

## BALDOR • RELIANCE

### **Product Information Packet**

## VHECP4316T

### 75HP,1780RPM,3PH,60HZ,365HP,1482M,TEFC

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Part Detail											
Revision:	D		Status:	PRD/A	Change	)#:		Proprietary	:	No	
Туре:	AC		Prod. Type:	A36070M	Elec. S	pec:	A36WG0766	CD Diagrar	n:		
Enclosure:	TEFC		Mfg Plant:		Mech. S	Spec:		Layout:			
Frame:	365HF	>	Mounting:	F1	Poles:		04	Created Da	te:	10-19-2	010
Base:			Rotation:	R	Insulati	on:	F	Eff. Date:		05-01-2	012
Leads:	3#4,6#	#6	Literature:		Elec. D	iagram:		Replaced E	sy:		
Nameplate 00	0613007EV	N									
CAT.NO.		VHECP4316T	SPEC NO.		P36G3429						
HP		75	AMPS		171/85.9	VOLTS		230/460	DESIGN		В
FRAME		365HP	RPM		1780	HZ		60	AMB		40 <b>SF</b> 1.15
DRIVE END BEA	RING	65BC03J30X	PH		3	DUTY		CONT	INSUL.CL	ASS	F
OPP D.E. BEARI	NG	65BC03J30X	TYPE		Р	ENCL		TEFC	CODE		G
D.E.BRG.DATA		6313	POWER FACTOR		86	NEMA NOM	EFFICIENCY	95.4			
O.D.E.BRG.DAT	4	6313	MAX CORR KVAR		16.0	GUARANTE	ED EFFICIENCY	95.0			
3/4 LOAD EFF.		95.8	NEMA NOM/CSA QUO	TED EFF							
SER.NO.			MOTOR WEIGHT								



Nam	eplate 000901002AAA	
	SUIT FOR 208 V @ 187 AMPS	



Parts List		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
SA209409	SA P36G3429	1.000 EA
RA196670	RA P36G3429	1.000 EA
613-6PU	N/P (RELEASE QTY 10,000)	1.000 EA
000613007EW	N/P BALDOR	1.000 EA
000692000FF	N/P (RELEASE QTY 1,000)	1.000 EA
000692000VD	N/P (REL QTY 4000)	1.000 EA
000901002AAA	N/P (RELEASE QTY 1,500)	1.000 EA
421948032	LABEL, MYLAR	1.000 EA
004824015A	GREASE POLYREX EM	0.544 LB
032018008AK	HHCS 1/4-20X1 PLATED	4.000 EA
032018012DK	HHCS 1/2-13X1-1/2 PLTD.	4.000 EA
032018030CK	HHCS 3/8-16X3-3/4 PLATED	3.000 EA
032018024CK	HHCS 3/8-16X3 PLTD.	3.000 EA
034180012DA	KEY 1X4X1/4X1-1/2 L	1.000 EA
034530052AB	P/NIP 1/8X6-1/2 GALV.	1.000 EA
034690002AB	PPLG 1/4" PLTD.	1.000 EA
047174002D	EXT SNAP RING(360-440)	1.000 EA
078559042AE	F/C 360 078559001A	1.000 EA
085922073B	BRKT 360 085922072WCC KB	1.000 EA
415045002E	SLGR	1.000 EA
415072001B	CLAMP	1.000 EA
415096002A	CPLG 1/8 HEX TYPE	1.000 EA
418151057A	PLASTIC DRAIN, ODE BRKT	1.000 EA
032018010CK	HHCS 3/8-16X1-1/4 PLTD.	4.000 EA



Parts List (continued)		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
032018022CK	HHCS 3/8-16X2-3/4 PLTD	4.000 EA
702676001C	FAN 360 - 56 PCS	1.000 EA
032018012DK	HHCS 1/2-13X1-1/2 PLTD.	4.000 EA
034690002AB	PPLG 1/4" PLTD.	1.000 EA
089495002A	BRKT 360 089495001WCA	1.000 EA
415045002E	SLGR	1.000 EA
418151057A	PLASTIC DRAIN, ODE BRKT	1.000 EA
033512004LB	HHTTS 1/4-20X1/2 PLTD.	1.000 EA
033512008LB	HHTTS 1/4-20X1 PLATED	4.000 EA
034000014AB	WSH ID.406 OD.812 TH.065	4.000 EA
034017014AB	LCKW 3/8 STD. PLATED	4.000 EA
035000001A	ALFTG 1/8" 1610-BL	1.000 EA
035000001A	ALFTG 1/8" 1610-BL	1.000 EA
048977006B	GRFTG - XP	1.000 EA
065776000C	TERBD 320-400	1.000 EA
067053000B	GASK 320-400	1.000 EA
076708000BB	C/B - 360	1.000 EA
076709000A	C/B CVR - 360	1.000 EA
405851012AN	SPACE	4.000 EA
41500003D	T/LUG 897-777 KPA25/G16	1.000 EA
418150003A	GREASE FITTING CAP	1.000 EA
702641041A	D/CVR 360 SUB PAINT	1.000 EA
MG1025G05	PAINT 789.201	0.250 GA
032018012EK	HHCS 5/8-11X1-1/2L PLTD.	4.000 EA



Parts List (continued)		
Part Number	Description	Quantity
033775004EA	DRSCR #6-1/4 304 S.S.	4.000 EA
034017018AB	LCKW 5/8"	4.000 EA
418150003A	GREASE FITTING CAP	1.000 EA
034000014AB	WSH ID.406 OD.812 TH.065	4.000 EA
410700004F	WSHR	1.000 EA
034180024FA	KEY 3/8X3/8X3 L	1.000 EA
609013011C	LFT/P - 360	2.000 EA
14PA1000	PACKAGING 314 GROUP COMBINED PRINT	1.000 EA



Printed on 12/15/10 9:30 @ psecs-motorer

BALDOR	AMPERES WILL VA REMARKS: TYPI XE M	AMPERES SHOWN FOR 460. VOLT CONNECTION. IF	FULL LOAD	BREAKDOWN	PULL UP	LOCKED ROTOR			5/4	4/4	3/4	2/4	1/4	NO LOAD	LOAD		892008	E/S	171/85.9	AMPS		REL. S.O.
	LLL VARY INVERSELY WI TYPICAL DATA XE MOTOR-NEMA NOM.	OR 460. VOLT							93.8	75.0	56.2	37.5	18.8	0	НÞ		418141043EE	ROTOR	CONT	DUTY	365HP	FRAME
DR. BY W. L. SMITH CK. BY J.J.HARRISON APP. BY W. L. SMITH DATE 12/20/05	TH THE RATED VOI	CONNECTIO	1781	1699	1130	0	RPM	SPEED	107	85.9	65.8	47.7	33.4	26.1	AMPERES	PEI			40/F	AMB <sup>°</sup> C/ INSUL.	75	HP
TH SON TH	T.	CONNECTION. IF OTHER VOLTAGE CONNECTIONS ARE AVAILABLE, THE	100	252	166	196	TOF	ED TORQUE	17	17	17	1791	17	18		PERFORMANCE		TEST S.O.	1.15	ល មា	טי	ТҮРЕ
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н		IONS ARE AVAIL	221	557	368	433	TORQUE LBFT.		86.7	85.6	83.5	77.0	56.1	3.86	% POWER FACTOR		.0210	STAT OHMS (BI	G	CODE LETTER	1780	RPM
A36WG0766-R001 ssue date 12/15/10		ABLE, THE	85.9	293	458	542	AMPERES		94.8	95.4	95.8	95.7	93.8	0	% EFF ICIENCY		.0210/.0843	STATOR RES.@25 <sup>°</sup> C S (BETWEEN LINES)	TEFC	ENCL.	230/460	VOLTS



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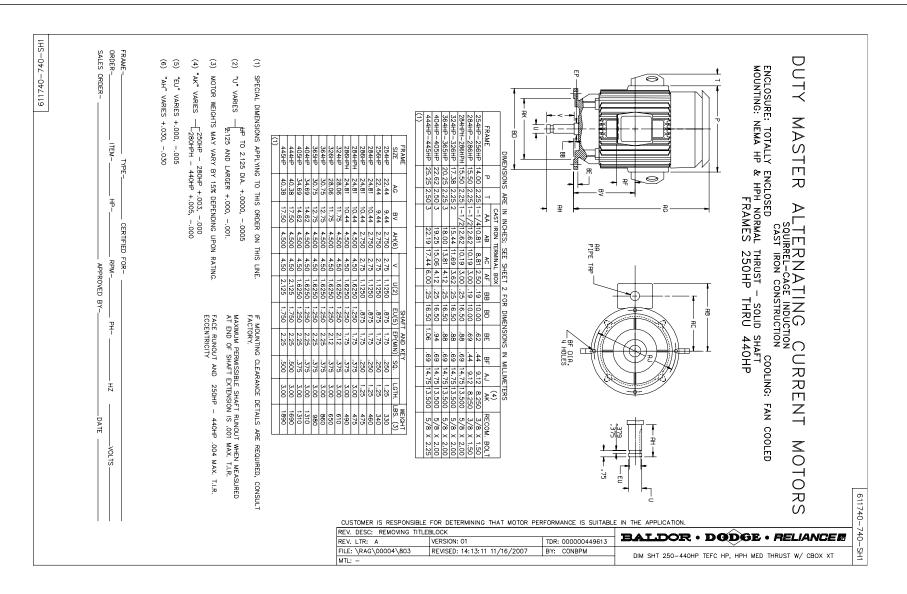


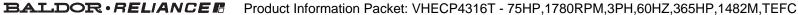
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	ECTIO		500												1		)R, 40.0						$\square$	STATO	TEST S.O. TEST DATE
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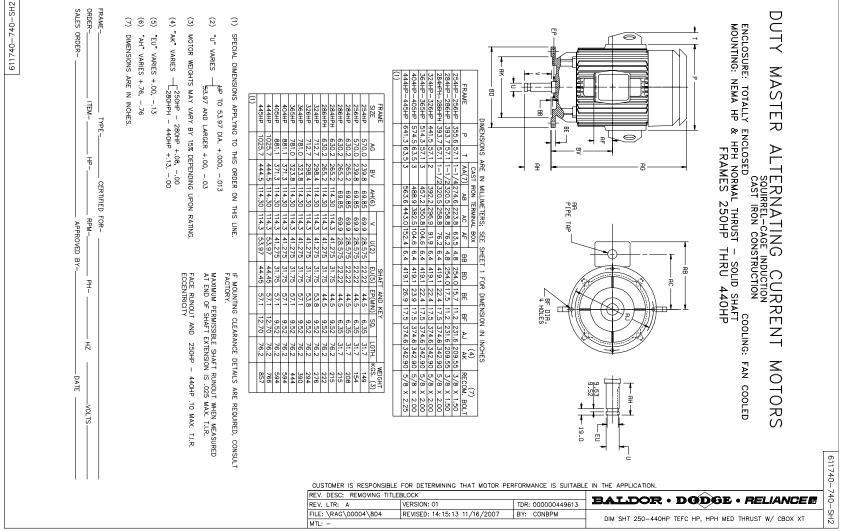
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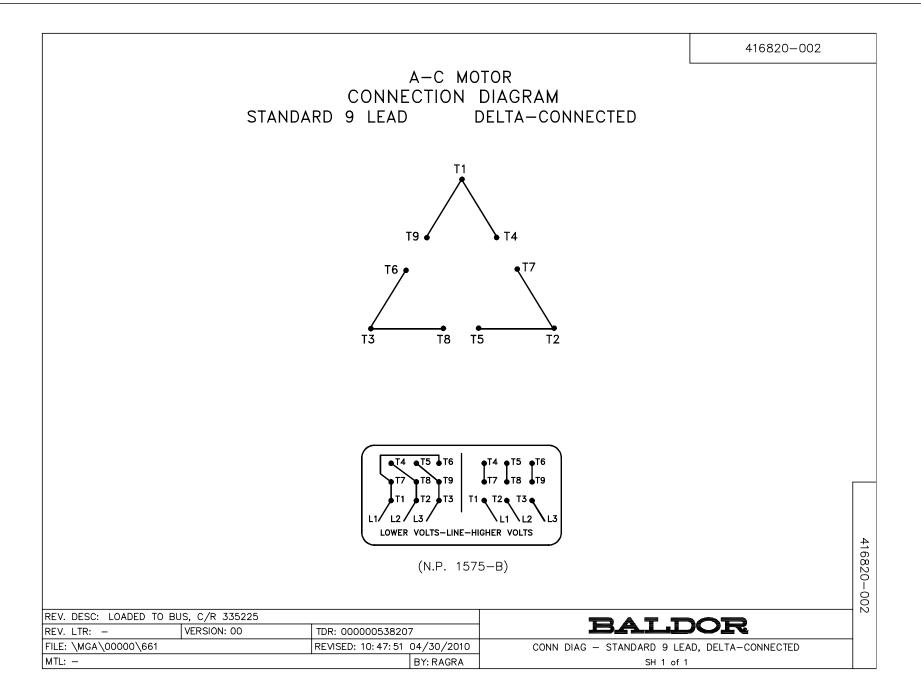














Integral Horsepower AC Induction Motors ODP, WPI Enclosures TENV, TEAO, TEFC Enclosure Explosion Proof

Installation & Operating Manual

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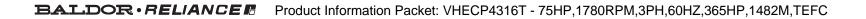
BALDOR·RELIANCE



MN408

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Overview	This manual contains general procedures that apply to Baldor Motor products. Be sure to read and understand the Safety Notice statements in this manual. For your protection, do not install, operate or
Important:	A Warning to perform maintenance procedures and you interstand the warning and Coactor statement. A Warning statement indicates a possible unsafe condition that can cause harm to personnel. A Caution statement indicates a condition that can cause damage to equipment. This instruction manual is not intended to include a comprehensive listing of all details for all procedures required for installation, operation and maintenance. This manual describes general guidelines that apply to most of the motor products shipped by Baldor. If you have a question about a procedure or are uncertain about any detail, Do Not Proceed. Please contact your Baldor distributor for more information or clarification
	<ul> <li>Before you install, operate or perform maintenance, become familiar with the following:         <ul> <li>NEMA Publication MG-2, Safety Standard for Construction and guide for Selection, installation and Use of Electric Motors and Generators.</li> <li>IEC 34–1 Electrical and IEC72–1 Mechanical specifications</li> <li>ANSI C51.5, the National Electrical Code (NEC) and local codes and practices.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Limited Warranty
	www.baldor.com/support/warranty_standard.asp
Safety Notice:	E: This equipment contains high voltage! Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt installation, operation and maintenance of electrical equipment.
	Be sure that you are completely familiar with NEMA publication MG-2, safety standards for construction and guide for selection, installation and use of electric motors and generators, the National Electrical Code and local codes and practices. Unsafe installation or use can cause conditions that lead to serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.
WARNING:	Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.
WARNING:	Disconnect all electrical power from the motor windings and accessory devices before disassembly of the motor. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury.
WARNING:	Be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. Do not apply AC power before you ensure that all grounding instructions have been followed. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. National Electrical Code and Local codes must be carefully followed.
WARNING:	Avoid extended exposure to machinery with high noise levels. Be sure to wear ear protective devices to reduce harmful effects to your hearing.
WARNING:	Surface temperatures of motor enclosures may reach temperatures which can cause discomfort or injury to personnel accidentally coming into contact with hot surfaces. When installing, protection should be provided by the user to protect against accidental contact with hot surfaces. Failure to observe this precaution could result in bodily injury.
WARNING:	This equipment may be connected to other machinery that has rotating parts or parts that are driven by this equipment. Improper use can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt to install operate or maintain this equipment.
WARNING:	Do not by-pass or disable protective devices or safety guards. Safety features are designed to prevent damage to personnel or equipment. These devices can only provide protection if they remain operative.
WARNING:	Avoid the use of automatic reset devices if the automatic restarting of equipment can be hazardous to personnel or equipment.
WARNING:	Be sure the load is properly coupled to the motor shaft before applying power. The shaft key must be fully captive by the load device. Improper coupling can cause harm to personnel or equipment if the load decouples from the shaft during operation.
WARNING:	UL Listed motors must only be serviced by UL Approved Authorized Baldor Service Centers if these motors are to be returned to a hazardous and/or explosive atmosphere.
WARNING:	Thermostat contacts automatically reset when the motor has slightly cooled down. To prevent injury or damage, the control circuit should be designed so that automatic starting of the motor is not possible when the thermostat resets.

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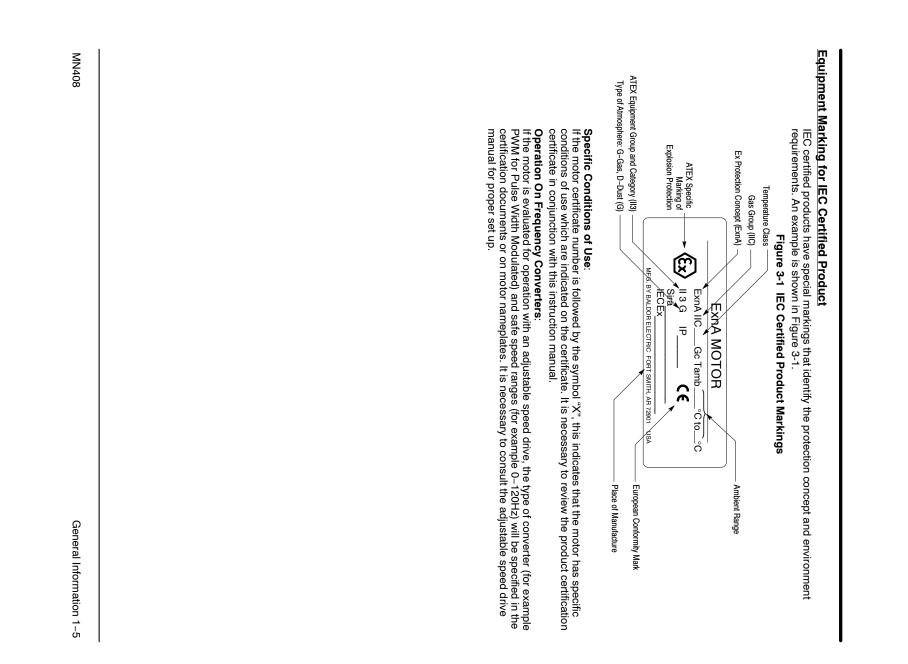
	maintaining operations. Improper methods may cause muscle strain or other harm.
WARNING:	Pacemaker danger – Magnetic and electromagnetic fields in the vicinity of current carrying carrying conductors and permanent magnet motors can result result in a serious health hazard to persons with cardiac pacemakers, metal implants, and hearing aids. To avoid risk, stay way from the area surrounding a permanent magnet motor
WARNING:	Before performing any motor maintenance procedure, be sure that the equipment connected to the motor shaft cannot cause shaft rotation. If the load can cause shaft rotation, disconnect the load from the motor shaft before maintenance is performed. Unexpected mechanical rotation of the motor parts can cause injury or motor damage.
WARNING:	Do not use non UL/CSA listed explosion proof motors in the presence of flammable or combustible vapors or dust. These motors are not designed for atmospheric conditions that require explosion proof operation.
WARNING:	Motors that are to be used in flammable and/or explosive atmospheres must display the UL label on the nameplate along with CSA listed logo. Specific service conditions for these motors are defined in NFPA 70 (NEC) Article 500.
WARNING:	Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions, should be permanently guarded to prevent accidental contact by personnel. Accidental contact with body parts or clothing can cause serious or fatal injury.
Caution:	To prevent premature equipment failure or damage, only qualified maintenance personnel should perform maintenance.
Caution:	Do not over tension belts. Excess tension may damage the motor or driven equipment.
Caution:	Do not over-lubricate motor as this may cause premature bearing failure.
Caution:	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor.
Caution:	If eye bolts are used for lifting a motor, be sure they are securely tightened. The lifting direction should not exceed a 20° angle from the shank of the eye bolt or lifting lug. Excessive lifting angles can cause damage.
Caution:	To prevent equipment damage, be sure that the electrical service is not capable of delivering more than the maximum motor rated amps listed on the rating plate.
Caution:	If a HI POT test (High Potential Insulation test) must be performed, follow the precautions and procedure in NEMA MG1 and MG2 standards to avoid equipment damage.
Receiving	If you have any questions or are uncertain about any statement or procedure, or it you require additional information please contact your Baldor distributor or an Authorized Baldor Service Center. Each Baldor Electric Motor is thoroughly tested at the factory and carefully packaged for shipment. When you receive your motor, there are several things you should do immediately.
	<ol> <li>Observe the condition of the shipping container and report any damage immediately to the commercial carrier that delivered your motor.</li> <li>Verify that the part number of the motor you received is the same as the part number listed on your purchase order</li> </ol>
Handling Caution:	purchase order. The motor should be lifted using the lifting lugs or eye bolts provided. Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardware is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or other driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor.
	1. Use the lugs or eye bolts provided to lift the motor. Never attempt to lift the motor and additional

			Preparatic		Storage
are fully operable and are at the lowest point of the motor. Vertical motors must be stored in the vertical position. Storage environment must be maintained as stated in step 2.	<ul> <li>a. If motor insulation resistance decreases below the minimum resistance, contact your Baldor District office.</li> <li>b. Place new desiccant inside the vapor bag and re-seal by taping it closed.</li> <li>c. If a zipper-closing type bag is used instead of the heat-sealed type bag, zip the bag closed instead of taping it. Be sure to place new desiccant inside bag after each monthly inspection.</li> <li>d. Place the shell over the motor and secure with lag bolts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>brinelling. If shock or vibration exceeds this limit vibration isolation pads must be used.</li> <li>b. Storage temperatures of 10°C (50°F) to 49°C (120°F) must be maintained.</li> <li>c. Relative humidity must not exceed 60%.</li> <li>d. Motor space heaters (when present) are to be connected and energized whenever there is a possibility that the storage ambient conditions will reach the dew point. Space heaters are optional. Note: Remove motor from containers when heaters are energized, reprotect if necessary.</li> <li>3. Measure and record the resistance of the winding insulation (dielectric withstand) every 30 days of</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Preparation for Storage</li> <li>Some motors have a shipping brace attached to the shaft to prevent damage during transportation. The shipping brace, if provided, must be removed and stored for future use. The brace must be reinstalled to hold the shaft firmly in place against the bearing before the motor is moved.</li> <li>Store in a clean, dry, protected warehouse where control is maintained as follows:         <ul> <li>a. Shock or vibration must not exceed 2 mils maximum at 60 hertz, to prevent the bearings from</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ul> <li>A wooden crate "shell" should be constructed to secure the motor during storage. This is similar to an export box but the sides &amp; top must be secured to the wooden base with lag bolts (not nailed as export boxes are) to allow opening and reclosing many times without damage to the "shell".</li> <li>Minimum resistance of motor winding insulation is 5 Meg ohms or the calculated minimum, which ever is greater. Minimum resistance is calculated as follows: Rm = kV + 1 where: (Rm is minimum resistance to ground in Meg-Ohms and kV is rated nameplate voltage defined as Kilo-Volts.)</li> <li>Example: For a 480VAC rated motor Rm = 1.48 meg-ohms (use 5 MΩ). For a 4160VAC rated motor Rm = 5.16 meg-ohms.</li> </ul>	4. If the motor must be mounted to a plate with the driven equipment such as pump, compressor etc., it may not be possible to lift the motor alone. For this case, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the mounting base. The entire assembly can be lifted as an assembly for installation. Do not lift the assembly using the motor lugs or eye bolts provided. Lugs or eye bolts are designed to lift motor only. If the load is unbalanced (as with couplings or additional attachments) additional slings or other means must be used to prevent tipping. In any event, the load must be secure before lifting. If the load is unbalanced (as with couplings or additional attachments) additional slings or other means must be used to prevent tipping. In any event, the load must be secure before lifting. Storage requirements for motors and generators that will not be placed in service for at least six months from date of shipment. Improper motor storage will result in seriously reduced reliability and failure. An electric motor that does not experience regular usage while being exposed to normally humid atmospheric conditions is likely to develop rust in the bearings or rust particles from surrounding surfaces may contaminate the bearings. The electrical insulation may absorb an excessive amount of moisture leading to the motor winding



ک <sup>2</sup> <sup>2</sup> <sup>2</sup> <sup>2</sup> <sup>2</sup> <sup>2</sup>	р о. 5.4.3.2 Вастар Вастар	AII 00 15 thin 00 15 thin 15 thin 15 thin 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	өс, с р ард 2.
Measure and record the electrical resistance of the winding insulation resistance meter at the time of removal from storage. The insulation resistance must not be less than 50% from the initial reading recorded when the motor was placed into storage. A decrease in resistance indicates moisture in the windings and necessitates electrical or mechanical drying before the motor can be placed into service. If resistance is low, contact your Baldor District office. Regrease the bearings as instructed in Section 3 of this manual. Reinstall the original shipping brace if motor is to be moved. This will hold the shaft firmly against the bearing and prevent damage during movement.	<ol> <li>Before storage, the following procedure must be performed.</li> <li>Remove the grease drain plug, if supplied, (opposite the grease fitting) on the bottom of each bracket prior to lubricating the motor.</li> <li>The motor with regreasable bearing must be greased as instructed in Section 3 of this manual.</li> <li>Replace the grease drain plug after greasing.</li> <li>The motor shaft must be rotated a minimum of 15 times after greasing.</li> <li>Motor Shafts are to be rotated at least 15 revolutions manually every 3 months and additional grease added every nine months (see Section 3) to each bearing.</li> <li>Bearings are to be greased at the time of removal from storage.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>inhibitor. If stored for greater than 3 months or outdoor storage is anticipated, connected to the oil mist system while in storage. If this is not possible, add the amount of grease indicated under "Standard Condition" in Section 3, then rotate the shaft 15 times by hand.</li> <li>6. All breather drains are to be fully operable while in storage (drain plugs removed). The motors must be stored so that the drain is at the lowest point. All breathers and automatic "T" drains must be operable to allow breathing and draining at points other than through the bearings around the shaft. Vertical motors should be stored in a safe stable vertical position.</li> <li>7. Coat all external machined surfaces with a rust preventing material. An acceptable product for this purpose is Exxon Rust Ban # 392.</li> <li>8. Carbon brushes should be lifted and held in place in the holders, above the commutator, by the brush holder fingers. The commutator should be wrapped with a suitable material such as cardboard paper as a mechanical protection against damage.</li> <li>Non-Regreaseable Motors</li> <li>Non-regreaseable motors with "Do Not Lubricate" on the nameplate should have the motor shaft rotated 15 times to redistribute the grease within the bearing every 3 months or more often.</li> <li>All Other Motor Types</li> </ul>	lotors with anti-friction bearings are to be greased at the time of going into extended storage with eriodic service as follows: Motors marked "Do Not Lubricate" on the nameplate do not need to be greased before or durin storage. Ball and roller bearing (anti-friction) motor shafts are to be rotated manually every 3 months an greased every 6 months in accordance with the Maintenance section of this manual. Sleeve bearing (oil lube) motors are drained of oil prior to shipment. The oil reservoirs must be refilled to the indicated level with the specified lubricant, (see Maintenance). The shaft should be rotated monthly by hand at least 10 to 15 revolutions to distribute oil to bearing surfaces. "Provisions for oil mist lubrication" – These motors are packed with grease. Storage procedure are the same as paragraph 5b. "Oil Mist Lubricated" – These bearings are protected for temporary storage by a corrosion

1-4 General Information







1-6 General Information

Section 2 Installatio	Section 2 Installation & Operation
Overview	Installation should conform to the National Electrical Code as well as local codes and practices. When other devices are coupled to the motor shaft, be sure to install protective devices to prevent future accidents. Some protective devices include, coupling, belt guard, chain guard, shaft covers etc. These protect against accidental contact with moving parts. Machinery that is accessible to personnel should provide further protection in the form of guard rails, screening, warning signs etc.
Location	It is important that motors be installed in locations that are compatible with motor enclosure and ambient conditions. Improper selection of the motor enclosure and ambient conditions can lead to reduced operating life of the motor.
	<ol> <li>Proper ventilation for the motor must be provided. Obstructed airflow can lead to reduction of motor life.</li> <li>Open Drip-Proof/WPI motors are intended for use indoors where atmosphere is relatively clean, dry, well ventilated and non-corrosive.</li> <li>Totally Enclosed and WPII motors may be installed where dirt, moisture or dust are present and in outdoor locations.</li> </ol>
	<b>Severe Duty</b> , IEEE 841 and Washdown Duty enclosed motors are designed for installations with high corrosion or excessive moisture conditions. These motors should not be placed into an environment where there is the presence of flammable or combustible vapors, dust or any combustible material, unless specifically designed for this type of service.

**Hazardous Locations** are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of combustible gases, vapors, dust, fibers, or flyings. Facilities requiring special equipment for hazardous locations are typically classified in accordance with local requirements. In the US market, guidance is provided by the National Electric Code.

## Location

Mounting

The motor should be installed in a location compatible with the motor enclosure and specific ambient. To allow adequate air flow, the following clearances must be maintained between the motor and any obstruction:

TEFC / TENV (IC0141) Enclosures	es
Fan Cover Air Intake	180 – 210T Frame 1" ( 25mm)
Fan Cover Air Intake	250 – 449T Frame 4" ( 100mm)
	IEC 112 – 132 1" ( 25mm)
	IEC 160 – 280 4" ( 100mm)
Exhaust	Envelope equal to the P Dimension on the motor dimension sheet
<b>OPEN/Protected Enclosures</b>	
Bracket Intake	Same as TEFC
Frame Exhaust	Exhaust out the sides envelope
	A minimum of the P dimension plus 2" (50mm)
	Exhaust out the end same as intake.

BALDOR • RELIANCE Product Information Packet: VHECP4316T - 75HP,1780RPM,3PH,60HZ,365HP,1482M,TEFC

Table 2–1 Enclosure Clearance	
P-1 Enclosure Clearance	Table
e Clearanc	2-1
e Clearanc	Encl
earance	osure
anco	ea
	anco

The motor must be securely installed to a rigid foundation or mounting surface to minimize vibration and maintain alignment between the motor and shaft load. Failure to provide a proper mounting surface may cause vibration, misalignment and bearing damage.

Foundation caps and sole plates are designed to act as spacers for the equipment they support. If these devices are used, be sure that they are evenly supported by the foundation or mounting surface. When installation is complete and accurate alignment of the motor and load is accomplished, the base should be grouted to the foundation to maintain this alignment.

The standard motor base is designed for horizontal or vertical mounting. Adjustable or sliding rails are designed for horizontal mounting only. Consult your Baldor distributor or authorized Baldor Service Center for further information



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For short frame designations 182, 213, 254, 284, 324, 364, 404, 444 (NEMA) For long frame designations 184, 215, 266, 286, 326, 365, 405, 445 (NEMA) (IEC) 112M, 132M, 160L, 200L, 225M, 250M, 280M Caution: Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hard driven equipment) from the motor. Disconnect the load (gear driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor. In the case of assemblies on a common base, any lifting means prov	Index (NEMA) (04, 444 (NEMA) (04, 444 (NEMA) (04, 444 (NEMA) (04, 444 (NEMA) (04, 444 (NEMA) (04, 444 (NEMA) (05, 445 (NEMA) (160L, 200L, 225M, (160L, 200L, 200L, 200L, 200L, 20
	Do not lift the motor and its driven load by the motor lifting hardware. The motor lifting hardv is adequate for lifting only the motor. Disconnect the load (gears, pumps, compressors, or ot driven equipment) from the motor shaft before lifting the motor. In the case of assemblies on a common base, any lifting means provided on the motor should not be used to lift the assembly and base but, rather, the assembly should be lifted by a sling around the ba by other lifting means provided on the base. Assure lifting in the direction intended in the design of the
Alignment Accurate alignment of the motor with the drivene or gear used in the drive should be located on the recommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gea unit on the motor shaft will damage the bearings. 1. Direct Coupling For direct drive, use flexible couplings if poss more information. Mechanical vibration and r Use dial indicators to check alignment. The s recommended by the coupling manufacturer.	should be taken to prevent nazardous overloads que
<ol> <li>End-Play Adjustment         The axial position of the motor frame with respect to its load is also extremely important. The standard motor bearings are not designed for excessive external axial thrust loads. Improper adjustment will cause failure.     </li> <li>Pulley Ratio         The best practice is to not exceed an 8:1 pulley ratio.     </li> <li>Do not over tension belts. Excess tension may damage the motor or driven equipment.</li> <li>Belt Drive         Align sheaves carefully to minimize belt wear and axial bearing loads (see End-Play Adjustment). Belt tension should be sufficient to prevent belt slippage at rated speed and load. However, belt slippage may occur during starting.     </li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Intring means. Likewise, precautions should be taken to prevent hazardous overloads due to deceleration, acceleration or shock forces.</li> <li>Accurate alignment of the motor with the driven equipment is extremely important. The pulley, sprocket, or gear used in the drive should be located on the shaft as close to the shaft shoulder as possible. It is recommended to heat the pulley, sprocket, or gear before installing on the motor shaft. Forcibly driving a unit on the motor shaft will damage the bearings.</li> <li>1. Direct Coupling</li> <li>For direct drive, use flexible couplings if possible. Consult the drive or equipment manufacturer for more information. Mechanical vibration and roughness during operation may indicate poor alignment. Use dial indicators to check alignment. The space between coupling hubs should be maintained as recommended by the coupling manufacturer.</li> </ul>



ctional are	Equipotential bonding connection snall made using a conductor with a cross-sectional are	Equipotential bonding connection
	0,5 S	S>35
	16	16 < <i>S</i> ≤ 35
	S	S< 16
	mm <sup>2</sup>	mm²
	protective conductor, Sp	conductors, S

There are applications where grounding the exterior parts of a motor or generator may result in greater hazard by increasing the possibility of a person in the area simultaneously contacting ground and some other nearby live electrical parts of other ungrounded electrical equipment. In portable equipment it is difficult to be sure that a positive ground connection is maintained as the equipment is moved, and providing a grounding conductor may lead to a false sense of security. Select a motor starter and over current protection suitable for this motor and its application. Consult motor starter application data as well as the National Electric Code and/or other applicable local codes.

For motors installed in compliance with IEC requirements, the following minimum cross sectional area of the protective conductors should be used:

Minimum cross-sectional area of the corresponding

Cross-sectional area of phase conductors

member. Some motors are supplied with the bonding conductor on the concealed side of the cushion ring to protect the bond from damage. Motors with bonded cushion rings should usually be grounded at the time of installation in accordance with the above recommendations for making ground connections. When

Motors with resilient cushion rings usually must be provided with a bonding conductor across the resilient

point, the motor or generator terminal housing, and the motor or generator frame. In non–USA locations

installer should make certain that there is a solid and permanent metallic connection between the ground

consult the appropriate national or local code applicable.

motors with bonded cushion rings are used in multimotor installations employing group fusing or group protection, the bonding of the cushion ring should be checked to determine that it is adequate for the

rating of the branch circuit over current protective device being used.

at least 4 mm<sup>2</sup> rea

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**Doweling & Bolting** After proper alignment is verified, dowel pins should be inserted through the motor feet into the foundation. This will maintain the correct motor position should motor removal be required.

(Baldor•Reliance motors are designed for doweling.)

Drill dowel holes in diagonally opposite motor feet in the locations provided

WARNING:

<u>- α</u> ε α μ

Ream all holes

Drill corresponding holes in the foundation.

Install proper fitting dowels.

Guarding

ways or set screws.

Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions. This is particularly important where the parts have surface irregularities such as keys, key

Guards must be installed for rotating parts such as couplings, pulleys, external fans, and unused shaft extensions, should be permanently guarded to prevent accidental contact by personnel. Accidental contact with body parts or clothing can cause serious or fatal injury.

Mounting bolts must be carefully tightened to prevent changes in alignment. Use a flat washer and lock washer under each nut or bolt head to hold the motor feet secure. Flanged nuts or bolts may be used as an alternative to washers.

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equipment.

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, the

**Power Connection** Motor and control wiring, overload protection, disconnects, accessories and grounding should conform to the National Electrical Code and local codes and practices.

Providing covers for the rotating parts. Covers should be sufficiently rigid to maintain adequate guarding during normal service.

Covering the machine and associated rotating parts with structural or decorative parts of the driven

Some satisfactory methods of guarding are:

Grounding

heat shrink tubing.

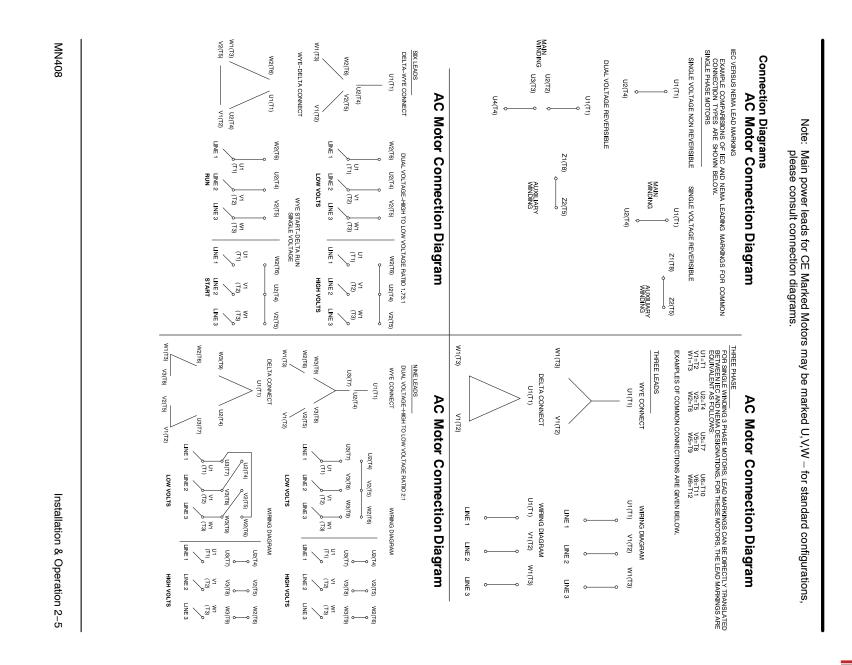
In the USA consult the National Electrical Code, Article 430 for information on grounding of motors and

be fully insulated. Flying leads must be insulated with two full wraps of electrical grade insulating tape or For ExnA hazardous location motors, it is a specific condition of use that all terminations in a conduit box

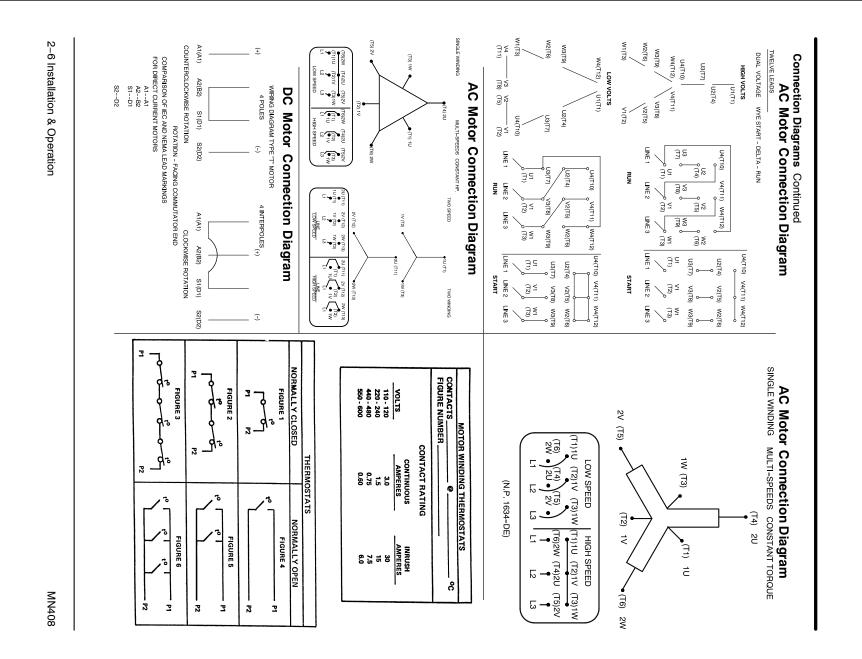
generators, and Article 250 for general information on grounding. In making the ground connection,

MINDING_RTDS       Winding RTDs are installed in windings (2) per phase.         RED       WHITE       Each set of leads is labeled 1TD1, 1TD2, 1TD3, 2TD1, 2TD2, 2TD3 etc.         BEARING_RTD       * One bearing RTD is installed in Drive endplate (PUEP), leads are labeled RTDDE.         RED       WHITE       * One bearing RTD is installed in Opposite Drive endplate (FREP), leads are labeled RTDODE.         RED       WHITE       * One bearing RTD is installed in Opposite Drive endplate (FREP), leads are labeled RTDODE.

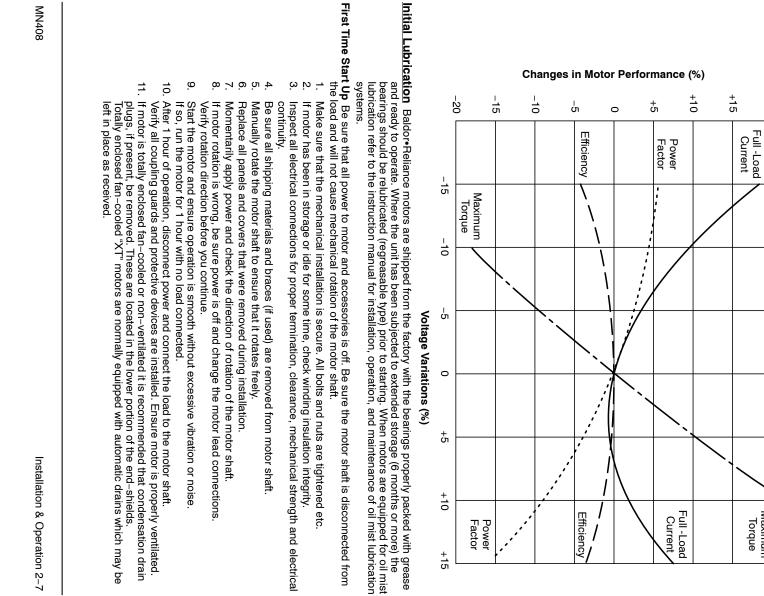
2-4 Installation & Operation



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Figure 2-4 Typical Motor Performance VS Voltage Variations

Maximum

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BALDOR

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Torque

		Areas are typically o in the US Protection Concepts	
(numericulation note regarding equipment applied in accordance with the US National Electric Code (NFPA An application note regarding equipment applied in accordance with the US National Electric Code (NFPA 70-2008) - according to Article 500.8(C) Marking, sub clause (2) in the fine print note, it is noted that Equipment not marked to indicate a division is suitable for both Division 1 and Division 2 locations. These motors are not gas tight. To the contrary, this protection concept assumes that due to the normal heating and cooling cycle of motor operation that any gas present will be drawn into the motor. Since flameproof or explosion proof motors are designed to contain the combustion and extinguish any flame transmission, for this protection concept, only external surface temperatures are of concern. Thermal limiting devices such as thermostats, thermistors or RTDs may be provided on these motors to limit the external surface temperature during overload conditions.	<b>Class I Division 1 / Zone 1 [Equipment Group I (mining) or II (surface), Equipment Protection Level</b> <b>(EPL) Gb, Mb ]</b> Baldor offers a range of motors suitable for installation in a Division 1 or Zone 1 environment. These motors are known as explosion proof or flameproof. (Insert flameproof motor cut away drawing) Motors that are explosion proof or flameproof use specially machined flameproof joints between the end bell or bracket and the frame, as well as along the rotating shaft and at connection box covers and entries. The fit of these flameproof joints are designed to contain the combustion or quench the flame of an explosive gas atmosphere prior to it exiting the motor. These flameproof joints have lengths and widths selected and tested based on the gas group present in the atmosphere. Baldor•Reliance motors are typically designed to meet Class I (Division 1) Group C and D (explosion proof) or Ex d IIB	Areas are classified with respect to risk and exposure to the hazard. In the US market, areas are typically classified as follows Class, Division, Group and Temperature Class. In some newer installations in the US and in most international markets, areas are classified in Zones. <b>Concepts</b>	equipment is suitable for installation in that environment, and identifies what the maximum safe temperature or temperature class is required. It is the customer or users responsibility to determine the area classification and select proper equipment.

2-8 Installation & Operation



Coupled Start Up

This procedure assumes a coupled start up. Also, that the first time start up procedure was successful.

Check the coupling and ensure that all guards and protective devices are installed

ωN

Check that the coupling is properly aligned and not binding.

Jogging and Repeated Starts Repeated starts and/or jogs of induction motors generally reduce the life of the motor winding insulation. A much greater amount of heat is produced by each acceleration or jog than by th same motor under full load. If it is necessary to repeatedly start or jog the motor, it is advisable to che the application with your local Baldor distributor or Baldor Service Center.

check

the

**Heating** - Duty rating and maximum ambient temperature are stated on the motor name plate. Do not exceed these values. If there is any question regarding safe operation, contact your local Baldor

4. Run for approximately 1 hour with the driven equipment in an unloaded condition. The equipment can now be loaded and operated within specified limits. Do not exceed the name plate ratings for amperes for steady continuous loads.

The first coupled start up should be with no load. Apply power and verify that the load is not transmitting excessive vibration back to the motor though the coupling or the foundation. Vibration

should be at an acceptable level.

Hazardous Locations

distributor or Baldor Service Center.

Selection

Facilities requiring special equipment for hazardous locations are typically classified in accordance local requirements. In the US market, guidance is provided by the National Electric Code. In international hazardous location areas, guidance for gas / vapor / mist classification is given in international hazardous location areas, guidance for gas / vapor / mist classification is given in

with

This classification process lets the installer know what

EC60079-14, or for dust in IEC61241-14.

Hazardous locations are those where there is a risk of ignition or explosion due to the presence of combustible gases, vapors, dust, fibers or flyings.

**MN408** 

 considered. In many cases, the internal temperatures are higher than the external temperatures and therefore become the limiting factor in determination of temperature code designation. In these applications, it is very important to use a motor that has been evaluated thermally for use with an inverter or converter, if variable speed operation is desired. Thermostats used for Class I Division 2 and Ex nA motors are used to protect the motor only. For motors using flying lead construction, it is important to use connection lugs and insulate with heat shrink tubing or a double wrap of insulation grade electrical tape to avoid the risk of spark or ignition.
 **Class II Division 1 / Zone 21 [Equipment Group III, Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Db ]** This area classification is one where the risk of ignitable concentrations of dust is present at all or some of the time. The protection proof or Ex tD. External surface temperature remains the limiting factor. Thermal limiting devices such as thermostats, thermistors or RTDs may be provided on these motors to limit the external surface temperature during overload conditions. If thermostats are provided as a condition of certification, it is the installer's responsibility to make sure that these devices are proveded to a suitable switching device. properly connected to a suitable switching device. Note: In the North American area classification sy In the North American area classification system, Class III exists for fibers and flyings. In the IEC designation, both dusts and flyings are absorbed into Group III.

Class II Division 2 / Zone 22 [Equipment Group III, Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Dc ] This area classification is one where the risk of exposure to ignitable concentrations of dust are not likely to occur under normal operating conditions and relies heavily on the housekeeping practices within the

installation.

Sine Wave Power Operation for Division 1 or 2 and Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 Hazardous Location. These motors are designed to operate at or below the maximum surface temperature (or T–Code) stated on the nameplate. Failure to operate the motor properly can cause this maximum surface temperature to be exceeded. If applied in a Division 1 or 2 / Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 environment, this excessive temperature may cause the marked surface temperature to be exceeded.

<u>-</u> α ε 4 α σ -Motor load exceeding service factor nameplate value

- Ambient temperatures above nameplate value
- Voltages above or below nameplate value
- Unbalanced voltages
- Loss of proper ventilation
- Altitude above 3300 feet / 1000 meters Severe duty cycles of repeated starts
- Motor stall
- ø Motor reversing
- 5 Single phase operation of polyphase equipment
- ±. Variable frequency operation

specific hazardous areas may be used in those hazardous areas on inverter power. designed to operate at or below the maximum surface temperature (or T-Code) sta Variable Frequency Power Operation for Division 1 or 2 and Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 22 Hazardous Location (motors with maximum surface temperature listed on the nameplate). Only motors with nameplates marked for use on inverter (variable frequency) power, and labeled for -ailure to operate the motor properly can cause this maximum surface temperature to be exceeded T-Code) stated on the nameplate. The motor is

If thermostats are provided as a condition of certification, it is the installer's responsibility to make sure that these devices are properly connected to a suitable switching device. The ATEX directive requires that motor shutdown on thermal trip be accomplished without an intermediate software command.

Flameproof motors, internationally referred to as Ex d use a protection concept similar to that used in Class I Division 1 motors, with minor differences in the flameproof joints and cable entry designs. Flameproof and explosion proof motors are both type tested. Representative motors are connected to a

Flameproof and explosion proof motors are both type tested. Representative motors are connected to reference gas and ignited in laboratory conditions to verify that the flame is not transmitted outside the

to determine the maximum internal pressure encountered

**Class I Division 2 / Zone 2 Ex nA, [Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Gc ]** This protection concept relies on having no sources of ignition present such as arcing parts or hot surfaces. For this protection concept, internal temperatures as well as external temperatures are

Explosion proof and Flame proof motors shipped without a conduit box require use of a certified box of suitable dimensions and that is appropriate for the classification.

motor

enclosure and

temperature being maintained, make sure that any rewinding uses the origin luding any thermal protection that may be present. Use only Baldor replacem ad.
ne 2, the internal and external temperatures are of concern. Since this protec
ision 2 and Zone 2 motors
iginal electrical designs, including any thermal protection that may be present

electrical designs, incl thermostats, if provide Repair of Class I Div For Division 2 and Zor method also relies on provide ction nal nent

2-10 Installation & Operatior



22 environment, this excessive temperature motor at any of the following conditions can

cause the marked surface temperature to be exceeded If applied in a Division 1 or 2 / Zone 1 or 2 and Zone 21 or 2 may cause ignition of hazardous materials. Operating the

Motor load exceeding service factor nameplate value

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Dollor Desring Motors			Ball Bearing Motors	<b>Type of Grease</b> sen che	Relubrication & Bearings ability of a at which th if the follow				WARNING:	<u>General Inspe</u>	WARNING:
ing Motors	Minimum Starting Temperature -60°C (-76°F SHELL OIL CO. AEROSHELL 7 MOBIL MOBIL 28 MOBIL MOBILITH SHC 1	Operating Temperature -: EXXON EXXON EXXON CHEVRON OIL TEXACO, INC. TEXACO, INC. TEXACO, INC. AMOCO PENNZOIL DARMEX DARMEX PETRO-CANADA SHELL OIL	g Motors		& Bearings Bearing ability of a grease (ove at which the bearing op if the following recomm	<ol><li>Check all electrical</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Perform a dielectric v has been maintainec insulation resistance</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check that the mot grease, water, etc. ventilation. If the n failure.</li> </ol>	Do not touch electric: Electrical shock can o installation, operatior	ction Inspect the motor months, whichever occ steps should be perfor	UL and EX Listed mo Centers if these moto
	ature –60°C (~76°F) AEROSHELL 7 (Standard on Baldor motors) MOBIL 28 MOBILITH SHC 100 (Low Temperature – Arctic Duty)	Temperature -25°C (-15°F) to 50°C (120°F)         POLYREX EM (Standard on Baldor motors)         UNIREX N2         BEACON 325         SRI NO. 2 (Compatible with Polyrex EM )         NC:         PREMIUM RB         INC:         POLYSTAR         RYKON # 2         PENNZLUBE EM-2         DARMEX 707         DARMEX 7107         DARMEX 711         PEERLESS LLG         DOLLUM BRB		<b>ase</b> A high grade ball or roller bearing grease should be used. Recommended grease for standard service conditions is <b>Polyrex EM (Exxon Mobil)</b> . Do not mix greases unless compatibility has been checked and verified.	<b>k Bearings</b> Bearing grease will lose its lubricating ability over time, not suddenly. The lubricating ability of a grease (over time) depends primarily on the type of grease, the size of the bearing, the speed at which the bearing operates and the severity of the operating conditions. Good results can be obtained if the following recommendations are used in your maintenance program.	Check all electrical connectors to be sure that they are tight.	Perform a dielectric with stand test periodically to ensure that the integrity of the winding insulation has been maintained. Record the readings. Immediately investigate any significant decrease in insulation resistance.	Check that the motor is clean. Check that the interior and exterior of the motor is free of dirt, oil, grease, water, etc. Oily vapor, paper pulp, textile lint, etc. can accumulate and block motor ventilation. If the motor is not properly ventilated, overheating can occur and cause early motor failure.	Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Only qualified personnel should attempt the installation, operation and maintenance of this equipment.	General Inspection Inspect the motor at regular intervals, approximately every 500 hours of operation or every 3 months, whichever occurs first. Keep the motor clean and the ventilation openings clear. The following steps should be performed at each inspection:	UL and EX Listed motors must only be serviced by UL or EX Approved Authorized Baldor Service Centers if these motors are to be returned to a hazardous and/or explosive atmosphere.

BALDOR • RELIANCE Product Information Packet: VHECP4316T - 75HP,1780RPM,3PH,60HZ,365HP,1482M,TEFC

**Roller Bearing Motors** MOBIL

Operating Temperature -25°C (-15°F) to 50°C (120°F) TEXACO, INC. PREMIUM RB MOBIL MOBILITH SHC 220 (Standard on Baldor motors) CHEVRON OIL BLACK PEARL

3-2 Maintenance &
Troubleshooting

**Relubrication Intervals n Intervals** Recommended relubrication intervals are shown in Table 3-2. It is important to realize that the recommended intervals of Table 3-2 are based on average use.

# Refer to additional information contained in Tables 3-3, 3-4 and 3-5.

Table 3-2 Relubrication Intervals \*

			Rated Sp	Rated Speed - RPM		
NEMA / (IEC) Frame Size	10000	6000	3600	1800	1200	006
Up to 210 incl. (132)	*	2700 Hrs.	5500 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.	22000 Hrs.
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)		*	3600 Hrs.	9500 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.
Over 280 to 360 incl. (225)		*	* 2200 Hrs.	* 2200 Hrs. 7400 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.
Over 360 to 449 incl. (315)		*	*2200 Hrs.	*2200 Hrs. 3500 Hrs. 7400 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	10500 Hrs.

Relubrication intervals are for ball bearings

ž

For vertically mounted motors and roller bearings, divide the relubrication interval by 2.

For motors operating at speeds greater than 3600 RPM, contact Baldor for relubrication recommendations.

lable 3-3
Service
Conditions

Severity of Service	_	Ambient Temperature	Atmospheric
	of Operation	Maximum	Contamination
Standard	8	40° C	Clean, Little Corrosion
Severe	16 Plus	50° C	Moderate dirt, Corrosion
Extreme	16 Plus	>50° C* or	Severe dirt, Abrasive dust, Corrosion, Heavy
		Class H Insulation	Shock or Vibration
Low Temperature		<−29° C **	

× not mix with other grease types. Thoroughly clean bearing & cavity before adding grease. Special high temperature grease is recommended (Dow Corning DC44). Note that Dow Corning DC44 grease does

Special low temperature grease is recommended (Aeroshell 7).

\*

# Table 3-4 Relubrication Interval Mult

# Table 3-4 Relubrication Interval Multiplier

re 10	
	I nw Temperature
0.1	Extreme
0.5	Severe
1.0	Standard
/ice Multiplier	Severity of Service

Some motor designs use different bearings on each motor end. This is normally indicated on the motor nameplate. In this case, the larger bearing is installed on the motor Drive endplate. For best relubrication results, only use the appropriate amount of grease for each bearing size (not the same for both).



	Table 3-5 Be	Table 3-5 Bearings Sizes and Types		
	(These are t	Bearing Description (These are the "Large" bearings (Shaft End) in each frame size)	iption laft End) in eac	h frame size)
NEMA (IEC)	]	Weight of Grease to	Volume of grease	of grease
	Bearing	add *	in <sup>3</sup> to be added	added teasnoon
56 to 140 (90)	6203	0.08 (2.4)	0.15	0.5
140 (90)	6205	0.15 (3.9)	0.2	0.8
180 (100-112)	6206	0.19 (5.0)	0.3	1.0
210 (132)	6307	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0
250 (160)	6309	0.47 (12.5)	0.7	2.5
280 (180)	6311	0.61 (17)	1.2	3.9
320 (200)	6312	0.76 (20.1)	1.2	4.0
360 (225)	6313	0.81 (23)	1.5	5.2
400 (250)	6316	1.25 (33)	2.0	6.6
440 (280)	6319	2.12 (60)	4.1	13.4
5000 to 5800 (315-450)	6328	4.70 (130)	9.2	30.0
5000 to 5800 (315–450)	NU328	4.70 (130)	9.2	30.0
360 to 449 (225-280)	NU319	2.12 (60)	4.1	13.4
AC Induction Servo				
76 Frame 180 (112)	6207	0.22 (6.1)	0.44	1.4
77 Frame 210 (132)	6210	0.32 (9.0)	0.64	2.1
80 Frame 250(160)	6213	0.49 (14.0)	0.99	3.3
* Weight in grams = .005 DB of grease to be added	ease to be added			

Note: Not all bearing sizes are listed. For intermediate bearing sizes, use the grease volume for the next larger size bearing.

Maintenance & Troubleshooting 3-3

MN408



Sample Relubrication Determination **Relubrication Procedure** Be sure that the grease you are adding to the motor is compatible with the grease already in the motor. Consult your Baldor distributor or an authorized service center if a grease other than the Caution: Caution: Caution: ω Ņ ω N <u>.</u>\_\_ Note: Only a Baldor authorized and UL or CSA certified service center can disassemble a UL/CSA listed explosion proof motor to maintain it's UL/CSA listing. Ω ω Ņ Do not over-lubricate motor as this may cause premature bearing failure Note: Smaller bearings in size category may require reduced amounts of grease. <u>.</u> -Assume - NEMA 286T (IEC 180), 1750 RPM motor driving an exhaust fan in an ambient temperature of 43° C and the atmosphere is moderately corrosive. Without Grease Provisions 4 Over-lubricating can cause excessive bearing temperatures, premature lubrication breakdown and bearing failure. .\_\_\_ With Grease Outlet Plug additional information. To avoid damage to motor bearings, grease must be kept free of dirt. For an extremely dirty environment, contact your Baldor distributor or an authorized Baldor Service Center for recommended type is to be used. Remove grease outlet plug. Table 3-3 classifies severity of service as "Severe". Table 3-5 shows that 1.2 in<sup>3</sup> or 3.9 teaspoon of grease is to be added Add recommended amount of grease to bearing and bearing cavity. (Bearing should be about 1/3 full of grease and outboard bearing cavity should be about 1/2 full of grease.) Disassemble the motor. Re-install grease outlet plug. Assemble the motor. Operate the motor for 15 minutes with grease plug removed. This allows excess grease to purge. Add the recommended amount of grease With the motor stopped, clean all grease fittings with a clean cloth Table 3-2 list 9500 hours for standard conditions.

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	Table 3-6 Troublesh	Troubleshooting Chart
Symptom	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Motor will not start	Usually caused by line trouble, such as, single phasing at the starter.	Check source of power. Check overloads, fuses, controls, etc.
Excessive humming	High Voltage.	Check input line connections.
	Eccentric air gap.	Have motor serviced at local Baldor service center.
Motor Over Heating	Overload. Compare actual amps (measured) with nameplate rating.	Locate and remove source of excessive friction in motor or load.
		Reduce load or replace with motor of greater capacity.
	Single Phasing.	Check current at all phases (should be approximately equal) to isolate and correct the problem.
	Improper ventilation.	Check external cooling fan to be sure air is moving
		properly across cooling fins. Excessive dirt build-up on motor. Clean motor.
	Unbalanced voltage.	Check voltage at all phases (should be approximately equal) to isolate and correct the problem.
	Rotor rubbing on stator.	Check air gap clearance and bearings. Tighten "Thru Bolts".
	Over voltage or under voltage.	Check input voltage at each phase to motor.
	Open stator winding.	Check stator resistance at all three phases for balance.
	Grounded winding.	Perform dielectric test and repair as required.
	Improper connections.	Inspect all electrical connections for proper termination, clearance, mechanical strength and electrical continuity. Refer to motor lead connection diagram.
<b>Bearing Over Heating</b>	Misalignment.	Check and align motor and driven equipment.
	Excessive belt tension.	Reduce belt tension to proper point for load.
	Excessive grease in bearing.	Remove grease until cavity is approximately 3/4 filled.
	Insufficient grease in bearing.	Add grease until cavity is approximately 3/4 filled.
	Dirt in bearing.	Clean bearing cavity and bearing. Repack with correct grease until cavity is approximately <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> filled.
Vibration	Misalignment.	Check and align motor and driven equipment.
	Rubbing between rotating parts and stationary parts.	Isolate and eliminate cause of rubbing.
	Rotor out of balance.	Have rotor balance checked are repaired at your Baldor Service Center.
	Resonance.	Tune system or contact your Baldor Service Center for assistance.
Noise	Foreign material in air gap or ventilation openings.	Remove rotor and foreign material. Reinstall rotor. Check insulation integrity. Clean ventilation openings.
Growling or whining	Bad bearing.	Replace bearing. Clean all grease from cavity and new bearing. Repack with correct grease until cavity is approximately ${}^{3}_{4}$ filled.



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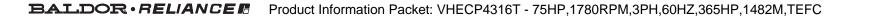
** High Greases that n include the foll - Texaco Poly - Mobilith SHC - Darmex 707 See the moto Contact Bald	Note: *	Standard*	Oil or Grease	Bearing Type	Note:	to 1.15 S.F.	Rated Load	< Rated Load			If the d the ala The ter specifi or rolle	(80°C) this lov used a The fol RTD al specifi
** High tempera Greases that may be su include the following: - Texaco Polystar - Mobilith SHC-100 - Darmex 707 See the motor namep Contact Baldor applic		95	Alarm		• Winding RTDs • When Class H + Bearing F		140	130		Class B Temp Rise ≤ 80°C (Typical Design)	riven load is fo rm and trip sett mperature limit ed by NEMA. E ed by NEMA. F r bearings or in Winding F	(80°C) temperature rit (80°C) temperature ri this low temperature r used as a starting poi used as a starting poi The following tables s RTD alarm and trip se specific applications.
ture lubricants include sor bstituted that are compati - Rykon Premium #2 - Pennzoil Pennzlube - Darmex 711 late for replacement gr late nengineering for sp	arature limits are		3	Anti-Friction	are factory produ temperatures are <b>tTDs - Tempera</b>		150	140	Trin	se ≤ 80°C sian)	und to operate ings may be re s are based on searing RTDs s direct contact <b>1 direct contact</b>	Baldor motors se at rated loac se, RTD (Resi nt. Some moto how the sugge ttings should b
<ul> <li><sup>**</sup> High temperature lubricants include some special synthetic oils and greases.</li> <li>Greases that may be substituted that are compatible with Polyrex EM (but considered as "standard" lubricants) include the following:         <ul> <li>Texaco Polystar</li> <li>Rykon Premium #2</li> <li>Chevron SRI #2</li> <li>Mobilith SHC-100</li> <li>Pennzoil Pennzlube EM-2</li> <li>Chevron Black Pearl</li> <li>Darmex 707</li> <li>Darmex 711</li> <li>Petro-Canada Peerless LLG</li> </ul> </li> <li>See the motor nameplate for replacement grease or oil recommendation.</li> <li>Contact Baldor application engineering for special lubricants or further clarifications.</li> </ul>	110 105 110 105 110 105 110	100	Trip	on	<ul> <li>Winding RTDs are factory production installed, not from Mod-Express.</li> <li>When Class H temperatures are used, consider bearing temperatures and relubrication requirements</li> <li>Bearing RTDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient)</li> </ul>		160	155	۸larm	Class F Temp Rise ≤ 105°C	If the driven load is found to operate well below the initial temperature settings under normal conditions, the alarm and trip settings may be reduced so that an abnormal machine load will be identified. The temperature limits are based on the installation of the winding RTDs imbedded in the winding as specified by NEMA. Bearing RTDs should be installed so they are in contact with the outer race on ball or roller bearings or in direct contact with the sleeve bearing shell. Winding RTDs - Temperature Limit In °C (40°C Maximum Ambient)	Most large frame AC Baldor motors with a 1.15 service factor are designed to operate below a Class B (80°C) temperature rise at rated load and are built with a Class H winding insulation system. Based on this low temperature rise, RTD (Resistance Temperature Detectors) settings for Class B rise should be used as a starting point. Some motors with 1.0 service factor have Class F temperature rise. The following tables show the suggested alarm and trip settings for RTDs. Proper bearing and winding RTD alarm and trip settings should be selected based on these tables unless otherwise specified for specific applications.
synthetic oils and greases.  yrex EM (but considered as "st - Chevron SRI #2 - Chevron Black Pearl - Petro-Canada Peerless LLG I recommendation. I recommendation.	motors operating	40F	Alarm		rom Mod-Express aring temperatures )°C Maximum Am		165	165	Trin	Rise ≤ 105°C	ial temperature ; abnormal machii the winding RTL to they are in c saring shell. <b>3°C Maximum Ar</b>	e tactor are desi a Class H wind re Detectors) se a factor have Cla a factor fare Cla o settings for FT on these tables
greases. sidered as "standa 2 Pearl Peerless LLG 2n. clarifications.	at Class B temper		3	Sleeve	s. and relubrication I <b>bient)</b>		180	175	melV	Class H Temp Rise	settings under n ne load will be ic 0s imbedded in t ontact with the c <b>nbient)</b>	gned to operate ing insulation sy tttings for Class Iss F temperatur Ds. Proper bea unless otherwise
ard" lubricants)	110	95	Trip		requirements.		185	185		ıp Rise ≤ 125°C	ormal conditions, lentified. he winding as uter race on ball	below a Class B stem. Based on B rise should be e rise. ring and winding e specified for

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<ul> <li>MIDDLE ELST &amp; NORTH AFRICA VISE INTERNATIONAL CORP. P. 0. BOYCS18</li> <li>BUFFIND CORF. IL. 60089-6518</li> <li>PHONE: 467 590 5587</li> <li>PANAMA</li> <li>AVE. BROARDO J. ALFARO BUFFIND CORF. IL. 60089-6518</li> <li>PHONE: 467 590 5587</li> <li>PANAMA</li> <li>P</li></ul>	ct Offices





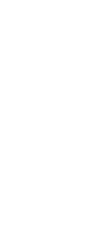


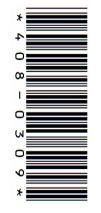
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Safety Notice Be sure to read and understand all of the Safety Notice statements in MN408. A copy is available http://www.baldor.com/support/literature\_load.asp?ManNumber=MN408 a

## ACCEPTANCE

Thoroughly inspect this equipment before accepting shipment from the transportation company. If any damage shortage is discovered do not accept until noted on the SAFETY freight bill. Report all damage to the freight carrier. 9

Eye bolts, lifting lugs or lifting openings, if provided, are intended only for lifting the motor and motor mounted standard accessories not exceeding, in total 30% of the motor weight. These lifting provisions should never be used when lifting or handling the motor and driven equipment. Eye bolt lifting capacity rating is based on a lifting alignment coincident with eye bolt center line. Eye bolt capacity reduces as deviation from this alignment is increased. Be sure eye bolts are tight and prevented from turning before lifting.

INSTALLATION OUTSIDE THE USA: Refer to MN408 and MN1383 for Compliance with European Directives. Copies are available at:

## MOTOR ENCLOSURE http://www.baldor.com/support/literature\_load.asp

ODP, combustible materials. Open motors can emit flame and/or molten metal in the event of insulation failure. dry locations with adequate supply of cooling air. These motors should not be used in the presence of flammable or Open drip proof motors are intended for use in clean

indoor and outdoor locations. moisture, dirf and/or corrosive materials are present in TEFC, totally enclosed motors are intended for use where

**Explosion protected** motors, as indicated by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory Certification mark and marking with Class, Division and Temperature Code are intended for installation in hazardous locations as described in Article 500 of the NEC. Refer to MN408 for more details.

# MOUNTING

Foot mounted machines should be mounted to a rigid foundation to prevent excessive vibration. Shims may be used if location is uneven. Flange mounted machines should be properly seated and aligned. Note: If improper rotation direction is detrimental to aligned, check rotation direction prior to coupling the load to the load, check the motor shaft.

premature bearing failure or shaft breakage. **Direct coupled** machines should be carefully aligned and the shaft should rotate freely without binding. For V-belt drive, mount the sheave pulley close to the motor housing. Allow clearance for end to end movement of the motor shaft. Do not overtighten belts as this may cause

**GENERAL** The user must select a motor starter and overcurrent protection suitable for this motor and its application. Consult motor starter application data as well as the National Electric Code and/or applicable local codes. Special motors for use by United States Government including special specifications, master plans, etc. refer to the applicable master plans and specifications involved lectric

and prevent the shaft block must be installed to prevent axial movement reshipped alone or installed to another piece of equipment remove blocking before operating the motor. If motor is to be On motors received from the factory with the shaft blocked, brinelling of the bearings during shipment

MN416

### **ESTING**

Depending on storage conditions it may be necessary to regrease or change rusted bearings. Contact Baldor District Office if resistance is less than 5 meg ohms. If the motor has been in storage for an extensive period or has been subjected to adverse moisture conditions, check the motor insulation resistance with a meg ohm meter.

# WARNING: Do not touch electrical connections before

WARNING: Be sure the system is properly grounded before applying power. Electrical shock can you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. cause serious or fatal injury.

## INSTALLATION

This motor must be installed Electric Code, NEMA MG-2, WIRING in accordance with National IEC standards and local codes

Connect the motor as shown in the connection diagrams. If this motor is installed as part of a motor control drive system, connect and protect the motor according to the control manufacturers diagrams. Refer to MN408 for additional details on lead marking. The wiring, fusing and grounding must comply with the National Electrical Code or IEC and local codes. When the motor is connected to the load for proper direction of rotation and started, it should start quickly and run smoothly. If not, stop the motor immediately and operation and compare the measured current with the motor, motor connections are not correct or the load is heavy. Check the motor current after a few minutes of determine the cause. Possible causes are: low voltage at the nameplate rating. is too

the ground point, the motor or generator terminal housing, and the motor or generator frame. In non-USA locations consult the appropriate national or local code applicable. **GROUNDING** Ground the motor according to NEC and local codes. In the USA consult the National Electrical Code, Article 430 for information on grounding of motors and generators, and Article 250 for general information on grounding. In making the ground connection, the installer should make certain that ADJUSTMENT there is a solid and permanent metallic connection between

have no adjustable parts. The neutral is adjustable on some DC motors. AC motors

## Noise

For specific sound power or pressure level information, contact your local Baldor representative.

VIBRATION

This motor is balanced to NEMA MG1, Part 7 standard

**BRUSHES (DC Motors)** Periodically, the brushes should be inspected and all brush dust blown out of the motor. If a brush is worn  $1/_2$ , (length specified in renewal parts data), replace the brushes. Reassemble and seat the new brushes using a brush

seating stone. Be sure the rocker arm is set on the neutra



## INSPECTION

Before connecting the motor to an electrical supply, inspect for any damage resulting from shipment. Turn the shaft by hand to ensure free rotation. Motor leads must be isolated before the shaft will turn freely on permanent magnet motors. DRAIN PLUGS

motor has special stainless steel drains). All dra located in the lowest portion of the ends shields. non-ventilated motors, the plugs in the lowest portion of the ends shields should be removed for operation (unless the each endplate for various motor mounting configurations. Condensation drain plugs are provided at four points on For Washdown and totally enclosed, fan cooled or All drains are

## MOUNTING

Mount the motor on a foundation sufficiently rigid to prevent excessive vibration. Grease lubricated ball bearing motors may be mounted with the feet at any angle. After careful alignment, bolt motor securely in place. Use shim to fill any unevenness in the foundation. Motor feet should sit solidly on the foundation before mounting bolts are tightened.

7 **7** (Ingress Protection)

IP designations include two numerals, the first characteristic numeral is for ingress solid bodies and from dust. The second for ingress protection from liquid – water. Motors marked less than IP23 require additional protection from water.

### GUARDING

After motor installation is complete, a guard of suitable dimensions must be constructed and installed around the motor/gearmotor. This guard must prevent personnel from coming in contact with any moving parts of the motor or drive the motor. assembly but must allow sufficient cooling air to pass over

If a motor mounted brake is installed, provide proper safeguards for personnel in case of brake failure. plates or lids, must be installed before operating the motor. Brush inspection plates and electrical connection cover

## STARTING

loose rotating parts to prevent them from flying off. Check direction of rotation before coupling motor to load. The motor should start quickly and run smoothly and with little noise. If the motor should fail to start the load may be been miswired. In any case immediately shut motor off and too great for the motor, the voltage is low or the motor has Before starting motor remove all unused shaft keys and investigate the cause.

**ROTATION** To reverse the direction of rotation, disconnect and lockout power and interchange any two of the three AC power leads for three phase motors. For two-phase four wire, disconnect and lockout power and interchange the AC line leads on any one phase. For two phase three wire, disconnect and lockout norwer and interchange phase one and phase two AC line

## Maintenance Procedures

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- WARNING: WARNING: Do not touch electrical connections before you first ensure that power has been disconnected. Electrical shock can cause serious or fatal injury. Surface temperatures of motor enclosures
- accidentally coming into contact with hot surfaces. Protection should be provided by the user to protect against accidental contact with hot surfaces. Failure to observe this discomfort or injury to personnel may reach temperatures which can cause precaution could result in bodily injury.

## Lubrication Information

lubricated at the factory. Motors that do not have regrease capability are factory lubricated for the normal life of the bearings. Washdown motors can not be lubricated. This is a ball or roller bearing motor. The bearings have beer

### Lubricant

Polyrex EM unless stated on nameplate. Do not mix lubricants due to possible incompatibility. Look for signs of lubricant incompatibility, such as extreme soupiness visible from the grease relief area. If other greases are preferred, check with local Baldor representative for recommendations. Baldor motors are pregreased, normally with Mobil

## capability) Relubrication Intervals (For motors with regrease

intervals. be relubricated. Lubrication is also recommended New motors that have been stored for a year or more should at these

# LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS

!> :motor to prevent grease contamination. contamination. Properly clean the grease inlet area of the Cleanliness is important in lubrication. Any grease used to lubricate anti friction bearings should be fresh and free from

Select service condition from Table Select lubrication frequency from Table N

# LUBRICATION PROCEDURE

is warm. Bearings should be lubricated while stationary and the motor

- 1. Locate the grease inlet, clean the area, and replace the
- ωin pipe plug with a grease fitting. Locate and remove the grease drain plug, if provided.
- until clean grease appears at the grease drain, at the grease relief, or along the shaft opening. Replace the grease inlet plug and run the motor for two Add the recommended volume of recommended lubricant
- 4 Jours
- ъ Replace the grease drain plug

**SPECIAL APPLICATIONS** For special temperature applications, consult your Baldor District Office.

N

Installation

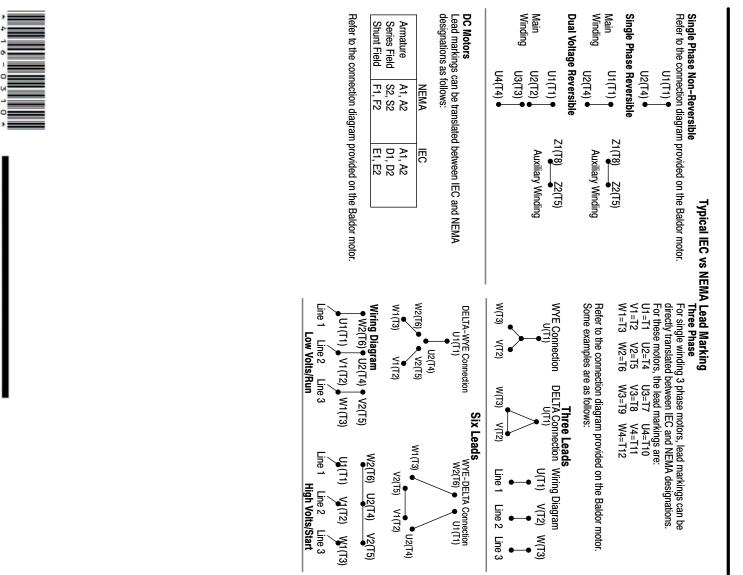
& Maintenance

		Tabl	Table 1 Service Conditions	e Conditic	Ins			
Severity of Service	Amb	Ambient Temperature Maximum		C A	Atmospheric Contamination	ric tion	Type of Bearing	Bearing
Standard		40° C		Clean	Clean, Little Corrosion	rrosion	Deep Groove Ball Bearing	Ball Bearing
Severe		50° C		Modera	Moderate dirt, Corrosion	orrosion	Ball Thrust, Roller	st, Roller
Extreme	>50° C*	>50° C* or Class H Insulation		evere dirt, A	brasive of	Severe dirt, Abrasive dust, Corrosion	All Bearings	arings
Low Temperature		<−30° C **						
* Special high temperature grease is recommended.	e grease is re	commended. **	Special low	temperature	e grease	Special low temperature grease is recommended.		
		Table 2 Lubrication Frequency (Ball Bearings)	ation Freq	luency (Ba	all Beari	ings)		
	2			Rat	ed Spe	Rated Speed - RPM		
NEMA / (IEC) Frame Size	Size	10000	6000	3600	00	1800	1200	900
Up to 210 incl. (132)		*	2700 Hrs.	. 5500 Hrs.	Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.	22000 Hrs.
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)	0)		*	3600 Hrs.	Hrs.	9500 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.	18000 Hrs.
Over 280 to 360 incl. (225)	5)		*	* 2200 Hrs.	) Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	12000 Hrs.	15000 Hrs.
Over 360 to 5000 incl. (300)	00)		*	*2200 Hrs.	) Hrs.	3500 Hrs.	7400 Hrs.	10500 Hrs.
	re for ball bea	rings. For vertic	ally mounted	motors and	roller bea	arings, divide the	relubrication inte	erval by 2.
** For motors operating at speeds greater than 3600 RPM, contact Baldor for relubrication recommendations.	speeds great	er than 3600 RPI	M, contact Ba	aldor for relu	brication	recommendation	S	
		Table 3 L	Table 3 Lubrication Interval Multiplier	Interval M	lultiplie	-		
Severity	Severity of Service		Multiplier					
Sta	Standard		1.0					
S	Severe		0.5					
Ð	Extreme		0.1					
Low Te	Low Temperature		1.0					
		Table 4	Table 4 Amount of Grease to Add	f Grease t	o Add			
				Bearing D	escriptior	Bearing Description (Largest bearing in each frame size)	g in each frame s	iize)
Frame Size	Frame Size NEMA (IEC)		Bearing		Width	Weight of grease to adc		Volume of grease to add
						ounce (gram)	inches <sup>3</sup>	teaspoon
Up to 210 incl. (132)			6307	80	21	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)			6311	120	29	0.61 (17.4)	1.2	3.9

		Bearing D	escription	Bearing Description (Largest bearing in each frame size)	each frame siz	:e)
Frame Size NEMA (IEC)	Bearing	OD Width	Width	Weight of grease to add	Volume of grease to add	if grease idd
				ounce (gram)	inches <sup>3</sup>	teaspoon
Up to 210 incl. (132)	6307	08	21	0.30 (8.4)	0.6	2.0
Over 210 to 280 incl. (180)	6311	120	29	0.61 (17.4)	1.2	3.9
Over 280 to 360 incl. (200)	6313	140	33	0.81 (23.1)	1.5	5.2
Over 360 to 5000 incl. (300)	NU322	240	50	2.12 (60.0)	4.1	13.4
Weight in grams = 0.005 DB						

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4 Installation & Maintenance

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