6
440 (280)	6319	2.12 (60)	4.1	13.4
5000 to 5800 (315-450)	6328	4.70 (130)	9.2	30.0
5000 to 5800 (315-450)	NU328	4.70 (130)	9.2	30.0
360 to 449 (225-280)	NU319	2.12 (60)	4.1	13.4
AC Induction Servo				
76 Frame 180 (112)	6207	0.22 (6.1)	0.44	1.4
77 Frame 210 (132)	6210	0.32 (9.0)	0.64	2.1
80 Frame 250(160)	6213	0.49 (14.0)	0.99	3.3
* Weight in grams = .005 DB of grease to be added	ase to be added			
	-			

Table 3-5 Bearings Sizes and Types

Note: Not all bearing sizes are listed. For intermediate bearing sizes, use the grease volume for the next larger size bearing.

Maintenance & Troubleshooting 3-3

MN408



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Note: Smaller bearings in size category r

Sample Relubrication Determination

Assume - NEMA 286T (IEC 180), 1750 RPM motor driving an exhaust fan in an ambient temperature of 43° C and the atmosphere is moderately corrosive.

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Assemble the motor.

N <u>.</u>__

Disassemble the motor.

Note: Only a Baldor authorized and UL or CSA certified service center can disassemble a UL/CSA listed explosion proof motor to maintain it's UL/CSA listing.

Add recommended amount of grease to bearing and bearing cavity. (Bearing should be about 1/3 full of grease and outboard bearing cavity should be about 1/2 full of grease.)



Relubrication Procedure Be sure that the grease you are adding to the motor is compatible with the grease already in the motor. Consult your Baldor distributor or an authorized service center if a grease other than the

To avoid damage to motor bearings, grease must be kept free of dirt. For an extremely dirty environment, contact your Baldor distributor or an authorized Baldor Service Center for

Do not over-lubricate motor as this may cause premature bearing failure

recommended type is to be used.

Caution:

Over–lubricating can cause excessive bearing temperatures, premature lubrication breakdown and bearing failure.

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Remove grease outlet plug.

With the motor stopped, clean all grease fittings with a clean cloth

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With Grease Outlet Plug

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Add the recommended amount of grease

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Re-install grease outlet plug.

Operate the motor for 15 minutes with grease plug removed. This allows excess grease to purge.

Without Grease Provisions

Caution:

Caution:

additional information.

Maintenance & Troubleshooting 3-5

	Table 3-6 Troubleshooting Chart	ooting Chart
Symptom	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Motor will not start	Usually caused by line trouble, such as, single phasing at the starter.	Check source of power. Check overloads, fuses, controls, etc.
Excessive humming	High Voltage.	Check input line connections.
	Eccentric air gap.	Have motor serviced at local Baldor service center.
Motor Over Heating	Overload. Compare actual amps (measured) with nameplate rating.	Locate and remove source of excessive friction in motor or load.
		Reduce load or replace with motor of greater capacity.
	Single Phasing.	Check current at all phases (should be approximately equal) to isolate and correct the problem.
	Improper ventilation.	Check external cooling fan to be sure air is moving
		property across cooling tins. Excessive dirt build-up on motor. Clean motor.
	Unbalanced voltage.	Check voltage at all phases (should be approximately equal) to isolate and correct the problem.
	Rotor rubbing on stator.	Check air gap clearance and bearings. Tighten "Thru Bolts".
	Over voltage or under voltage.	Check input voltage at each phase to motor.
	Open stator winding.	Check stator resistance at all three phases for balance.
	Grounded winding.	Perform dielectric test and repair as required.
	Improper connections.	Inspect all electrical connections for proper termination, clearance, mechanical strength and electrical continuity. Refer to motor lead connection diagram.
Bearing Over Heating	Misalignment.	Check and align motor and driven equipment.
	Excessive end thrust.	Reduce the end thrust from driven machine.
	Excessive grease in bearing.	Remove grease until cavity is approximately 3/4 filled.
	Insufficient grease in bearing.	Add grease until cavity is approximately 3/4 filled.
	Dirt in bearing.	Clean bearing cavity and bearing. Repack with correct grease until cavity is approximately $3/4$ filled.
Vibration	Misalignment.	Check and align motor and driven equipment.
	Rubbing between rotating parts and stationary parts.	Isolate and eliminate cause of rubbing.
	Rotor out of balance.	Have rotor balance checked are repaired at your Baldor Service Center.
	Resonance.	Tune system or contact your Baldor Service Center for assistance.
Noise	Foreign material in air gap or ventilation openings.	Remove rotor and foreign material. Reinstall rotor. Check insulation integrity. Clean ventilation openings.
Growling or whining	Bad bearing.	Replace bearing. Clean all grease from cavity and new bearing. Repack with correct grease until cavity is approximately ³ / ₄ filled.

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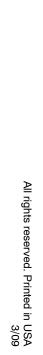
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Safety Notice Be sure to read and understand all of the Safety Notice statements in MN408. A copy is available http://www.baldor.com/support/literature_load.asp?ManNumber=MN408 a

ACCEPTANCE

Thoroughly inspect this equipment before accepting shipment from the transportation company. If any damage shortage is discovered do not accept until noted on the SAFETY freight bill. Report all damage to the freight carrier. 9

Eye bolts, lifting lugs or lifting openings, if provided, are intended only for lifting the motor and motor mounted standard accessories not exceeding, in total 30% of the motor weight. These lifting provisions should never be used when lifting or handling the motor and driven equipment. Eye bolt lifting capacity rating is based on a lifting alignment coincident with eye bolt center line. Eye bolt capacity reduces as deviation from this alignment is increased. Be sure eye bolts are tight and prevented from turning before lifting.

INSTALLATION OUTSIDE THE USA: Refer to MN408 and MN1383 for Compliance with European Directives. Copies are available at:

MOTOR ENCLOSURE http://www.baldor.com/support/literature_load.asp

ODP, combustible materials. Open motors can emit flame and/or molten metal in the event of insulation failure. dry locations with adequate supply of cooling air. These motors should not be used in the presence of flammable or Open drip proof motors are intended for use in clean

indoor and outdoor locations. moisture, dirf and/or corrosive materials are present in TEFC, totally enclosed motors are intended for use where

Explosion protected motors, as indicated by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory Certification mark and marking with Class, Division and Temperature Code are intended for installation in hazardous locations as described in Article 500 of the NEC. Refer to MN408 for more details.

MOUNTING

Foot mounted machines should be mounted to a rigid foundation to prevent excessive vibration. Shims may be used if location is uneven. Flange mounted machines should be properly seated and aligned. Note: If improper rotation direction is detrimental to aligned, check rotation direction prior to coupling the load to the motor shaft.

premature bearing failure or shaft breakage. **Direct coupled** machines should be carefully aligned and the shaft should rotate freely without binding. For V-belt drive, mount the sheave pulley close to the motor housing. Allow clearance for end to end movement of the motor shaft. Do not overtighten belts as this may cause

GENERAL The user must select a motor starter and overcurrent protection suitable for this motor and its application. Consult motor starter application data as well as the National Electric Code and/or applicable local codes. Special motors for use by United States Government including special specifications, master plans, etc. refer to the applicable master plans and specifications involved lectric

and prevent the shaft block must be installed to prevent axial movement reshipped alone or installed to another piece of equipment remove blocking before operating the motor. If motor is to be On motors received from the factory with the shaft blocked, brinelling of the bearings during shipment

seating stone.

Be sure the rocker

arm is set on the neutra

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ESTING

Depending on storage conditions it may be necessary to regrease or change rusted bearings. Contact Baldor District Office if resistance is less than 5 meg ohms. If the motor has been in storage for an extensive period or has been subjected to adverse moisture conditions, check the motor insulation resistance with a meg ohm meter.

WARNING: Do not touch electrical connections before

WARNING: Be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. Electrical shock can you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.

cause serious or fatal injury.

INSTALLATION

This motor must be installed Electric Code, NEMA MG-2, WIRING in accordance with National IEC standards and local codes

Connect the motor as shown in the connection diagrams. If this motor is installed as part of a motor control drive system, connect and protect the motor according to the control manufacturers diagrams. Refer to MN408 for additional details on lead marking. The wiring, fusing and grounding must comply with the National Electrical Code or IEC and local codes. When the motor is connected to the load for proper direction of rotation and started, it should start quickly and run smoothly. If not, stop the motor immediately and operation and compare the measured current with the motor, motor connections are not correct or the load is heavy. Check the motor current after a few minutes of determine the cause. Possible causes are: low voltage at the nameplate rating. is too

the ground point, the motor or generator terminal housing, and the motor or generator frame. In non-USA locations consult the appropriate national or local code applicable. **GROUNDING** Ground the motor according to NEC and local codes. In the USA consult the National Electrical Code, Article 430 for information on grounding of motors and generators, and Article 250 for general information on grounding. In making the ground connection, the installer should make certain that ADJUSTMENT there is a solid and permanent metallic connection between

have no adjustable parts. The neutral is adjustable on some DC motors. AC motors

Noise

For specific sound power or pressure level information, contact your local Baldor representative.

VIBRATION

This motor is balanced to NEMA MG1, Part 7 standard

BRUSHES (DC Motors) Periodically, the brushes should be inspected and all brush dust blown out of the motor. If a brush is worn $1/_2$, (length specified in renewal parts data), replace the brushes. Reassemble and seat the new brushes using a brush



INSPECTION

Before connecting the motor to an electrical supply, inspect for any damage resulting from shipment. Turn the shaft by hand to ensure free rotation. Motor leads must be isolated before the shaft will turn freely on permanent magnet motors. DRAIN PLUGS

motor has special stainless steel drains). All dra located in the lowest portion of the ends shields. non-ventilated motors, the plugs in the lowest portion of the ends shields should be removed for operation (unless the each endplate for various motor mounting configurations. Condensation drain plugs are provided at four points on For Washdown and totally enclosed, fan cooled or All drains are

MOUNTING

Mount the motor on a foundation sufficiently rigid to prevent excessive vibration. Grease lubricated ball bearing motors may be mounted with the feet at any angle. After careful alignment, bolt motor securely in place. Use shim to fill any unevenness in the foundation. Motor feet should sit solidly on the foundation before mounting bolts are tightened.

7 **7** (Ingress Protection)

IP designations include two numerals, the first characteristic numeral is for ingress solid bodies and from dust. The second for ingress protection from liquid – water. Motors marked less than IP23 require additional protection from water.

GUARDING

After motor installation is complete, a guard of suitable dimensions must be constructed and installed around the motor/gearmotor. This guard must prevent personnel from coming in contact with any moving parts of the motor or drive the motor. assembly but must allow sufficient cooling air to pass over

If a motor mounted brake is installed, provide proper safeguards for personnel in case of brake failure. plates or lids, must be installed before operating the motor. Brush inspection plates and electrical connection cover

STARTING

loose rotating parts to prevent them from flying off. Check direction of rotation before coupling motor to load. The motor should start quickly and run smoothly and with little noise. If the motor should fail to start the load may be been miswired. In any case immediately shut motor off and too great for the motor, the voltage is low or the motor has Before starting motor remove all unused shaft keys and investigate the cause.

ROTATION To reverse the direction of rotation, disconnect and lockout power and interchange any two of the three AC power leads for three phase motors. For two-phase four wire, disconnect and lockout power and interchange the AC line leads on any one phase. For two phase three wire, disconnect and lockout one phase between the three wire, disconnect and lockout leads

Maintenance Procedures

- WARNING: WARNING: Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Surface temperatures of motor enclosures
- accidentally coming into contact with hot surfaces. Protection should be provided by the user to protect against accidental contact with hot surfaces. Failure to observe this precaution could result in bodily injury. discomfort or injury to personnel may reach temperatures which can cause

Lubrication Information

lubricated at the factory. Motors that do not have regrease capability are factory lubricated for the normal life of the bearings. Washdown motors can not be lubricated. This is a ball or roller bearing motor. The bearings have beer

Lubricant

Polyrex EM unless stated on nameplate. Do not mix lubricants due to possible incompatibility. Look for signs of lubricant incompatibility, such as extreme soupiness visible from the grease relief area. If other greases are preferred, check with local Baldor representative for recommendations. Relubrication Intervals (For motors with regrease Baldor motors are pregreased, normally with Mobil

capability)

intervals. be relubricated. Lubrication is also recommended New motors that have been stored for a year or more should at these

LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS

!> :motor to prevent grease contamination. contamination. Properly clean the grease inlet area of the Cleanliness is important in lubrication. Any grease used to lubricate anti friction bearings should be fresh and free from

Select service condition from Table Select lubrication frequency from Table N

LUBRICATION PROCEDURE

is warm. Bearings should be lubricated while stationary and the motor

- 1. Locate the grease inlet, clean the area, and replace the
- ωin pipe plug with a grease fitting. Locate and remove the grease drain plug, if provided.
- until clean grease appears at the grease drain, at the grease relief, or along the shaft opening. Replace the grease inlet plug and run the motor for two Add the recommended volume of recommended lubricant
- 4 Jours
- ъ Replace the grease drain plug

SPECIAL APPLICATIONS For special temperature applications, consult your Baldor District Office.

N

Installation

& Maintenance

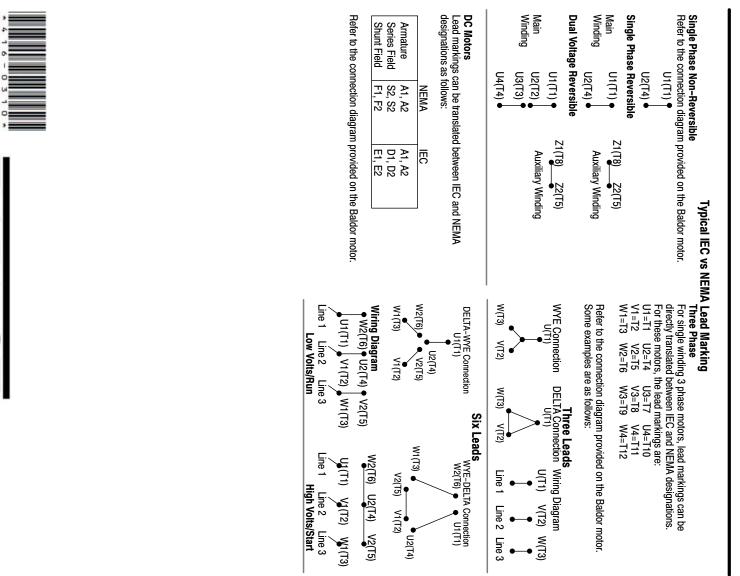


	Frame Size NEMA (IEC)			Low Temperature	Extreme	Severe	Standard	Severity of Service		** For motors operating at speeds greater than 3600 RPM, contact Baldor for relubrication recommendations	* Relubrication intervals are for ball bearings. For vertically mounted motors and roller bearings, divide the relubrication interval by 2.	Over 360 to 5000 incl. (300)	Over 280 to 360 incl. (225)	Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)	Up to 210 incl. (132)	NEMA / (IEC) Frame Size			* Special high temperature grease is recommended.	Low Temperature	Extreme	Severe	Standard	Severity of Service	
	ema (Iec)			erature	ne	re	ard	Service		eds greater t	or ball bearing					ze		Ta	ease is recor	<u>^</u>	>50° C* or			Ambien N	
			Table 4						Table 3 L	han 3600 RF	gs. For verti				*	10000		Table 2 Lubrication Frequency (Ball Bearings)	nmended. *	<-30° C **	>50° C* or Class H Insulation	50° C	40° C	Ambient Temperature Maximum	Tab
	Bearing		Table 4 Amount of Grease to Add	1.0	0.1	0.5	1.0	Multiplie	Table 3 Lubrication Interval Multiplier	M, contact B	cally mounte	*	*	*	2700 Hrs	6000		cation Fre	* Special lov					e	Table 1 Service Conditions
-		Bearing D	of Grease t					r	ı Interval N	aldor for relu	d motors and	*2200 Hrs.	* 2200 Hrs.	3600 Hrs.	 5500 Hrs. 	3600	Ra	quency (B:	v temperatur		Severe dirt, /	Modera	Clean	0 1	ce Conditic
	Width B mm	escriptio	to Add						ultiplie	Ibrication	l roller be) Hrs.	0 Hrs.	Hrs.	Hrs.	00	ted Spe	all Bear	e grease		Abrasive	Moderate dirt, Corrosion	Clean, Little Corrosion	Atmospheric Contamination	ons
ounce (gram	Weight of grease to add	Bearing Description (Largest bearing in each frame size)							ÿ	recommendation	arings, divide the	3500 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	9500 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	1800	Rated Speed - RPM	ings)	** Special low temperature grease is recommended.		Severe dirt, Abrasive dust, Corrosion	Corrosion	orrosion	nic ation	
) inches		g in each frame								IS.	erelubrication ir	7400 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.	1200			μ -		All B	Ball Thr	Deep Groov	Туре с	
teasnoon	Volume of grease to add	; size)									iterval by 2.	10500 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.	22000 Hrs.	006					All Bearings	Ball Thrust, Roller	Deep Groove Ball Bearing	Type of Bearing	

		Bearing D	escription	Bearing Description (Largest bearing in each frame size)	each frame siz	ze)
Frame Size NEMA (IEC)	Bearing OD		Width	Weight of grease to add	Volume of grease to add	ne of grease to add
	1			ounce (gram)	inches ³	teaspoon
Up to 210 incl. (132)	6307	08	21	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)	6311	120	29	0.61 (17.4)	1.2	3.9
Over 280 to 360 incl. (200)	6313	140	33	0.81 (23.1)	1.5	5.2
Over 360 to 5000 incl. (300)	NU322	240	50	2.12 (60.0)	4.1	13.4
Weight in grams = 0.005 DB						

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