

BALDOR • RELIANCE

Product Information Packet

VHECP4313T

75HP,3550RPM,3PH,60HZ,365HP,1464M,TEFC,F

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Part Detail													
Revision:	D		Status:	PRD/A	Change	ə #:		Proprietary	:	No			
Туре:	AC		Prod. Type:	A36068M	Elec. S	pec:	A36WG0761	CD Diagram	n:				
Enclosure:	TEFC		Mfg Plant:		Mech.	Spec:		Layout:					
Frame:	365H	5	Mounting:	F1	Poles:		02	Created Da	ate:	10-19-2	.010		
Base:			Rotation:	R	Insulati	on:	F	Eff. Date:		05-01-2	.012		
Leads:	3#2,6	#4	Literature:		Elec. D	iagram:		Replaced E	By:				
Nameplate 00	00613007E	N											
CAT.NO.		VHECP4313T	SPEC NO.		P36G3417								
HP		75	AMPS		161/80.7	VOLTS		230/460	DESIGN		в		
FRAME		365HP	RPM		3555	HZ		60	AMB		40 SF	1.15	
DRIVE END BE	ARING	65BC03J30X	РН		3	DUTY		CONT	INSUL.CL	ASS	F		
OPP D.E. BEAR	ING	65BC03J30X	ТҮРЕ		Р	ENCL		TEFC	CODE		F		
D.E.BRG.DATA		6313	POWER FACTOR		91.5	NEMA NOM	I EFFICIENCY	95					
O.D.E.BRG.DAT	A	6313	MAX CORR KVAR		05.0	GUARANTE	EED EFFICIENCY	94.5	94.5				
3/4 LOAD EFF.	LOAD EFF. 95.4 NEMA NOM/CSA QUOTED EF												
SER.NO.			MOTOR WEIGHT										



Nam	eplate 000901002AAA	
	SUIT FOR 208V @ 179 AMPS	



Parts List		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
SA207167	SA P36G3417	1.000 EA
RA194434	RA P36G3417	1.000 EA
613-6PU	N/P (RELEASE QTY 10,000)	1.000 EA
000613007EW	N/P BALDOR	1.000 EA
000692000FF	N/P (RELEASE QTY 1,000)	1.000 EA
000692000VD	N/P (REL QTY 4000)	1.000 EA
000901002AAA	N/P (RELEASE QTY 1,500)	1.000 EA
421948032	LABEL, MYLAR	1.000 EA
004824015A	GREASE POLYREX EM	0.544 LB
032018008AK	HHCS 1/4-20X1 PLATED	4.000 EA
032018012DK	HHCS 1/2-13X1-1/2 PLTD.	4.000 EA
032018030CK	HHCS 3/8-16X3-3/4 PLATED	3.000 EA
032018024CK	HHCS 3/8-16X3 PLTD.	3.000 EA
034180012DA	KEY 1X4X1/4X1-1/2 L	1.000 EA
034530052AB	P/NIP 1/8X6-1/2 GALV.	1.000 EA
034690002AB	PPLG 1/4" PLTD.	1.000 EA
047174002D	EXT SNAP RING(360-440)	1.000 EA
078559042AE	F/C 360 078559001A	1.000 EA
085922073B	BRKT 360 085922072WCC KB	1.000 EA
415045002E	SLGR	1.000 EA
415072001B	CLAMP	1.000 EA
415096002A	CPLG 1/8 HEX TYPE	1.000 EA
418151057A	PLASTIC DRAIN,ODE BRKT	1.000 EA
032018010CK	HHCS 3/8-16X1-1/4 PLTD.	4.000 EA



Parts List (continued)		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
032018022CK	HHCS 3/8-16X2-3/4 PLTD	4.000 EA
702675001C	FAN 360	1.000 EA
032018012DK	HHCS 1/2-13X1-1/2 PLTD.	4.000 EA
034690002AB	PPLG 1/4" PLTD.	1.000 EA
089495002A	BRKT 360 089495001WCA	1.000 EA
410700004F	WSHR	1.000 EA
415045002E	SLGR	1.000 EA
418151057A	PLASTIC DRAIN, ODE BRKT	1.000 EA
033512004LB	HHTTS 1/4-20X1/2 PLTD.	1.000 EA
033512008LB	HHTTS 1/4-20X1 PLATED	4.000 EA
034000014AB	WSH ID.406 OD.812 TH.065	4.000 EA
034017014AB	LCKW 3/8 STD. PLATED	4.000 EA
035000001A	ALFTG 1/8" 1610-BL	1.000 EA
035000001A	ALFTG 1/8" 1610-BL	1.000 EA
048977006B	GRFTG - XP	1.000 EA
065776000C	TERBD 320-400	1.000 EA
067053000B	GASK 320-400	1.000 EA
076708000BB	C/B - 360	1.000 EA
076709000A	C/B CVR - 360	1.000 EA
405851012AN	SPACE	4.000 EA
41500003D	T/LUG 897-777 KPA25/G16	1.000 EA
418150003A	GREASE FITTING CAP	1.000 EA
702641041A	D/CVR 360 SUB PAINT	1.000 EA
MG1025G05	PAINT 789.201	0.250 GA



Parts List (continued)		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
032018012EK	HHCS 5/8-11X1-1/2L PLTD.	4.000 EA
033775004EA	DRSCR #6-1/4 304 S.S.	4.000 EA
034017018AB	LCKW 5/8"	4.000 EA
418150003A	GREASE FITTING CAP	1.000 EA
034000014AB	WSH ID.406 OD.812 TH.065	4.000 EA
034180024FA	KEY 3/8X3/8X3 L	1.000 EA
609013011C	LFT/P - 360	2.000 EA
14PA1000	PACKAGING 314 GROUP COMBINED PRINT	1.000 EA



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BALDOR	REMARKS: TYPICAL DATA XE MOTOR-NEM GUARANTEED M	AMPERES SHOWN FOR AMPERES WILL VARY	FULL LOAD	BREAKDOWN	PULL UP	LOCKED ROTOR			5/4	4/4	3/4	2/4	1/4	NO LOAD	LOAD		892019	s/a	161/80.7	AMPS		REL. S.O.
_	A NO	460. VOLT INVERSELY WIT							93.8	75.0	56.2	37.6	18.8	0	НР		418141005TE	ROTOR	CONT	DUTY	365HP	FRAME
DR. BY J.J.HARRISON CK. BY G. R. WEBB APP. BY W.L.SMITH DATE 10/16/02	DM. EFF. 95.0 % EFF. 94.5%	460. VOLT CONNECTION. IF OTHER VOLTAGE CONNECTIONS ARE AVAILABLE, INVERSELY WITH THE RATED VOLTAGE	3556	3395	1565	0	RPM	SPEE	102	80.7	59.9	40.7	24.4	15.5	AMPERES	PER			40/F	AMB [°] C/ INSUL.	75	HP
		. IF OTHER VOI LTAGE	100	228	190	218	TORQUE % FULL LO	SPEED TORQUE	3543	3556	3568	3579	3589	3600	RPM	PERFORMANCE		ТЕ S Т S.O.	1.15	ທ ສ	đ	TYPE
A-C MOTOR PERFORMANCE DATA		TAGE CONNECTIO					AD							0			-	TEST DATE	raj	NEMA DESIGN	3/60	PHASE/ HERTZ
н		ONS ARE AVAILA	111	253	210	242	TORQUE LBFT.		90.9	91.5	92.1	90.8	77.5	7.78	% POWER FACTOR		.0186/.0744	STATO OHMS (BE	гī	CODE LETTER	3555	RPM
A36WG0761-R001 ssue date 12/15/10		ABLE, THE	80.7	259	440	494	AMPERES		94.4	95.0	95.4	95.1	92.8	0	% EFFICIENCY		.0744	STATOR RES.@25 ^o c S (BETWEEN LINES)	TEFC	ENCL.	230/460	VOLTS



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G. R. WEBB W.L.SMITH	TED VO	CONNECTION,		1600												ľ							- 2 	- 5						/								Ĭ					/					TEEDN	DR-NEN		40/F		460	•
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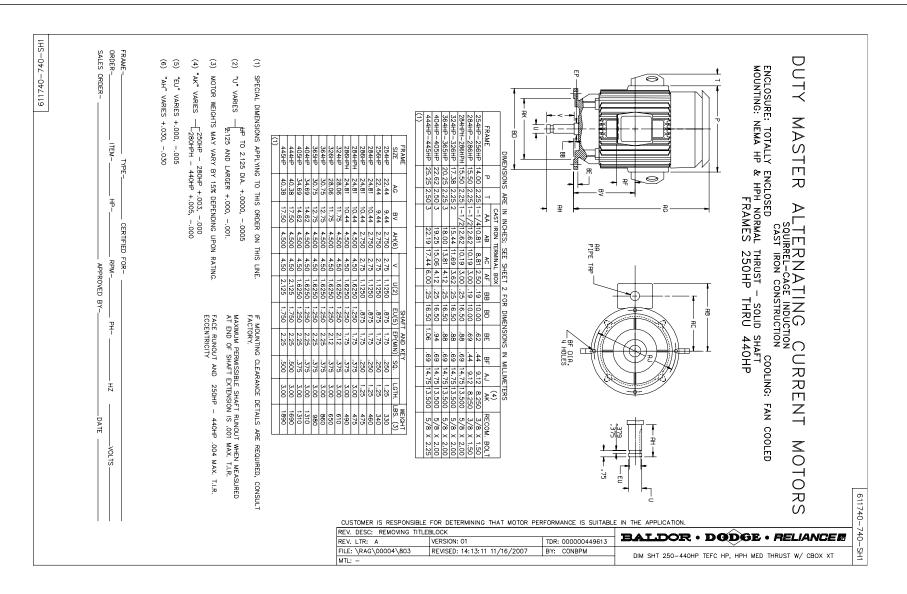


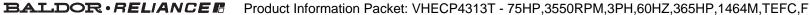
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LDOR	AMPERES SHOWN FOR 460 AMPERES WILL VARY INVERSELY		100																				түре Р рназе/неятz 3/60	65 HP	
		THERMAL LIMIT CURVE XE MOTOR-NEMA NOM. EFF. 95.0 % GUARANTEED MIN. EFF. 94.5%	2																		-				
DR. BY CK. BY APP. BY	VOLT CONNECTION, WITH THE RATED VOLTAGE.	CURVE IA NOM EF 11N EFF 94	200 FULL												ACC					OVERLOAD			DUTY CONT AMB [°] C/INSUL	VOLTS AMPS	RPM 3555
J.J.HARRISON G. R. WEBB W.L.SMITH	VOLT CONN RATED VOL	'F. 95.0 % I.5%	% FULL LOAD CURRENT												ACCELERATION								CONT /INSUL 4(AMPS 161/80.7	3555 3555
	ECTION, TAGE .		RENT												Ň								1 40/F 1	7	
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A-C MOTO	R VOLTAG																			 			E 'нынс 1019		
A-C MOTOR PERFORMANCE	E CONNEC		500												LOCKED-ROTOR, 40.C				132 C FOR LOCKED-ROTOR	32 C FOR	MOTOR I				RO
	TIONS AF														40.C				LOCKED	OVERLO,	ITIAL TE		ATOR RES	TEST S.O. TEST DATE	TOR 418
A36WG0761-R001	E AVAILA		600									\square							-ROTOR-	132 C FOR OVERLOAD AND ACC.	MOTOR INITIAL TEMPERATURE:		3.@ 25 °C DHMS (BET	TYPIC	ROTOR 418141005TE
-R001	OTHER VOLTAGE CONNECTIONS ARE AVAILABLE, THE								/		\mathbb{A}										URE:		STATOR RES.@ 25 °C·U186/.U/44 OHMS (BETWEEN LINES)	TYPICAL DATA	
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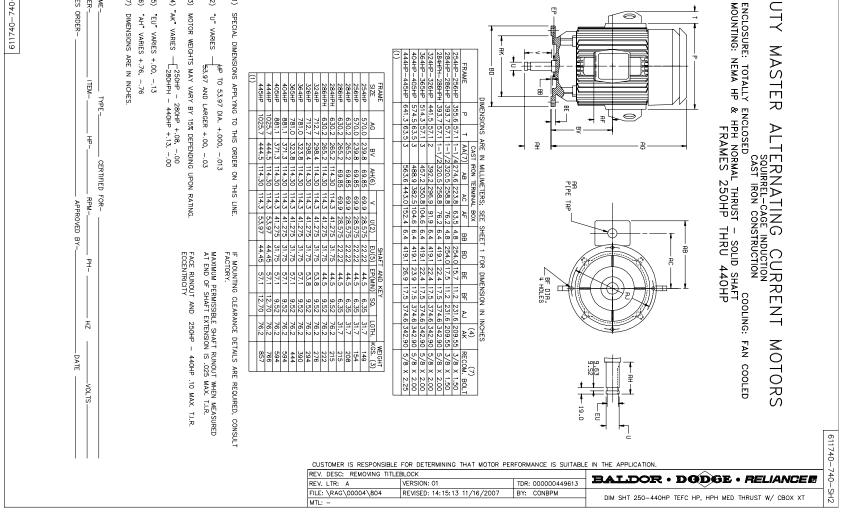
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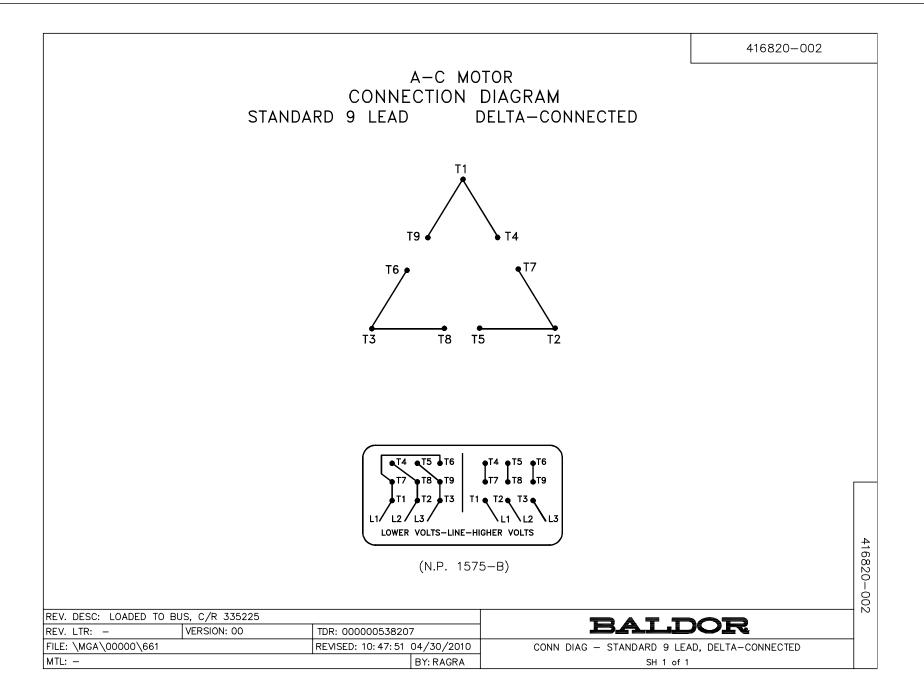














TENV, ODP, WPI Enclosures AC Induction Motors Integral Horsepower , TEAO, Explosion Proof **TEFC Enclosure**

BALDOR·RELIANCE

Installation & Operating Manual

MN408

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BALDOR A MEMBER OF THE ABB GROUF



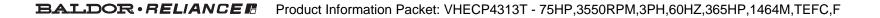


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Greater than 6 months	
Greater than 18 months	
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WARNING: Thermostat contact iniury or damage. the	WARNING: UL Listed motors m these motors are to	WARNING: Be sure the load is must be fully captiv equipment if the loa	WARNING: Avoid the use of automatic reset devic hazardous to personnel or equipment.		WARNING: This equipment may driven by this equip personnel should at	WARNING: Surface temperatur or injury to personn protection should b Failure to observe t	WARNING: Avoid extended exp devices to reduce h	WARNING: Be sure the system you ensure that all userious or fatal inju	WARNING: Disconnect all elect disassembly of the	WARNING: Do not touch electri Electrical shock car installation, operati	salety NOLICE: In its equipment qualified personnel sl Be sure that you are and guide for selectic Code and local codes or fatal injury. Only q equipment.	Ŵ		about a procedure o distributor for more Before you install, op for Selectio IEC 34-1 E ANSI C51. ²	Important: This instruction ma procedures require guidelines that appl	Overview This manual contains understand the Safet attempt to perform m A Warning statement A Caution statement
Thermostat contacts automatically reset when the motor has slightly cooled down. To prevent injury or damage, the control circuit should be designed so that automatic starting of the motor is	UL Listed motors must only be serviced by UL Approved Authorized Baldor Service Centers if these motors are to be returned to a hazardous and/or explosive atmosphere.	Be sure the load is properly coupled to the motor shaft before applying power. The shaft key must be fully captive by the load device. Improper coupling can cause harm to personnel or equipment if the load decouples from the shaft during operation.	Avoid the use of automatic reset devices if the automatic restarting of equipment can be hazardous to personnel or equipment.	Do not by-pass or disable protective devices or safety guards. Safety features are designed to prevent damage to personnel or equipment. These devices can only provide protection if they remain operative.	This equipment may be connected to other machinery that has rotating parts or parts that are driven by this equipment. Improper use can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt to install operate or maintain this equipment.	Surface temperatures of motor enclosures may reach temperatures which can cause discomfort or injury to personnel accidentally coming into contact with hot surfaces. When installing, protection should be provided by the user to protect against accidental contact with hot surfaces. Failure to observe this precaution could result in bodily injury.	Avoid extended exposure to machinery with high noise levels. Be sure to wear ear protective devices to reduce harmful effects to your hearing.	Be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. Do not apply AC power before you ensure that all grounding instructions have been followed. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. National Electrical Code and Local codes must be carefully followed.	Disconnect all electrical power from the motor windings and accessory devices before disassembly of the motor. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.	Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.	c Inis equipment contains nigh voirage: Electrical snock can cause serious or ratal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt installation, operation and maintenance of electrical equipment. Be sure that you are completely familiar with NEMA publication MG-2, safety standards for construction and guide for selection, installation and use of electric motors and generators, the National Electrical Code and local codes and practices. Unsafe installation or use can cause conditions that lead to serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.	www.baldor.com/support/warranty_standard.asp	Limited Warranty	 about a procedure or are uncertain about any detail, Do Not Proceed. Please contact your Baldor distributor for more information or clarification. Before you install, operate or perform maintenance, become familiar with the following: NEMA Publication MG-2, Safety Standard for Construction and guide for Selection, Installation and Use of Electric Motors and Generators. IEC 34-1 Electrical and IEC72-1 Mechanical specifications ANSI C51.5, the National Electrical Code (NEC) and local codes and practices. 	This instruction manual is not intended to include a comprehensive listing of all details for all procedures required for installation, operation and maintenance. This manual describes general guidelines that apply to most of the motor products shipped by Baldor. If you have a question	This manual contains general procedures that apply to Baldor Motor products. Be sure to read and understand the Safety Notice statements in this manual. For your protection, do not install, operate or attempt to perform maintenance procedures until you understand the Warning and Caution statements. A Warning statement indicates a possible unsafe condition that can cause harm to personnel. A Caution statement indicates a condition that can cause damage to equipment.

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	maintaining operations. Improper methods may cause muscle strain or other harm.
WARNING:	Pacemaker danger – Magnetic and electromagnetic fields in the vicinity of current carrying carrying conductors and permanent magnet motors can result result in a serious health hazard to persons with cardiac pacemakers, metal implants, and hearing aids. To avoid risk, stay way from
WARNING:	Before performing any motor maintenance procedure, be sure that the equipment connected to the motor shaft cannot cause shaft rotation. If the load can cause shaft rotation, disconnect the load from the motor shaft before maintenance is performed. Unexpected mechanical rotation of the motor parts can cause injury or motor damage.
WARNING:	Do not use non UL/CSA listed explosion proof motors in the presence of flammable or combustible vapors or dust. These motors are not designed for atmospheric conditions that require explosion proof operation.
WARNING:	Motors that are to be used in flammable and/or explosive atmospheres must display the UL label on the nameplate along with CSA listed logo. Specific service conditions for these motors are defined in NFPA 70 (NEC) Article 500.
WARNING:	Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions, should be permanently guarded to prevent accidental contact by personnel. Accidental contact with body parts or clothing can cause serious or fatal injury.
Caution:	To prevent premature equipment failure or damage, only qualified maintenance personnel should perform maintenance.
Caution:	Do not over tension belts. Excess tension may damage the motor or driven equipment.
Caution:	Do not over-lubricate motor as this may cause premature bearing failure.
Caution:	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor.
Caution:	If eye bolts are used for lifting a motor, be sure they are securely tightened. The lifting direction should not exceed a 20° angle from the shank of the eye bolt or lifting lug. Excessive lifting angles can cause damage.
Caution:	To prevent equipment damage, be sure that the electrical service is not capable of delivering more than the maximum motor rated amps listed on the rating plate.
Caution:	If a HI POT test (High Potential Insulation test) must be performed, follow the precautions and procedure in NEMA MG1 and MG2 standards to avoid equipment damage.
Receiving	If you have any questions or are uncertain about any statement or procedure, or if you require additional information please contact your Baldor distributor or an Authorized Baldor Service Center. Each Baldor Electric Motor is thoroughly tested at the factory and carefully packaged for shipment. When you receive your motor, there are several things you should do immediately.
	commercial carrier that delivered your motor. 2. Verify that the part number of the motor you received is the same as the part number listed on your purchase order.
<u>Handling</u> Caution:	The motor should be lifted using the lifting lugs or eye bolts provided. Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor.
	3 When lifting a WDII Meather Proof Type 9) motor do not lift the motor by inserting lifting lyne into

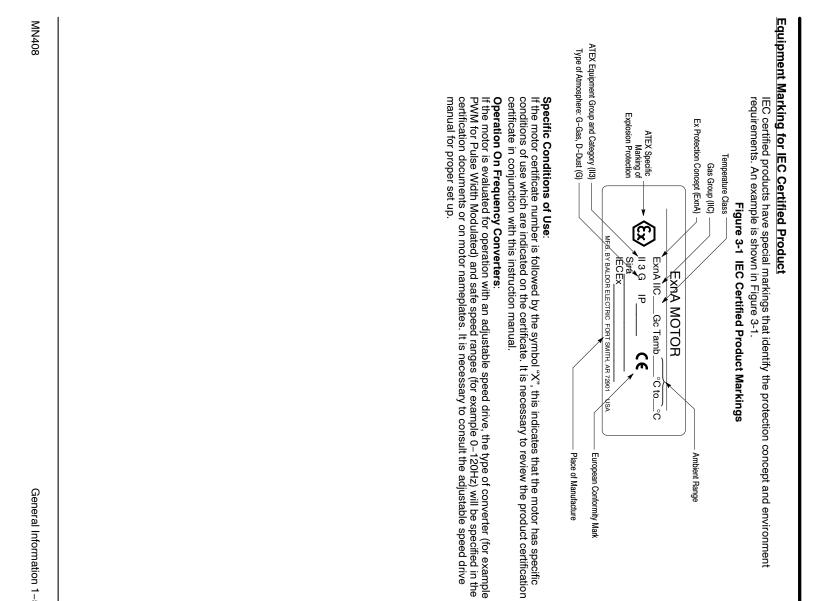


		Preparati		Storage
 District office. Place new desiccant inside the vapor bag and re-seal by taping it closed. If a zipper-closing type bag is used instead of the heat-sealed type bag, zip the bag closed instead of taping it. Be sure to place new desiccant inside bag after each monthly inspection. Place the shell over the motor and secure with lag bolts. Where motors are mounted to machinery, the mounting must be such that the drains and breathers are fully operable and are at the lowest point of the motor. Vertical motors must be stored in the vertical position. Storage environment must be maintained as stated in step 2. 	 a. Shock or vibration must not exceed 2 mils maximum at 60 hertz, to prevent the bearings from brinelling. If shock or vibration exceeds this limit vibration isolation pads must be used. b. Storage temperatures of 10°C (50°F) to 49°C (120°F) must be maintained. c. Relative humidity must not exceed 60%. d. Motor space heaters (when present) are to be connected and energized whenever there is a possibility that the storage ambient conditions will reach the dew point. Space heaters are optional. Note: Remove motor from containers when heaters are energized, reprotect if necessary. 3. Measure and record the resistance of the winding insulation (dielectric withstand) every 30 days of storage. a. If motor insulation resistance decreases below the minimum resistance, contact your Baldor 	a ed piot	 Improper motor storage will result in seriously reduced reliability and failure. An electric motor that does not experience regular usage while being exposed to normally humid atmospheric conditions is likely to develop rust in the bearings or rust particles from surrounding surfaces may contaminate the bearings. The electrical insulation may absorb an excessive amount of moisture leading to the motor winding failure. A wooden crate "shell" should be constructed to secure the motor during storage. This is similar to an export box but the sides & top must be secured to the wooden base with lag bolts (not nailed as export boxes are) to allow opening and reclosing many times without damage to the "shell". Minimum resistance of motor winding insulation is 5 Meg ohms or the calculated minimum, which ever is greater. Minimum resistance is calculated as follows: Rm = kV + 1 	4. If the motor must be mounted to a plate with the driven equipment such as pump, compressor etc., it may not be possible to lift the motor alone. For this case, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the mounting base. The entire assembly can be lifted as an assembly for installation. Do not lift the assembly using the motor lugs or eye bolts provided. Lugs or eye bolts are designed to lift motor only. If the load is unbalanced (as with couplings or additional attachments) additional slings or other means must be used to prevent tipping. In any event, the load must be secure before lifting. If the load is unbalanced (as with couplings or additional attachments) additional slings or other means must be used to prevent tipping. In any event, the load must be secure before lifting. Storage requirements for motors and generators that will not be placed in service for at least six months from date of shipment.



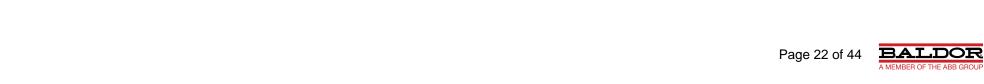
- ο; ο; 4;	Removal From 6. 5. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	<u>ب</u>
Measure and record the electrical resistance of the winding insulation resistance meter at the time of removal from storage. The insulation resistance must not be less than 50% from the initial reading recorded when the motor was placed into storage. A decrease in resistance indicates moisture in the windings and necessitates electrical or mechanical drying before the motor can be placed into service. If resistance is low, contact your Baldor District office. Regrease the bearings as instructed in Section 3 of this manual. Reinstall the original shipping brace if motor is to be moved. This will hold the shaft firmly against the bearing and prevent damage during movement.	 a. motors marked to Not Lubricate on the nameptate on on the protection of this manual, storage and roles the paring (anti-friction) motor shafts are to be rotated manually every 3 months and greased every 6 months in accordance with the Maintenance section of this manual. c. Sleeve bearing (oil lube) motors are drained of oil prior to shipment. The oil reservoirs must be refiled to the indicated level with the specified lubricant, (see Maintenance). The shaft should be rotated monthly by hand at least 10 to 15 revolutions to distribute oil to bearing surfaces. d. "Provisions for oil mist lubrication" – These bearings are protected for temporary storage by a corrosion inhibitor. If stored for greater than 3 months or outdoor storage is antibiated, connected to the oil mist system while in storage. If this is not possible, add the amount of grease indicated under "Standard Condition" in Section 3, then rotate the shaft 15 times by hand. c. All breather drains are to be fully operable while in storage (drain plugs removed). The motors must be stored so that the drain starts elowest point. All breathers and automatic "" drains must be operable product for this purpose is Excon Rust preventing material. An acceptable product for this purpose is the two drais, above the commutator, by the brush holder fingers. The commutator should be write on the nameplate should have the motor shaft rotated paper tholder fingers. The commutator should be aring every 3 months or more often. All Other Motor Types Before storage, the following procedure must be performed. 2. The motor whith regrease ble baring must be greased as instructed in Section 3 of this manual. 3. Replace the grease drain plug, if supplied, (opposite the grease fitting) on the bottom of each bracket prior to lubricating the motor. 3. Replace the grease drain plug at minimum of 15 times after greasing. 4. The motor shaft and be rotated a minimum of 15 times after greasing. <li< td=""><td><u> </u></td></li<>	<u> </u>

1-4 General Information





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1-6 General Information

nstallation	ection 2
& Operation	

Section 2 Installatio	Section 2 Installation & Operation
Overview	Installation should conform to the National Electrical Code as well as local codes and practices. When other devices are coupled to the motor shaft, be sure to install protective devices to prevent future accidents. Some protective devices include, coupling, belt guard, chain guard, shaft covers etc. These protect accidental accidentat with moving parts. Machinery that is accessible to personnel should protect further protections in the form of guard trails covering warning cause to personnel should
Location	It is important that motors be installed in locations that are compatible with motor enclosure and ambient conditions. Improper selection of the motor enclosure and ambient conditions can lead to reduced operating life of the motor.
	 Proper ventilation for the motor must be provided. Obstructed airflow can lead to reduction of motor life. Open Drip-Proof/WPI motors are intended for use indoors where atmosphere is relatively clean, dry, well ventilated and non-corrosive.
	 Totally Enclosed and WPII motors may be installed where dirt, moisture or dust are present and in outdoor locations. Severe Duty, IEEE 841 and Washdown Duty enclosed motors are designed for installations with high
	corrosion or excessive moisture conditions. These motors should not be placed into an environment where there is the presence of flammable or combustible vapors, dust or any combustible material, unless specifically designed for this type of service.
	Hazardous Locations are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of

razargous Locations are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of combustible gases, vapors, dust, fibers, or flyings. Facilities requiring special equipment for hazardous locations are typically classified in accordance with local requirements. In the US market, guidance is provided by the National Electric Code.

Location

Mounting

The motor should be installed in a location compatible with the motor enclosure and specific ambient. To allow adequate air flow, the following clearances must be maintained between the motor and any obstruction:

TEFC / TENV (IC0141) Enclosures	Se
Fan Cover Air Intake	180 - 210T Frame 1" (25mm)
Fan Cover Air Intake	250 - 449T Frame 4" (100mm)
	IEC 112 – 132 1" (25mm)
	IEC 160 – 280 4" (100mm)
Exhaust	Envelope equal to the P Dimension on the motor dimension sheet
OPEN/Protected Enclosures	
Bracket Intake	Same as TEFC
Frame Exhaust	Exhaust out the sides envelope
	A minimum of the P dimension plus 2" (50mm)
	Exhaust out the end same as intake.

BALDOR • **RELIANCE** Product Information Packet: VHECP4313T - 75HP,3550RPM,3PH,60HZ,365HP,1464M,TEFC,F

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The motor must be securely installed to a rigid foundation or mounting surface to minimize vibration and maintain alignment between the motor and shaft load. Failure to provide a proper mounting surface may cause vibration, misalignment and bearing damage.

Foundation caps and sole plates are designed to act as spacers for the equipment they support. If these devices are used, be sure that they are evenly supported by the foundation or mounting surface. When installation is complete and accurate alignment of the motor and load is accomplished, the base should be grouted to the foundation to maintain this alignment.

The standard motor base is designed for horizontal or vertical mounting. Adjustable or sliding rails are designed for horizontal mounting only. Consult your Baldor distributor or authorized Baldor Service Center for further information



 and position of the initial matter with respect to its load is also extremely initionalit. The standard motor bearings are not designed for excessive external axial thrust loads. Improper adjustment will cause failure. Pulley Ratio 	 driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor. In the case of assemblies on a common base, any lifting means provided on the motor should not be used to lift the assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the base or by other lifting means provided on the base. Assure lifting in the direction intended in the design of the lifting means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent hazardous overloads due to deceleration, acceleration or shock forces. Alignment or gear used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the shaft shoulder as possible. It is recommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before installing on the motor shaft. Forcibly driving a unit on the motor shaft will damage the bearings. Direct Coupling For direct drive, use flexible couplings if possible. Consult the drive or equipment manufacturer for more information. Mechanical vibration and roughness during operation may indicate poor alignment. Use dial indicators to check alignment. The space between coupling hubs should be maintained as recommended by the coupling manufacturer. 	For long frame designations 184, 215, 256, 286, 365, 405, 445 (NEMA) (IEC) 112M, 132M, 160L, 200L, 225M, 250M, 280M Caution: Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other	Frame Mounting Holes Some motors have standardized frames containing 6 or 8 mounting holes. 6 hole frames are not suitable for field reversal of mounting from F-1 to F-2, etc. Figure 2-2 indicates the proper mounting holes to use. Figure 2-2 6 & 8 Hole Motor Frame Mounting For short frame designations 182, 213, 254, 284, 324, 364, 404, 444 (NEMA) Top View Allows F-1 to F-2 Conversion on 8 hole frames. Not present on 6 hole frames. Not present on 6 hole frames. Not used on 8 hole frames.
 a. Pulley Ratio 3. Pulley Ratio 5. Do not over tension belts. Exceed an 8:1 pulley ratio. 4. Belt Drive Align sheaves carefully to minimize belt wear and axial bearing loads (see End-Play Adjustment). Belt tension should be sufficient to prevent belt slippage at rated speed and load. However, belt slippage may occur during starting. 	motor. Ins provided on the motor should not be should be lifted by a sling around the base or the direction intended in the design of the nt hazardous overloads due to deceleration, extremely important. The pulley, sprocket, use to the shaft shoulder as possible. It is talling on the motor shaft. Forcibly driving a talling on the motor shaft. Forcibly driving a time drive or equipment manufacturer for uring operation may indicate poor alignment. an coupling hubs should be maintained as	Shatt Always use these holes, closer to the shaft 112S, 132S, 160M, 180M, 200M, 225S, 250S, 280S, (IEC) ng hardware. The motor lifting hardware d (gears. pumps, compressors, or other	Allows F-1 to F-2 Conversion on 8 hole frames. Not present on 6 hole frames. Not used on 8 hole frames.

2-2 Installation & Operation



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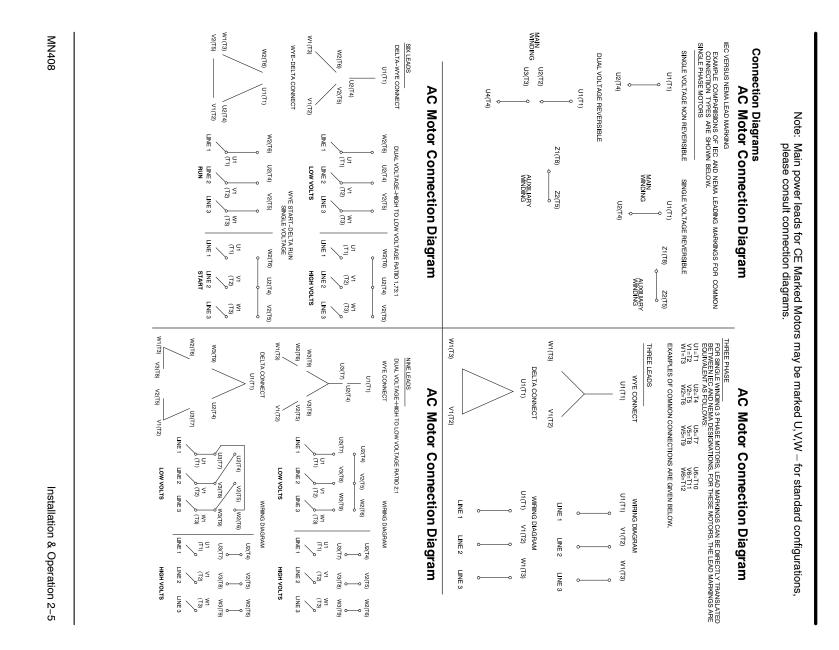
Doweling & Bolting After proper alignment is verified, dowel pins should be inserted through the motor feet into the foundation. This will maintain the correct motor position should motor removal be required. **Power Connection** Motor and control wiring, overload protection, disconnects, accessories and grounding should conform to the National Electrical Code and local codes and practices. WARNING: Grounding Guarding There are applications where grounding the exterior parts of a motor or generator may result in greater hazard by increasing the possibility of a person in the area simultaneously contacting ground and some other nearby live electrical parts of other ungrounded electrical equipment. In portable equipment it is difficult to be sure that a positive ground connection is maintained as the equipment is moved, and providing a grounding conductor may lead to a false sense of security. <u>- α</u> ε α μ member. Some motors are supplied with the bonding conductor on the concealed side of the cushion ring to protect the bond from damage. Motors with bonded cushion rings should usually be grounded at the time of installation in accordance with the above recommendations for making ground connections. When In the USA consult the National Electrical Code, Article 430 for information on grounding of motors and Ņ <u>.</u> - -Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions. This is particularly important where the parts have surface irregularities such as keys, key Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions, should be permanently guarded to prevent accidental contact by personnel. Accidental contact with body parts or clothing can cause serious or fatal injury. For motors installed in compliance with IEC requirements, the following minimum cross sectional area of the protective conductors should be used: Select a motor starter and over current protection suitable for this motor and its application. Consult motor starter application data as well as the National Electric Code and/or other applicable local codes. motors with bonded cushion rings are used in multimotor installations employing group fusing or group protection, the bonding of the cushion ring should be checked to determine that it is adequate for the Motors with resilient cushion rings usually must be provided with a bonding conductor across the resilient consult the appropriate national or local code applicable. point, the motor or generator terminal housing, and the motor or generator frame. In non-USA locations generators, and Article 250 for general information on grounding. In making the ground connection, heat shrink tubing. ways or set screws. at least 4 mm² Equipotential ponding connection shall made using rating of the branch circuit over current protective device being used. installer should make certain that there is a solid and permanent metallic connection between the ground be fully insulated. Flying leads must be insulated with two full wraps of electrical grade insulating tape or For ExnA hazardous location motors, it is a specific condition of use that all terminations in a conduit box (Baldor•Reliance motors are designed for doweling.) Mounting bolts must be carefully tightened to prevent changes in alignment. Use a flat washer and lock washer under each nut or bolt head to hold the motor feet secure. Flanged nuts or bolts may be used as an alternative to washers. Providing covers for the rotating parts. Covers should be sufficiently rigid to maintain adequate guarding during normal service. equipment. Install proper fitting dowels Covering the machine and associated rotating parts with structural or decorative parts of the driven Ream all holes Drill corresponding holes in the foundation. Drill dowel holes in diagonally opposite motor feet in the locations provided Cross-sectional area of phase conductors. S conductors > 91 ≤35 Some satisfactory methods of guarding are: Minimum cross-sectional area of the corresponding protective a conductor with a cross-sectional area 0,5 Ħ conductor, 6 C <u>ç</u>

For Baldor Sales and Support, Please Contact: Walker EMD • http://www.walkeremd.com • Toll-Free: (800) 876-4444 • Phone: (203) 426-7700 • Fax: (203) 426-7800

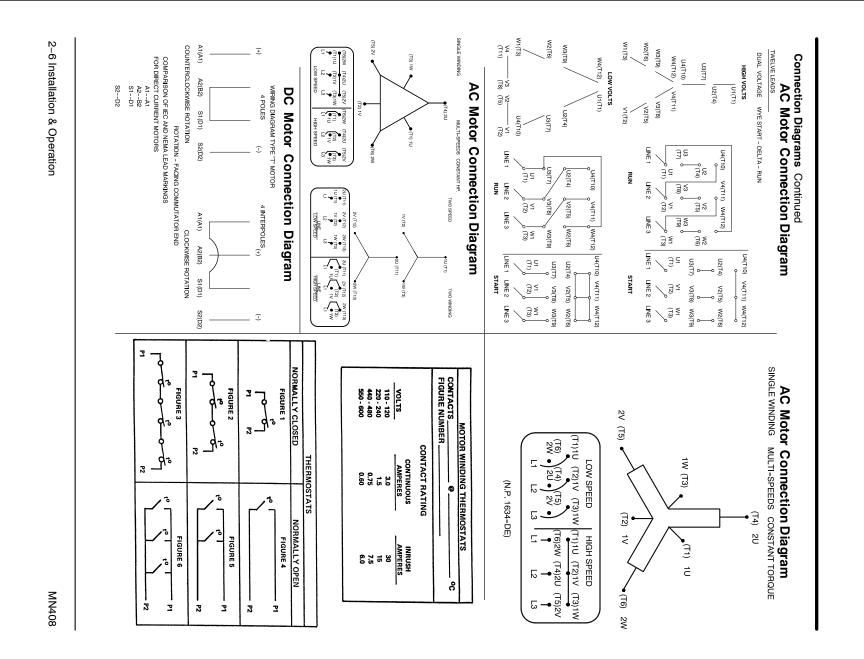
, the

Conduit Box For ease of making connections, an oversize conduit box is provided. Most conduit boxes can be rotated 360° in 90° increments. Auxiliary conduit boxes are provided on some motors for accessories such as space heaters, RTD's etc. AC Device Motors with fixing load construction must be properly terminated and inculated.
Motors with flying lead construction must be properly terminated and insulated. Connect the motor leads as shown on the connection diagram located on the name plate or inside the cover on the conduit box. Be sure the following guidelines are met: 1. AC power is within ±10% of rated voltage with rated frequency. (See motor name plate for ratings).
AC power is within ±5% of rated frequency with rated voltage. OR
 A combined variation in voltage and frequency of ±10% (sum of absolute values) of rated values, provided the frequency variation does not exceed ±5% of rated frequency. Performance within these voltage and frequency variations are shown in Figure 2-4.
One heater is installed in each end of motor. Leads for each heater are labeled H1 & H2. (Like numbers should be tied together).
Three thermistors are installed in windings and tied in series. Leads are labeled TD1 & TD2.
Winding RTDs are installed in windings (2) per phase. Each set of leads is labeled 1TD1, 1TD2, 1TD3, 2TD1, 2TD2, 2TD3 etc.
 * One bearing RTD is installed in Drive endplate (PUEP), leads are labeled RTDDE. * One bearing RTD is installed in Opposite Drive endplate (FREP), leads are labeled RTDODE. * Note RTD may have 2-Red/1-White leads; or 2-White/1-Red Lead.
All three phase motors are reversible. To reverse the direction of rotation, disconnect and lock out power and interchange any two of the three line leads for three phase motors. For single phase motors, check the connection diagram to determine if the motor is reversible and follow the connection instructions for lead numbers to be interchanged. Not all single phase motors are reversible. Adjustable Frequency Power Inverters used to supply adjustable frequency power to induction motors produce wave forms with lower order harmonics with voltage spikes superimposed. Turn-to-turn, phase-to-phase, and ground insulation of stator windings are subject to the resulting dielectric stresses. Suitable precautions should be taken in the design of these drive systems to minimize the magnitude of these voltage spikes. Consult the drive instructions for maximum acceptable motor lead lengths, and proper grounding.
c For ease of making connections, rotated 360° in 90° increments. Aux such as space heaters, RTD's etc. Motors with flying lead construction Connect the motor leads as shown cover on the conduit box. Be sure table and interchange any two of rate the connection in voltage provided the frequency variation Performance within these voltage and interchange any two of the three and interchange any two of the three the connection diagram to determine the connection diagram to determine the variable Frequency Power Inverting Suitable Precautions should be take these voltage spikes. Consult the determine the connection diagram to determine the connection the difference to the three

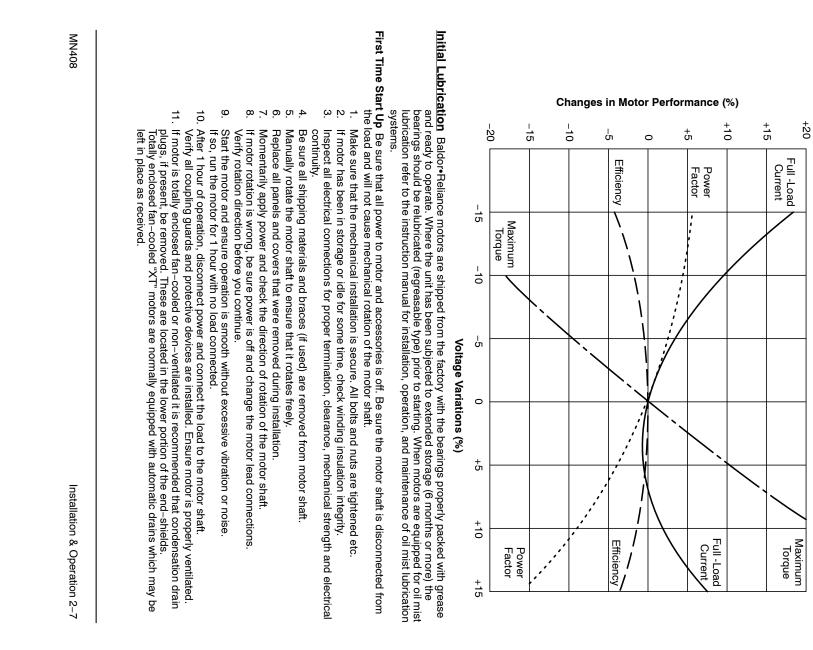
2-4 Installation & Operation



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Figure 2-4 Typical Motor Performance VS Voltage Variations



And To- To- tor e sucl tem	Ball Ball bell are widt	Areas are typically in the US Protection Concepts	Selection Fac loca inte equ tem	
An application note regarding equipment applied in accordance with the US National Electric Code (NFPA 70–2008) – according to Article 500.8(C) Marking, sub clause (2) in the fine print note, it is noted that 70–2008) – according to Article 500.8(C) Marking, sub clause (2) in the fine print note, it is noted that Equipment not marked to indicate a division is suitable for both Division 1 and Division 2 locations. These motors are not gas tight. To the contrary, this protection concept assumes that due to the normal heating and cooling cycle of motor operation that any gas present will be drawn into the motor. Since flameproof or explosion proof motors are designed to contain the combustion and extinguish any flame transmission, for this protection concept, only external surface temperatures are of concern. Thermal limiting devices such as thermostats, thermistors or RTDs may be provided on these motors to limit the external surface temperature during overload conditions.	(EPL) Gb, Mb] Baldor offers a range of motors suitable for installation in a Division 1 or Zone 1 environment. These motors are known as explosion proof or flameproof. (Insert flameproof motor cut away drawing) Motors that are explosion proof or flameproof use specially machined flameproof joints between the end bell or bracket and the frame, as well as along the rotating shaft and at connection box covers and entries. The fit of these flameproof joints are designed to contain the combustion or quench the flame of an explosive gas atmosphere prior to it exiting the motor. These flameproof joints have lengths and widths selected and tested based on the gas group present in the atmosphere. Baldor Reliance motors are typically designed to meet Class I (Division 1) Group C and D (explosion proof) or Ex d IIB	Areas are classified with respect to risk and exposure to the hazard. In the US market, areas are typically classified as follows Class, Division, Group and Temperature Class. In some newer installations in the US and in most international markets, areas are classified in Zones.	Facilities requiring special equipment for hazardous locations are typically classified in accordance with local requirements. In the US market, guidance is provided by the National Electric Code. In international hazardous location areas, guidance for gas / vapor / mist classification is given in IEC60079-14, or for dust in IEC61241-14. This classification process lets the installer know what equipment is suitable for installation in that environment, and identifies what the maximum safe temperature or temperature class is required. It is the customer or users responsibility to determine the area classification and select proper equipment.	Hazardous locations are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of combustible gases, vapors, dust, fibers or flyings.

Hazardous Locations

distributor or Baldor Service Center.

Jogging and Repeated Starts Repeated starts and/or jogs of induction motors generally reduce the life of the motor winding insulation. A much greater amount of heat is produced by each acceleration or jog than by th same motor under full load. If it is necessary to repeatedly start or jog the motor, it is advisable to che the application with your local Baldor distributor or Baldor Service Center.

check

the

The equipment can now be loaded and operated within specified limits. Do not exceed the name plate ratings for amperes for steady continuous loads.

Run for approximately 1 hour with the driven equipment in an unloaded condition

The first coupled start up should be with no load. Apply power and verify that the load is i transmitting excessive vibration back to the motor though the coupling or the foundation.

d is not ion. Vibration

Check that the coupling is properly aligned and not binding.

Heating - Duty rating and maximum ambient temperature are stated on the motor name plate. Do not exceed these values. If there is any question regarding safe operation, contact your local Baldor

Coupled Start Up

This procedure assumes a coupled start up. Also, that the first time start up procedure was successful.

Check the coupling and ensure that all guards and protective devices are installed

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should be at an acceptable level.

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 considered. In many cases, the internal temperatures are higher than the external temperatures and therefore become the limiting factor in determination of temperature code designation. In these applications, it is very important to use a motor that has been evaluated thermally for use with an inverter or converter, if variable speed operation is desired. Thermostats used for Class I Division 2 and Ex nA motors are used to protect the motor only. For motors using flying lead construction, it is important to use connection lugs and insulate with heat shrink tubing or a double wrap of insulation grade electrical tape to avoid the risk of spark or ignition.
 Class II Division 1 / Zone 21 [Equipment Group III, Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Db]
 This area classification is one where the risk of ignitable concentrations of dust is present at all or some of the time. The protection proof or Ex tD. External surface temperature remains the limiting factor. Thermal limiting devices such as thermostats, thermistors or RTDs may be provided on these motors to limit the external surface temperature during overload conditions. If thermostats are provided as a condition of certification, it is the installer's responsibility to make sure that these devices are proveded to a suitable switching device. properly connected to a suitable switching device. Note: In the North American area classification sy In the North American area classification system, Class III exists for fibers and flyings. In the IEC designation, both dusts and flyings are absorbed into Group III.

Class II Division 2 / Zone 22 [Equipment Group III, Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Dc] This area classification is one where the risk of exposure to ignitable concentrations of dust are not likely to occur under normal operating conditions and relies heavily on the housekeeping practices within the

installation.

Sine Wave Power Operation for Division 1 or 2 and Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 Hazardous Location. These motors are designed to operate at or below the maximum surface temperature (or T–Code) stated on the nameplate. Failure to operate the motor properly can cause this maximum surface temperature to be exceeded. If applied in a Division 1 or 2 / Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 environment, this excessive temperature may cause the marked surface temperature to be exceeded.

- Motor load exceeding service factor nameplate value
- Ambient temperatures above nameplate value
- <u>-</u> α ε 4 α σ -Voltages above or below nameplate value
 - Unbalanced voltages
 - Loss of proper ventilation

 - Altitude above 3300 feet / 1000 meters Severe duty cycles of repeated starts
- Motor stall
- ø Motor reversing
- 5 Single phase operation of polyphase equipment
- ±. Variable frequency operation

specific hazardous areas may be used in those hazardous areas on inverter power. designed to operate at or below the maximum surface temperature (or T-Code) sta Variable Frequency Power Operation for Division 1 or 2 and Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 Hazardous Location (motors with maximum surface temperature listed on the nameplate). Only motors with nameplates marked for use on inverter (variable frequency) power, and labeled for -ailure to operate the motor properly can cause this maximum surface temperature to be exceeded T-Code) stated on the nameplate. The motor is

If thermostats are provided as a condition of certification, it is the installer's responsibility to make sure that these devices are properly connected to a suitable switching device. The ATEX directive requires that motor shutdown on thermal trip be accomplished without an intermediate software command.

Flameproof motors, internationally referred to as Ex d use a protection concept similar to that used in Class I Division 1 motors, with minor differences in the flameproof joints and cable entry designs. Flameproof and explosion proof motors are both type tested. Representative motors are connected to a

Flameproof and explosion proof motors are both type tested. Representative motors are connected to reference gas and ignited in laboratory conditions to verify that the flame is not transmitted outside the

to determine the maximum internal pressure encountered

Class I Division 2 / Zone 2 Ex nA, [Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Gc] This protection concept relies on having no sources of ignition present such as arcing parts or hot surfaces. For this protection concept, internal temperatures as well as external temperatures are

Explosion proof and Flame proof motors shipped without a conduit box require use of a certified box of suitable dimensions and that is appropriate for the classification.

motor

enclosure and

sluding any thermal protection that may be present. Use only Baldor replacemed.
ntemperature being maintained, make sure that any rewinding uses the origin
vision 2 and Zone 2 motors
riginal electrical designs, including any thermal protection that may be present
cilon method also relies on temperature being maintained, make sure that an

electrical designs, inc thermostats, if provide method also relies on provide ction nent nal

2-10 Installation & Operatior



22 environment, this excessive temperature motor at any of the following conditions can

cause the marked surface temperature to be exceeded If applied in a Division 1 or 2 / Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 2 may cause ignition of hazardous materials. Operating the

Motor load exceeding service factor nameplate value Ambient temperature above nameplate value

Loss of proper ventilation

Unbalanced voltages

Voltage (at each operating frequency) above or below rated nameplate value

Thermal LimitingThermal limiting devices are temperature sensing control components installed inside the motor to limit the internal temperature of the motor frame by interrupting the circuit of the holding coil of the magnetic switch or contactor. They are required for most Division 1 and Zone 1 applications. For Division 2 or Zone 2 applications, motors should be selected that preclude running temperatures from exceeding the ignition temperatures for the designated hazardous material. In Division 2 or Zone 2 classified locations, thermal limiting devices should only be used for winding protection and not considered for limiting all internal motor temperatures to specific ignition temperatures. Bearing currents can exist in some motors for both line-fed and inverter-fed applications. Larger line-fed motors may require at least one insulated bearing to prevent a flow of current through the bearings. Do not defeat such insulation whether the motor is line-fed or inverter-fed applications. Inverter-fed motors may require additional bearing insulation or even a shaft brush. Do not defeat such features. When the motor and the coupled load are not on a common conductive baseplate, it may also be necessary to electrically bond together the stationary parts of the motor and the coupled equipment. Equipotential Bonding and Shaft Current Reduction Larger motors (ie WP construction) may require proper bonding between motor enclosures and covers to avoid the risk of stray currents during start up. Fastening methods and bonding straps must not be modified. ø . α ν α ν. α ν α ν 10. Lower than name plate minimum carrier frequency Operation outside of the nameplate speed / frequency range Unstable current wave forms Single phase operation of polyphase equipment Altitudes above 3300 feet / 1000 meters

Repair of Motors used in Hazardous Locations

Repair of hazardous certified motors requires additional information, skill, and care. It is the customer's responsibility to select service shops with proper qualifications to repair hazardous location motors. Contact the manufacture for additional repair details. Use only original manufacturer's parts. Repair of Explosion Proof or Flame Proof Motors Class I Division 1 and Zone 1

In the North American market, recertification programs are offered by Underwriters Laboratories and Canadian Standards Association which allow authorized service shops to mark the rebuilt motors as certified. In the international markets using IEC based requirements, repair should be undertaken only after consulting IEC60079-19 Explosive Atmospheres-Part 19 Equipment repair, overhaul and reclamation. If use of a certified repair facility is desired, consult the IECEX Repair Scheme at

http://www.iecex.com/service_facilities.htm Explosion proof and flameproof motors achieve their safety based on the mechanical construction – flameproof joints and bearing clearance, and the electrical design including any thermal limiting devices. If it is necessary to repair a flameproof or explosion proof motor, it is critical that the mechanical flameproof joints be maintained. Consult Baldor Electric Company for flameproof joint construction details. Use only Baldor•Reliance supplied parts. Baldor does not recommend reclamation of parts. Since this protection method also relies on temperature being maintained, make sure that any rewinding uses the original electrical designs, including any thermal protection that may be present.

additional opening, and ensure that proper sealing is maintained in the connection box and at the si seal. Since this protection method also relies on temperature being maintained, make sure that anv rewinding uses the original electrical designs. Including and the side of the original electrical designs. **Repair of Dust Ignition Proof Motors – Class II Division 1 and 2,** For Dust Ignition Proof, proper sealing is required. Do not modify the shaft

Repair of Class I Div For Division 2 and Zou

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WARNING:

General Insp

WARNING:

ARNING:	UL and EX Listed motors must only be serviced by UL or EX Approved Authorized Baldor Service Centers if these motors are to be returned to a hazardous and/or explosive atmosphere.
eneral Inspe	eneral Inspection Inspect the motor at regular intervals, approximately every 500 hours of operation or every 3 months, whichever occurs first. Keep the motor clean and the ventilation openings clear. The following steps should be performed at each inspection:
ARNING:	Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.
	 Check that the motor is clean. Check that the interior and exterior of the motor is free of dirt, oil, grease, water, etc. Oily vapor, paper pulp, textile lint, etc. can accumulate and block motor ventilation. If the motor is not properly ventilated, overheating can occur and cause early motor failure.
	Perform a dielectric with stand test periodically to ensure that the integrity of the winding insulation has been maintained. Record the readings. Immediately investigate any significant decrease in insulation resistance.
	3. Check all electrical connectors to be sure that they are tight.
elubrication & Bearings ability of a at which th if the follow	<u>& Bearings</u> Bearing grease will lose its lubricating ability over time, not suddenly. The lubricating ability of a grease (over time) depends primarily on the type of grease, the size of the bearing, the speed at which the bearing operates and the severity of the operating conditions. Good results can be obtained if the following recommendations are used in your maintenance program.
Type of Grease sen che	Pase A high grade ball or roller bearing grease should be used. Recommended grease for standard service conditions is Polyrex EM (Exxon Mobil) . Do not mix greases unless compatibility has been checked and verified.
Ball Bearing Motors	g Motors
	ADN OIL ADN OIL ADN OIL ADN OIL ADN OIL COIL EX EX EX EX EX INN Starting Tempera
Roller Bear	arting Temperature -60°C (-76°F CO. AEROSHELL 7 MOBIL 28 MOBILITH SHC 1
Roller Bear	Roller Bearing Motors

Relubricatio

BALDOR • RELIANCE Product Information Packet: VHECP4313T - 75HP,3550RPM,3PH,60HZ,365HP,1464M,TEFC,F

Operating Temperature -25°C (-15°F) to 50°C (120°F) TEXACO, INC. PREMIUM RB MOBIL MOBILITH SHC 220 (Standard on Baldor motors) CHEVRON OIL BLACK PEARL



3–2 Maintenance &
Troubleshooting

Relubrication Intervals n Intervals Recommended relubrication intervals are shown in Table 3-2. It is important to realize that the recommended intervals of Table 3-2 are based on average use.

Refer to additional information contained in Tables 3-3, 3-4 and 3-5

Table 3-2 Relubrication Intervals *

			Rated Sp	Rated Speed - RPM		
NEMA / (IEC) Frame Size	10000	6000	3600	1800	1200	900
Up to 210 incl. (132)	*	2700 Hrs.	5500 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.	22000 Hrs.
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)		**	3600 Hrs.	9500 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.
Over 280 to 360 incl. (225)		**	* 2200 Hrs. 7	7400 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.
Over 360 to 449 incl. (315)		**	*2200 Hrs.	3500 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	10500 Hrs.

Relubrication intervals are for ball bearings

ž

For vertically mounted motors and roller bearings, divide the relubrication interval by 2.

For motors operating at speeds greater than 3600 RPM, contact Baldor for relubrication recommendations.

Table 3-3 Service Conditions

Severity of Service Hours per day of Operation	Hours per day of Operation	Ambient Temperature Maximum	Atmospheric Contamination
Standard	8	40° C	Clean, Little Corrosion
Severe	16 Plus	50° C	Moderate dirt, Corrosion
Extreme	16 Plus	$>50^{\circ}$ C* or	Severe dirt, Abrasive dust, Corrosion, Heavy
		Class H Insulation	Shock or Vibration
Low Temperature		<−29° C **	

× not mix with other grease types. Thoroughly clean bearing & cavity before adding grease. Special high temperature grease is recommended (Dow Corning DC44). Note that Dow Corning DC44 grease does

Special low temperature grease is recommended (Aeroshell 7).

*

Table 3-4 Relubrication Interval Multiplier

			-	
Extreme	Severe	Standard	Severity of Service	
0.1	0.5	1.0	Multiplier	

Low Temperature

.0

Some motor designs use different bearings on each motor end. This is normally indicated on the motor nameplate. In this case, the larger bearing is installed on the motor Drive endplate. For best relubrication results, only use the appropriate amount of grease for each bearing size (not the same for both).



	Table 3-5 Be	Table 3-5 Bearings Sizes and Types		
	(These are t	Bearing Description (These are the "Large" bearings (Shaft End) in each frame size)	iption aft End) in eac	h frame size)
NEMA (IEC)		Weight of Grease to	Volume of grease	of grease
	bearing	acid ^ oz (Grams)	in ³	teaspoon
56 to 140 (90)	6203	0.08 (2.4)	0.15	0.5
140 (90)	6205	0.15 (3.9)	0.2	0.8
180 (100-112)	6206	0.19 (5.0)	0.3	1.0
210 (132)	6307	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0
250 (160)	6309	0.47 (12.5)	0.7	2.5
280 (180)	6311	0.61 (17)	1.2	3.9
320 (200)	6312	0.76 (20.1)	1.2	4.0
360 (225)	6313	0.81 (23)	1.5	5.2
400 (250)	6316	1.25 (33)	2.0	6.6
440 (280)	6319	2.12 (60)	4.1	13.4
5000 to 5800 (315-450)	6328	4.70 (130)	9.2	30.0
5000 to 5800 (315-450)	NU328	4.70 (130)	9.2	30.0
360 to 449 (225-280)	NU319	2.12 (60)	4.1	13.4
AC Induction Servo				
76 Frame 180 (112)	6207	0.22 (6.1)	0.44	1.4
77 Frame 210 (132)	6210	0.32 (9.0)	0.64	2.1
80 Frame 250(160)	6213	0.49 (14.0)	0.99	3.3
* Weight in grams = .005 DB of grease to be added	ase to be added			
	-			

Note: Not all bearing sizes are listed. For intermediate bearing sizes, use the grease volume for the next larger size bearing.

Maintenance & Troubleshooting 3-3

MN408



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Table 3-2 list 9500 hours for standard conditions.

Note: Smaller bearings in size category may require reduced amounts of grease.

Table 3-3 classifies severity of service as "Severe". Table 3-5 shows that 1.2 in³ or 3.9 teaspoon of grease is to be added

Sample Relubrication Determination

Assume - NEMA 286T (IEC 180), 1750 RPM motor driving an exhaust fan in an ambient temperature of 43° C and the atmosphere is moderately corrosive.

ω

Assemble the motor.

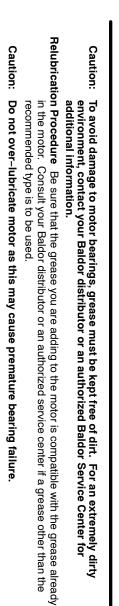
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Disassemble the motor.

Note: Only a Baldor authorized and UL or CSA certified service center can disassemble a UL/CSA listed explosion proof motor to maintain it's UL/CSA listing.

Add recommended amount of grease to bearing and bearing cavity. (Bearing should be about 1/3 full of grease and outboard bearing cavity should be about 1/2 full of grease.)





Caution:

Over-lubricating can cause excessive bearing temperatures, premature lubrication breakdown and bearing failure.

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Remove grease outlet plug.

With the motor stopped, clean all grease fittings with a clean cloth

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With Grease Outlet Plug

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Add the recommended amount of grease

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Re-install grease outlet plug.

Operate the motor for 15 minutes with grease plug removed. This allows excess grease to purge.

Without Grease Provisions

Maintenance &
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Troublesho
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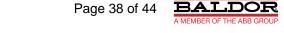
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0	Table 3-6 Troubleshooting Chart	
Motor will not start	Usually caused by line trouble, such	Check source of power. Check overloads, fuses,
Excessive humming	High Voltage.	Check input line connections.
	Eccentric air gap.	Have motor serviced at local Baldor service center.
Motor Over Heating	Overload. Compare actual amps (measured) with nameplate rating.	Locate and remove source of excessive friction in motor or load.
		Reduce load or replace with motor of greater capacity.
	Single Phasing.	Check current at all phases (should be approximately equal) to isolate and correct the problem.
	Improper ventilation.	Check external cooling fan to be sure air is moving
		properly across cooling fins. Excessive dirt build-up on motor. Clean motor.
	Unbalanced voltage.	Check voltage at all phases (should be approximately equal) to isolate and correct the problem.
	Rotor rubbing on stator.	Check air gap clearance and bearings.
	Over voltage or under voltage.	Check input voltage at each phase to motor.
	Open stator winding.	Check stator resistance at all three phases for balance.
	Grounded winding.	Perform dielectric test and repair as required.
	Improper connections.	Inspect all electrical connections for proper termination, clearance, mechanical strength and electrical continuity. Refer to motor lead connection diagram.
Bearing Over Heating	Misalignment.	Check and align motor and driven equipment.
	Excessive belt tension.	Reduce belt tension to proper point for load.
	Excessive end thrust.	Reduce the end thrust from driven machine.
	Excessive grease in bearing.	Remove grease until cavity is approximately 3/4 tilled.
	Insufficient grease in bearing.	Add grease until cavity is approximately ³ / ₄ filled.
	Dirt in bearing.	Clean bearing cavity and bearing. Repack with correct grease until cavity is approximately ³ / ₄ filled.
Vibration	Misalignment.	Check and align motor and driven equipment.
	Rubbing between rotating parts and stationary parts.	Isolate and eliminate cause of rubbing.
	Rotor out of balance.	Have rotor balance checked are repaired at your Baldor Service Center.
	Resonance.	Tune system or contact your Baldor Service Center for assistance.
Noise	Foreign material in air gap or ventilation openings.	Remove rotor and foreign material. Reinstall rotor. Check insulation integrity. Clean ventilation openings.
Growling or whining	Bad bearing.	Replace bearing. Clean all grease from cavity and new bearing. Repack with correct grease until cavity is approximately 3/4 filled.



Page 37 of 44

large frame AC Baldor motors with a 1.15 service factor are designed 20 temperature rise, RTD (Resistance Temperature Data Class H winding I cover temperature lise, RTD (Resistance Temperature Datas H and trip settings for RTDs, alarm and trip settings should be selected based on these tables unlead in and trip settings for RTDs. I cover the suggested alarm and trip settings for RTDs, alarm and trip settings may be reduced so that an abnormal machine ic temperature limits are based on the installation of the winding RTDs in direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell. Winding RTDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambier Class F Temp Rise ± 105°C (Typical Design 00°C) 160 165 165 165 165 166 165 166 165 166 165 166 165 166 165 166 165 166 165 166 165 166 165 166 165 166 165 166 165 166 165 166 165 166 165 166 165 165	ပ် စီ	T	Note: Greas	High Temperature**	OII or Grease Standard*	Bearing Type	Note:	Rated Load to 1.15 S.F.	≤ Rated Load		Motor Load	PT PT PT PT PT PT PT PT PT PT PT PT PT P	Mo this
(C) CBaltor motors with a 1.15 service factor are designed to operate re rise, RTD (Resistance Temperature Detectors) settings to Class F temperature point. Some motors with 1.0 service factor have Class F temperature settings for RTDs. Proper bear 3 settings should be selected based on these tables unless otherwise tables unless otherwise tables and trip settings to the selected based on these tables unless otherwise tables unless of the winding ITDs inbedded in the selected based on these tables unless otherwise tables on the installed so they are in contact with the or time direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell. GI as F Temp Rise ≤ 105°C Class H Tem Class F Temp Rise ≤ 105°C Class H Tem Class H Tem	e the motor nan ntact Baldor apj	aude trie following exaco Polystar fobilith SHC-100 armex 707	te: * Bearing te ** High temp bases that may be		A		te: • Winding RT • When Class Bearir	140	130	Alarm	Class B Temp (Typical	e following table D alarm and trip acific application he driven load is alarm and trip a alarm and trip acified by NEMA acified by NEMA windlin	st large frame /)°C) temperatur s low temperatu ed as a starting
ra with a 1.15 service factor are designed to operate ad and are built with a Class H winding insulations perstations with 1.0 service factor have Class F temperature class for RTDs. Proper bear 1 be selected based on these tables unless otherwise tables unless otherwise to the varie of the winding RTDs imbedded in the should be installed so they are in contact with the oct with the sleeve bearing shell. Trip Alarm Trip Alarm Anabient) Trip Alarm Trip Alarm Anabient 1.05 to 7.00 to	neplate for repla olication engine		mperature limits <i>e</i> erature lubricants e substituted that a	110	95		Ds are factory pro H temperatures I g RTDs - Tempe	150	140	Trip	o Rise ≤ 80°C Design)	ss show the sug settings should s. found to opera settings may be settings may be mits are based of M. Bearing RTDs r in direct conta r in direct conta	AC Baldor moto e rise at rated lo re rise, RTD (Re point. Some mo
ice factor are designed to operate titre a Class H winding insulation sys- ture Detectors) settings for Class E earning shell. A0°C Maximum Ambient) Trip the winding RTDs imbedded in t ad so they are in contact with the o bearing shell. A0°C Maximum Ambient) Trom Mod–Express. earing temperatures and relubrication A0°C Maximum Ambient) A0°C Maximum Ambient) Chevron SRI #2 - Chevron SRI #2 - Chevron SRI #2 - Petro-Canada Peerless LLG oil recommendation. bricants or further clarifications.	ering for special lu	Premium #2 il Pennzlube EM-2 711	re for standard desig include some specia are compatible with f	115	100		are used, consider b areture Limit In °C (160	155	Alarm	Class F Temp	gested alarm and t be selected base te well below the in reduced so that an on the installation of s should be install ct with the sleeve ct with the sleeve	rs with a 1.15 serv ad and are built wi ssistance Tempera otors with 1.0 servi
ing insulation systimg for Class Fremperatures otherwise unless otherwise at Class H Tem Alarm 175 180 s. and relubrication sidered as "standard relubrications. clarifications.	oil recommendati	 Chevron SRI # Chevron Black Petro-Canada 	yn motors operating al synthetic oils and ² olyrex EM (but con	105	Aları 85		t from Mod-Express earing temperatures 40°C Maximum An	165	165	Trip	o Rise ≤ 105°C	rip settings for RT d on these tables nitial temperature n abnormal machi of the winding RTI of the winding RTI do they are in c bearing shell.	ice factor are desi th a Class H wind ture Detectors) se ce factor have Cla
	on. clarifications.	2 Pearl Peerless LLG	at Class B temper greases. Isidered as "standa		3		s and relubrication	180	175	Alarm	Class H Temp Rise ≤ 125°C	Ds. Proper bear unless otherwise settings under no ne load will be id Ds imbedded in t contact with the o nbient)	igned to operate ling insulation sys attings for Class E



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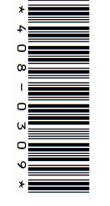




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Safety Notice Be sure to read and understand all of the Safety Notice statements in MN408. A copy is available http://www.baldor.com/support/literature_load.asp?ManNumber=MN408 a

ACCEPTANCE

Thoroughly inspect this equipment before accepting shipment from the transportation company. If any damage shortage is discovered do not accept until noted on the SAFETY freight bill. Report all damage to the freight carrier. 9

Eye bolts, lifting lugs or lifting openings, if provided, are intended only for lifting the motor and motor mounted standard accessories not exceeding, in total 30% of the motor weight. These lifting provisions should never be used when lifting or handling the motor and driven equipment. Eye bolt lifting capacity rating is based on a lifting alignment coincident with eye bolt center line. Eye bolt capacity reduces as deviation from this alignment is increased. Be sure eye bolts are tight and prevented from turning before lifting.

INSTALLATION OUTSIDE THE USA: Refer to MN408 and MN1383 for Compliance with European Directives. Copies are available at:

MOTOR ENCLOSURE http://www.baldor.com/support/literature_load.asp

ODP, combustible materials. Open motors can emit flame and/or molten metal in the event of insulation failure. dry locations with adequate supply of cooling air. These motors should not be used in the presence of flammable or Open drip proof motors are intended for use in clean

indoor and outdoor locations. moisture, dirf and/or corrosive materials are present in TEFC, totally enclosed motors are intended for use where

Explosion protected motors, as indicated by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory Certification mark and marking with Class, Division and Temperature Code are intended for installation in hazardous locations as described in Article 500 of the NEC. Refer to MN408 for more details.

MOUNTING

Foot mounted machines should be mounted to a rigid foundation to prevent excessive vibration. Shims may be used if location is uneven. Flange mounted machines should be properly seated and aligned. Note: If improper rotation direction is detrimental to aligned, check rotation direction prior to coupling the load to the load, check

the motor shaft.

premature bearing failure or shaft breakage. **Direct coupled** machines should be carefully aligned and the shaft should rotate freely without binding. For V-belt drive, mount the sheave pulley close to the motor housing. Allow clearance for end to end movement of the motor shaft. Do not overtighten belts as this may cause

GENERAL The user must select a motor starter and overcurrent protection suitable for this motor and its application. Consult motor starter application data as well as the National Electric Code and/or applicable local codes. Special motors for use by United States Government including special specifications, master plans, etc. refer to the applicable master plans and specifications involved lectric

and prevent the shaft block must be installed to prevent axial movement reshipped alone or installed to another piece of equipment remove blocking before operating the motor. If motor is to be On motors received from the factory with the shaft blocked, brinelling of the bearings during shipment

MN416

ESTING

Depending on storage conditions it may be necessary to regrease or change rusted bearings. Contact Baldor District Office if resistance is less than 5 meg ohms. If the motor has been in storage for an extensive period or has been subjected to adverse moisture conditions, check the motor insulation resistance with a meg ohm meter.

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WARNING: Do not touch electrical connections before

WARNING: Be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. Electrical shock can you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.

cause serious or fatal injury.

INSTALLATION

This motor must be installed Electric Code, NEMA MG-2, WIRING in accordance with National IEC standards and local codes

Connect the motor as shown in the connection diagrams. If this motor is installed as part of a motor control drive system, connect and protect the motor according to the control manufacturers diagrams. Refer to MN408 for additional details on lead marking. The wiring, fusing and grounding must comply with the National Electrical Code or IEC and local codes. When the motor is connected to the load for proper direction of rotation and started, it should start quickly and run smoothly. If not, stop the motor immediately and operation and compare the measured current with the motor, motor connections are not correct or the load is heavy. Check the motor current after a few minutes of determine the cause. Possible causes are: low voltage at the nameplate rating. is too

the ground point, the motor or generator terminal housing, and the motor or generator frame. In non-USA locations consult the appropriate national or local code applicable. **GROUNDING** Ground the motor according to NEC and local codes. In the USA consult the National Electrical Code, Article 430 for information on grounding of motors and generators, and Article 250 for general information on grounding. In making the ground connection, the installer should make certain that ADJUSTMENT there is a solid and permanent metallic connection between

have no adjustable parts. The neutral is adjustable on some DC motors. AC motors

For specific sound power or pressure level information, contact your local Baldor representative. Noise

VIBRATION

This motor is balanced to NEMA MG1, Part 7 standard

BRUSHES (DC Motors) Periodically, the brushes should be inspected and all brush dust blown out of the motor. If a brush is worn $1/_2$, (length specified in renewal parts data), replace the brushes. Reassemble and seat the new brushes using a brush

seating stone. Be sure the rocker arm is set on the neutra



INSPECTION

Before connecting the motor to an electrical supply, inspect for any damage resulting from shipment. Turn the shaft by hand to ensure free rotation. Motor leads must be isolated before the shaft will turn freely on permanent magnet motors. DRAIN PLUGS

motor has special stainless steel drains). All dra located in the lowest portion of the ends shields. non-ventilated motors, the plugs in the lowest portion of the ends shields should be removed for operation (unless the each endplate for various motor mounting configurations. Condensation drain plugs are provided at four points on For Washdown and totally enclosed, fan cooled or All drains are

MOUNTING

Mount the motor on a foundation sufficiently rigid to prevent excessive vibration. Grease lubricated ball bearing motors may be mounted with the feet at any angle. After careful alignment, bolt motor securely in place. Use shim to fill any unevenness in the foundation. Motor feet should sit solidly on the foundation before mounting bolts are tightened.

7 **7** (Ingress Protection)

IP designations include two numerals, the first characteristic numeral is for ingress solid bodies and from dust. The second for ingress protection from liquid – water. Motors marked less than IP23 require additional protection from water.

GUARDING

After motor installation is complete, a guard of suitable dimensions must be constructed and installed around the motor/gearmotor. This guard must prevent personnel from coming in contact with any moving parts of the motor or drive the motor. assembly but must allow sufficient cooling air to pass over

If a motor mounted brake is installed, provide proper safeguards for personnel in case of brake failure. plates or lids, must be installed before operating the motor. Brush inspection plates and electrical connection cover

STARTING

loose rotating parts to prevent them from flying off. Check direction of rotation before coupling motor to load. The motor should start quickly and run smoothly and with little noise. If the motor should fail to start the load may be been miswired. In any case immediately shut motor off and too great for the motor, the voltage is low or the motor has Before starting motor remove all unused shaft keys and investigate the cause.

ROTATION To reverse the direction of rotation, disconnect and lockout power and interchange any two of the three AC power leads for three phase motors. For two-phase four wire, disconnect and lockout power and interchange the AC line leads on any one phase. For two phase three wire, disconnect and lockout norwer and interchange phase one and phase two AC line

Maintenance Procedures

- WARNING: WARNING: Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Surface temperatures of motor enclosures
- accidentally coming into contact with hot surfaces. Protection should be provided by the user to protect against accidental contact with hot surfaces. Failure to observe this discomfort or injury to personnel may reach temperatures which can cause precaution could result in bodily injury.

Lubrication Information

lubricated at the factory. Motors that do not have regrease capability are factory lubricated for the normal life of the bearings. Washdown motors can not be lubricated. This is a ball or roller bearing motor. The bearings have beer

Lubricant

Polyrex EM unless stated on nameplate. Do not mix lubricants due to possible incompatibility. Look for signs of lubricant incompatibility, such as extreme soupiness visible from the grease relief area. If other greases are preferred, check with local Baldor representative for recommendations. Baldor motors are pregreased, normally with Mobil

capability) Relubrication Intervals (For motors with regrease

intervals. be relubricated. Lubrication is also recommended New motors that have been stored for a year or more should at these

LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS

!> :motor to prevent grease contamination. contamination. Properly clean the grease inlet area of the Cleanliness is important in lubrication. Any grease used to lubricate anti friction bearings should be fresh and free from

Select service condition from Table Select lubrication frequency from Table N

LUBRICATION PROCEDURE

is warm. Bearings should be lubricated while stationary and the motor

- 1. Locate the grease inlet, clean the area, and replace the
- ωin pipe plug with a grease fitting. Locate and remove the grease drain plug, if provided.
- until clean grease appears at the grease drain, at the grease relief, or along the shaft opening. Replace the grease inlet plug and run the motor for two Add the recommended volume of recommended lubricant
- 4 Jours
- ъ Replace the grease drain plug

SPECIAL APPLICATIONS For special temperature applications, consult your Baldor District Office.

N

Installation

& Maintenance

	Frame Size NEMA (IEC)			Low Tem	Extreme	Sev	Stan	Severity of Service		** For motors operating at speeds greater than 3600 RPM, contact Baldor for relubrication recommendations.	* Relubrication intervals are for ball bearings. For vertically mounted motors and roller bearings, divide the relubrication interval by 2.	Over 360 to 5000 incl. (300)	Over 280 to 360 incl. (225)	Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)	Up to 210 incl. (132)	NEMA / (IEC) Frame Size			* Special high temperature grease is recommended.	Low Temperature	Extreme	Severe	Standard	
	VEMA (IEC			Low Temperature	eme	Severe	Standard	of Service		eeds grea	for ball be	(C				SIZe			grease is r		>50° C			
	0)		Table 4						Table 3 L	ter than 3600 RP	arings. For vertic				*	10000		Table 2 Lubrication Frequency (Ball Bearings)	ecommended. *	<-30° C **	>50° C* or Class H Insulation	50° C	40° C	
	Bearing		Table 4 Amount of Grease to Add	1.0	0.1	0.5	1.0	Multiplier	Table 3 Lubrication Interval Multiplier	M, contact E	ally mounte	**	*	*	2700 Hrs.	6000		cation Fre	* Special lov					
		Bearin	of Greas					r	n Interva	aldor for	d motors :	*2	*2	36				quency	w tempera		Severe di	Mo	CI	
	n Width	g Descripti	ie to Add						Multipli	relubricatio	and roller b	*2200 Hrs.	* 2200 Hrs.	3600 Hrs.	5500 Hrs.	3600	Rated Sp	(Ball Bea	ture greas		t, Abrasive	Moderate dirt, Corrosion	Clean, Little Corrosion	
		Bearing Description (Largest bearing in each frame size)							er	n recommendatio	earings. divide th	3500 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	9500 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	1800	Rated Speed - RPM	ırings)	** Special low temperature grease is recommended.		Severe dirt, Abrasive dust, Corrosion	Corrosion	Corrosion	
n) inches ³		ng in each fran								ins.	e relubrication	7400 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.	1200			d.		AI	Ball T	Deep Gro	
s ³ teaspoon	Volume of grease to add	ne size)								- (s. 101	interval by 2.	10500 Hrs.	. 15000 Hrs.	. 18000 Hrs.	. 22000 Hrs.	900					All Bearings	Ball Thrust, Roller	Deep Groove Ball Bearing	
											L													-

		Bearing D	escription	Bearing Description (Largest bearing in each frame size)	each frame siz	e)
Frame Size NEMA (IEC)	Bearing	OD Width	Width	Weight of grease to add	Volume of grease to add	f grease Idd
				ounce (gram)	inches ³	teaspoon
to 210 incl. (132)	6307	08	21	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0
er 210 to 280 incl. (180)	6311	120	29	0.61 (17.4)	1.2	3.9
	6313	140	33	0.81 (23.1)	1.5	5.2
er 360 to 5000 incl. (300)	NU322	240	50	240 50 2.12 (60.0)	4.1	13.4

Up tr Over Over Weight in grams = 0.005 DB

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Severity of Service

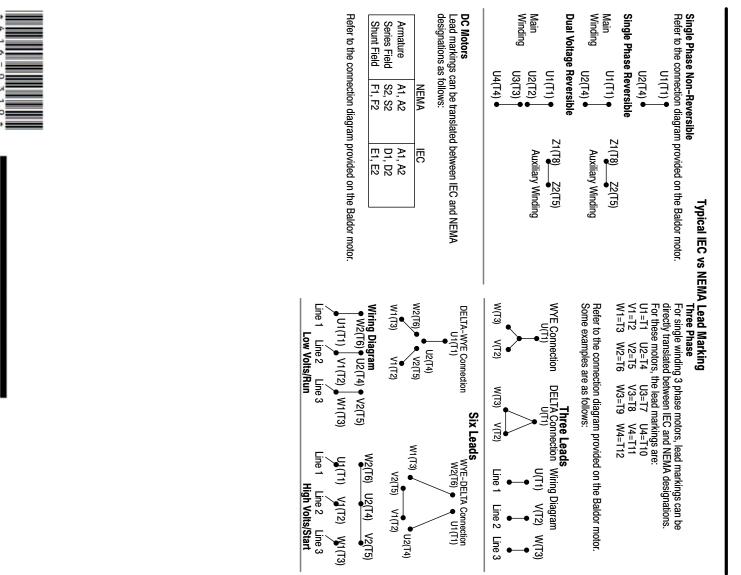
Ambient Temperature Maximum

 Table 1 Service Conditions

 yrature
 Atmospheric

 n
 Contamination

Type of Bearing





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4 Installation & Maintenance